

himself acquired title, the moneys which he receives, unless devoted to that purpose, should be treated as trust moneys. The purpose of the Bill is to fix them with that character. It is an accepted principle of law that a person who has title to lands, sells them under contract, and has received the purchase money, holds the lands in trust for the purchaser until he gives title. The Bill would require him to hold the moneys in trust for the buyer if he could not give title. The Bill proposes to add a subsection to section 390 of the Criminal Code respecting criminal breaches of trust, as follows:

Every one who contracts to sell real property and has not in himself the title which he has contracted to give to the purchaser, shall hold any moneys received by him on account of the purchase price, in trust for the purchaser, unless such moneys have been paid by the vendor in acquiring such title. Any violation of this subsection shall be deemed a criminal breach of trust within the meaning of this section.

Motion agreed to, and Bill read the first time.

QUESTIONS.

[Questions answered orally are indicated by an asterisk.]

WAR CONTRACTS—PURCHASE OF BOOTS.

Mr. LEMIEUX:

1. From what firms have the boots supplied by the Militia Department for the first expeditionary force been purchased?
2. By whom have they been reported upon?
3. What is the price to be paid for them?

Major General HUGHES:

1. From Ames, Holden, McCready Ltd., Montreal, \$3.85 per pair; Tetrault Mfg. Co., Montreal, \$3.85 per pair; The Slater Shoe Co., Montreal, \$3.85 per pair; Louis Gauthier Co., Quebec, \$3.85 per pair; John Macpherson Co., Hamilton, \$3.85 per pair; Hartt Boot and Shoe Co., Fredericton, \$3.66 2-3 per pair; Amherst Boot and Shoe Co., N.S., \$3.80 per pair.

2. The boots were inspected as follows: Those of Ames, Holden, McCready and Slater Shoe Co., by J. Prenter and W. Wilson; those of Tetrault Mfg. Co., by W. Silver and A. E. Baldwin; those of L. Gauthier Co., by W. Jacques. This inspection was made in the contractors' factories. Boots made by the John Macpherson Co., Hartt Boot and Shoe Co. and Amherst Boot and Shoe Co., were sent direct to Valcartier camp without previous inspection at the factory.

3. Answered by 1.

[Mr. McCraney.]

Mr. SINCLAIR:

1. Has an investigation been made regarding the quality of the boots supplied to the Department of Militia and Defence for the use of the Canadian volunteers?
2. If so, who made this investigation and has the inquiry been closed?
3. Will the results of the inquiry be laid before Parliament?

Major General HUGHES:

1. Yes.
2. Board appointed by the Minister of Militia. The inquiry has been closed.
3. Yes.

REGISTRATION OF ALIENS.

Mr. SINCLAIR:

How many aliens were enrolled at the various Government offices opened for that purpose since the 4th of August, 1914?

Major General HUGHES: Quebec, 8,845; Ontario, 7,571; New Brunswick, 52; Nova Scotia, 1,300; Manitoba, 5,521; Saskatchewan, 1,416; Alberta, 2,350; British Columbia, 1,310; Yukon Territory, 55; total, 28,420. Internments, 1904. Grand total, 30,324.

INSPECTION OF PICKLED FISH.

Mr. HAZEN:

1. What are the names, addresses and salaries of officers appointed in Nova Scotia under chapter 45, 4-5 George V, 'An Act to provide for the Inspection and Branding of Pickled Fish?'
2. How many barrels and packages of fish were inspected during the year 1914?
3. Have rules and regulations been prescribed for the carrying out of the provisions of the said Act?
4. Will the Minister of Marine and Fisheries attach a copy to the replies to the foregoing?

1. None have been appointed up to the present.
2. None, as the Act does not come into operation until May 1, 1915.
3. Yes.
4. Copy of regulations filed with clerk of the House.

ALBERTA OIL LEASES.

Mr. BUCHANAN:

1. What was the total amount received by the Dominion Government for oil leases in Alberta during the years 1913 and 1914?

Mr. ROCHE: 1. The total amount received by the Dominion Government for oil leases in Alberta during the years 1913 and 1914 was \$1,445,130, made up as follows: During 1913, on Dominion lands, \$266,838.48; on school lands, \$22,216.40. During 1914, on