

CADETS TRAIN IN WEST INDIES

Three groups of Canadian Army cadets will exchange goodwill visits this summer with cadets from Jamaica, Barbados and Trinidad and Tobago.

A party of 26 will leave Canada on July 18 to train for four weeks with the Jamaican Combined Cadet Force at Montego Bay, Jamaica. A second group, consisting of 16 cadets, will leave Canada the same day for training with the Barbados Cadet Force in Bridgetown, Barbados.

EXCHANGE WITH TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

The newest country to play host to Canadian cadets will be Trinidad and Tobago. Sixteen Canadian cadets will fly there to assist in the organization of the cadet force. During the same period (July 22 - August 20), 20 cadets from Trinidad and Tobago will attend courses at the cadet camp at Farnham, Quebec.

The exchange will mark the first time Trinidad and Tobago cadets have trained in Canada. Cadets from Jamaica and Barbados have been attending summer camps in Canada since 1963.

The Canadian cadets will attend a two-week cadet-leaders course at Camp Petawawa, Ontario, before leaving for the Caribbean. During their visit to Canada, Jamaican and Barbadian cadets will attend courses at cadet camps in Camp Aldershot, Nova Scotia, and Camp Petawawa, Ontario.

All ten Canadian provinces will be represented in the three exchanges.

TRANSPORT MINISTER IN FRANCE

The Minister of Transportation, Mr. J.W. Pickersgill, recently reported to the House of Commons that, during his visit to Paris as the official representative of Canada at the Salon international de l'aeronautique et de l'espace, he and his Deputy had visited the helicopter plant of Sud Aviation at Marseille-Marignane, accompanied by Mr. Pascal, the Inspector-General of Civil Aviation in France, and Mr. Bommier, Technical Adviser for Civil Aviation in the Office of the Minister of Public Works and Transport.

The visit included a demonstration flight of the "Alouette III" helicopter, one of which the Department of Transport had already purchased for service on ships of the Coast Guard. The DOT plans to buy another, or perhaps several more, of these machines.

AIR PACTS

Mr. Pickersgill said that the Canadian Ambassador, the Deputy Minister and himself had met Mr. Marc Jacquet, Minister of Public Works and Transport, and Mr. Paul Moroni, Secretary-General of the Ministry, to discuss the possibility of obtaining permission for Air Canada to inaugurate a regular service from Montreal to Guadeloupe in the West

Indies. Agreement on this service had been reached quickly, Mr. Pickersgill said, on the understanding that Air France would have the right to provide a service from Guadeloupe to Montreal. The agreement would be confirmed by an exchange of notes.

PAN-AMERICAN GEOGRAPHY MEET

The following is the Canadian delegation to the eighth general assembly of the Pan-American Institute of Geography and History, now in session in the cities of Guatemala and Antigua, Guatemala: Dr. W.E. van Steenburgh (chairman), Deputy Minister, Department of Mines & Technical Surveys; Mr. S.G. Gamble, Director, Surveys and Mapping Branch, Department of Mines and Technical Surveys; Mr. D.W. Fulford, First Secretary, Canadian Embassy, Guatemala City; Lieutenant-Colonel L.M. Sebert, Head, Survey Section, Directorate of Operational Services & Surveys, Department of National Defence; Mr. Frederick John Thorpe, Chief Historian, National Museum of Canada; Mr. T.J. Blachut, Photogrammetric Research, National Research Council; Mr. N.G. Gray, Dominion Hydrographer; Dr. C.H. Smith, Geological Survey of Canada.

Canada became a full member of the Institute, which is a specialized body of the Organization of American States, at its seventh general assembly in Buenos Aires in 1961.

WATER RESOURCES CONFERENCE

More than 160 scientists from 32 countries met at Laval University, Quebec City, from June 15 to 22 to discuss methods of collecting basic data on water resources. The Symposium on the Design of Hydrometeorological Networks, as the meeting was called, was sponsored jointly by the World Meteorological Organization and the International Association of Scientific Hydrology.

An urgent need has been recognized for guidance on network design for developing countries, which are just starting to collect data on their water resources. The advantages of having such exchanges of views and information designed to achieve maximum value for every network dollar are now widely recognized.

That Canada should be host was particularly appropriate since roughly a third of the world's fresh surface water lies within its borders. The small size of Canada's population, however, has meant that there have been limited staff and funds for measuring and studying these resources. Thus Canada's data networks must be carefully designed to provide a sound basis for future water developments.

The symposium was timed to coincide with the beginning of the International Hydrologic Decade (1965-74).
