vell from the young girl's face, and exposed to the flery, concentrated gaze of Elizabeth one of the most beautiful countenances she ever beheld.

" Fear not," said Leicester, confidently, as he turned his head and smiled familiarly at the maiden; "I shall protect thee, even against the queen's anger."

The words had just time to reach the sucen's car, when her hand, which had been hitherto resting fondly, as a sister's, on the countess's neck, fightened with so sudden and convulsive a grasp as to make the latter start from her recumbent posture, and almost screem out with pain.

"Traitor " muttered Elizabeth between her clinched teeth, darting a flerce look at the retreating form of the earl and his companion _ traitor! villain! would that I could stab thee to the heart by her side."

"Nay, your majesty must not be disturbed." said the countess soothingly, taking the queen's hand in hers, and tenderly pressing it to her line.

"Away!" ejaculated Elizabeth. "I am no child to be fondled thus." And she snatched her hand, and turned in anger from her con-" I beseech your majesty not to charge the

moble earl too rashly with _____"
"Peace, babbler; what knowest thou? And folding her arms, she stood for a time fearfully silent, her eyes fixed on the ground. and her whole frame trembling with increase ing excitement.

The counters remained behind, wringing her hands in an agony of terror; for she dreaded, from her long experience of the queen's ungovernable temper, she might be tempted to do something terribia in the first burst of her jealous rage. "The false villain!" again muttered the

queen, as the fire of revenge, fed by jealousy, now broke out and spread through her whole system, shaking it as by a palsythe false villain to cast me thus off in my fall."

" Please your majesty," pleaded the conntess, venturing to lay her hand tenderly on the queen's shoulder, " may not the lady be the companion of the youth with the wounded

"Ahl" she ejaculated, turning suddenly on the countess as if stung by a viper, "that reminds me; 'sdeath and furles! this, then, is the fair damsel of Brockton, whom Leicester hath kept so near the court, and hath consorted with so much. Ha, ha my load; ha, ha!" she continued, the sounds coming hoarse and hollow from her heaving chest, " thou ehalt answer for this with thy head." "Nay, madam, report saith the maiden is betrothed to the youth."

"Betrothed? Pugh! what cares he for betrothal? a poor safeguard, indeed, against his advances. Marry, to see her face once is enough for him to dra v consequences. O. misery, misery ! that I could thus fall so low -so low as to be cast aside for the first pretty tace. But be she saint or devil, I swear by my hopes of salvation, she again muttered through her teeth, raising her right hand, and clinching it in a paroxysm of rage, " an I but live to see two suns go down, they both shall sleep in the Tower, and stone walls, six feet thick between, or they shall be so separated as never more to meet in this world."

"O my liege, to banish the nobie lord from your grace's presence, for having walked with a lady by moonlight, what will the busy tongues at court say? Nay, your majesty cannot mean it."

" Mean it l av. so help me vengeance !" she oried, stamping on the ground. "I'll crush downfa' o' Rome and Scotland. Ha, ha! the him as I would the worm under my feet." dell himsel neer saw sloan a sight!" "And yet," submitted the counters, " the earl may be innecent."

'Innocent! he innocent? thou'rt a fool. woman; innocent, and in the company of such a maiden as that? Listen to me, Haragton; thou knowest I loved him.

"Ay, your majesty bath delgned to look kindly on him."

"Kindly? he, ha! kindly!" "Vorily," replied the countest, "that were

enough for an emperor." "Paugh! minion; peace with such shifts, and palter not with me thus. I am not here queen, but the woman. Listen to me; I ship." loved him dearly, fondly, madly; nay, I loved, adored him more than the God who made me. I bowed myself before bim, with my crown on my head, and my sceptre in my hand. I surrendered my whole being to him. I sacrificed what the world calls honor to appease his godship, and which was dear to me as life, because in losing it I know I should lose his respect, and risk his attachment. And now am I debased and degraded at his feet. I love him still as madly as ever. O, but did I love him a thousand times more, were that possible, I would sheathe my dagger in his heart. Nay, if I had no dagger to out with my nails like a tigress, the moment I discovered be devoted but one thought to another. 'Sdeath ! I am no lovesick maiden, to be content with smiles; he must be mine body and soul; he must exist in me and by me, or he must cease to live. Countess, if thou hast not hitherto known me, then know have never once been bridled but to deceive those pious fools who surround my throne and call me virgin. He, ha! virgin! gramercy, virgin! I laugh at the thought. Nay, I'm a woman, and greedy of men's homage as of their love. I would be their idol, or I would be dead. I would draw all that could minister to my passions around me, nor would I abate a jot of the adulation the least honored of my court could offer. O, let the highest of them betray but a semblance of indifference to my favors, and I cut his head off as I would a poppy's, or send him to feed rate in the Tower dungeons. Such is thy mistress, minion, and such shouldst thou too find her, didst but presume to thwart her in this her deep revenge. Look to it that thou balk me not. Clasp not thy hands thus in supplication; I have sworn to risk power, honor. life, to crush him. Come, then, follow me; there is yet time. I shall beard him at the very gate of the palace. I'll confront him there with his paramour. Come on, and fol-

low me." "O, I beseech your majesty," entreated the countees, dropping on her knee, and stretching her hands in fervent supplication.

Obey me, slave; rise and follow me. God's death! if he have alighted me thus, his proud head shall fall. Ay, should no other arm be found in England to strike the blow, mine own shall smite the traitor." And thus saying, she rushed recklessly through the thermy hedge, out on the foot-path by which the earl had just passed—her dress torn, her closk clinging to the prickly branches behind, and her long hair tossed

over her shoulders in wild disorder. " O Elizabeth of England !" exclaimed the counters, pursuing her through the hedge, and laying hold of the skirt of her dress, " I implore, I entreat thee, in the name of God,

the light breeze of the morning lifted up the the head and the heart not to persist in this for which she had not yet made the necessary wild purpose."
" Uchand me, minion!"

"Wilt thus fling thy crown and honor both to destruction ?" "Unband me !" she repeated, hardly able to articulate; "I care not for crown or honor? revenge is dearer to me than both to-

gether." "Patience, patience, gracious madam; and listen to me for an instant. O my Goo, my God! wilt not hear me for one moment? Hush! they are not yet beyond earshot, and

may return to discover all."

" Loose thy hold," cried Elizabeth, choking with rage, and raising her hand to strike, or I'll buftet thee on the face; let me go, or I'll fell thee to the earth."

"Never!" oried the counters. "I command thee, minion, slave! let me

go. "Nover! strike an' it please thee. I shall die here by thy royal hand ere I suffer thee to rush to shame and ruin." And flinging herself down, she permitted the queen to drag

her along the ground,
"The perjured villain," still ejaculated Elizabeth, tring to break away from that portion of her dress which the counters held in her grasp; "he shall die ere an hour bas passed, or sleep in the dampest cell of the Tower. Wretch, slave, traitress, let me go." "O, the child I think of the child, gracious

madam." " Ohlid, child! What child? detractor, calumniator, liar-I have no child. Should ten thousand tongues speak that falsehood. l'il cut them out, one by one, and fling them in the streets for dogs to feed on. What! wha! I have a child? didst thou say I gave birth to a child? Speak it again, speak it again," she oried, drawing a short poniard from her bosom, and gazing at the countess, whilst her eyes shot forth fismes of fire— " speak it again, and the lightning of Heaven shall not annihilate thee sooner than I---

The counteres trembled as she looked up and saw, evon in that dim light of approaching day, the clinched teeth and flery orbs of the infuriated queen grinning and glaring dowwnapon her, and reflected that she was the only one whom that terrible being had instrusted with the dangerous

For a moment the enraged woman seemed to deliberate, holding the dagger, pointed and ready to strike. Each gazed at the other fearfully, without averting a single glance. "Strike," said the countess, at length strike, my queen. If thou fearest me, it's time I should die. Since I have lost thy confidence, I can have nothing more to live for."

"Could I but bring myself to doubt thee," muttered the queen, still pointing the steel towards her prostrate confident. "And yet it's enfor-

"Hold," thundered a deep voice from behind; and as the queen turned to lock, the Earl of Murray leaped the hedge at a bound, and stood before her.

"Gracious Heaven, what means this?" he demanded, somewhat sternly. "Ah, the Countess of Harrington crouching beneath a naked poniard in your majesty's hand!" The countess loosed her hold, and Eliza-

both withdrew the weapon, gazing silently at the earl, like one awaking from a frightful draam. Neither spoke for the space of a minute but stood feeling each other like statues, with-

out life or motion. "Hegh, sirs, what a sight i" cried a second voice from behind the hedge. "Ha, ha! the twa bastards has met again to plot the

"Perdition seize thee, whoever thou art." cried the earl, upringing from the queen's side, and darting away in search of the speaker. But he searched in vain; a faint hs, hal from the rocks beyond was all he could dete t.

When he returned, he found the queen holding a kerchief to her eyes, in her left hand, whilst the right rested lovingly on the neck of the Lady Harrington.

"Farewell, my lord," she said in a faltering tone, stretching out her hand as she spoke; "there's no time now for explanation. Keep the secret of our weakness looked up in thy on my throne; I am here no longer the breast; and for the rest, trust to our friend-

> The earl knelt, and klesing the queen's hand reverently, retired without a word; and then the latter, leaning on the arm of her faithful attendant, hurried through the fields, and soon entered the palace by a secret wicket, unperceived by the sentinels.

CHAPTER XLI.

A week had now elapsed sines the burning of Brockton Hall, and the news of the catastrophe had begun to spread through the metropolis, and to be spoken of as something more than usually horrible, even in these intersectine times, plunge, I would tear his false heart when the firing of churches, convents, chepels and private residences of Catholic gen. try were of hourly occurrence. Rumor, which always exaggerates, gave its own coloring to the story, namely, that a simple old country gentleman, of ancient and honorable family, and nearly allied to the highest in the land, who had for a long time retired from the world, me now-know me as a woman in and devoted himself to prayer, alma-giving. whose voins no drop of tame blood ever yet and the study of sacred literature had ran; whose passions, wild as her father's, been shut up in his mansion in Worchestershire, and together with a faithful domestic, burnt to death for having refused to acknowledge the queen's spiritual suprem-Boy. Whether it was that the circumstances of the case had created an actual feeling of disgust and indignation against the perpetrators of the deed, or that the enemies of Sir Thomas Plimpton saized on it as a pretext to heap shame and infamy on the merciless upstart whom the queen's favor had elevated so much above them, it is hard to say. But certain it is, Sir Thomas was beginning to feel nuessy. In fact, he observed that, for some time past, his friends, who, but a few months before, had surrounded him, on all possible occasions, with the most officious attentions, began to grow cold of late, and many of them even to meet him with averted looks and contemptuous recognitions. The Earl of Lefcester, too, who had, up

to this time, somewhat dissembled his scorn for the son of the Sussex smuggler, lest he should offend the queen, now no longer hesitated to order him out of his way, as he passed to and from the court, and to treat him generally in the most uncourteous and insulting manner. Even the queen herself, who had made him her confident, (though, in reality, she despised the fellow, using him merely as a tool to work out her designs,) could hardly sustain him much ionger against this general and increasing contempt, and probably would have abandoned him altogether, were it not that she feared his resentment. Could she have found another equally serviceable in carrying out her plots and plans, she would probably long ago have banished him her kingdom, or despatched him,or confine him a life prisoner in the Tower, on some specious pretence, and no doubt heartily congretulated herself on the riddance. But to supply his | ton, Mass., may receive free, by mail, infor-

willing to run every risk for the accumula-

preparations.

tion of wealth, and sometimes reckless and blundering as a clown in its pursuit, was yet exceedingly shrewd and clear-sighted in estimating the precise nature of his position at court, and the characters and dispositions of those with whom his office brought him into contact. He hated Leicester, and he feared him. He hated him because he was supercilious to al), but to him in particular on every occasion when he had an opportunity of being insolent. And he feared him because he was now grown to be even more powerful at court than the queen hereelf. He longed for the moment when he could effectually rain him with Elizabeth; but he felt the charge should be no trifling one, and knew, if he failed in the attempt, he must inevitably fall himself. As for the queen, he was satisfied she had no confidence in his honor; and it she trusted him at all, it was because she regarded him as the butcher's dog that protects the shambles for the sake of the garbage. Besides, he observed, of late. she began to look on him with furtive glances, sometimes put him strange quertions, that indicated her doubts and fears of his prudence and honesty, and even ventured occasionally to elicit answers intended to implicate him in serious difficulties. Still he felt safe, insamuch as she did not yet suspect him of having discovered more secrets than she thought proper to confide directly to his keeping. Had he betrayed the least knowledge of her connection with the buiden which the lady under the protection of the Earl of Lefcester had secretly conveyed on a certain night from the court, or suspected the use she was about to make of Biszlo's miniature, which he had stolen from Holyrood,-and on the back of which she herself had written the amorous couplet in the unfortunate queen's cipher, - or of any other such hazardous matter, his term of life or liberty had been short indeed. He felt, therefore that his days of court favor under so capriclous a mistress might soon draw to a close. and perhaps terminate fatally and suddenly if he did not take timely precautions. He was placed between two dangers, the avowed enmity of the sarl, and the growing distrust of the queen; and, in truth, either of them was peril enough to demand care and circum- ago I got very had, was confined to my bed spection from higher and more important for four men he, had no appetite, was personages than he was ever likely to be reduced to thin and bones, and gave up about the court. For these reasons it all hopes of ever getting well. Last was that, in defiance of every obstacle, October one of Warner's Safe Cure books he persevered in his determination of seizing on the person of the helress of Brookton, compelling her, under the queen's sanction, to marry bim, and then retiring from public life to enjoy the pleasures which but after that I regan to improve and got wealth might purchase, far from the dangers and troubles that now beset him. And it was in reality to promote this end he sometimes of late gave the queen cause for cortain misgivings about him, which, while they amounted not to a positive suspicion of his knowledge of certain secrets, yet made her begin to feel uneasy under his watchful eye, and desirous of ridding berself of his presence at the first safe or convenient opportunity.

(To be continued)

AFTER 24 HOURS OF PRAYER. Hinckley, Medina county, O., and amassed mont Central Railroad, says: "For the past considerable property, most of which was in seven or eight years my wife has been cash. He would not trust his money to a troubled with indigestion, dyspepsia, and bank, but hid it about his own premises, liver difficulties. She could eat only with seeping the biding place secret even from the greatest dietress, and her skin was covered his own family. A short time ago he told with dark colored patches. She tried physihis wife that he had hidden about \$30,000 in clans and other medicines without avail, until money, and that pretty soon he she began taking Warner's Safe Cure and would so that in case of his death she can now eat cuything and her skin is wholly would know where to look for it. He neg. cleared up. I have also taken this remedy nation of his papers showed that he had \$335, | sure medicine." 000 in money all bidden about his premises. Mr. John B. Simpson, connected with the The most thorough search failed to reveal Auditor General's office at Ottawa, says: the biding place, and the widow began to "Two years ago I was prostrated with kiddespair. Then she was impressed with the ney difficulty, and after eight or ten months notion that if she prayed with faith the Lord treatment by one of the most prominent phywould direct her to the piece where the sicians of this city, found myself worse. I money was bidden. On Wednesday she was doubled up so I could not stand upright, prayed all day and all night. On Thursday my appetite was poor, and I was fast upon night she was impelled to go to the beehives, the read to Bright's disease. I had heard of which stood on a bench near the house, and in Warner's Safe Cure through a friend in Florithe excitement of expectation she knocked | da, N.S., and sent for some, and I immediate. over one of the hives, disclosing to her view ly began to improve under its use. I am the top of a bench with a pile of greenbacks happy to say that it has restored me to perthe family dropped a bunch of keys through | kidney medicine in the market." the barn floor, which necessitated taking up a plank to find them, and when the young man put his hand down he struck a half gallon fruit jar, which he pulled out to find partly filled with \$20 gold pieces. Other jars and a grain bag were also found containing gold and silver, and when it had all attendants, as well as others) to speak frankly been counted the total amount figured up over \$213,000. The widow was overjoyed, and in her statement to the correspondent said she believed that the discoveries were in direct answer to her pravers."

Zion's Berald, Boston, January 9th, 1884.

A TOUCHING CASE. THE LIFE OF A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN SAVED. A young and beautiful married lady residing in this city was lying at the point of death, with diphtheris, and was not expected to live but a few moments; the husbard, father and mother of the suffering lady, were by the bedside, as was also the attending physician; so certain were they of the near approach of death, that certain arrangements had already been made to meet the sad event. The father and mother were State of Maine people, and had known from childhood of the wonderful curative power of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. At the suggestion of the grief-stricken mother, the father had gone to the nearest drug store before daylight, and obtained a bottle, and when the physician arrived and stated that the loved one could not possibly live but a few moments, the mother timedly told the doctor that she had great faith in Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, and asked if she might give her daughter some. The doctor replied: "Certainly, if

you wish; it can do no harm.' While this conversation was taking place the young wife was gasping for breath, and it was evident that she could live but a few moments longer. But the mother quickly uncorked the bottle and gave a teaspoonful clear to her child. The effect was like magic; in an instant the passage to the lungs was enlarged, she could breathe a little easier; the mother quietly began to bathe the throat externally, and in a short time all present saw that the crisis had passed. In a few hours the patient was considered out of danger, and in a few days was well. The husband of this lady related these facts with tearful eyes, to Mr. Jennings, of the firm of I. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House street. He said there could be no question whatever but what this Liniment had saved his wife's life. All persons who will send their address to I. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House street, Bosplace was difficult, especially at this juncture, mation of great value in respect to diphthetis, and of that young church of which thou art and to banish or despatch him was a measure and all other throat and lung troubles.

MYSTERIOUS.
THE TERRIBLE UNDERTOW THAT IS SWEEPING A PERFORM RELIABLE ARTHUR Pilmpton, though a greedy, avaricious man, AWAY 80 HARY-WELT WELL-KROWE CAMADIANS HAVE TO FAY.

> It is an unquestionable fact that thousands of people are to-day enduring the most intense torture or are afflicted by the most unaccountable symptoms for which they can assign no reason whatever. They have frequent headaches; are strangly languid; have a ravenous appetite one day and none whatever the next, and feel dull pains in various parts of the body, but they imagine it is only cold or some passing minor disorder. Indeed few people realize the presence of grave and serious dangers until they are upon them. The following experiences of wellknown people in the Province are timely and

> Mr. Arthur Auger, manager of the Northern Branch post office, Montreal, makes the following statement :- "For three years I was troubled with most soute symptome, which not only caused me great annoyance, but endangered my life. I consulted the best physicians and lived on the strictest dist until I nearly starved to death, but without avail. My physicians fine ly told me that I could not live three months. About two years ago I learned of a remarkable remedy through a French paper, published in Maseachneetts, and I was so impressed with its value that I visited Boston, and having learned that the statements published in the papers were strictly trustworthy, I began the use of the medicine, and as a result I have become a well man, wholly through the use of Warner's Safe Cure and Warner's Safe Diahetes Care. I have recommended these remedies in a great many cases, and if taken according to directions, I know they will do all that is claimed for them,"

Mr. George Stacy, extensive nail manufacturer, No. 690 Notre Dame West, says : "1 have used Warner's Safe Cure, Safe Nervine and Safe Pills, with great benefit for chronic liver difficulty and nervousness and can cordially recommend them."

Mr. E. Pettitt, the jeweler, 541 Alpert street, Ottawa, gives the following account of his experience : " For the past four or five years I have been troubled with Kidney and Liver difficulty, territ is pain in my back and legs, rheumstlem, iniculty in passing fluids, sediment in the same, etc. About a year happened to fall in my way and it described my symptoms so accurately that i began the use of the baf Cure and the Safe Pills. The first few bottle - seemed to make me worre, right along quies . I am now completely restored, weigh 175 pourds, and I give all the credit to Warner's Safe Curr. I can recommend the Safe Remedies with the utmost confidence, as they raised me from the borders of the grave, and I know of their effects on others.'

G. J. Nagle, Postmaster, Book Forest, Quebec, says :- "I have used Warner's bafe Cure for Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and owe it the greatest gratitude for the fact that it has restored me to health."

Mr. A. P. Flanders, who resides at St. Harrison Bamen lived for many years in John, Quebec, and is connected with the Verinform her of ite whereaboute, Sale Pille, which completely cared her. She

of large denomination upon it. A search feet health and that I have used no medicine under the other hives resulted in finding a since then, which is a guarantee of its exceltotal of \$15,000. In the atternoon one of lence. I think Warner's Safe Cure is the best Bt. Rev. Bishop Edward A. Wilson, D. D.

of Ottaws, says : "I have used Warner's Baie Oure with much advantage and derived great benefit from its use, and hence unhesitatingly recommend it to my friends. I have not falled in the past or now (with my medical and impartially of its beneficial results to my se!fand others." The above statements are from men of un-

questionable verscity, and such as merit the greatest consideration. No one who is suffering from any form of physical disorder can afford to neglect even the slightest symptoms, which can be so readily controlled if taken in time, and which are so dangerous if permitted to continue.

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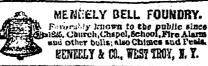
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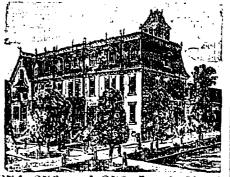
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PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court. Dame kebecos Max, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Louis Levy, formerly of the same place, and now of parts unknown, duly authorized a ester en justice, has instituted an action for separation as to property against her said husband.

Montreal 6th December, 1888.

Montreal, 4th December, 1888.

T. & O. O. DELORIMIER, 185

(Attorneys for Plaintiff.

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Lucerne. 2,200 Capt Kerr.
Newfoundland. 1,500 Capt John Mylins.
Acadian. 1,330 Capt F & Grath.

THE STEAMERS OF THE

Liverpool Mail Line Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Portland every THUR DAY, and from Halifax every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Royle to receive on heard and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched

FROM HALIFAX :

Sarmatian. Saturday, Dec. 1 Sardinian Saturday, Pec. 8 Circessian Saturday, Pec. 22 Polynesian Saturday, Dec. 22 Parinian. Saturday, Dec. 23 Peruvian. Saturday, Jan. 5 At TWO o'clock P.M., or on the arrival of the intercolonial Railway Train from the West. From Portland to Liverpool

vis Halifax. Sarmatian Thursday, Nov. 23
Sardinian Thursday, Dec. 6
Circasaian Thursday, Dec. 32
Polynesian Thursday, Dec. 32
Parislan Thursday, Dec. 33
Peruvian Thursday, Jan. 3 At ONE o'clock P.M., or on the arrival of the Grand Trunk Ratiway

Rates of Passage from Montreal via Halifac Rates of Passage from Montreal via Portland

Newfoundland Line.

The Steamers of the Hali'nz Mail Line from Halifax to Liverpool, via St. Johns, N.F., are intended to be despatched

FROM HALIFAX. Caspian Monday, Dec. 22
Nova Scotlan Monday, Dec. 32
Austrian Morday, Dec. 32
Caspian Monday, Jan. 34 Rates of Passage between Halifax and St. John's :

Gasgow Line.

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Through Rates and Through Bills of Lading for East-bound Traffic can be obtained from any of the Agents of the above named Railways.

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