

Minister of War, to set out for the Danubian Principalities, and to draw up an accurate report of the position of affairs in a military point of view.

His operations before Silistria were especially recommended to his notice. The measure has produced a profound sensation at St. Petersburg, as the Emperor never entrusts his Minister of War with such a mission except on occasions of serious importance.

**CORNBURGH, June 20.**—Details have arrived respecting the attack at Gornia Karloby. The Olin and Valtor landed 160 men. These were attacked by sharpshooters in ambuscade, and by a marked battery of five guns. Lieut. Harrington, a militiaman, a woman, and three men, fell; 2 officers and 14 men were wounded. One horse was lost. 28 men and 1 man were taken by the Russians, whose commander was killed.

A dispatch from Moldavia of the 11th June, describes the state of Marshal Paskewitch to be very serious. He is threatened with paralysis of his left arm and leg, so that his resuming the command is out of the question.

**THE LATE CAPTAIN GIFFARD.**—The *Kreuz Zeitung* gives the following description of the last moments and burial of poor Capt. Giffard, and of the heart of Louis Danab, June 12:—"We have received interesting news from Olona of the 2nd of June. On that day at 3 p.m., the internment of Captain Giffard, of the Tiger, took place. By order of General Ost-Sacken, the whole crew, prisoners of war, as well as the Governor-General Annenkov, with the other military authorities, attended the funeral. A Russian batallion in parade order formed an escort to the coffin, and fired the usual volleys over the grave. Nearly the whole population was about and followed the procession. The newly General Ost-Sacken took the deepest interest in the fate of the captain during his illness. A little before his death, Giffard called the crew around his bed, and said, 'Look, you are your lives to my being spared; this hindered me from blowing up the ship *Farwell*. Greet our dear England for me when you see it.' After these words he asked for a glass of brandy, turned his face from the sailors to the other side, and gave up the ghost."

#### FRANCE.

A conspiracy, having extensive ramifications in the South of France, has been discovered in the department of the Tarn and Garonne. More than 150 persons have been already arrested. The journals have been ordered not to speak on the subject. The conspirators had formed themselves into a secret society, and their object is said to have been an attack on the person of the Emperor during the visit which it is supposed he is about to pay to the baths in the Upper Pyrenees, in the coming autumn. The Prefect of the Tarn and Garonne has been dismissed for not having got earlier information of the affair; and he is succeeded by M. Lemaire, an officer of the artillery of the time of the Empire, who accompanied General Lafayette on his visit to the United States during the Restoration.

#### WEST INDIES.

**CHOLERA AT BARBADOS.**—The schooner *Anemone*, bound for the West Indies with a cargo of produce, called at Barbados on the 21 June, but in consequence of the prevalence of the Cholera there, did not remain. A passenger in that vessel, writes from St. Thomas, under date of the 13th inst.—"at the last advices from Barbados the deaths from Cholera were one hundred and fifty per day."

We understand that this fearful disease had its victims almost entirely among the colored population.

#### NEWFOUNDLAND.

Extract from a letter dated Placentia, June 19, 1854:—

"The fishery up to this date has been anything but satisfactory; bait scarce and fish equally so, though today fish is reported to be in the Bay and some good catches have been effected. The captain have been in nearly a fortnight. The main voyage will now be at the Cape, as but little fish frequents the head of the Bay.

Food stuffs are scarce, and food is generally very high. In consequence, many are distressed even now, and cases of great suffering may be met with.

The Steamer *Victoria* has been in the Bay with provisions, &c.; and on the subject of the telegraph great dissatisfaction exists among those who have been disappointed in obtaining employment, after waiting so long a time."

#### Editorial Miscellany.

##### THE WINDSOR ACADEMY.

The friends of the Church will rejoice to hear that the seminary, so long the feeder of the College, is to be re-opened as soon as a competent master can be found. The want of it has been much felt by those who desire to have their children trained in connexion with the Church to which they belong, and who would wish to have them as near to them as Windsor, from a central position, is, to most parts of the Province. If a man is placed at the head of that Academy, in whom the public can have confidence, to whom a Christian parent can conscientiously entrust the training of his son, who will be to him literally an *Academy*.

parentia, then, in that case, but in no other, may we expect the Windsor Academy to flourish, and compete favorably with other seminaries of the kind. We hope that one of our own Alumni may be appointed to the situation, which will thus in all probability be more satisfactorily filled than in any other way. Acquainted with the country, and the country with him, having all his local associations here, and his mind not hankering after other lands, but bounded in its visions of worldly things by the country in which he lives, he will be more likely to succeed. There need be no difficulty in finding the right man amongst our own Alumni. We have heard one named already, as willing to come, himself and his wife, and of whom a good report has reached us, and we hope he may get the situation.

Meanwhile, it is to be desired that Churchmen will hold themselves ready to support the new Principal, whom the Government may select, and we think they may be assured that by the 1st September, or perhaps sooner, their sons can be received at the Academy, and at a reduced charge.

It is scarcely needful to say, of a locality so well known, that, placed in juxtaposition with the College, it enjoys the most beautiful prospect that can be desired, is healthful, and that the excellent and commodious stone building itself is well adapted to its purpose. It is within twelve hours of St. John and six of Halifax.

**THE R. M. Steamship America**, arrived on Wednesday last. The news is important. The Turks without the assistance of their allies, have compelled the Russians to raise the siege of Silistria. The latter were in full retreat, after having suffered immense loss. There appears to be no doubt that Austria has joined the alliance of France and England, although much suspicion attaches to the mode, and the ultimate object, of the fulfilment of her part of the compact. It is probable that she will force the retreat of the Russians from the Principalities, which she will occupy with the consent of the Porte, as a safeguard against any further advance of the Russians. The British and French fleets and armies have as yet accomplished nothing of a decisive nature, but are evidently progressing towards important operations.

An interesting debate upon the policy of the allied powers towards Russia, had taken place in the House of Lords, in which Lord Clarendon, a member of the Government, in reply to an able speech of Lord Lyndhurst's, was wonderfully incautious of statesmanlike reserve, and expressed it to be the intention of the allies, if the chances of war were in their favour, to circumscribe the dominion of Russia within bounds which should render her powerless as a future disturber of the peace of Europe. The Earl of Aberdeen did not go the length of his colleague, expressing a determination, upon the first favourable opportunity, to accomplish a peace upon honorable terms. The discussion does not prove a very edifying unanimity in the Cabinet upon the existing state of European relations. It will afford, however, a topic of serious consideration to the Emperor of all the Russias.

**WE regret to perceive that the Cholera still hovers over this Continent, and the West India Islands.** In Barbados the mortality has reached the fearful amount of 200 a day. In the Southern States of America it is also severe, and we notice that at New York 53 deaths in a week from that disease were announced. We have often reminded our people in this Province of the merciful exemption which we have enjoyed from this desolating pestilence, which has visited our shores but once, while it has repeatedly scourged other parts of America. Let us not "be high-minded but fear," since it is certainly "not for our righteousness" that we have been spared. Let all due precaution be enforced by the City authorities, especially by systematic cleanliness, and the abundant use of Chloride of Lime, or other disinfecting agents, not forgetting the suppression of intemperance, one of the most powerful conductors of fatal distempers. Total abstinence from intoxicating drinks, has ever been found one of the best safeguards against Cholera.

#### Extract of a communication from Hants County:—

"The country is looking very well. Good crops of hay are expected, and grain is promising. Caterpillars in the vicinity of Windsor have done much damage to the fruit trees, stripping whole orchards, and of course blighting the hopes of fruit. The plaster trade at Windsor is dull, in consequence of the want of vessels to carry away the large quantities on the wharves."

**EVERY THING HAS RISEN!**—Such is the cry every where. It is 100 times as regards many things. Food, labour, fuel, &c. are 50 or 100 per cent. higher than last year. Let it be noted, that our nem has now risen, namely, the salary of the Minister. While others can meet the war price, by a war charge, he cannot. He pays twice as much as formerly for a barrel of flour, (which he must have, and many of them too,) but his pay is as before. His income only goes half the way it did last year. What is the consequence? He must run in debt. What then? His mind is distracted by care and anxiety. And what next? His work is hindered and his people are the losers. And what therefore should be done? Let those answer, who value the Gospel, and who remember the Lord's saying, the "labourer is worthy of his hire"—or that "He hath ordained that they that preach the Gospel, should live of the Gospel." And if they do remember that, what will the conscientious hearer do? Will it not be, to equalise the parson's stipend, with the increased expenses he has to meet? Will he not argue with himself, as he pays his baker, his butcher, his tailor, shoemaker, and labourer, half as much again as he did, that he should do likewise for him who feeds him with the bread of life, unless he is willing to see him shut up in his house some fine Sunday morning, or force him to give up preaching, and turn his attention to something else.

A Sermon will be preached and a Collection made for the Sunday School at St. Luke's Chapel, tomorrow morning the 9th inst.

Liverpool, N. S., 30th June, 1854.

The customary salute in honor of our Most Gracious Sovereign, *Queen Victoria*, not having been given on the 24th ult., it was arranged that Her Majesty's Birth Day and the anniversary of Her Majesty's Coronation Day should be celebrated together, which accordingly took place on Wednesday the 29th inst. A Royal salute of 21 guns was fired from the field pieces of the Volunteer and Military Company in the morning, another salute of 35 guns was fired in the afternoon, being Her Majesty's age, and in the evening another Royal salute of 21 guns to conclude with. A brilliant display of Colours contributed much to the observance of the day.—Communicated.

The Lord Bishop left town yesterday, for Chester, where he will hold an Ordination, and will consecrate two Churches in the neighbourhood.

At the recent Ordinations at Prince Edward Island, by the Bishop of Nova Scotia, some account of which is given in the correspondence of this day's paper, the Rev. W. Monk, R. v. Henry B. Swaboy, Rev. R. T. Rael, and R. v. W. Stewart, were ordained Priests; and Mr. Maurice Swaboy, was ordained Deacon. All except the first named are graduates of King's College.

We regret to learn that the Rev. H. De Blois, of Lehigh, had a severe fall from his horse on Sunday last, owing to the stirrup leather giving way, and which caused him to faint when afterwards engaged in the performance of clerical duty. He has since been confined to the house, but is getting better.

The Bermuda *Royal Gazette* of the 27th June, republishes the article in *The Church Times*, of May 27, respecting the College at Windsor, and has appended to it the conditions of Subscription, &c. We trust that this proceeding of our contemporary may have its effect in inducing the people of Bermuda to turn their attention to the superior advantages that will be afforded by the Windsor Institution, with a resolve to benefit by them.

LIVERPOOL, N. S.

#### BISHOPRIC ENDOWMENT FUND.

##### 2ND INSTALLMENT.

Jahesh Snow,	£10 0 0
F. W. Collins,	5 0 0
F. C. Bates,	5 0 0
J. L. Darrow,	5 0 0
M. F. Agnew,	2 0 0
Snow P. Freeman,	10 0 0
John Roberts,	0 15 0
Wm. Henderson,	2 0 0
Rev. J. Ambrose,	1 0 0
Andrew Cowie,	5 0 0
William Cowie,	1 0 0
Alexander Cowie,	2 0 0
R. Roberts,	0 5 0
J. Edgar,	1 0 0

EDWIN GILPIN, Jr.

Secy. B. F.

##### PAST PAY COLLECTIONS.

Middle Marquodobit,	£1 6 7
Gay's River,	0 5 0
Lower Stewarke,	0 5 0
Leet. Black, R. N. Shubanaedje,	1 0 0
Barrington,	1 5 6