reasons underlying the differences but they will readily occur to any thinking mind. Some of them are akin to those which account for our unwillingness to accede to the desire of those who would seek to deprive us of our right of appeal to the foot of the throne. The subject is an interesting one, and perhaps some of our readers would like to discuss it in their own way.

THE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE BRITISH DOMINION OF VIRGINIA AND THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

This subject was first referred to in a paper read by Dr. J. Murray Clark, K.C., of Toronto, at Harvard University in 1919, under the title "Whence came the Common law into Canada." Our reference to it appears in 56 C.L.J. 281. Dr. Clark deals with some aspects of the same subject in a paper read by him at Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia, in August of last year, on the occasion of the celebration of the 200th anniversary of the establishment of the first British Court of Judicature to sit in any part of what is now Canada. As to this Mr. Clark calls attention to a remark of Mr. A. H. Lefroy (a brother Journalist of ours), Professor of Constitutional Law and Jurisprudence in the University of Toronto, in which he points out that a Court of Judicature is the symbol and indeed the embodiment of the reign of law in any country.

Want of space prevents more than a passing reference to Dr. Clark's paper, which a leader of the Virginia has characterised as "a great and scholarly address fraught with special significance to the day in which we live." Some passages, however, we extract as of special interest in this country. We quote as follows:—

"Dr. Bruce, one of the ablest of the historians of Virginia, points out how closely Virginia approached the system of the Mother Country and that not even the revolution could efface on our continent the mighty work which England had done through the growth of Virginia and the other American communities. He points out that her general principles of law and government, her standards of morality, her canons of literary taste, and her practical conservative spirit, have been too deeply