

# The Weekly Monitor

ESTABLISHED 1878.

Published every Wednesday by the publisher  
**FRANK H. BEATTIE, EDITOR AND MANAGER**

Sub. Rates:—\$2.00 a year, 25c to U.S. payable strictly in advance  
ADVERTISING

Communications regarding subscriptions, advertising or other business matters, as well as correspondence and news, should be addressed to the Manager of the Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 28TH, 1924.

### MAD BUYING ON CREDIT.

Is the country going time-payment mad? Are we becoming a people whose earnings are pledged for years in advance?

The questions, prompted by the apparent craze for installment plan buying in the United States, says the New York Times, are asked by The National Retail Clothier after a survey that showed close to seventy commodities being sought in tremendous quantities in this way.

Automobiles, jewelry, clothing, books, bonds, stocks, education, electrical goods, hand instruments, buildings, life insurance, furniture, furnaces, vacuum cleaners, rug and shades, phonographs, pianos, radio sets, magazines, washing machines, stoves, help to make up the list. And then the question is asked: "And what will happen to the different industries selling their products on time if we should be precipitated to lower price levels, with the consequent slackening of trade and industry?"

A number of interesting facts were brought out by the survey. They throw considerable light on just what the people of the United States want in their homes—and garages—and are willing to bond themselves over a long period to get. The automobile came along far in front of the procession. The figures quoted put the number of automobiles bought on the time-payment plan at 85 per cent. of the total car sales and declare that no less than 6,000,000 men with incomes of less than \$40 a week own motors.

The piano, radio, phonograph, typewriter and furniture fields, it is explained, are similarly replete with time-payment buyers. Of the 300,000 pianos sold in 1923 for a total approximating \$120,000,000 between 75 and 90 per cent. it is pointed out, are on the time-payment list. Fully 90 per cent. of the phonographs sold in the U. S. are disposed of on installments; more than \$50,000,000 worth of radio furnishings last year were bought in the same way; 15 per cent. of new typewriters and 80 per cent. of rebuilt makes, and 65 per cent. of washing machines and vacuum cleaners are sold on time—such is the imposing list that the survey presents. Acadian Recorder.

### MURDEROUS MOTOR CARS.

Buffalo Express: Every day last year 43 persons in the United States were killed or died from injuries received in automobile accidents. In 1922 the average number of deaths from this cause was 38. The total number of deaths in 1923 was 15,400, of which is 2,000 more than in 1922. One-third of the deaths last year—about 5,000—were of children under fifteen years old. These figures do not include deaths in grade crossing accidents, of which there were 1,500, or about 150 more than in the previ-

ous year. These 17,000 deaths directly attributable to the handling of motor cars must add appreciably to the death rate in the United States. Despite climatic advantages, this country may soon be considered an unsafe one in which to try to live. Since 1921 automobiles, directly or indirectly, have caused more deaths than all other vehicles combined, including steam and electric railways, horse drawn vehicles, bicycles and motorcycles.

### EXTERMINATING WILD LIFE.

Manchester Guardian: A permit was granted by the Natal Government to a gentleman who shot four of the twenty specimens of the now rare white rhinoceros in the Zululand Game Reserve. Such melancholy madness should be impossible in these days. Anyone who is eager to come face to face with the white "rhino" can get just as much excitement out of the encounter, and bring back far more convincing proof of it, if he arms himself not with a gun, but with a film camera. For that kind of "shooting" is worth while. It would give Europe and America a chance of seeing in photograph what they have never seen in the flesh. And it would not hurt an animal that is a living reminder of how life began in the marshy swamps of the world and against which no charge more serious has been levelled than that it sometimes gets very fat in winter.

### OLD SHOES.

London Daily Herald: Nations treat their institutions as a man treats a pair of old shoes. He keeps them in wear because they are comfortable, though shabby. They may have lost their shape, they may not be quite water-tight, but he puts off as long as possible buying a new pair. Only when a sharp stone runs through the worn sole into his foot does he throw them away. To imagine, therefore, that Socialism will ever be adopted, as a system, because the mass of people are suddenly converted to its sweet reasonableness, would be to ignore both human nature and history. It has already been adopted in some directions as a relief to feet hurt by sharp stones—that is to say, in order to remove intolerable burdens and inconveniences, and the extortionate pressure of profiteers.

### JAPAN AND SINGAPORE.

Adelaide Chronicle: Regarded as it should have been as one of the naval precautions necessitated by the defence of the great carrying trade which has its focus in the southern portion of the Malay Peninsula, the construction of a naval base at Singapore could have excited no distrust in Japan. And we can well believe the adoption by the last Parliament of a vote for the construction of the dock would have provoked no attention whatever in that country were

there not writers outside to defend (or oppose) it on the assumption that its necessity was to be found in the inevitability of a war with the Island Empire. Japan was not criticized when she fortified the Benin Islands, nor has anyone thought of taking exception to the strategic efforts which she has for some time been making to render that island impregnable. And as no one has disputed the right of Japan to be mistress in her own house a similar right must be ceded to other Powers to administer their possessions as they please. Consequently, in the fortification of Singapore there could be no possible ground for anything deplorable in Japanese feeling.

### FROM WAR LORD TO JESTER.

Cincinnati Times-Star: The trial of General Erich Ludendorff was undoubtedly a travesty. But there are times when travesty serves a purpose. The old war lord's revolution was a travesty and perhaps his acquittal after the forms and gesture of Bavarian justice is a fitting end. Thus Ludendorff does not become a martyr. He retains the leading role in political opera bouffe instead of becoming the protagonist of a great national tragedy. Pity has not supplanted humor. It is difficult to realize that only six years ago Ludendorff was rocking the world with the impact of his battalions. Today he leads beer cellar squads and can not rock even one of Germany's several States.

### FITNESS TO GOVERN.

Singapore Free Press: The statement of Lord Oliver that the Government was not prepared to meet the wishes of the Indian Extremists and revise the scheme for the grant of responsible government to India, following on Mr. Ramsay MacDonald's early message to the Indian people, will greatly relieve the minds of those who imagined that the Labor Government was about to annul or destroy the work of their predecessors. The working of the present system with its difficulties gives hitherto no hope that an extension of responsible government would be responded to any better than the present measure. Three years, beset with stupid obstacles, is not sufficient to convince the Government that any further change is yet desirable. Festina lente.

### GOVERNMENT BY COMPROMISE.

Bulawayo Chronicle: Whether things go well or badly, the day must soon come when the country will have to decide between giving Labor its own working majority in the House or replacing it by some other form of Government, the nature of which it is impossible at the moment to foresee. Short of being a Coalition, the Labor Government is one of the most extraordinary compromises ever seen in politics, and so is the present House of Commons. It remains to be seen how long a policy which must also be a compromise will answer the requirements of the day. And always there is the officially declared Labor party programme in the background, with a most uncompromising set of men, many of them in the House of Commons, to see that it gets attention.

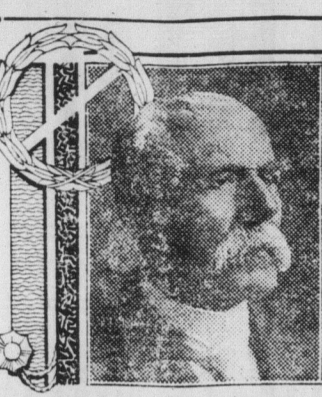
### NEWS AND COMMON SENSE.

Detroit News: (Ambassador Kellogg has told Great Britain that British papers give a distorted idea of the United States.) The ordinary life of the people of the United States is not news to the people of Great Britain. They assume from their own experience that Americans breathe, eat and sleep; that Congress passes laws; that there are occasional violations of these laws, as there are in Great Britain and elsewhere. But when 110,000,000 people are prohibited from obtaining liquors that anyone in England can obtain by paying the price, the struggles of some of them to obtain illicit beverages becomes news; and when scandals develop in a supposedly honest Government they are news. Only a fool, densely ignorant of life, would jump to the conclusion that all Americans consistently violate the Eighteenth Amendment, and that the United States is a country where political corruption flourishes.

### UNDE INFLUENCE.

London Times (commenting on present multiplicity of industrial disputes): It appears to be assumed that because the administration of the political affairs of the country has been committed to a Labor Administration, circumstances are more favorable to a successful prosecution of wage applications. There exists at the same time a curiously exaggerated idea of the necessity for asserting the independence of Labor as industrially organized by Labor as politically organized. The politicians are held to owe an obligation to the trade unionists, whose levies and whose votes returned them to the House of Commons but there is not a corresponding recognition of an obligation on trade unionists to refrain from actions which might embarrass a necessarily unstable Ministry. It comes about that some of the unions are the more emphatically proclaiming their reliance on industrial action. The whole cause of the industrial unrest of the present day is not economic. It is in some measure a psychological effect of Labor's political success. A further contributory cause is the rivalry of certain of the trade unions.

### Crimean Veteran Praises "Fruit-a-tives"



Major George Walker, now a familiar figure in Chatham, Ontario, is one of the men who went through the terrible Indian Mutiny. As he says: "I am a veteran of the Crimean War and the Indian Mutiny, serving under Lord Roberts. Fierce hand-to-hand fighting and continual exposure left me a great sufferer from Rheumatism, so much so that my legs swelled up, making it impossible for me to walk. My bowels were so constipated that I was in terrible shape until I began to use 'Fruit-a-tives.' They relieved me both of the Rheumatism and the Constipation. Today, I enjoy perfect health—no more Rheumatism or Constipation." And in another letter, written December 1st, 1923 (eleven years after), Major Walker says: "'Fruit-a-tives' are keeping me in the best of health and I shall never be without them." "Fruit-a-tives" are the famous Fruit Treatment—intense fruit juice combined with tonics—that make you well and keep you well. 25c and 50c—at all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

### RIGHT AND DUTIES.

Auckland Weekly News: There is a law higher than the Monroe Doctrine's principle of non-intervention. It is the law of human fraternity, is America part and parcel of the human family or is she not? Can this great nation of the New World go guiltlessly on muttering the Monroe Doctrine's variant of the first murderer's question—"Am I my brother's keeper?" When one goes in by the Statue of Liberty or through the Golden Gate and passes the requisite health and other tests for citizenship in the United States is the obligation to be decently human left outside? Is nothing henceforth to count but the star-spangled banner, with its influence in America on both sides of the equator? To view the matter thus is not to forget the difficulties of international relationships. It is to face them. They have not deterred the United States from trading in the Old World. Is she to get all and give nothing, using the advantages of peace and doing never a thing to safeguard it?

## NEW LIST OF Farms Town Property, Etc.

For Sale in ANNAPOLIS VALLEY Sent Free On Request

**G. F. FISHER**  
VALLEY REAL ESTATE AGENCY, LTD.  
Middleton, N. S.

## BOOK YOUR ORDERS For Best Stove Household Coke To arrive in a few days

**E. L. FISHER**

A man is but a worm of the dust—he comes along, wiggles about a while and finally some chicken gets him.

### CHAPPED HANDS.

Minard's is excellent for chapped hands and all skin diseases.



### DEMOCRACY AND GRAFT.

Dr. J. G. Shearer.

All the world is sniffling at the stench of oil from Washington.

The smell of secret commissions in Ontario is pungent enough to affect nostrils far beyond the boundaries of that Province.

Strong malodors from Newfoundland reach far beyond the ancient colony's island shores.

That reveals one of the weaknesses of democracy. The many are indifferent to the public interest. Many others are over-trustful. It is easy for selfish schemers to fill their coffers with money belonging to the people. The money they get may be turned into their own pockets or into the treasury of their political party to help them maintain their hold on power. It may be paid in secret commissions by financial concerns or in generous subscriptions to party funds to enable friends to secure or retain possession of the treasury benches. Such immense profits are to be made from bond sales or from monopolistic franchises, or from tacit permission to violate liquor laws or the Narcotic Drugs Act, that those securing these special privileges or advantages can well afford to offer bribes so immense that small men or easy men are sorely tempted. A well-known Hebrew bootlegger rose in Bradstreets from \$75,000 to \$2,000,000 in two years. It is no wonder some yield and make moral lapses, but live in comfort ever after. To some policemen or customs checkers \$1,000 looks large. Some have risked their positions for such a bait. And to some much higher in the public service \$50,000 or \$100,000 or \$500,000 looks wonderfully tempting.

And there is no question that immense sums of money are being spent by lawless plunderers to purchase immunity from the penalties due their violations of law. Yet we have reason to rejoice that so often public servants indignantly refuse these golden baits. The writer is too experienced in public service to be impressed with usual floating rumors, but he has unquestioned knowledge of cases in which public servants very recently have been offered sums varying all the way from \$10,000 to \$500,000 which have been indignantly spurned. The would-be bribers are always too cunning in their manner of offering to expose themselves to arrest and conviction. But they do it none the less.

All honor to the men who refuse! It ought to be told of them to their credit. I, however, am not authorized to publish names. What is the remedy? That is not so easy. For one thing, capable and clean men ought not to be made highly responsible positions to incapable and unclean schemers and grafters. Patriotism and Christian ethics call upon them to make the sacrifice of office often entails. For another thing, it is the duty of the pulpit and the press to apply the principles of Christian ethics to such matters more frequently and more faithfully than is common. For still another thing, there should be unity and strength of effort on the part of all good citizens to frown upon and to resist to the utmost all efforts at profitable graft, privilege and lawlessness whether among politicians, public servants, bootleggers or dope dealers.

Democracy is the ideal form of Government only for an ideal people. A much higher standard of calibre, intelligence, character and unselfish patriotism is necessary if democracy is to give more efficient Government than under an autocracy, an oligarchy or a bureaucracy.

o CALEDONIA, STERN AND WILD!

London Daily Telegraph: The Hebrides, though artists and sportsmen love them, can never support an increasing population. There is nothing for them but emigration, which, indeed, as far as we can trace human history, seems to have been a condition of the development of every strong race. Both we who remain in the Old Country and those who go forth are fortunate in that the Empire has broad acres enough for all. The emigrants from Lochboisdale go to Canadian soil for which Scotsmen have already done much, and the great Dominion knows the value of Scottish blood well enough to make them heartily welcome. Though many thousands of miles sever them from "the lone shieling on the misty island" though some of them may never again except "in dreams behold the Hebrides," we may be sure that their hearts and the hearts of their children will be Highland still.

### IN MEMORIAM

"With broken hearts we watched you. And saw you pass away; Although we dearly loved you, We could not make you stay. You're not forgotten, Martha dear, Your memory will not fade; Our thoughts will always linger, In Clement's Vale where you are laid. Martha B. Long, died 1 year, May 24th, 1924. Lovingly remembered by a fond mother and father, and a kind uncle, aunt and grandmother.

## Professional Cards

**Dr. F. S. ANDERSON**  
Dental Surgeon  
Graduate of University of Maryland  
Office: Queen St.  
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.  
Hours:—9 to 5.

**J. H. HICKS & SONS**  
Undertaking.  
We do undertaking in all its branches. Hearse sent to any part of the county.  
Telephone 46. H. B. HICKS, Mgr.  
Queen St., BRIDGETOWN.

**W. A. LIVINGSTONE**  
Barrister & Solicitor.  
Bank of Nova Scotia Building.  
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL.  
Mr. Livingstone, on appointment, will meet clients in Bridgetown.

**O. S. MILLER**  
Barrister and Solicitor.  
Shafer Building.  
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.  
Telephone 15.

**Money to loan on Real Estate Securities**  
ORGANS CLEANED AND REPAIRED  
Competent workmanship guaranteed.  
W. C. PARKER,  
Lawrencetown, N. S.  
26-tf.

**W. E. REED**  
Funeral Director and Embalmer  
Latest styles in Caskets, etc. All orders will receive prompt attention. Hearse sent to all parts of the county.  
76-4.

**Dr. C. B. SIMS**  
Veterinary, Medicine and Surgery  
Tuberculin Testing a Specialty.  
Graduate of:  
Nova Scotia Agricultural College.  
Ontario Veterinary College.  
University of Toronto.  
Member of Nova Scotia Veterinary Medical Association.

**PARADISE, N. S.**  
Phone night and day—23-21

**Dr. HAZEL A. THOMPSON**  
D.D.S., D.D.C.  
Special attention to children's work and Pyorrhea treatment.  
Office hours 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.  
Evenings by appointment Phone 107.  
Primrose Block, Granville St.  
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.  
34-tf.

**WILLIAM FITZGERALD**  
Funeral Director and Embalmer.  
Special attention given day or night.  
LAWRENCETOWN, N. S.  
50-tf. PHONE 4-3.

**D. A. R. TIMETABLE**  
Train service as it effects Bridgetown:  
No. 95—From Halifax, arrives 12:27 p.m.  
No. 98—From Yarmouth, arrives 1:05 p.m.  
No. 99—From Halifax, Tuesday, Friday and Sunday, arrives 2:35 a.m.  
No. 100—From Yarmouth, Monday, Wednesday, Saturday, arrives 1:45 a.m.

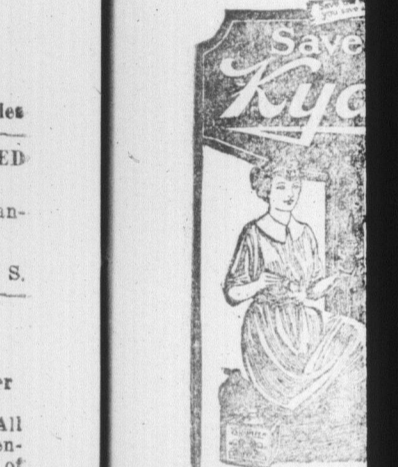
**YOUR GROCER HAS IT**  
Like the thoroughbred it is, it answers to the hand that guides—gives complete heat control and sure results—perfect pies, cakes and roasts.

Made and guaranteed by ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY CO. LIMITED, SACKVILLE, N.B.  
**ENTERPRISE MONARCH STEEL RANGE**  
Sold in Bridgetown District BY—  
Magee & Charlton

**IN MEMORIAM**  
In loving memory of William Harris Long, died 6 years, May 15th, 1924. Gone but not forgotten by wife and family.

Genuine As Say "Bayer" For Pain Neuralgia Lumbago Safe

which contain Handy "Bayer" Also bottles of Aspirin is the true Aspirin of Bayer



There are the lists: Those who horn properly, it simply as an orn retain their chil noise and lots of

With KANTZ's Elastic... This elastic is made of... Value of this elastic...

Magee & Charlton Annapolis—H. A. Aylesford—P. E. Bear River—H. C. Borwick—W. I. H. Granville—Frank Lawrencetown—H. Middleton—W. C. Paradise—E. Brod

**MAGEE & CHARLTON**  
O. O. WHIT

Made in... Minard's Liniment, the Athlete's Remedy.

Paid to Your Order! As good as gold! THE NATIONAL BANK PAY TO Mr. Smoker One thousand dollars with Satisfaction Check. CHECK will pay real smoke satisfaction to any man! That's a promise "Good as Gold"! Judge by its quality—not its price! **CHECK CIGAR** New Genuine Without the Aluminum Tip