RELIABLE STORAGE.
ROBERT CARRIE. 27 Front-st. East, advances Money on all kinds of Merchandise, Issues Warehouse Receipts. Consignments Solicited. Business Confidential. 135

The Toronto World.

OVER 61,517
Business Merchants started Spring Business by Using
NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS
OFFICE, 63 KING WEST.
This is No Time for Levity.

FOURTEENTH YEAR — FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 24 1893. — ONE CENT.

THE BATTLE OF HIGH PARK.

YESTERDAY'S SHAM FIGHT WAS A GLORIOUS SUCCESS.

Make-Believe War as Exemplified by the Queen's Own, Grenadiers, Highlanders, 13th Battalion and Other Corps—The Attack and the Defence—Thousands of Citizens Witness the Manœuvres.

MANY actions have taken place in the world, immense in scope and promising results of the greatest importance to mankind, but bringing about only the most trifling of consequences. But there has been meanwhile another class of those actions, reversing the wonder and moving the world in a degree utterly disproportioned to their apparant importance. There were but 300 men at Thermopylæ, and they all fell without preventing Xerxes accomplishing his immediate design. But the effect of that stubborn resistance of self-sacrifice did not pass away until Greece had ceased to be a nation. There were only 600 of the British Light Brigade who rode "into the jaws of death—into the mouth of hell," at Balaclava, and yet the single charge, however grave the error it involved, has done more, especially as embalmed in the heroic poetry of Tennyson, to throw around the life-wasteful and senseless struggle of the Crimea a halo of romance and noble daring, than has been accomplished by wiser and more profitable fighting on other occasions without number.

November, 1893, witnessed another conflict by no means decisive in any immediate results, but one which deserves recognition as among the most notable actions of its class in all the ages—the Battle of High Park, fought Nov. 23, 1893. To be sure, it was but the merest of skirmishes, and few were those slain on either hand, but it gave to the officers a chance to handle an appreciable body of men in preparation for a real battle. It also afforded 20,000 citizens an opportunity of finding out how their warlike conceptions appear in the concrete and proved to them that our volunteers know how to drill even if they do not devote their lives to practising the goose-step and bayonet exercise.

A more glorious day for the battle could not have been wished. It was in truth a faultless autumn day, enlivened for hours by all the sunshine of July without its oppressiveness and the clearness of a frosty day in December or January without its piercing cold.

Rubicund Probosces.

And not only was yesterday a great day for the review, but for red noses. The many ladies who drove out or went by car to see the Sons of Mars had the most beautiful specimens of red nose you could see in a year. It requires exposure for about an hour in just such weather as yesterday to give a lady a red nose. But even their red noses did not prevent them from looking on a real live general, as he surveyed the march past with worshipping eyes. The ladies love a uniform and they adore a general's—i.e., in the "Pirates of Penzance."

During the action the Major-General was everywhere; always where the struggle was most arduous, in the hottest fire and front of danger; he was seen, as Waller says of Lord Falkland—

Exposing his all-knowing breast
Among the throng as cheaply as the rest,

and he sat his gray nag with perfect poise and sang froid. It was his thoughtfulness that had the little stand inside the ring cleared for the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Kirkpatrick and the ladies of the garrison.

Next to the General in the fineness of his uniform and military bearing came Colonel Otter. But the best horsemen on the field was Major Mead in his showy artillery uniform, or perhaps he shared the honors with Col. Turnbull of the Cavalry School for military horsemanship. And we are not forgetting Capt. Myles. Col. Gibson of the 13th, who commanded the attack, looked in his glasses like a hard-working German field officer, and that is the best compliment that can be paid to a military man these days. Of those who rode in the column the French-Canadian subaltern who led the Cavalry School squadron had certainly the most military dash. Colonels Denison and Dunn of the Body Guard were also eminently soldierly. The gentleman who rode a retired steeplechaser and wore a double-peaked buckskin cap came from Scarboro way and claimed to be chief of the war correspondents.

THE DEFENCE.

The Queen's' Own Make a Gallant Defence of the City.

The defending force consisted of the 2nd battalion Queen's Own Rifles and 16 men of the Body Guards under the command of Capt. Fleming and Lieut. Peters, and was divided into two forces, called the 1st and 2nd battalions, Lieut.-Col. Hamilton acting as brigadier.

No. 1 battalion, which consisted of companies A, B, C, E and K, was under the command of Major Delamere with Capt. Mercer acting as major and Lieut. Crean as adjutant. No. 2 battalion consisted of D, G, H, F and I companies and was under the command of Major Sankey with Brevet-Major Pellatt acting as major and Lieut. Peuchen as adjutant.

The whole regiment assembled at the Drill Shed at 7.45 a.m. 615 strong and left the shed about 8.20 a.m., proceeding by Front, Wellington, York, King and Queen to High Park.

The force consisted:

A Company, Lieut. Crooks, 44 men.
B Company, Lieut. Lloyd, 57 men.
C Company, Lieut. Wyatt, Lieut. Miller, 35 men.
D Company, Capt. Mason, Lieut. Mitchell, 50 men.
E Company, Lieut. Green, Lieut. Heron, 36 men.
F Company, Capt. McGee, Lieut. Burnham, 54 men.
G Company, Capt. Bennett, Lieut. LeVesconte, 39 men.
H Company, Capt. Gunther, Lieut. McNeill, 58 men.
I Company, Lieut. White, Lieut. Royce, 46 men.
K Company, Capt. Rennie, Lieuts. Barker and Gilmore, 39 men.

Arrival at the Park.

At their arrival at the park No. 1 battalion took up a strong position on a hill a short distance to the northeast of the Bolt Works and near Roncesvalles-avenue, their line extending from there about 2000 yards to the west. While Major Delamere and his battalion remained in this position, Major Sankey and his command proceeded to the heights of High Park on the east side of the Howard ravine and to the northeast of Howard Lake. Here G company remained under the command of Capt. Bennett and Lieut. Le Vesconte and took up a position, throwing up a line of rifle pits and embankments, while the remaining companies were thrown out in a semi-circular position to act as outposts, with orders to fall back on the fortified position when hard pressed. Eight men of the Body Guards were attached to this force as scouts and were divided into pickets and despatched to the extreme front.

In Position at 10 o'Clock.

The men were all in position shortly after 10 o'clock, and then began a long and cold wait. Shortly after 11 o'clock the first news of the enemy was brought in by a mounted scout. He reported that the enemy had left their position at Lambton and were moving down in force from the northwest. After this scouts were continually coming in with news of the approach of the enemy, who seemed to have made up their minds to cross the ravine at the head of Howard Lake and attack the Q.O.R. on the left flank. Shortly after 12 o'clock firing was heard in the ravine just below the embankments, and in a short time a small skirmishing party of the Queen's Own climbed the hill, bringing with them a 13th Battalion man, the first prisoner taken by the Q.O.R.

Fire Becomes General.

Soon after this loud volleys were heard to the north, and the Queen's Own outposts were seen falling back, pressed closely by a large body of Highlanders, who drove them in on the temporary fortifications. Firing was also heard on the extreme right of the Queen's Own position, and word was brought by a bicycle scout that the pickets on that side were retreating on the main body.

Major Sankey fortified his position on the heights, and made a determined stand, but the attacking force was too strong for his small body of men, and he fell back on No. 1 Battalion, firing as he retired.

Major Delamere's Defence.

Meanwhile Major Delamere had made good use of his time, and had thrown up a line of entrenchments on the brow of the hill on which he had taken up his stand. The extreme right of his line rested on Roncesvalles-avenue, where the men of B. and C. Companies had thrown up fortifications of cord wood, also a number of rifle pits. When the 2nd battalion, under Major Sankey, fell back on the main position, they were immediately thrown out to the left in skirmishing order to hold the troops in that direction in check.

A Company Annihilated.

The men of No. 1 battalion had already distinguished themselves, particularly the men of B company under Lieut. Lloyd, who had succeeded in capturing No. 2 company R.R.C.I. The men of C School had in the course of their march encountered a picket fence and moved out to Roncesvalles avenue to get over it, thus bringing themselves under fire of B company, Q.O.R., who poured several volleys into them before they were over the fence.

Col. Strathy immediately ordered C School out of action, as such a fire in active service would have shattered the company. Two companies of the Grenadiers were also captured by a severe fire from the trenches. All efforts to dislodge the Queen's Own from their strong position were unavailing, and invariably resulted in the discomfiture of the attacking party. After making a few attempts to carry the position the attacking force gave it up, and contented themselves with securing positions and returning the heavy fire of the Queen's Own, until the trumpet at 1.40 p.m. closed the battle, with the Queen's Own still in possession of the heights.

THE ATTACKING PARTY.

Col. Gibson of the 13th in Command—The Army's Strength.

There was a sound of gathering forces for a second time at 9 o'clock at the Drill Shed on Thanksgiving morn when the mighty Grenadiers were making their preliminary preparations for the fray.

Four hundred and forty-five brave men lined up there, and were soon in form to meet expected or unexpected foes.

The men were on the march in good time and before 10 the train on which they were to be carried was on its journey for the scene of battle.

The Grens Line Up.

The Grenadiers arrived at Lambton Mills without incident and at 11 the whole force was on the plain lined up in marching order prepared for the advance.

Col. Dawson was in command, and Majors Mason and Hay and Adjutant McQueen were by his side. The roll was called and 455 sturdy voices answered "Here." They were composed of:

A Company, Lieut. Smith, Lieut. Beck (34th), attached, 3 sergeants, 36 men.
B Company, Capt. Cameron, Lieut. Boyd, 4 sergeants, 29 men.
C Company, Capt. Harstone, 3 sergeants, 40 men.
D Company, Capt. Gibson, Lieut. Stinson, 4 sergeants, 26 men.
E Company, Capt. Gosling, Lieut. Lehmann, 2 sergeants, 24 men.
F Company, Lieut. Sweatman, 3 sergeants, 32 men.
G Company, Capt. MacKay, Lieut. Willis; 2 sergeants, 22 men.
H Company, Capt. Trotter, Capt. Hunter, U.C.C. attached, Capt. Wright, U.C.C. attached, 4 sergeants, 40 men.
I Company, Capt. Harston, Lieut. Bain, 3 sergeants, 18 men.
K Company, Capt. Chadwick, 1, attached, 4 sergeants, 26 men.

Assistant-Sergeant King, signal corps, 7 men. Bandmaster Waldron, 32 men. Drum-Major Farmer, 38 men. Pioneers, 1 sergeant, 7 men. Ambulance, 1 sergeant, 15 men. Staff-Sergeant, 7 men, Paymaster Bruce, Quartermaster Tassie.

On the Move.

The force was on the move shortly after 11. The Royal Canadian Dragoons, 50 strong under Capt. Lessard, advanced in skirmishing order. The second company of the Royal Regiment of Canadian Infantry under Lieut. Laurie, with 24 men, followed, and companies L and K formed the advance guard.

The men were hardly on the move when the Dragoons captured a scout, who came too near a place where he should not have been. The rear guard took care of the prisoner, and the Grenadier reserve force followed on with their entire force.

The Grens On the Extreme Left.

The Grens took the extreme left. They marched in columns of half companies down Lakeside-avenue, turned at Annette-street, where they left their brothers of the 13th and 48th. Before Law-street was reached two bicycle scouts were captured, and sent back to weep with their unfortunate brother. These men, however, as was learned afterwards, were martyrs, and rejoiced in their misfortune. At Law-st. the left wing came upon umpires Col. Dunn and Capt. Dunn, the latter on his gallant thoroughbred charger. The umpires took each with him a bugler, and gave the order that the officers should give orders to no other buglers.

The Contest Begins.

Meanwhile the contest had begun in the van. The Royal Infantry were the first to come upon the enemy. Their intentions were good and their work not inefficient, but by the cleverest work of the day the regulars were unexpectedly surprised and

Continued on Second page.

BRONSON TO OPPOSE GRANT.

IT LOOKS AS IF THERE WILL BE A CONTEST IN OTTAWA.

Hon. E. H. Bronson to Retire From the Local and Seek Federal Honors—Trouble Among Trades and Labor Men—Sympathy With Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly.

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 23.—The rumor is afloat to-night that elated by Joe Martin's success in Winnipeg the local Liberals have decided to bring out a candidate to oppose Sir James Grant, and that their nominee will be Hon. E. H. Bronson, who will retire from the Local, ex-Mayor Frank McDougall, an Irish Catholic, being nominated in his place. This would undoubtedly make a strong team, as the Irish Catholics of Ottawa feel a little sore at having no representation in either the Federal or Local Houses.

Another rumor has it that negotiations are going on for the purchase by Mr. J. R. Booth of the whole interest of the Bronson's and Western Lumber Co., which would leave Mr. Bronson free to devote all his time to politics. Anyway it looks now as if there will be a contest in Ottawa, and the Conservatives express themselves as glad of the prospect as it will give them an opportunity for showing just how much an opposition can be snowed under in Ottawa.

Politics Give Labor Delegates Trouble.

There is likely to be trouble in the Trades and Labor Council over the participation in the recent Conservative convention of President Connel and Delegates Legge and Martin. The matter was brought up at the meeting of the council last night by Delegates Patterson and Macdonald (both Reformers), at whose instance the action of the three delegates was condemned as being contrary to the constitution of the council, which specially provides by clause 7 that members of the council should not be delegates to any political convention, at least until after the council has expressed its opinion on the subject. The matter was finally referred to the unions of which Messrs. Connell, Legge and Martin are members.

Sympathy With McGreevy and Connolly.

There is no doubt a good deal of sympathy felt here for Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly, and it is understood that an effort is already being made to bring pressure to bear on the Government to effect their release, the principal ground of the application being the promise of the judge to reserve a case, and his partial admission that he might have agreed to Mr. Blake's application for a suspension of sentence and the acceptance of substantial bail had not Mr. Osler, on behalf of the prosecution, objected. Meanwhile the prisoners are not suffering any great amount of inconvenience beyond the deprivation of liberty. Not being condemned to hard labor they are allowed to wear their own clothes, have their meals sent in and occupy the same corridor recently tenanted by Arnoldi. Some of their friends are allowed to see them, and one of to-day's visitors brought away with him an apple as a sample of the hard fare they were receiving.

Thomas McGreevy's Fortune Gone.

Thomas McGreevy, convicted ex-M. P. for Quebec, now in Ottawa jail, has not, so The World was told last night, hardly a dollar left of the immense fortune possessed by him some years ago. Politics and losses of one kind or another have brought this about. He is nearer 70 than 60 years of age, and 15 years ago he married a young wife who now lies, so it is reported, at the point of death, suffering from cancer.

McGreevy is occupying the cell recently vacated by Arnoldi.

Plebiscite Horse Sense.

In the course of his Thanksgiving sermon to-day Rev. W. T. Herridge, speaking of the coming plebiscite on prohibition, said, "We are temperate in our ideas, and in regard to the coming plebiscite I do not know how far it will voice the sentiment of the people or how many of those who vote will take into account all that is involved in the matter. How far it should be the law for some to abstain from a certain privilege for the sake of others is a matter that can best be determined by individual conscience. All I wish to say on the subject is this: That any attempt to make a moral issue of the question will be foolish and pernicious. There must be no attempt at coercion by the followers of either side of those who are ready to think for themselves. There are more infallible tests than this of the genuineness of our Christianity."

SIR OLIVER AND THE PATRONS.

The Premier Takes a Hand in the North Bruce Triangular Fight.

PORT ELGIN, Ont., Nov. 23.—Sir Oliver Mowat this evening addressed a mass meeting in the Roller Rink.

Sir Oliver after a review of the legislation enacted by his Government the last 22 years dealt at some length with the Patrons of Industry. He read extracts from their official organ to the effect that it was the duty of Patrons to support the nominee of the majority of patrons. This did not give as much liberty to voters as was to be found in the two historic parties. He could not see what reason could be given for the majority of Patrons, thus binding the rest.

Three Things Mr. Mowat Wants.

He wanted reciprocity with the United States if it could be had, he wanted a revenue tariff and he wished to see the Senate abolished if it could not be reformed.

Passing on, he referred to the amount of legislation enacted by the Reform Government for the improvement and advancement of the farmers' interests. For drainage purposes they had, during his Premiership, let out upwards of $1,000,000 to farmers at a low rate of interest, and in 1892 nearly $220,000 were spent specially in farmers' interests over and above what they derived from the general good.

Though all the members were Patrons, nothing more could be done. [Loud applause.] During his Premiership over $2,500,000 were expended in the farmers' interests.

The Patrons' Revised Platform.

He took up the first and second sections of the Patrons' platform. They bore the same date, but the second edition dropped the reforms which were to be agitated for from the Dominion House of Commons. This showed that some Tory was at the elbow of revising arm. [Hear, hear.] He could not see anything in the Patron platform which should induce Reformers to leave their old friends. He could see great reason why Conservatives should leave their party. These reasons were patent to all conversant with Dominion politics.

A Question of Economy.

Sir Oliver branched off into expenditures to show that the Ontario Government was economical. The Parliament buildings in Toronto were erected without extras. (Applause.) He read from a Patron Document to the effect that public buildings should be erected and municipal officers paid from provincial funds after the example of the Province of Quebec. [Laughter.] This was the first time he had been asked to emulate Quebec. He did not think the people of Ontario would like to have a debt of $15,000,000, as Quebec had. [Hear, hear.]

Cautious Utterances on Prohibition.

In alluding to the prohibition question he said he had grave doubts whether the Provincial Parliament had power to pass a prohibitory law. If a provincial law were passed and the question of jurisdiction then arose it would mean free trade in whisky for a time. It was well, then, that the jurisdiction should be defined. Speaking for himself, he was in favor of prohibition. [Applause.] The Reform was the real time farmers' party and he trusted Mr. Pierson, a Reformer and a farmer, would be elected member for North Bruce. [Applause].

Hon. John Dryden, Minister of Agriculture, also spoke.

WELLINGTON PATRONS

Will Have a Candidate in Each of the Three Ridings.

GUELPH, Nov. 23.—There will be lively times in Wellington political circles in the near future. Conventions and rumors of conventions are rife. On Tuesday, the 28th, the Patrons of Industry hold a convention in Moorefield. The following day they meet in Fergus, and on the 30th they convene in this city. The object of these conventions is to select candidates to represent the order in the pending provincial elections. Tuesday, Nov. 28, is also the day selected by the Reformers of South Wellington on which to hold their convention for the purpose of selecting a candidate to fill the place of Mr. D. Guthrie.

INCOME TAX HARD TO SETTLE.

The Tariff Revisers Divided on the Question.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The question of an income tax is a bone of contention upon which the Ways and Means Committee has thus far been unable to agree, although the majority favors such a measure. It is known that the advocates of an income tax stated this week that if opposition to its insertion in the Tariff bill was manifested they would bring the proposal before Congress in a separate bill and the remark of Mr. Cockran would indicate that such opposition had manifested itself in a very substantial way.

The subject was up for discussion in committee again to-day and precipitated some lively talk. Some members expressed themselves as firmly opposed to the incorporation of such a clause in the Wilson bill, and it was stated that the administration was known to be against it.

The published statements as to how certain members stood on the question of an income tax caused some personal discussion, and it was intimated that some committeemen had been telling committee room secrets. The matter was patched up, however, and Chairman Wilson again cautioned his colleagues about talking about the bill.

Favor a Separate Bill.

Notwithstanding the strenuous opposition that some of the democratic members of the committee will make to the reporting of an income tax as a separate measure, it was reported to-day that a majority of the committee were in favor of such a course. It was argued that if it should be so introduced the Democrats would not be bound to support it as a matter of party allegiance, as will be the case with the tariff bill proper.

A separate bill of this kind would be doomed to almost inevitable defeat in the House. If it should reach the Senate it would have practically no chance of passing that body. Senator Cullom of Illinois said it would be simply folly to send an income tax measure to the Senate in any form. He said it would be regarded by the Republicans as the first step in the direction of free trade, and every Republican in the Senate, with the possible exception of one or two from the extreme west, and all the northern Democrats, would be against it. It would be opposed by these because it was notorious that it would all be paid by the Northern States.

WIND AND SNOW IN SCOTLAND.

Renewal of the Gales Accompanied With a Heavy Snowfall.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Despatches from Scotland report that there has been a renewal of the gales on the west and east coasts accompanied in many places by a heavy snowfall. The wind is blowing furiously and is drifting the snow badly. The Highland Railway Company is meeting with great difficulty in operating its lines. Three trains have already been imbedded in the snowdrifts and a large force of men was required to dig them out. A high sea is running in the Irish Sea and St. George's Channel. Grave fears are entertained for the Hartlepool fishing fleet.

It has been computed that during the recent storm the Yarmouth fishing industry suffered damage to the extent of £100,000.

127 Danish Fishermen Drowned.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 23.—During the recent gales that swept over the north and Baltic Seas 127 fishermen were drowned off the Peninsula of Jutland.

237 Lives Lost in Britain and Ireland.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—It is officially stated that 237 lives were lost during the recent gale on British and Irish coasts.

HAS SHE DESIGNS ON BELGIUM?

Germany Building An Entrenched Camp on the Belgian Frontier.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 23.—The decision of the German Government to construct a large entrenched camp at Malmedy on Germany's Belgian frontier, has caused much comment here and in Paris. Germany has assured Belgium that the Malmedy works are intended primarily for an exercise ground, and can not possibly be regarded as a menace to Belgium's neutrality.

Views of the French Government.

The Paris dailies maintain that Germany has the darkest designs upon Belgium and urge the Belgian Government to move a formal protest against the construction of the camp. In case Belgium refuses to do this they say she must be regarded and treated as an enemy of France and a secret ally of Germany. The French Government is believed to hold the views expressed by the Paris press.

THE OBJECT OF KALNOKY'S VISIT.

Italy and Austro-Hungary to Combine Against Russia.

TURIN, Nov. 23.—The Piedmont Gazette, supposed to be Premier Gialitti's newspaper organ, says that Count Kalnoky's recent visit to Monza was due to a desire for a convention between Italy and Austro-Hungary to anticipate the exigency of a war between either country and Russia. In the event of such an outbreak, says The Gazette, Austro-Hungary will expect that Italy send at least one army corps to Galicia to help the Austrians beat back the Russian invaders.

Be sure and see Pigliein's great painting, "Jerusalem on the Day of the Crucifixion," now at Cyclorama. It is giving great satisfaction. Admission only 25c.

Oak Mantels
In Colonial and other latest designs. Tilings and Brass Goods. W. Millichamp, Son & Co., 234 Yonge-street. tf

Cures indigestion when all else has failed. Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Allow no imitation to be palmed off on you.

POWDERLY VINDICATED.

Exonerated of the Charges Made Against Him and Re-Elected—Hayes Re-Elected Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 23.—General Master Workman T. V. Powderly came out of the General Assembly of the Knights of Labor to-day with flying colors.

The report of the Finance Committee was presented, completely exhonerating him, and then a resolution was passed declaring that it was in the interests of harmony to declare all the offices vacant. This was carried and an election to fill Mr. Powderly's position as master workman was held.

Labor Commissioner J. R. Sovereign of Iowa, Mr. Powderly, J. P. Maguire and John Davis were then nominated. The latter two withdrew and then a vote was taken, resulting as follows: Powderly 26, Sovereign 19, Maguire 1.

The new secretary-treasurer was chosen by the convention and Mr. Hayes, who made the sensational charges against Mr. Powderly, was re-elected.

END OF THE STRIKE LOOKED FOR.

Expectation That To-Day Will See the Lehigh Struggle Over.

WILKESBARRE, Nov. 23. — A secret meeting was held by the strikers here this morning. From what can be learned it is said Wm. L. Conningham, a heavy shipper of coal on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and one of the officers of the road had a conference with John H. Rice, chairman of the Grievance Committee and that the latter gentleman had agreed to go to Bethlehem this afternoon, where he is to meet General Superintendent Wilbur. It is predicted that the strike will be over within the next 24 hours. Every effort was made by a New York State Associated Press representative to see Messrs. Conningham and Rice for the purpose of verifying the report, but they could not be found.

An Appeal to the Brotherhood.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 23.—The grand officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen yesterday issued an appeal to the Brotherhood of Firemen of the United States and Canada. The appeal says: "The strike is without doubt the most important conflict our order, as well as other orders interested, has ever been engaged in. Everything depends upon the result. The issue has been squarely made. We cannot afford to be beaten. Surely no one can fail to understand the attitude of the corporation. The annihilation of organized labor is their aim. We appeal to every member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen to assist to the fullest extent of his ability in every honorable manner the men now engaged in the battle, which it lost will not only have a demoralizing influence throughout the country but may perhaps, in view of existing conditions, endanger the life of organized labor."

No Change at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—There is no change to-day in the Lehigh strike situation so far as Philadelphia is concerned. The labor leaders are as sanguine as ever, and the railroad officials reiterate the assertion that the road will soon be in operation.

FURNITURE FACTORY BURNED.

Rolland Freres of Montreal Sustain a Heavy Loss.

MONTREAL, Nov. 23.—Fire totally destroyed the large wholesale furniture warehouse of Messrs. Rolland Freres, who were burned out in St. James-street last winter, this forenoon.

Several employes had narrow escapes, having to jump for their lives from the second story. One of the men was somewhat seriously injured.

The building, 522 St. Paul-street, belonged to T. & S. Vipond and was insured for $15,000. Rollands' insurance amounted to $34,000, as follows: Commercial Union, $5000; Phœnix of Hartford, $5000; Royal, $5000; National of Ireland, Queen's and Alliance $2500 each, and North British Mercantile $1700.

Pinned Down by a Bedstead.

Later—The fire in the Roland building to-day proved fatal. In going through the building to-night, Acting Chief Dubois found the charred body of an upholsterer named Hormidas Legault, 60 years of age. An iron bedstead had dropped through the fourth story and pinned him to the floor.

Detroit Drygoods House Burned.

DETROIT, Nov. 23.—The big wholesale drygoods store of Edson, Moore & Co., 194 to 202 Jefferson-avenue, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon, entailing a monetary loss of between $500,000 and $600,000 and the probable loss of two lives. Three employes on the upper floors were cut off from escape except by the windows. One of them escaped from the third floor window by means of a rope, but the other two were compelled to jump and both were fatally injured.

The number of lives lost is 7.

INSTANT DEATH IN A SAW MILL.

One Man Killed, Another Fatally Injured in Rathbun's Mills.

DESERONTO, Nov. 23.—By an accident at the cedar mills of the Rathbun Company to-day Charles Hagador, an employe, lost his life, and Christopher Cronk was seriously, if not fatally, injured. The two men and others were working slabbing railroad ties, when one of the slabs as it fell from the log lodged on the saw and was hurled away with terrific force.

It struck Mr. Cronk, the sawyer, in the side, knocking him over. Hagador was behind Mr. Cronk and was struck squarely in the breast, crushing it into a shapeless mass.

He never breathed afterwards. Cronk's injuries are internal and cannot be fully diagnosed.

DOUBLE MURDER BY CHOKING.

A Maniac Kills Wife and Child—One Body Bitten and Mangled.

PERHAM, Min., Nov. 23.—Gustave Truhn, a well-to-do farmer in Bush Lake township, killed his wife and child this morning about 2 o'clock while in a fit of insanity. Neighbors hearing a noise went to Truhn's house and found the wife choked to death and bitten on the face and horribly mangled. The child was choked also. Truhn was praying. He was arrested.

German Hostility to the Tobacco Tax.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—The tobacco tax bill seems doomed. The congress of tobacco workmen, mostly Socialists, declared their hostility to it and, the manufacturers and dealers who will meet here Monday will adopt a similar attitude. The prospects of the wine and bourse tax bills are very little better.

A Fortune Hunter Going Home Poor.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—Patrick James Wilson, a boy 15 years old, who ran away from his home in Belfast, Ireland, to visit the World's Fair and to make his fortune, called upon the Overseer of the Poor to-day and asked to be returned home. He was sent on to New York to-night with instructions to see the British consul.

Coughlcura cures coughs, old and young.

If you want a good 5c. cigar smoke the Alberta, also the Silver Star; if you wish for something better ask for the Pair of Queens and the Globe 10c. cigars. These four brands of cigars are the best in the Dominion for the price. 135

HE VOTED SIXTEEN TIMES.

A PERSONATOR FROM TORONTO JAILED IN WINNIPEG.

Charles Chamberlain Arrested—A List of 120 Names of Dead and Absent Voters Found On Him—A. W. Ross, M.P., Commences An Action For Criminal Libel For Alleged Implication.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 23.—A big sensation was caused here by the arrest of one John Ayre, alias Chamberlain, hotelkeeper of Toronto, who in a role of a personator voted 16 times for the Conservative candidate at Wednesday's bye-election.

Ayre was noticed flying around from one polling place to another and every time in different habilaments.

He was finally entrapped by an officer of the law in civilian clothes who professed to be a confrere.

Ayre's story is that he was engaged in Toronto to come to Winnipeg. He was furnished with a list of about 120 persons, dead or absent, whom he was to personate.

On being arrested, Ayre alias Chamberlain, was searched and a letter addressed to A. W. Ross, prospective Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba, found on him. It read:

TORONTO, Nov. 18, '93.

MY DEAR ROSS,—John Ayre, hotelkeeper of this city, will hand you this as an introduction. He and many others leave to-night. Give him every attention and oblige yours, etc. J. S.

The initials J. S. are believed to be those of John Small. Violations of the law were numerous, and the guilty parties will be prosecuted.

[The John Ayre referred to in the despatch is the proprietor of the Lakeview Hotel, Parliament-Winchester-streets. Mr. Ayre is at his hotel and has not been in Winnipeg. The man arrested gave his correct name, Charles Chamberlain.]

A. W. Ross, M.P., Not Implicated.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 23.—Liberals are naturally jubilant over their victory of Wednesday last, but must admit that Conservatives assisted them in carrying the day on the cry of tariff reform.

Several arrests have been made of persons who attempted to personate dead men and others at the polls, in every instance the arrest being ordered by the Martin scrutineer. The most important arrest is that of the man Chamberlain, who came here from Toronto for the avowed purpose of personating. He boasts that he voted 16 times.

An evening paper intimates that papers implicating A. W. Ross, M.P., were found in his possession. Ross says he will issue a warrant for arrest of the editor of the paper on a charge of criminal libel.

The Ostrich View of It.

Yesterday's Empire: But the result of the contest in Winnipeg yesterday can scarcely be called a serious reverse.

EMPLOYERS LIABILITY BILL.

Chamberlain Opposes the Bill As Being Mischievous.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Herbert Asquith, Home Secretary, moved the third reading of the Employers' Liability Bill.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the Liberal-Unionist leader, opposed the bill as being a mischievous one for what it did and for what it left undone. The principle existing in the act was pressure that ought not to be put on employers excepting in matters they could not control. The bill penalized them in respect of cases where they had no discretion. With regard to contracting out of the act it was undeniable that the men believed that existing insurance schemes would give something better than the bill. They only asked to be left alone.

ON THE WAY TO HARMONY.

Irish Parliamentary Party Benefited By the Monday Meeting.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Much good is expected to result from the meeting on Monday of the Irish Parliamentary party, and it is believed that the party is much nearer a state of harmony than it has been for some time. The compact with the Parnellites, by which a portion of the Paris fund will be handed to John Redmond when released, is angrily criticised. Mr. Healy's father-in-law, Mr. Sullivan, seconded one of the peace-making resolutions, all of which were unanimously passed.

DUBLIN, Nov. 23.—The Freeman's Journal says that the rules adopted by the McCarthyites yesterday evening will be transmitted to the league of America.

THE WAR IS OVER.

Lobengula Has Fled Towards the Zambesi River.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A despatch from Capetown says the Matabele regiments have been completely broken up. King Lobengula has fled northward in the direction of the Zambesi River. The despatch concludes by declaring that the war between the Matabeles and the British South Africa Company is over.

The Maybrick Case Once More.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Ever since Messrs. Bird & Sons, the chemists of Birmingham, made known the result of an analysis of a quantity of German glycerine showing the presence of arsenic, the firm has been inundated with letters from friends of Mrs. Florence Maybrick. The Messrs. Bird state that they did not revive the subject of Mr. Maybrick's death with the view of throwing light upon the matter. They merely made a casual reference to his death. They say that upon reflection they don't think that Mr. Maybrick was a confirmed arsenic eater, and that it's likely that he was killed by using some of the glycerine referred to.

Clarets.
From Jules Merman & Co., Bordeaux. Medoc $4.50 per doz., quarts. St. Estephe $5.50 per doz., quarts. A discount of 10 per cent. on five dozen lots. This means a reduction of at least $2 per dozen. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, third door north of King-street.

Scotch Colliers on Strike.

GLASGOW, Nov. 23.—The mine owners of Scotland, having refused to grant the demand formulated yesterday by the miners for an increase of one shilling a day in their wages, the men will go on strike today.

Fed Her With a Stomach Pump.

MONTICELLO, Nov. 23.—Mrs. Halliday, the alleged murderess, attempted to set fire to her cell to-day. She was discovered in the act, however, and taken to another cell. She refused to eat anything this afternoon, and food was forced into her stomach by the prison physician with a pump.

Reward of $1000 to any person that will prove that the new brand Alberta 5c cigar is not made of clear long Havana filler. For sale everywhere.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Ex-Mayor Clarke is willing to run again if his doctor will allow him. But his doctor has said he will not take the risk of allowing him to do so. The Empire came out strongly for Mr. Clarke yesterday.

Ald. Saunders has declared that he will run in any event.

Warring Kennedy is said by many to be the man who can best split the church-going vote with Mayor Fleming, and he will be a candidate if Mr. Clarke declines.

W. D. Macpherson is growing into a hot favorite with the young men. He stands well in every circle.

"But what do you think," said one citizen last night to another, "will be the oddest thing in the coming municipal elections? Why, a large number of Reformers voting for Fleming on his moral record and against prohibition on the next ballot paper."

Hon. A. S. Hardy, Commissioner of Crown Lands, is reported to have said the other day, in sizing up the political outlook in the province: "This is the first time in politics that I couldn't see just where we were. Things are mixed and are becoming more so."

Conservatives are all asking where Mr. Meredith is these days. He is busy with some law cases. In the meantime Mr. Marter, Mr. A. F. Campbell and Dr. Ryerson are in the field.

The Local Government will send several of its members into both Lambton and Bruce next week. Some of them are in there now. The nominations are to-morrow and the election on the Saturday following.

STABBED IN THE BACK.

The Reward of Giving a Stranger a Lift on the Road.

Wednesday night a score of young men well known around town drove in a van to the Dutch Farm, in Don and Danforth-road. After spending a few hours there in a jovial manner they started on the trip home. Before leaving the "Farm" a young man who was a stranger to the party asked to be driven to the city. Although the man was intoxicated they made room for him. Shortly after starting the stranger became quarrelsome, and was evidently looking for trouble. He got it. Charles Musgrove, an athletic young Englishman, one of the party, remonstrated with him and told him he must behave himself or leave the rig. The fellow thereupon became abusive and was bundled out of the rig by Musgrove. He clinched the latter, who knocked him down, and Musgrove reentered the rig and drove off. Shortly afterwards he discovered that he had been stabbed under the shoulder blade. On arriving in the city he went to the room of Mr. Jake Armstrong in the Richmond Chambers. Mr. Armstrong was one of the party in the van. A physician was called in and the wound attended to. It is not serious.

The foregoing is the version of the affair told by Mr. Armstrong and his friends.

The World was shown Mr. Musgrove's overcoat. There is a rent in it over four inches long. There is no doubt that it was the thickness of his clothing that prevented him from receiving a serious wound.

It is thought that the stranger used his weapon when he threw his arms around Musgrove.

THEY TORE DOWN THE FLAG.

The Canadian Ensign Torn Down and Destroyed in a Large Office in Toronto.

One of those show cards of the Canadian Almanac, 1894, representing the Canadian Red Ensign, which have attracted so much attention, was hung up in a large office in the western portion of this city and was much admired by the employes. Some of the clerks, however, who hate the sight of the Union Jack in any form, seizing a convenient opportunity, tore it down from the wall and destroyed it. This disloyal act much incensed the other clerks and another one has been hung up and will likely stay this time, or there will be trouble in that office. John P. McKenna of 80 Yonge-street, bookseller and newsdealer, is now selling the Canadian Almanac, 1894 edition, which contains an interesting description of the Flag of our Country with appropriate illustrations and an immense amount of other information indispensable to every Canadian.

The Electric Air Line Between New York and Chicago.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 23.—A meeting of gentlemen interested in the plan for the proposed electric air line between New York and Chicago was held at the residence of Dr. Joseph C. Anderson last night. The objects of the meeting were the unfolding of the plans and the inspection of devices for the building and equipment of a long electric line which could be maintained with safety. Nothing definite, however, was accomplished. Several routes are under contemplation, but none has been decided, nor has any effort been made to secure right of way. Estimates have been solicited for building parts of the road. The estimated cost in round numbers will be $100,000,000.