

JOHN CLAY. harge of her estate of cres, on the whole of reed is to be seen and here be found ere be found a single m the 25 miles of fence

eds are descended from Margaret Wood and were presented to prominent politician.

s Mrs. Clay sells as ride of the whole estate id thoroughbred, who, is of height, is a very ws. He is the largest in America and proba-

little for the society of she is on the most inntial terms with these, She knows their names, even their individual menth, as she was over her domain, they h grove where no sign ld be seen, but at the from every nook and d came running beaueir colts beside them, ir arched neck, small nt eye their proud de-less horses has its own Idock, and should any nderly away in a spot urpose. Mrs. Clay's r horses is shown in r future welfare. In queathed to every su-al on the place a legm and no work. NBAUGH FITZHUGH

ELCOME IT.

se With No Rules In York. of New York in It contains more nent houses for wom-ises unhampered by the conveniences and

to be had without

to have one. Glow-of it. It will be situue, corner of Nine-ill be seven or eight The apartments will nall suits for semi-ngle rooms all decod by the associated say, this bespeaks g and an æsthetic tables, cozy divans,

ht club will have a in this new house. yle, the wide court-ool, will be a nest of ept by women. A ground floor will be as chef and a staff s will run all night, ttons will be numered halls. Altogethomen of New York, be able to vie with on Fifth avenue e expense. eler is the promoter d Miss Janet Lewis

really no rules?" b tea last week, her ved wistfulness. ghost of one! Once as a tenant her rebility are guaranre is no espoinage."
are already bespoat General Custer's
er home there, as
e and others equal-

t of the occupants. They will have ome—no rules—no nfortable? Desira-

nt house is ready, ration from poky ing houses; there of joy from divers nat welded togeth-triumphant Greek KATE JORDAN.

ip of Dublin uni open to men the same terms.

TARIFF CHANGES.

Finance Minister Foster Presents His Budget Statement and Fiscal Proposals.

Outline of the Policy Which He Sub mits to the House of

Foster said that iron had received special consideration; pig iron remains at \$1 per ton; bar iron has been reduced from \$13 to \$10 per ton. To encourage the manufacture of puddle bar a bonus of \$2 per ton will be given for five years. A large reduction has been made in steel or iron sheets thinner than 17 gauge, also on iron boiler plate. Forgings of iron and steel are made 35 per cent.; steel rails for steam railways, free; and for electric railways, 30 per cent. Nails are changed to 30 per cent. House furnishing hardware is all at 32½ per cent. Hatchets, mattocks, picks, etc., are reduced to 30 per cent.; area, lawn mowers, hoes, etc., shovels and spades, 35 per cent.; surgical and dental instruments are reduced to \$15 per cent.

gical and dental instruments are reduced to a 15 per cent.

On railway locomotives a straight duty of 35 per cent. will be levied; agricultural implements are reduced from 35 to 20 per cent. A strong demand had been made by the farmers for the reduction, many had asked that the duty be taken off altogether, but the reduction in the duties on iron would tend to reduce the cost of implements, and the Government thought it was making a liberal concession by striking off 15 per cent.

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Sewing machines are made 30 per cent.; pumps and windmills 30 per cent.; newsaper, boiler plate is unchanged; barbed wire is reduced from a cent and a half to three quarters of a cent. As a concession to the makers of barbed wire a reduction has been made on the wire duties. Lead is unchanged. Plumbago is reduced from 15 to 10 per cent.; farm wagons and similar vehicles 25 per cent.; all other carriages 35 per cent. Musical instruments are uniform at 30 per cent.

riages 30 per cent.

The colour standard of sugar has been raised to 16 degrees Dutch standard, which will come in free; sugars above 16 are unchanged.

will come in free; sugars above 16 are unchanged.

In cottoms sweeping changes have been made; the mixed duties are abolished and the ad valorem substituted; grey unbleached is made 22½ per cent.; white or bleached, 25, and cottom fabrics made 30 per cent. Bags of all kinds 20 per cent, and the silk duties are unchanged. In woollens great difficulty had been experienced in arranging the tariff, yarns, wools and worsted are given ad valorem at 27½ per cent; and all manufactures from wool 30 per cent.

Fertilizers compounded are reduced from 20 to 10 per cent. With reference to the free list, the duties on all acids, drugs, dyes and stuffs used in dyeing have been made free,

and stuffs used in dyeing have been made free.

Coke, dutiable at 50 cents per ton, is now free. There is no change in bituminous coal. Globes, astronomical and geographical, are also free. Mining and smalting machinery not made in Canada, will be continued free up to May, 1896.

In tobaccos there is no change, and in epirituous liquors no change. Malt has had a half cent taken off, it being 1½ instead of 2 cents per pound.

In obal oil there is no change, but the

lubricating oil is 25 per cans.

Manufactured lumber, inclitiding railway ties, staves, shingles, pickets, etc., is made free, a concession to Manitoba and the Northwest; but if any country imposes a duty on the above classes of lumber, the Government may by proclamation impose an export duty on logs.

Mr. Foster continued:—"There is a net reduction in the texation of a million and a quarter or a million and a haif. It was a sharp out, but he had every hope that the revenue would soon acquire buoyancy. He hoped, however, to keep the expenditure well within the revenue. In conclusion, he thanked the House for their kind consideration, and resumed his seat at 11 colock, having spoken for nearly five hours.

Sir Richard Cartwright moved the adjournment of the debate.

Programme of the Parties This place was continued in the Company of the Company o

son is in feeble health, and on this account representations are to be made to the Minister of Justice for his release. Morrison has served about five years of his sentence.

Forty of the Chinamen who arrived in Vancouver on March 14, by Canadian Pacific steamer Empress of India, have arrived here on their way to New York. In view of the fact that smallpox had broken out among Chinamen at a bonded warehouse in Vancouver, the strangers, under instruction from Dr. Laberge, medical health officer, have been thoroughly inspected.

It is denied that the Quebec Bishops are preparing a protest on the Northwest school ordinance.

THE PROHIBITION QUESTION.

OFTAWA, March 27.—(Special.)—A large deputation of prohibitionists, representing all the provinces, waited upon Sir John Thompson and other members of the Government, this afternoon, and presented a resolution asking for a law prohibiting the sale, manufacture and importation of liquor for beverage purposes, and protesting against the ratification of the French treaty in its present form. Sir John Thompson, in reply, said the Government would not introduce a prohibition act this session, and he would make no pledges for the futire. The Government, he said, would be guided to some extent by what the Royal Commission on the liquor traffic, which had just completed its labors, reported.

MORE UNDERHANDED BUSINESS.

BIRMINGHAM, March 27.-The Post, in a BIRMINGHAM, March 27.—The Poet, in a special dispatch from London, says it has good authority for the allegation that persons setting on behalf of the French government have succeeded in obtaining at Whitehall details of the plans of the proposed new works of Gibraitar. The dispatch adds that an inquiry has been ordered.

HAWAHAN SITUATION.

anything in this or similar matters, this treaty arises like a bugbear to confront us. The treaty is not in force, and never has been. Great Britain has violated it time and again, and I believe that we ought by logislation to set it aside and abrogate it entirely. Then we can go ahead with the project untramelled by any conventions of this sort."

MONTREAL MATTERS,

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MONTREAL, March 27.—(Special)—An effort is to be made to secure the release of Donald Morrison, the Megantic outlaw, now serving an eighteen years' sentence in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Morrison is in feeble health, and on this account of the son is in feeble health, and on this account of Liliuokalani, claim that the choice as between the republic and a monarchy should be put to a vote; we do not propose to do not propose to re open it for discussion, any more than the U. S. opened the question of state rights and slavery, after the war had settled these questions. The monarchy is a thing of the past. The people of the Islands are looking forward to a dead monarchy, and they will overcome all obstacles and solvieve their object. Mr. Davies and his fellow royalists have planted themselves in the road in front of the car of progress. If they do not get out of the way the car will run over them, and that is all."

Separation of the serious and those who think that we sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and the sense of Lord Ripon solve with Robert and Ripon solve wi

BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION.

St. John, Nfld., March 27.—Hon. Henry

THE CANADIAN TABLES.

KOSSUTH'S FUNERAL.

Turin, March 28,—The remains of Louis Kossuth were removed last evening to the evangelical church where the funeral ser-Sr. John, Nild., March 27.—Hon. Henry
Woods, surveyor-general, and his collesgue,
George Moore, who represent the district of
Bay de Verde in the Newfoundland
Logislature, were unseasted to dely
for corrupt practices during the late
election. They were also disqualitied
from sitting in the assembly for a portiod
of four years. This declaim renders he discretion of Parliament inevitable, as the above
one is but one of a series of others or
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one it but one of a series of others or
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and beginned the confluence of admission.
Only he collect presentatives of the Hungaria disposed of the confluence of the conflue

live arches of the city display signs of Mr. Thurston Emphatically Declares

Opinions of English and Cafadian
the Monarchy to Be "A Thing of the Past."

People are Looking Forward to a Living Republic " and Will Benefit Both Manufacturers

Achieve It.

Opinions of English and Cafadian Cafadian
Papers as to Its Meaning and Looking Forward to a Living Republic and Will Benefit Both Manufacturers

Achieve It.

terday for the Northwest.

Local pork peckers say the tariff changes will prevent them from sending any more produce to British Columbia, where they formerly sent large supplies.

In the Legislature last evening Mr. Whitney, Dundas, moved a resolution objecting to the present ballot law of Ontario as being not secret and advocating what is known as the Australian ballot system in its place. Considerable discussion followed. Sir Oliver Mowat claimed that numbered ballots prevented ballot box stuffing, and that no system had been devised under which absolute secrecy of the ballot was assured. The motion was lost on a vote of 53 to 30.

Petitions arging the exercise of executive clemency in the case of MacWhirrell, now lying in Brampton jail under sentence of death, are in circulation in Peel county and are receiving a good many signatures.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Nanaimo City and Its Electric Lighting-Prospecting for Coal in Milistown Valley.

Arrangements for Sturgeon Fishing on a Large Scale—The "Bawn-more" Kidnapping.

THE FRENCH TREATY.

OTTAWA, March 28,—(Special.)—Copies of petitions from over 600 grape growers and wine manufacturers to the Minister of Finance, asking that the French treaty may not be ratified, were circulated to-day among members of Parliament. The value of the grape and wine industry in Canada is placed at nearly \$6,000,000.