

## G. KNOWLING.

LADIES' COSTUME  
SKIRT BARGAIN  
in our Showrooms.

We have just received a small lot of sixty Skirts, in Worsted Serges, Cheviots, Tweeds, Meltons, etc., in Navys, Browns, Greens, Blacks, Tweed Mixtures, etc.

Prices range from  
**\$1.50, \$1.80**  
up to  
**\$3.00.**

Materials alone worth more than money, all good, serviceable designs, worth from \$3.20 to \$6.50.

Central Show-rooms. **G. KNOWLING, Ltd.** Central Show-rooms.  
21, 22, 23.

## Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, - - - Proprietor  
H. A. WINTER, B.A., - - - Editor

TUESDAY, October 2, 1917.

## The Washington Revelations.

The United States Government is pursuing at present a remarkable policy—a campaign we might call it. There are thousands of worthy American citizens, not ordinarily subject to brain fog, who still refuse to believe what is said about Germany and are convinced that she is not half as black as she is painted, an attitude of mind not over-helpful to the vigorous prosecution of the war that is desirable. For the enlightenment and possible conversion of these good folks, Washington is permitting Mr. Lansing to dip here and there into a considerable store of documents and other evidence, patiently amassed during the past three years by the secret service, which serve to show to some extent the colours with which the Germans daub themselves, relieving the rest of the world of any necessity to do the painting. It is as if he selected for publication a little disclosure from one pigeon-hole after another, leaving the impression that the whole accumulation is only lightly touched. The record already revealed is sufficient to convict anyone retaining a shred of sympathy with that cultured country of a state of mind of which German birth and associations or German gold provides the only explanation.

Even the known barbarities of the Hun, forced upon a world reluctant to believe them, receive an additional emphasis and variety from the disclosures thus made during the past few weeks alone. There was first the Argentine episode, no surprise but discovering a new form, a species or classification, of German intrigue and underhandedness and establishing beyond doubt the general truth that all German emissaries to neutral countries are simply spies sent to act against the states to which they are accredited in the interests of the dear old fatherland. The Mexican exposure on the same line was merely corroboration and confirmation. Similar in principle but naively fresh in application is the Bernstorff plot to bribe and corrupt American senators and

other important personages, an idea suggested by the amiable ambassador himself and from all appearances quite successfully made. The I.W.W. troubles hardly need to be enumerated; they are among the crude horse-play variety with which the dynamiters have made us familiar. The Roumanian revelation, the clear proof that high explosives and anthrax and glanders bacillus were sent to the German legation at Bucharest with full instructions for their use, disclose nothing that is new but a great deal that many people refused to accept without unquestionable demonstration. These are only a few of the outstanding matters on which light has been thrown, but hardly a day passes without an addition to their number.

The American Government has a clear purpose in acting thus. The first enthusiasm of the country has, perhaps, passed, but what is more important, thousands of young soldiers are already in France, whose efforts must be supported, whose very lives protected, by those at home. In innumerable ways German machinations have been working greater mischief in the country than was popularly imagined, plotting everywhere, tampering with one delicate machinery or another, dislocating this business or that practising pacifism and sedition, contriving delays, and where nothing else could be done, simply creating disturbances. By showing up the springs of some of this activity and letting the whole public have a clear idea of its real nature under all its disguises, the Government are enlisting valuable aid from that public itself. It is manifest already in the agitation to remove La Follette, Stone & Co. from the Senate. Other public figures have had an unenviable limelight thrown on them and many more will follow. It is all to the good and the benefits are not confined to the United States. Even England and France have seen that they had not plumbed all the depths, explored all the recesses, of the Kultur which was to have controlled the world, and which the world is engaged in removing with the knife, a foul and festering cancer, from the places it has infected and diseased.

## Serious Charge.

A nineteen year old female, belonging to a northern outpost, was arraigned before Judge Morris to-day, charged with concealment of birth. She pleaded guilty, but owing to her physical condition, as she just left the Rescue Home, sentence was reserved.

## WAR NEWS

(See also 9th page.)  
NO VOCATIONAL EXEMPTION.

OTTAWA, To-day. No special vocation will receive exemption when the men are called to the colors under the Military Service Act. While conditional exemption so long as the man remains at a specified occupation may be granted by a local tribunal, in Canada there will be no trades or occupations granted exemption as a whole.

## GERMANY AFRAID OF U. S.

LONDON, To-day. In discussing the entry of the United States into the war Viscount Grey, Former Foreign Secretary, in a preface to a collection of statements by President Wilson in a pamphlet here, declares it is now clear that the military and naval success of German arms in Europe could not secure a German peace. Viscount Grey's remarks are printed by the Daily News. Germany, he says, cannot get peace except on conditions that the United States might consider essential to its own interests and to the further peace and freedom of the world. It is impossible to get around this fact and it is not surprising that Germany dare not face it and turns her back upon it that she may not face it, for that is what the organized silence and contempt in Germany of the action in the United States really means.

## JAP. WRITER SAYS BRITAIN STIFF-ER TOWARDS JAPAN.

WASHINGTON, To-day. The plain intimation that with the entrance of the United States in the world war the British Government, which has an offensive and defensive alliance with Japan, completely changed her attitude to one of greater stiffness toward Japan is conveyed in a remarkable article which has just appeared in the Laive, a magazine of high repute in Japan. A translation of this article received in Washington does not mention Great Britain by name but the inference is plain that this is the nation that is meant in connection with the matter. The unnamed nation mentioned in the article is declared to have sent an outspoken communication to Japan last spring, conveying the intimation that Japan was one of the Entente Allies and should not be reaping great benefits from the war without sharing to a greater extent in the burdens of war, and that following the delivery of this communication, whether caused by it or not, the despatch of Japanese destroyers to the Mediterranean became an accomplished fact.

## BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, To-day.—A German airman has dropped bombs on two hospitals behind the British lines. Three British nurses and some wounded soldiers were killed.

From people who arrived by the S.S. Prospero yesterday we learn particulars, though very meagre, how two men named Viguers and Collins lost their lives in the Tilt Cove Copper Mines on Saturday morning last. Both men who had been working together put in a blast. A premature explosion occurred with the result that they were completely buried in by the falling earth and killed instantly.

## Two Young Men and Aged Man SENTENCED TO LONG TERMS.

The Grand Jury having brought in a true Bill against Walter and Alexander Morgan for larceny, and against Jonathan Raynes for carnally knowing a young girl under sixteen years of age, the prisoners were brought up for trial at this morning's session of the Supreme Court. The two former pleaded guilty and were sentenced to 2½ and 2 years, respectively, with hard labour, dating from the time of their committal. The old man Raynes, who on being asked by the Clerk of the Court if he had anything to say before sentence would be passed, pleaded for mercy, saying he was seventy years of age and that the evidence given against him was false. On hearing his plea the Judges retired and after a few minutes returned to the bench. His Lordship the Chief Justice sentenced the prisoner to 2 years hard labour.

## A Device to Prevent Sinking of Ships

AT SEA BY TORPEDO FIRE.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Major Douglas Hamilton is perfecting a device designed to make it impossible for Germany to sink ships at sea. The details of the invention are in the hands of the British Government, also in the hands of Allied Governments. A ship equipped with the device will be tested by torpedo fire in the near future, and Major Hamilton says he is so confident of the success of his invention that he is willing to take a chance on the ship experimented upon. The resisting power of the device with which the ships are to be protected is said to be one thousand times heavier than the heaviest torpedo or other projectiles made by the enemy.

## Inspection of Troops

And Presentation of Medals.

At 11 a.m. to-day His Excellency the Governor, accompanied by the Hon. J. R. Bennett, Minister of Militia, visited the Regimental Headquarters and inspected the soldiers and Foresters now in training. On arrival at the Armoury His Excellency shook hands with the officers, the following being present: Major Montgomerie, Sergt. Major Paterson, Major Carty, Capt. Clayton, Capt. O'Grady, Lieuts. Ellis, Herder and Peckham. After the inspection His Excellency, in addressing the men, spoke of the valor of the Regiment which had gained for itself undying fame and urged on those who will shortly take their place in the firing line to uphold the honor and record so nobly established by the brave boys who had gone before. He warned them against the temptations that they would be up against and to conduct themselves as gentlemen, always bearing in mind that we at home had their interest at heart and looked to them to maintain the honor of the land of their birth. His Excellency concluded by wishing the gallant lads every success.

Hon. J. R. Bennett, who a few days ago returned from Ottawa, Canada, spoke encouraging words to the men and in brief described his trip to the Great Dominion. Everywhere you go, down, speak very highly of the wonderful work performed by our Regiment. While at Ottawa's chief hotel one of our officers, who was standing on the landing, was approached by no less a person than General Sir Sam Hughes, who on learning that the officer belonged to the 8th Regiment, expressed himself as being proud to meet a representative of so gallant a regiment. Mr. Bennett felt content that the recruiting campaign now being started would bring forth good results, and he would regret having to use influence that he do not want to use.

His Excellency the Governor in a very pleasing manner then presented medals to the parents of the following heroes: Capt. Bert Butler, Military Cross with Bar; presented to his father, Mr. John J. Butler, of Topsail. Pte. Wilfred Curran, No. 122, Military Medal; presented to his father, Mr. Thomas Curran, City. Sergt. Archibald Gooby, Military Medal; presented to his mother, Mrs. S. Gooby, City. Corpl. John Hillier, 1878, Military Medal; presented to his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Hillier.

The proud parents received the congratulations of those present. Cheers were given for His Excellency the Governor and the Minister of Militia.

## Two Men Killed by Premature Explosion.

From people who arrived by the S.S. Prospero yesterday we learn particulars, though very meagre, how two men named Viguers and Collins lost their lives in the Tilt Cove Copper Mines on Saturday morning last. Both men who had been working together put in a blast. A premature explosion occurred with the result that they were completely buried in by the falling earth and killed instantly.

NOTE OF THANKS.—Mrs. Thos. Murphy and family wish to thank the employees of T. J. Edens, Duckworth Street, Mr. Thos. Morris, Mr. and Mrs. John Jenkins and Mrs. Collingwood for wreaths and notes of sympathy; also, Mrs. C. O'N. Conroy, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kavanagh, Mrs. Capt. Finn, Mrs. F. Hickey, Mrs. John Murphy, Mrs. Michael Shortall, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fleming, Mrs. Thos. Martin and all other kind friends who helped them in this their hour of sad bereavement. advt.

## Now in Store.

250

Tons Nut Size Anthracite

Coal.

H. J. Stabb &amp; Co.

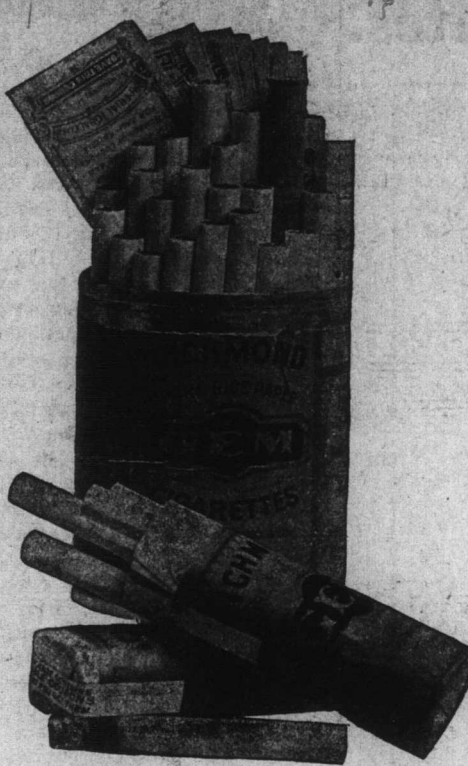
a710, eod, 1f

## In the trenches

the tins of Gem 50's are most convenient for our boys, because the cigarettes cannot get damp, wet or broken while being carried around in the pocket.

Positively none better.

Imperial Tobacco Co.



## CONGOLEUM

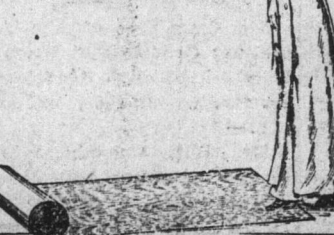
The MODERN FLOOR COVERING---2 yds wide.

Lays Perfectly Flat. No Tacks Required. Never Curl or Kick Up. Waterproof and Durable.

Absolutely Sanitary.

CONGOLEUM  
Rug Borders

WHEN laid on the floor and partly covered with a rug the effect is that of a real hard wood floor. Extremely durable, unaffected by water exposure. They lie flat without fastening.



Also the Congoleum  
**OAK Bordering,**  
24 and 36 inches wide.

A few more of the  
**ART SQUARES,**  
all selling at old prices.

BOWRING BROS., Ltd.

## Casualty List.

RECEIVED OCTOBER 2ND, 1917.

Died of General Consumption, War-

worth, October 1st.

2044—Private Patrick J. Farrell, A.

Ferryland.

At 1st London General Hospital, Gun-

shot wound knee.

2477—Private John J. Butler, 8th

Buffet.

At 4th London General Hospital,

1502—Private Grant Clarke, 8th

Hamilton Ave. Scalded right arm,

severe.

2037—Private Kenneth J. Gillies-

ham, Golf Avenue. Shrapnel head,

right arm, right leg, severe.

3180—Private Lewis Pilgrim, 8th

Anthony Bight. Tuberculosis lungs,

severe. (Previously reported 1st

General Hospital, Rouen.)

2433—Private Charles Stevens, 8th

Barehead. Gunshot wound right

(Previously reported 7th General Hos-

pital, Etaples.)

R. A. SQUIRES,

Colonial Secretary.

## 6 Months for Burglary

Edward Crossman, a 16-year-old

corrigible, who was released from

prison only a few days ago, was

rested last evening charged with

glaring the confectionery store of

Mr. A. S. Wadden, on Water Street

and stealing therefrom \$2.35 in silver

and coppers, 15 packages of cigar-

ettes and 8 plugs of tobacco. He

appeared before Judge Morris to-day,

pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to

six months' imprisonment.

## Nerves of the Stomach

Were Weak and Inactive as Result

of Nervous Prostration—Lost

Twenty Pounds—Had to

Take Sleeping Powders

to Get Any Rest.

St. Catharines, Ont., October 2nd.

Many people never realize that the

movement and action of every organ

of the human body dependent upon

the energy supplied by the nervous

system.

When the nervous system gets run

down there is weakness throughout

the entire body. You feel tired and

languid and your stomach and other

digestive organs are similarly affected.

Appetite fails, digestion is poor, you

do not get the good of what you eat

and gradually grow weaker and weak-

er.

This process can only be stopped by

such treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve

Food, which goes directly to create

new nerve force and thereby to invig-

orate the whole human body.

Mrs. Geo. S. Ellis, 46 Davidson

street, St. Catharines, Ont., writes:

"My husband had an attack of nerv-

ous prostration, and although he

tored for some time and tried dif-

ferent other medicines, he could not

get relief. He had to resort to sleep-

ing powders given him by the doctor

to make him sleep. The greater part

of the trouble seemed to be with the

nerves of his stomach. He began to

lose weight, and kept on going down

until he had lost twenty pounds. He

had read advertisements in the news-

papers for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

and noticed that it seemed to be doing

a lot of good for people troubled with

nervousness, so my husband decided

to try it. He found benefit almost

from the start, and continued the

treatment until he had taken about

twelve or thirteen boxes. The result

was most satisfactory. He is now

enjoying good health, sleeps well, and

has gained back near all the weight

he had lost. He also uses Dr. Chase's

Kidney-Liver Pills occasionally, and

thinks them an excellent remedy. He

has also used this latter medicine for

dizzy spells and liver trouble, and was

completely cured of these complaints.

We think a great deal of Dr. Chase's

medicines, and cannot speak too

highly of them.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents

per box, a full trial of 6 boxes for

\$2.75, at all dealers, or Edman &amp;

Lutes &amp; Co., Limited, Toronto. It

will not be talked into accepting a sub-

stitute. Imitations only disappoint.

Famous Yacht America

Will Not Be Used As Merchant Ship

Nor Broken Up.

This famous yacht that brought the

Cup to this country has been pur-

chased by David W. Simpson, who

Broker of Boston, in behalf of

yacht owners from the British

estate through the office of J. B. B.

Burgess. She will be taken to a

mooring place and always be kept

she is for use as a yacht. While

was advertised for sale, in order

to retain her here the purchasers

paid more money for her than she

have brought to be used as a

chant vessel.

Gentlemen:—

The Royal Stores, Ltd., have a

splendid line of Cigars and Tobacs.

They are selling Queed, a very

quality of Plug Cut Tobacco, man-

ufactured by Mr. Patterson of Vir-

gilia, who eliminated the bite and

pipe smoking a luxury. Try a pack-

age of Queed, it will please you.

W.P.A. Christmas

Amount acknowledged . . . . . 20

W.P.A. Channel . . . . . 10

Mrs. T. Peel . . . . . 10

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURE

TEMPER.