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It is more
careful consider-
ation put on. You
get roof by using

Speed

roofing material
as the prefer-
ence, factories,
farm buildings
to lay and costs
weather-tight,
fire-retardant. It
according to

market, but only one
costs no more
to lay a poor
one. You can't tell
only safety is the
then you are

Spall Shingles
They cost less,
back to split. They
are made.

Varishes
They cost less,
back to split. They
are made.

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Pittsburgh, Detroit,
Cleveland, St. Louis,
Chicago, New York,
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SALE!

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Foot for Newfoundland

her best in Newfound-
the big advance
all the "Nag" Boot at

"Pant Boots, Secura
ing Rubbers, only \$1.00

WOOD

HOES

ough it was evident
had overloaded and
to lie down. This
was a navy man of 7
had spent two years
active service in this
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pugh, consequently he did not
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in the park, they being only
uits. The Judge had no ob-
stant having an oc-
aprove his brief vaca-
advice him to keep away
parks wherever he
to the beaches. The defendant
charged.

AGUE FOOTBALL — At
sharp this evening at St.
s. Field, C. E. I. versus
August 11

To-Day's Messages.

10.00 A.M.

AMERICAN OIL TANKER SUNK.

WASHINGTON, To-day.
The Naval Department to-day through the Committee of Publication issued the following statement: The Standard Oil tanker Campania, an American steamer, was sunk by a submarine on the morning of August 8th, 140 miles west of Ile de Re. Forty-seven survivors reached the land in safety; it is believed the captain of the steamer and four of the armed guard are prisoners aboard the submarine.

MORE JAPANESE NAVAL UNITS.

LONDON, To-day.
Additional Japanese naval units have joined the Allied forces for operation in Allied waters, it was officially announced by the Admiralty this afternoon.

KING GEORGE TO KERENSKY.

LONDON, To-day.
King George has sent the following telegram to Prime Minister Kerensky of Russia: At the commencement of the fourth year of the great conflict which still rages and at the moment when you are re-established in the leadership of free Russian people, I desire to tell you and them that the British people will never relax their efforts against their enemies. In combined force resolutely exerted by the Allies will be found security and honorable peace and the true liberty of the world. I recognise all that Russia is called upon to bear, but I have faith in her power to face and overcome her formidable difficulties in this hour of trial.

HENDERSON'S RESIGNATION.

LONDON, To-day.
Premier Lloyd George last night made public Arthur Henderson's letter of resignation and his own acceptance, both dated Saturday. Henderson's letter follows: "My Dear Prime Minister.—At our interview last night I gathered you had reached the conclusion that my retention of the Secretaryship to the Labor Party was no longer compatible with my membership in the War Cabinet. Recent experience have impressed me with the embarrassing complications arising from this duality of office. In these circumstances, therefore, I deem it advisable to ask you to release me from further membership in your Government. I continue to share your desire that the war should be carried to a successful conclusion. I trust that in a non-Government capacity I may be able to render some little assistance to this end." Premier Lloyd George replied: "My Dear Henderson,—I am in receipt of your letter this morning tendering your resignation of your position as a member of the War Cabinet, and I have received the permission of His Majesty to accept it. My colleagues and I have received with satisfaction your assurance of your unabated desire to assist in the prosecution of the war to a successful conclusion, and they greatly regret that you can no longer be directly and officially associated with them in that enterprise. There are, however, certain facts with which it is essential that the public should be acquainted in order that they may form a correct appreciation of the events that have led to this regrettable conclusion. The first is, that your colleagues were taken completely by surprise by the attitude which you adopted at the labor conference yesterday afternoon. You know that they were in present circumstances opposed to the Stockholm Conference. You had yourself been prepared to agree to an announcement to that effect some days ago; at your suggestion, however, and that of your labor colleagues it was decided to defer any such announcement until after the meeting yesterday. I was under the impression after several talks with you that you meant to use your influence against meeting enemy representatives at Stockholm. What has happened in Russia during the last few weeks has affected materially our position in reference to that conference. You admitted to me that the situation had changed completely even within the last fortnight, and that whatever ground you might have thought there was for delegates from the Allied countries attending such a conference a fortnight ago the events of the last few days had shown you the wisdom of such a course. That was clearly what you led me to believe. It was also the impression left on the minds of your colleagues in the Cabinet and of your labor colleagues in the Ministry. It was, therefore, with no small surprise that I received a letter from you yesterday afternoon, stating that you ought to inform me, after the most careful consideration, that you had come to the conclusion that you could take no other course than to stand by the advice you had given the day after your

return from Russia, and that your colleagues subsequently read the speech which you ought to have informed the Cabinet of before you entered the conference. When you spoke at that conference you were not merely a member of the Labor Party, but a Member of the Cabinet, responsible for the conduct of the War. Nevertheless, you did not deem it necessary to inform the conference of the views of your colleagues and the delegates accordingly were justified in assuming that the advice you gave was not inconsistent with their opinions. The second point is this. Yesterday morning we received a most important communication from the Russian Government in which we were informed that although the Russian Government did not deem it possible to prevent Russian delegates from taking part in the Stockholm Conference, they regarded it as a party concern and its decision was in no wise binding on the liberty of action of the Government; and a further covering letter which accompanied this communication contained these words: "I hasten to lay before you the above information, as I fear that the impression hitherto has prevailed that, in the words of one of the London newspapers, Russia ardently desires the Stockholm Conference. This argument has been put forward in order to influence British public opinion in favor of labor and socialist parties of Britain participating in the conference." Immediately on receipt of this information I sent it over to you with the request that you communicate it to the conference. You omitted to do so. It is true that in the course of your speech you made a very casual reference to some modification in the attitude of the Russian Government, but there is a manifest difference between the effect which would necessarily be produced upon any audience by an indifferent summary of that description and by the communication to them of the official information showing that the attitude of the Russian Government towards the Stockholm Conference was very different from what had been supposed. In these circumstances your action does not appear to have been fair either to the Government or to the delegates whom you were addressing. They were left in ignorance of the vital fact which necessarily must have affected their judgment. I am sending a copy of this correspondence to press."

Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) DAVID LLOYD GEORGE.

23 KILLED BY BOMBS AT SOUTH- END.

LONDON, To-day.
Twenty-three persons, including nine women and six children, were killed, and fifty persons injured in Southend, in Essex, forty miles east of London by bombs dropped by German raiders to-day, says an official statement issued to-night. Considerable damage to property at Southend by nearly forty bombs dropped upon the town. Two men were injured at Rochford, but four bombs dropped on Margate in Kent did little damage. The latest statement follows: Enemy raiders caused considerable damage at Southend, where they speared about forty bombs. The casualties thus far reported are: Killed, eight men, nine women and six children; about fifty people were injured; at Rochford two men were injured but no damage is reported; at Margate four bombs were dropped, one uninhabited house was demolished but there were no casualties.

BRITISH DOING GOOD WORK.

LONDON, To-day.
A British communication issued this evening says the number of prisoners captured in the successful attack of the tenth and subsequent operations east of Ypres has reached a total of 454, including nine officers. In the same operations we also captured six German guns. An attempted enemy raid this morning south of Armentieres was successfully repulsed by the Portuguese with bombs and rifle fire. In spite of repeated storms and strong westerly winds, which greatly favoured the enemy, our airplanes carried out much successful work yesterday. In the air fight three German machines were downed and four others were driven down out of control; two of our airplanes were forced to land behind the enemy lines and three other British machines are missing.

MAGNIFICENT FEAT WINS AIR- MAN THE V. C.

LONDON, To-day.
The intrepidity of Capt. Wm. Bishop, Canadian member of the Royal Flying Corps, in attacking a German air-drome single handed has been rewarded by the bestowal upon him of the Victoria Cross, the most prized of British valor medals. The Official Gazette gives the following resume of the action which brought Capt. Bishop the Victoria Cross: Capt. Bishop flew at the first enemy air-drome. Finding no enemy machine about, he flew to another air-drome three miles distant and about twelve miles inside the German lines. Seven machines, some with their engines

running, were on the ground. He attacked these from a height of fifty feet, killing one of the mechanics. One of the machines got off the ground, but Capt. Bishop at a height of sixty feet fired five rounds into it at close range, and it crashed to the ground. A second machine got off the ground into which he fired thirty rounds at 150 yards; it fell into a tree. Two more machines rose from the air-drome, one of which he damaged at a height of 1,000 feet, sending it crashing to the ground. He then emptied a whole drum of cartridges into the fourth hostile machine and flew back to his station. Four hostile scouts were 1,000 feet above him for a mile during the return journey but they did not attack. His machine was badly shot about by machine gun fire from the ground.

1.00 P.M.

PITIFUL FLIGHT OF AMERICANS FROM PALESTINE.

GENEVA, To-day.
The Swiss press is indignant over the condition of American Jews from Palestine and Syrian towns who have arrived in Switzerland after eight weeks of constant travelling under terrible conditions. La Suisse says: "We have many unfortunate refugees of several nationalities pass through our country, but never have they been so miserable as the Americans." The Zurich Zeitung says that the old men, women and children among the refugees had been unable to change their linen for eight weeks and that the majority of them were suffering from typhoid fever, cholera and other diseases. The blame for the condition of the refugees is placed on the Austrian and Turkish Governments.

RUSSIAN NATIONAL COUNCIL MEETS AUGUST 23RD.

PETROGRAD, To-day.
The Provisional Government has postponed until August 23rd and 24th the meeting of the extraordinary National Council at Moscow. Members of all the four Dumas, representatives of municipalities, Zemstvos, Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates and other political and social organizations will participate. The Government will make at the Conference a declaration concerning the serious conditions in the country and emphasize the necessity of great sacrifices from all classes, and will announce the measures which it proposes to take.

SINN FEIN VICTORY IN KILKENNY.

DUBLIN, To-day.
The Sinn Fein victory in Kilkenny is the subject of much discussion among the delegates here to the Irish Convention. The vote was 10-9 in favor of the Sinn Fein. The party. The extent of Sinn Fein influence and its temporary causes having been estimated, the future now depends on the Convention.

NEW RUSSIAN COMMANDER.

PETROGRAD, To-day.
General Balodef, commander on the southwestern front, has been appointed to the command of the Russian armies on the western Russian front.

AMERICAN STEAMER LOST.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., To-day.
The loss of the American steamer CITY of Athens and the death of all the passengers was announced in a cable message received last night from a South African port. No details were given. The message simply stated: "All passengers saved; everything lost." The steamer was on an American port and had seven missionaries on board. Among the passengers were Douglas Hume, of Ottawa, and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur R. Hornby and baby, of this city. The steamer registered 9,000 tons and was owned by the American Navigation Company.

PLAN TO REMOVE IDLERS FROM PETROGRAD.

PETROGRAD, To-day.
The partial evacuation of Petrograd by the idle and non-productive elements of the population, in order to alleviate the economic situation, which daily is becoming more acute, was favorably considered by the Government at a conference yesterday, and the question was referred to the Minister of Justice for his approval. The order of evacuation is promulgated, and it is likely that it will provide for the transfer of all institutions and individuals not productively engaged in Petrograd or necessary to the economic or official life of the city. The schools probably will be included among the institutions transferred from the city.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Rowland Bur- kit, sales and service representative of the Hudson Motor Co., Detroit, is in the city, staying at the Crosbie.

All black bathing suits have white collar and vest.

Patent Notice!

Four weeks after date hereof application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council for Letters Patent for a new and improved School Desk to be granted to John J. Callahan of St. John's, Cabinet Maker.
Dated at St. John's, this 24th day of July, 1917.
R. T. McGRATH,
Solicitor for Applicant.

July 24, 31, Aug 7, 14

Willys- Overland Motor Cars

A Wide Range of Models All New Values

From your point of view this announcement is most important.

For herein we set forth the achievement toward which the Willys-Overland Company has aimed for the last eight years.

This achievement in a word is the completion of a great organization to a point where it could make and market a complete range of motor cars under one control.

One executive organization,—one factory management,—one purchasing unit,—one selling expense,—one group of dealers,—plan, produce and sell all of these models.

As a result The Willys-Overland Company is producing motor cars of exceptional quality—and marketing them at unusually low prices.

Every motor car is built to a rigid standard of performance, comfort and appearance.

The new Light Four Cylinder touring car is a striking example. It is finished in gray and is a car of quality in every sense of the word.

The engine is powerful, quiet and of sturdy construction. The soft cushions, easy-riding springs, large tyres and the proper balance in construction absorb all jolts and jars of the highways. Yet this is but one of the new Willys-Overland values. Never before have the economies of vast production been available for buyers of every class of motor car.

And the Overland policy of greater production, higher quality, lower price is exemplified in every model and type.

Let our experience help you in the selection of your motor car.

T. A. MACNAB & Co.,

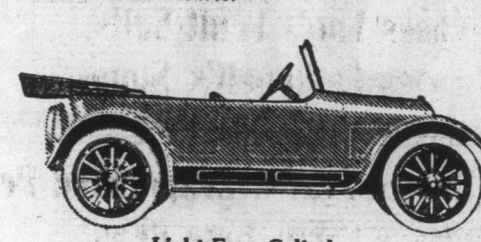
City Club Building,

Distributors.

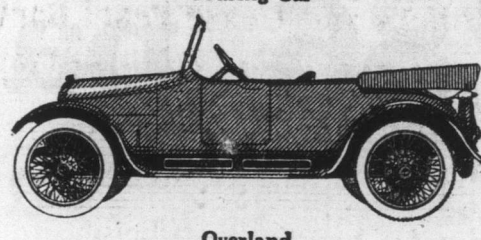
St. John's.

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio
Manufacturers of Willys-Knight and Overland Motor Cars
and Light Limos

Electric Lights
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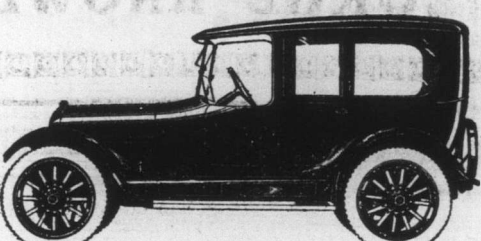
Light Four-Cylinder
Touring Car



"Overland"
"Country Club"



Willys-Knight
Four-Cylinder Touring Car



Willys-Knight
Four-Cylinder Limousine

A WIDE RANGE OF MODELS

Big Four-Cylinder Overland

5-Passenger Touring Car

5-Passenger Roadster

5-Passenger Touring Coupe

5-Passenger Touring Sedan

Light Four-Cylinder Overland

5-Passenger Touring Car

5-Passenger Roadster

5-Passenger Touring Coupe

5-Passenger Touring Sedan

Willys-Knight Models

5-Passenger Four-Cylinder Touring Car

5-Passenger Four-Cylinder Coupe

5-Passenger Four-Cylinder Sedan

5-Passenger Four-Cylinder Limousine

5-Passenger Eight-Cylinder Touring Car

The Salvation Army Congress

At New Gower Street Citadel yesterday morning, Commissioner Richards gave to a large assembly an earnest and thoughtful address upon the higher Christian life, and it was not until nearly 1 p.m. when the service came to a conclusion.

Shortly after 2 p.m. the doors of the Methodist College Hall were opened and the people began to flock in, and by the time His Excellency and Lady Davidson and other friends came on to the platform, the great hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, many standing inside by the wall and an additional crowd in the lobby outside.

In a very apt and pleasing manner Colonel McMillan, the Chief Secretary introduced His Excellency, who expressed his great and personal pleasure of the opportunity of again hearing the fervid oratory of his friend, Commissioner Richards, who represented the great organization known as The Salvation Army, and, continuing His Excellency, I know of nothing in my time that has risen so rapidly to importance and maintained the earnestness of the enthusiasm in the hierarchy of denominations in comparison with The Salvation Army, and we who are on the platform desire to associate ourselves with the great movement for the Social and Religious uplift that the Salvation Army has been so successful in introducing.

Commissioner Richards, at the conclusion of His Excellency's remarks, rose and began his address by referring to a statement made by Sir Rider Haggard who the Commissioner had for a travelling companion on one occasion. It was that he (Sir Rider) believed if ever the Government authorities ever sent him back to the North Pole on the business of the Empire, that he would find the Salvation 'War Cry' and an

advertisement for Pears' Soap, and, said the Commissioner, bringing down the house with the statement, if ever I get to the North Pole I fully expect I shall find a Newfoundland there to buy the 'War Cry'.

Touching briefly upon the activities of the Salvation Army in connection with the Great War, he said over 4,000 young men have gone from the ranks of the Salvation Army. From Ontario alone 500 bandmen had bravely responded and at least 14 bandmen were in charge of Battalion

hands. At the opening of one of the large hotels for the convenience and comfort of the returned soldiers in the city of London, Lord French said: "The War Office welcomes and is deeply grateful for the establishment of these hotels and for the great work which is being done by the Salvation Army throughout the Empire, and of all the institutions and organizations which of late years have come into existence and have been of such great benefit to the community, none have done more or finer work and have had more splendid results in all parts of the British Empire than the Salvation Army."

Said the Commissioner, we have now sufficient hotel accommodation for 10,000 returned soldiers nightly. In France we have 160 huts, part of which have been paid for by me out of the sum raised upon the Island of Newfoundland a few months ago. We have five motor ambulances with Salvation Army chauffeurs and nurses and perfectly equipped with up-to-date methods and appliances operating on the Russian front. These were presented to the Ambassador by the Lord Mayor of London at the Guildhall.

The great and practical work of the Women Officers and soldiers of the Army was dealt with as was also other phases of its operations, but more than passing reference cannot be made here.

The Hon. Mr. Squires, Acting Colonial Secretary, expressed regret at the absence of the Premier, and proposed a hearty vote of thanks to Commissioner Richards for his able address.

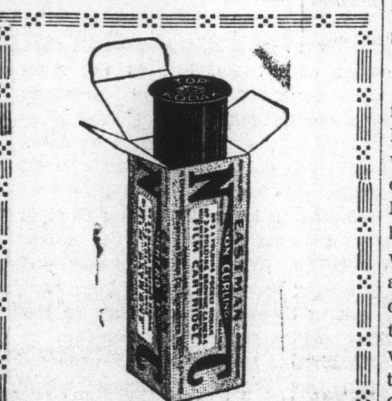
The Hon. Dr. Lloyd, in some well-chosen words seconded this vote of thanks and in the course of his remarks said, "I have watched the work of the Salvation Army long before I came to Newfoundland. I saw them in the old land taking up a form of work that no denomination had seriously undertaken. It was not spasmodic, but with the peculiar charac-

teristics possessed by the Salvationists, they kept steadily on. Not only were they soldiers of the Cross, but soldiers of humanity and leaders in Social service, the service that so very largely appeals to every community and because of these things I find pleasure in seconding a very hearty vote of thanks to the Commissioner."

Lieut. Colonel Otway, the Provincial Commander for Newfoundland, voiced the hearty appreciation of the Salvation soldiers, adherents and friends of the Army in the Colony, by saying he was sure the presence of His Excellency and Lady Davidson afforded them the greatest possible pleasure, and that it indeed would be a source of intense gratification and encouragement to our people, not only in the city of St. John's but to those whose lot in life called them to the outer outposts of this great and grand old colony, represented as they were by the officers from 83 of these distant and at times isolated portions of the Empire. To His Excellency and Lady Davidson, he therefore extended the united and unanimous good wishes of the assembled audience, who being in accord showed their appreciation by a great clapping of hands.

The Rev. Mr. Dickie, M.A., brought the proceedings to a close by pronouncing the Benediction.

The evening meeting announced as a great revival service was truly such. The great hall of the Methodist College was packed to the outer doors, a great number having to stand the whole meeting through. Great was the singing and powerful and full of fervour and earnest passion for the souls of men was the Gospel address given by Commissioner Richards. Such a series of Conferences and public services cannot fail to have its beneficial effect upon the general public whose best wishes are with the Salvation Army in its good work in the Island and elsewhere.



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