WEEKLY CALENDAR—AUGUST.

☾ Last Quarter, 9th day, 5h. 10m., evening.
◯ New Moon, 16th day, 6h. 7m., evening.
☽ First Quarter, 23d day, 8h. 36m., morning.
○ Full Moon, 31st day, 4h. 44m., morning.

DAY MONTH.	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises	SUN sets	High water morn.	Moon rises	Day's length.
		h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
19	Sunday	5 6	6 58	0 13	8 4	13 50
20	Monday	5 7	6 57	0 58	8 28	48
21	Tuesday	5 8	6 56	1 42	9 0	46
22	Wednesday	5 9	6 54	2 29	9 33	42
23	Thursday	5 10	6 52	3 19	10 20	39
24	Friday	5 12	6 50	4 14	11 12	36
25	Saturday	5 13	6 49	5 18	morn	34

MAILS,—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Mails for the neighboring Provinces, &c., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:—

For Nova Scotia, *via* Pictou, every Thursday and alternate Monday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada and the United States, *via* Shediac, every Tuesday and Friday morning at 8 o'clock.

For Newfoundland, every Monday.

The Mails for England, Bermuda and the West Indies, via Pictou, will, on and after Monday, the 9th July next, close at 12 o'clock, noon, instead of 4, p.m., as formerly advertised, viz: July 9th and 23d; August 6th and 20th; September 3d and 17th; October 1st, 15th and 29th; November 12th and 26th.

Farm and Garden.

How to Destroy Thistles.

As this plant has become one of the pests of the farmer in most parts of the older settlements of our country, and as it is constantly encroaching upon the new sections of the same, I wish to give to your readers a remedy by which all the tillers of the soil may profit, and by which this pest may be kept out of all new settlements, as well as eradicated from the old.

This can be done only by dint of close watching and manual labor. It will not do to adopt the theory of the correspondent of the Rural, from Prattsburgh, N Y.,—that it is a scourge, and we must sit down, like the stoics of olden time, and wait for God to remove the curse in his own good time, for my experience in the matter has satisfied me, and will satisfy all who try my prescription, that as Sam Patch used to say, "Some things can be done as well as others."

There is not any "hocus pocus" operation necessary, neither is there any great outlay required for implements. It only requires patience and perseverance, with a determined resolution to conquer, and then one season will suffice to effectually extirpate all the Canada Thistles which may be subjected to the ordeal of my plan.

If any one of your readers has a "patch" of the pest, let him begin in the spring, as soon as the tops are fairly out of the ground, and if in a field you wish to cultivate, give them a good, deep plowing, then keep your eye upon them; and as soon as they are nicely up—say two or three inches high—go at them with a hoe, and be sure to cut off every top which is to be seen. Cut them well below the surface. Follow up this course, and cut them down as often as they thus show themselves, and you will destroy them.

You need not look in the Almanac to find "*where the sign is*," or pay any attention to the "*moon*," as to where she is, or what her age may be. But remember your *thisties* are in the *earth*. Their roots are in its soil, and its top must and does draw a part of its nutriment from the atmosphere; and by cutting off the top, you deprive it of this nutriment, and as a consequence, the thistles starve and die.

I have had some experience in this matter, and I am fully satisfied that one summer's attention to a "patch of thistles" will use them up, be it wet and cold, or warm and dry, *sign or no sign, moon or no moon*, even though they have as many lives as Bunyan's "Giant Despair," who is said to have had as "many lives as a *cat*." Try it and see, and report progress.—*Cor. of Rural New Yorker.*

Valuable Recipes.—Preserving Fresh Fruits.

As this is the season for preserving fresh fruits and vegetables, we publish the annexed recipes for preparing, cooking and putting up:—

First—In purchasing vessels in which to put up fruits or vegetables, do not select any but glass. Avoid tin especially, and use nothing that is not transparent, so that you can watch your stock and see its condition. The most complete and satisfactory jar that we have seen, is one on sale by Messrs. Van Heused & Charles, Marble Hall, Broadway, in this city. They are cheap, simple, can be made perfectly air-tight without wax, and are so easily put together as to permit of no mistakes. The most ignorant cannot help but get them right.

Second.—Select only *fresh* fruits, vegetables, &c. It is worse than folly to attempt to preserve stale articles. It cannot be done.

The most simple process of preserving, hermetically, is to place the articles to be preserved in a vessel over a slow fire, and boil. Where sweetening is desired make a syrup of half a pound of sugar to a pint of water and boil two minutes. When sugar is not boiled with the articles, always fill up with this boiling syrup after the hot fruit or berries are placed in the Cans or Jars.

PEACHES, PEARS, APRICOTS, AND QUINCES.

As you peel, halve and seed them, drop them into cold water to prevent discoloration. Place them in a kettle, with a quarter of a pound of white sugar to every pound of fruit, boil them ten minutes fill your cans and seal *while hot*.

Strawberries, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Whortleberries, Currants, and other berries are very natural and delicious by boiling five minutes, with a quarter of a pound of sugar to every pound of berries. Fill your cans, and seal immediately.

Cherries.—Boil ten minutes, with a quarter of a pound of sugar to every pound of fruit. Fill the cans and seal while hot. They make delicious pies or sauce for winter.

Stewed Apples.—Take good cooking summer Apples, peel, core and stew with sugar till perfectly done, place in cans and seal while hot.—There is no greater luxury for winter and spring.

Apples.—Take well-flavored apples, peel, core and quarter, boil with sugar till tender, but not to break them—fill the cans and seal while hot. They are a cheap, delicate luxury for the tea table; and retain all their delicate summer flavor.

ANOTHER WAY.

All vegetables should be boiled five minutes before being placed in the cans, (and twice in the cans), then fill the cans or jars with the partially cooked articles. Add quarter to half of a pound white sugar to every pound of *fruit or berries*—lay the rubber band in its place, and carefully placing the edge of the cover on the rubber, turn the key in tightly with the fingers, place the cans in a vessel of cold water, and bring them to a boiling heat.

	1st Boiling.	2d Boiling.
Cherries, Currants, Rhubarb, and Berries of all kinds.	15 min.	5 minutes
Peaches, Plums and Tomatoes	20 "	5 "
Quinces, Pears and Apples	45 "	15 "
Asparagus	30 "	30 "
Green Corn	3 hours	1 hour.
Green Peas and Beans	4 "	1 "

When gallon cans, glass or china jars are used, boil 10 minutes longer the first boiling, as they require longer to heat through.

Miscellaneous.

The Prince at St. John, New Brunswick.

His Royal Highness arrived in the harbor of St. John at 10 o'clock in the evening of the 2d inst. The weather was delightful; the moon shone out brightly, and there was scarcely a ripple upon the waters. On the following day the city kept high festival. Flags, banners, banners, and pennons waved in every direction: the city, in perfect holiday attire, was prepared to welcome its Prince. At an early hour all were awakened by the roar of artillery: the batteries and the Militia Artillery firing simultaneous Royal Salutes. The streets were speedily thronged, and as the hour of landing approached, Prince William-street was almost impassable. Precisely at the hour appointed, the Prince stepped upon the soil of New Brunswick. It was the signal for a truly Royal salute; the cannon and the people uniting to welcome the auspicious event. He was received by His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, the civil and military authorities, the members of the Executive Government, and other official personages. His modest, unassuming, yet calm and dignified bearing, secured at once the homage of every heart. Respect for the Prince was merged into love for the individual; a warm and ardent love which was testified by repeated cheers. He walked from the landing about one hundred yards, to a carriage prepared for him, and then, preceded and followed by the authorities, passed along Prince William street, which was lined on either side, from one end to the other, by the Volunteer Militia, the Sons of Temperance, the Trades and the National Societies, to the gate of his residence. On reaching this point, he alighted from his carriage, and, attended by his suite, entered the grounds, where the children belonging to our Sunday Schools, numbering at least seven thousand, sung the National Anthem, slightly altered to suit the occasion. It was a sight long to be remembered: the youthful Prince, the brilliant uniform of his attendants, and the thousands of children,—the girls neatly clothed in white dresses, with blue and other scarfs, and the boys decorated with rosettes of red, white and blue. The anthem was admirably sung, and after it, cheer after cheer was given with thrilling effect. The Prince passed slowly through the midst of his young subjects—his path all the way strewed with flowers—to the house, and in about ten minutes most kindly and considerately walked through them again, thus giving every child present an opportunity of beholding him. The last verse of the anthem was again sung with still greater energy, and hearty cheers were again given.

[We omit the anthem, except the last verse, composed for the occasion.]—Ed. Prot.

Hail! Prince of Brunswick's line,
New Brunswick shall be thine—
Firm has she been.
Still loyal, true and brave,
Here England's flag shall wave,
And Britons pray to save
The nation's Heir.

The Prince stayed at his residence about an hour, and then proceeded to the Court House, when the Procession, formed of the Militia, the Sons of Temperance, the Fire Companies, the Trades, and the National Socipties, passed before him—His Royal Highness standing in the portico, attended by the Duke of Newcastle and other members of his suite. He was vociferously cheered by the various companies and bodies as they defiled before him, and the *coup d'œil* from the Court House was imposing in the extreme. He then proceeded to the Supreme Court Room, which had been neatly and tastefully painted, and received addresses from the City Corporation and the Magistrates of the City and County of St. John.

CORPORATION ADDRESS.

To His Royal Highness Albert Edward, *Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall and Rothsay, Earl of Dublin, Baron of Renfrew, Knight of the most noble Order of the Garter, &c. &c. &c.*

May it please your Royal Highness;

We, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of St John, hasten to approach your Royal Highness for the purpose of welcoming to New Brunswick the Heir Apparent to the Throne, and the future Sovereign of that great Empire of which it is our pride to form a portion, and over which the beneficent sway of our beloved Queen, day by day, strengthens those ties which happily unite us to the Mother Country.

Among us is still to be found a remnant of those who, in the last century, witnessed and partook of the joy and enthusiasm with which your Royal Highness' grandfather, the Duke of Kent, was received on his visit to this then infant city, upon the founders of which, in token of the Royal approbation, great benefits had been recently conferred by the Royal Charter of his Majesty George the Third.

And with great pride we declare to your Royal Highness that the feelings of loyalty and attachment to the Crown which led to these shores those founders of this City, still eminently characterize the entire population of this Colony.

It is our prayer that your Royal Highness will, after a prosperous termination of the extended progress through Her Majesty's North American Dominions, in which you are now engaged, vouchsafe to assure our Most Gracious Queen that peace and contentment are found among us under her rule, and that love and attachment to her Person and Crown is the common sentiment of her devoted subjects in this the commercial capital of New Brunswick.

REPLY:

Gentlemen;

I thank you with all sincerity for the address which you have just presented to me, and for the welcome which it conveys, to the Colony of New Brunswick, and the important city of which you are the municipal representatives

When my grandfather, the Duke of Kent, paid to this place the visit to which you make so gratifying a reference, he found it little more than a village. It is my good fortune to receive in the same spot—from a city which affords a striking example of what may be effected under the influence of free institutions by the spirit and energy of the British race—these demonstrations of love and loyalty to the Queen, which at this moment are reflected upon me.

Your commercial enterprise has made this port the emporium of the trade of New Brunswick And as the noble river which flows into it brings down for export the products of your soil, so I trust the vessels which crowd its pier will reward your successful industry with the wealth of other lands. I am not unmindful of the origin of this city, and it will be a subject of pride and pleasure to me to report to the Queen that the descendants of its founders have not departed from the firm attachment to the Crown of England which brought them to these shores.

[We omit the Address of the Justices for want of space.]—Ed. Prot.

Upwards of four hundred gentlemen were then presented to him in due form. He then drove round the City with the Lieutenant Governor and his suite, and afterward four or five miles down the Manawagonish Road. In the evening the city was brilliantly illuminated, and some magnificent fireworks were exhibited under the direction of S. K. Foster, Esq. Not an accident occurred during the whole day. There must have been sixty thousand people present but not an angry word appears to be uttered; all, young and old, rich and poor, of all ranks and classes, seemed animated by the one single desire, to testify their joy at the arrival of the young Prince, and to show him all due respect and honor.

On the following morning, Saturday the 4th inst., a special train conveyed His Royal Highness to the Rothsay Station, where he embarked, amidst the acclamations of the people and the thunder of the guns, for Fredericton. He arrived there at 6 o'clock, and landed amid the booming of cannon, the ringing of church bells, and the cheering of the populace. A procession of the civil authorities and others was then formed, which accompanied the Prince to Government House. On Sunday he attended Divine Service at the Cathedral, which was densely crowded. The Bishop preached an excellent sermon, suitable to the occasion. On Monday, His Royal Highness held a Levee at Government House, which was largely attended. On this occasion the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Fredericton presented him with an Address.

His Royal Highness formally opened the Fredericton Park at 4 o'clock, and attended a Ball got up in honor of his visit, in the evening. He remained until nearly 3 o'clock in the morning, and danced with eight or nine ladies, three of whom belonging to St. John. On the following morning, (Tuesday) at half-past 6 o'clock, he embarked in the "Forest Queen," for this city. He reached Indian Town soon after 2 o'clock, and there received a telegram from Her Majesty, announcing the birth of a young Princess in Prussia. He landed immediately, and was heartily welcomed by the thousands assembled to receive him. A procession was then formed, composed of the City and Parish officials, the Members of the Government, and others, which accompanied the Prince over the Suspension Bridge, and through Prince, Ludlow, King, and Union Streets, to the landing at Rodney Wharf. Flags and banners were displayed all along the route, and vast numbers were gathered, who cheered His Royal Highness most lustily. On reaching the City line, the cheering was most enthusiastic, the horses were taken from the carriage, and the Prince was drawn through Carleton by the Firemen belonging to Companies Nos. 7 and 8, the excitement at the time being most intense. Along Ludlow and down King Street, the road was lined with the Militia, Fire Companies Nos. 1 to 6, the Sunday School children and others. A very handsome arch was erected in King Street, and when it was passed, the children commenced the National Anthem—the carriage remaining stationary, and the Prince sitting with his head uncovered. The crowd here cheered with an energy that is said to have been "almost wonderful." Before embarking, the Prince visited the Hon. John Robertson's Mill, and saw it in operation. He then entered the barge of the *Styx*, amid the joyous acclamations and enthusiastic demonstrations of immense crowds of people, who occupied every available spot in the neighborhood. The Royal Standard was raised at the stern of the barge, and His Royal Highness then left the shores of New Brunswick—the cannon, the bands and the people together bidding him a truly loyal farewell. He reached the *Styx* in about five minutes, and took his station on the paddle box, from whence he had a noble view of the city and harbor. There were three steamers and innumerable boats plying about, and the scene was most attractive and exciting. The cheering from all quarters was enthusiastic in the extreme At a quarter to five o'clock the *Styx* weighed anchor, and proceeded down the harbor—the batteries and Artillery Companies firing a parting salute.

His Royal Highness may see greater numbers of people elsewhere, and higher evidences of material progress, but he will *not* find in any part of the Empire more faithful subjects of the Queen, or more patriotic citizens, than in New Brunswick. As for the Prince himself, we simply repeat a phrase we have frequently heard expressed, "We are all proud of him." He has won the affectionate attachment of every one from the highest to the humblest. He merits too, our love, and we pray God to shield and bless him, and so keep him ever worthy of it.—*St. John Church Witness.*

Little Faults.

A writer thus speaks of the fatal influence of small faults on the peace of households: Homes are more often darkened by the continual recurrence of small faults than by the actual presence of any decided vice. These evils are apparently of very dissimilar magnitude; yet it is easier to grapple with one than with the other. The Eastern traveller can combine his forces, and hunt down the tiger that prowls upon his path; but he finds it scarcely possible to escape the musquitoes that infest the air he breathes, or the fleas that swarm in the sand he treads. The drunkard has been known to renounce his darling vice: the slave to dress and extravagance her besetting sin; but the waspish temper, the irritating tone, rude, dogmatic manner, and the hundred nameless negligences that spoil the beauty of association, have rarely done other than proceed till the action of disgust and gradual alienation has turned all the currents of affection from their course, leaving nothing but a barren track, over which the mere skeleton of companionship stalks alone.

THE FRIEND OF ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

NERVOUS DISORDERS.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one—drink but little wine, beer or spirits, or, far better, none; take no coffee, weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

MOTHERS AND DAUGHTERS.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous, it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE.

These feelings which so sadden us most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follow as a natural consequence a good appetite and clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

HOW TO BE STRONG.

Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may appear singular that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for a run upon the bowels, many persons supposing that they would increase relaxation This is a great mistake however, for these Pills will immediately correct the liver and stop every kind of bowel complaint. In warm climates thousands of lives have been saved by the use of this medicine, which in all cases gives tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged—health and strength following as a matter of course. The appetite too is wonderfully increased by the use of these Pills; combined with the use of solid in preference to fluid diet. Animal food is better than broths and stews. By removing acrid fermented, or other impure humors from the liver, stomach, or blood, the cause of dysentery, diarrhœa, and other bowel complaints are expelled. The result is, that the disturbance is arrested and the action of the bowels become regular. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so quickly as this fine corrective medicine.

DISORDERS OF THE KIDNEYS.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water—or whether they be affected with stone and gravel, or with aches and pains in the loins, over the region of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

FOR STOMACHS OUT OF ORDER.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills—they remove all acidity occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action,—they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spleen,—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Evil
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Sore Throats
Bilious Complaints	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on Skin	Head-ache	Secondary Symptoms
Bowel complaints	Indigestion	Tic-Doloureaux
Colics	Inflammation	Tumors
Constipation of the Bowels	Jaundice	Ulcers
Consumption	Liver complaints	Venereal Affections
Debility	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Piles	Weakness from whatever cause
Dysentery	Retention of urine	&c., &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Scrofula or King's	

Sold at the Establishments of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand (near Temple Bar), London, also at all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 2d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d, 11s., 22s., and 33s. each box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sized Box.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

May 12 1860.

M. STEVENSON,
SHEET IRON AND TIN-PLATE
WORKER,
KENT STREET,
[*Nearly opposite Dr. Johnson's Dispensary*],
CHARLOTTETOWN P. E. ISLAND.

M. S. Keeps always on hand an assortment in his line suited to the public want, of good material and workmanship. He will always attend promptly to orders, and warrant satisfaction. He respectfully solicits a share of public support. july7—1y

J. S. CARVELL,
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT
HEAD OF QUEEN'S WHARF,
(*Tremain's Building*),
CHARLOTTETOWN,.....P. E. ISLAND.

☞ Highest Cash price paid for Wool, Grain, &c. ☜
July 21. 3m

Charlottetown Royalty.
DESIRABLE RESIDENCE.

TO BE SOLD, A TWO STORIED HOUSE, together with six acres of land; the property of Captain Hancock, R. N.

The house can be seen, and particulars given by application to its occupant.

July 14, 1860. 6w

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW.

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening and reducing all inflamation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC

and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of dysentery and diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medcine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of Curtis & Perkins, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, 13 Cedar Street, N. Y.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

W. R. WATSON General Agent for the Island.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted follow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

Scrofula and Scrofulous Complaints, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Syphilis and Syphilitic Affections, Mercurial Disease, Dropsy, Neuralgia, or Tic Douloureux, Debility, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from *Impurity of the Blood*

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of these many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.

Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our American Almanac in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand Ayer's, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Sold by WILLIAM R. WATSON, Charlottetown, General Agent for Prince Edward Island. Also, by—

J. Cornish, Wood Islands	J. Hayden, Vernon River
G. L. Anderson, H. St. Peter's B.	D. Gordon, Georgetown
W. Cousins, Park Corner	P. Stephens, Orwell
E. Tombs, Rustico	R. S Findlay, Head of Orwell
W. Ling, Wheatly River Bridge	Bourke, Mt. Stewart Bridge
W. Hubbard, Tignish	M. Kilbride, Lot 11
J. Reid, Cascumpec	T. O'Conner, Lot 16
J. L. Holman, St. Andrews	J. Bearisto, Lot 18
J. Beer, Bedeque	J. J. Frazer, St Eleanors
C. A. Crosby, French River	W. S. Hunt, do.
C. W. McLennan, Summerside	F. Arsenaux, Tignish
G. Wiggenton, Crapaud	E. Robinson, Newtown
D. & P. McNutt, Malpec	D. Benton, Souris
H. Beer, Southport	W. Shaw, New Glasgow B.
G. C Garrett, Fife's Ferry	J. Pidgeon, French River
J. Mairhead, Richmond Village	R. Robinson, East River
G. McKay & Son, Grhm's Cross	D. Ramsay, Port Hill.
P. Lanegan, Irish Town	

Sept. 17, 1859.

OLIVE OIL.

FOR SALE, TWO CASKS OLIVE OIL.
JAMES DESBRISAY.
June 5th 1860.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

CRAMP & PAIN KILLER.

THE WORLD IS ASTONISHED AT THE wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer prepared by Curtis and Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of Spinal Complaints, Cramp in the Limbs and Stomach, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Chills and Fever, Burns, Sore Throat, and Gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, are on circulars in the hands of Agents.

W. R. WATSON, General Wholesale Agent for the Island, and sold by Merchants everywhere.

August 11.

ROCKLIN FULLING MILLS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD TENDER their sincere thanks to the public of Prince Edward Island, for the very liberal and constantly increasing support received for some years past. They are in a position at present to challenge British America as to facility for work; and as all Orders are executed under the Proprietors' personal inspection, perfect satisfaction as to workmanship is guaranteed.

All favors will be promptly attended to; and enlarged support is solicited and confidently anticipated.

Terms.—Fulling, 3d.; Fulling and Dyeing, 7d.; Fulling, Dyeing and full Dressing all colors, except green, 10d.; Green, 12d.; Scarlet Yarn, 2s. 3d. per lb.

For convenience, the following gentlemen will act as Local Agents:—

N. Rankin, Esq., Charlottetown. John Hyde, Esq., Murray Harbor. D. Gordon, Esq., Georgetown. D. Fraser, Esq., Belfast Cross Roads. Hector Gillis, White Sands. George Ellison, St. Eleanor's. David Johnston, White Sands. D. Rogers, Summerside. Archibald Townsend, Traveller's Rest. George McKay, Esq., New London. Roderick McIntyre, Esq., Lot 43.

R. & A. FRASER.

Rocklin Mills, Middle River, Pictou, N. S., 1860.

FOR SALE.

A VERY FINE GREY FILLEY FOR sale rising three years old, fit for a Pony Carriage, or lady's riding.—Apply at this office.

August 4, 1860. 3i

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

THESE MEDICINES HAVE NOW BEEN before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

IN MANY THOUSANDS,

of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were acquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ensuing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name.

Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries which boast of vegetable ingredients, the LIFE MEDICINES are purely and solely vegetable; and contain neither *Mercury*, nor *Antimony*, nor *Arsenic* nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened fæces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind to produce habitual Costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden Diarrhœa with its imminent dangers. This fact is well-known to all regular anatomists who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of these well-informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder; and, by this means, the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; *Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-Temper, Langour*, and *Melancholy*, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence: all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

DIARRHŒA and CHOLERA, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrance.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure *Rheumatism* permanently in three weeks, and *Gout* in half that time, by removing local inflamation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder: they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of *Gravel*.

Also *Worms*, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

Asthma and *Consumption*, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucous which even slight colds will occasion, and which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces these dreadful diseases.

Scurvy, Ulcers and *Inveterate Sores*, by the purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

Scorbutic Eruptions and *Bad Complexions*, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of *Salt Rheum*, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. *Common Colds* and *Influenza* will always be cured by one dose, or by two even in the worst cases.

PILES. As a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well-known to hundreds in this city, that the former proprietor of these valuable Medicines was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty-five years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the *Materia Medica*. He however at length tried the Medicine which is now offered to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

FEVER AND AGUE.

For this scourge of the western country these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

BILIOUS FEVERS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

General Debility, Loss of Appetite, and Diseases of Females—these medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description:—King's Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpitation of the Heart, Painter's Colic, are speedly cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla. A single trial will place them beyond the Reach of competition, in the estimation of every patient.

BE CAREFUL OF COUNTERFEITS.

Several have lately been discovered, and their nefarious authors arrested, both in the city of New York and abroad.

Buy of no one who is not an authorized agent.

Prepared by Dr W. B. Moffat, 335 Broadway, N. Y.

SOLD BY

T. DES BRISASAY, Charlotteton, General Agent; and by

James Pidgeon, New London	John Beer, Bedeque
Garrett and Hudson, do.	H Beer Southport
W. Shaw, New Glasgow Bridge	Benj. Rodgers, Cascumpec
I. J. Fraser, St. Eleanor's	John Frost, Grand River
George Wiggaton, Crapaud	P. Stephens Orwell
R. S. Holman, Summerside	Wm. Brow, Cape Traverse

July 7. 1y