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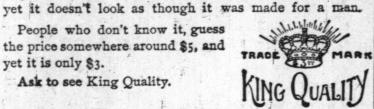


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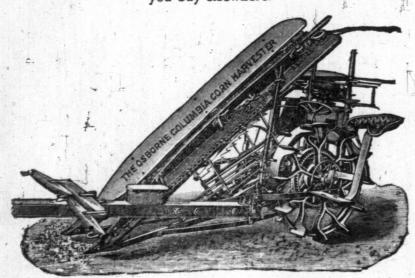


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# Geo. Stephens &

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Eddy Antiseptic Packages

If you want good reliable Seed Beans call at The Kent Mills, Mills, Blenheim.

Early Pea Beans Pure Medium Beans Improved Yellow Eye Beans

REMEMBER GOOD SEED means MORE MONEY for your Beans in the Fall.

The Kent Mills Co.,

The Race Problem in the Southera States.

Barringer Thinks the Country May Yet Have to be Left to The Colored People.

New York Sun. We have received from a gentlem Virginia a copy of a recent address by Dr. Paul B. Barringer, of the University of Virginia, before the 1ri-State medical Association of Virginia and the Carolinas Its subject is "The American Negro, His Past and Future," and it is both a learnedly scientific discussion, and in its conclusions striking to a degree which, coming from horitative source, would seem sen

sational.

Dr. Barringer begins by relating the phylogeny, or ancestral history, of the negro, and by pointing out the facts of scientific experience that long-ingrained habits in any animal, brute or human, unbroken by previous modifying influences, can only be changed permanently by a persistent process continued long enough "to establish, in place of the old, a secondary phylogeny, at least commensurate in time phylogeny, at least commensurate in time with the first." The American negro he describes to be the descendant of the West Coast African, "the very lowest of the Coast African, "the very lowest of the blacks" as known to the Egyptians so far back as 2500 B. C. or even much earlier. The negro has always been regarded as "the ideal slave, in so far as resistance is concerned," he being submissive and contented with slavery and prospering under it, while other races died under captivity. The first negro slaves who came to America. The first negro slaves who came to America in 1620 were savages "with fifty generations of unalloyed savagery behind them," while up to the time of emancipation they had only 250 years of close association with the whites as master and slave. This association with the whites as master and slave. tion during this relatively short period, however, produced changes in the race, the like of which Dr. Barringer contends, without denying

EVILS IN SLAVERY.

had never before and have never since been seen. The 4,000,000 slaves at the end of the civil war "were in htheir av-erage morality and character so far ahead of any other four millions or any other one million of that race to be found elsewhere on earth that they were not in the same class," although "our raw material was almost entirely the west coast cannibal." This improvement was due to the qualities which made this same savage appre-ciated and valued above all other slaves in ancient Egypt, Carthage and Rome, namely, the willing and cheer-ful surrender of his will to a stronger and more forceful character."

was trained "to respect, to obey ,and What has been the result of emancipation? Dr. Barringer finds that the negro, instead of continuing the ad-vancement he made under the discipline of slavery, is following a natural pline of slavery, is following a natural tendency to revert to his original bar-barism. "Even under the stimulus of a public trial of his race before the world and under the eyes of his libera-tors, he breaks down and his phylo-geny asserts i tself, with the result that there is not a State of the Union that there is not a State of the Union north, south, east or west, where the records have been published, in which the negro population does not show proportionately a greater percentage of criminals than the whites," whereas, under slavery, "one fact stands out with wonderful brightness from a picture otherwise sombre—the absence of serious crime. Under slavery rape was absolutely unknow, Under was of exceeding rarity and, beyond the petty pafering which is almost a race tribute, thievery and rob-bery were the same." The further the-race has receded from slavery the greater Dr. Barriager finds its ten-dency to relapse into savagery, and herefers to the experience of the negro refers to the expensence of the negro of Hayti and in Gaudeloupe and Martinique in confirmation of his judgment. "In every part of the South," he says, "it is the opinion of every man of unbiased mind, that the second generation is worse than the first." Moreover he is blind to the worst assets.

over he is blind to the worst aspect of this problem and shuts his eyes to the more disheartening feature of the race question who does not recognize and confess the fact that" the white and confess the fact that" the white race has "been made more crminial than it otherwise would have been by prolonged contact with this degraded race." The great problem, therefore, in the view of Dr. Barringer, is "to save the white man of the south from barbarism by reclaiming the savage to whom he is inseparably tied," and it is "a question of self-preservation." (Accordingly, "before another generation of negroes is allowed to rise, worse, as we must see, than the present, the people of the South must act." But how? First, Dr. Barringer contends, the negro must be removed

tends, the negro must be removed from politics, "not, perhaps, forever, but certainly until the proper time," secondly, "the negro must be educated along a new line the industrial, and his training, now under negro teachers in negro schools, must be put in hands of the whites, where it was when in the days of slavery his moral

condition . ( WAS SO MUCH HIGHER.

But that even thus the negro can be restrained from the tendency to lapse into slavery, Dr. Barringer seems in doubt. He recognizes that they will remain in the South, for they are gregarious, and he might have added that the necessity for their labor will keep them there at the invi-tation or under the compulsion of the

whites.

The negroes will not leave the South, but Dr. Barringer foresees that amother emigration "may solve the problem for us"—the emigration of the whites, for, he he says, such emigration is already taking place. "Since the war there has been a slow but steady emigration from the South to the North and West, and now it is the the North and West, and now it is the son of the slave owner, the collegiate graduate that is going," with the result, as Dr. Barringer, says truly, and as we know from experience here in New York, for instance, that "in his adopted home he is giving the people a taste of a competition they had not looked for." Once, "white laborers went to escape the competition of slave labor; in late days they go to escape the impending savagery of save labor; in late days they go to escape the impending savagery of the black," for Dr. Barringer solemnly declares that "unless a brake is placed on the natural ontogeny of this savage the South will be uninhabitable for the white," "the better class will leave, and the lower classes, made sav-

age by the growing savagery of their surroundings, will alone be left," "the negro will exterminate the last re-maining whites of the black belt, first by political mastery, then degenera tion and apathy and then if miscegena tion and apathy and then it miscegena-tion does ever come it will be the first time in the history of man that a Teutonic stock has so fallen." If not that, there will comer another ex-termination, bloody and horrible, "which will put an end to the negro problem because it will be the end of

This is a gloomy view, but, happily, it does not seem to be justified. The diversification of the industries now going on so rapidly will bring a new population so soon as the Southern States give up their political isolation and the social situation will be chang-ed radically. So rich a region as the South is bound to attract more and more white capital and enterprise, and under their discipling the negra will under their discipline the negro will be restrained from tendencies to sav-agery which Dr. Barringer finds in

## Township Councils.

RALEIGH COUNCIL.

The above council met on the 25th of June, with all members prese Communications.

From R. Park, I. P. S., in reference

From R. Park, I. P. S., in reference to the boundaries of Union S. S. No. 5 and S. No. 1. From Manson Campbell, in reference to the switch he had put in at Rich-ardson's crossing, in Harwich, and as Raleigh used the same he asked for \$10 towards the cost.—Referred to

From Mrs. Wm. Brown in reference to the Chinnick drain washing away her land on lot 12, Con. 6, and under-mining the board fence along same.— No action.

From L. Doyle, that he would hold the township responsible for any damages to his land caused by the construction of the Doyle ditch along his lot on the 18 and 19 side road.—Laid

From the Automatic Voting Ma chine Company, recommending the use of their make of voting machines in preference to the present system of voting by ballot.—Laid on table. James Irving presented a petition, signed by David Toll and 225 others, for the council to cut a road down to the beach at the terminus of the 12

and 13 sideroad at Lake Shore, for the purpose of hauling up gravel for road and building purposes.

E. J. Toll gave a description of the road required, and Thos. Wallace effered to build the same for \$100.

Petitions to commute the statute la-

bor of Mrs. Wm. Irwin and Thos. Clark were received and read. The report of W. G. McGeorge, on the Simpson drain bridge, was read and considered.

The following reports were submit-ted and on motion adopted, and com-missioners' fees ordered to be paid: N. H. Shepley, bridge over Gov. No. 1 drain, n hf n hf 13, Con. 10, and one at s hf s hf 13, Con. 9, Com'r fees

P. J. Doyle, repair of bridge over Chinnick drain, Com'r fees \$12. N. H. Shepley, that Michael Barrows and Albert Humphrey be allowed five years' statute labor for work commut-ed, Comm'r fees \$2.

James Clayton, that he had the township's part of the Lancaster ex-tension ditch completed at a cost of \$33, the work being estimated at \$40, fees \$4. The Reeve reported that Mrs. La-bute, who had been receiving aid from the township for several years, died on

not paid for .-Ordered paid. Coltart & Wilson submitted account for coffin for Mrs. Herrington 89, and offin for Mrs. Labute, \$12.—Referred to Reeve. Council adjourned and met as ad-

journed court of revision on the asssment rolls. After hearing all the interested par-ties the following changes were made and the court closed: The n hf e hf 162, T. R., and lot 3,

6, and the s 95 acres of 8, to be assessed at \$20 per acre.

That lots 5 and 6, Centre street, and ot 5, M. Rd. E., Buxton, be assessed to J. W. Tompkins, as owner. The assessment of n hf 4, con. 11 to the Separate school No. 6, was sustain-

E. Teskey, dog struck off.
The assessment of R. J. Morrison,

Council resumed. James Ferguson addressed the council in reference to Gov. drain No. 1, from the mouth of the Doyle drain, and claimed the same was not a sufficient outlet for the Doyle drain and

ncient outlet for the Doyle drain and asked that one be made.

Moved by Doyle and Clayton, that the grievance of Jas, Fey guson be laid over until next meeting.

Moved by Clayton and Doyle, that after considering the report of W. G. McGeorge, C. E., on the Simpson drain. bridge, the ratepayers interested request that the report be referred back

and the engineer asked to shorten the pipe recommended by him, and that each end be built up several feet with a cement concrete wall, and also the top width of grade be reduced ten feet if he deems advisable.

Moved by Irving and Crowe, that
the petition of David Toll and 225
others to build a road to the beach
at the end of the 12 and 13 sideroad

at the end of the 12 and 13 sideroad for the purpose of obtaining gravel for road and building purposes, be referred to the Reeve and Mr. Clayton to examine the site and let the contract of building the road, the cost thereof not to exceed \$100.

Moved by Irving and Crowe, that the petitions to commute the statute labor of Mrs. Wm. Quinn and Thos. Clark be entertained and referred to the Com. of division No. 2 to let and superintend and report on not later than Sept. 1st, next.

Moved by Irving and Clayton, that Jas. Calhoun be paid \$2 for one lamb killed by dogs.

dogs.

Moved by Irving and Doyle, that J. D.
Houston be paid \$12.66 for 2 sheep killed
and five worried.

Moved by Clayton and Doyle, that Wm.
Pratt be paid \$21 for 2 sheep and 3 lambs
killed and 4 worried; that Wm. Finlin be
paid \$22 for 3 sheep killed and 6 wounded,
and Jas. Irving \$18 for 3 sheep and 3 lambs
killed.

killed.

Moved by Clayton and Crowe, that in the matter of union S. S. Nc. 5 and No. 1 the clerk notify R. Park, I. P. S. that the council does not deem it advisable to proceed with the arbitration this year.

Moved by Irving and Doyle that the clerk notify T. Hickey, roadmaster M.C.Ry., to

### Smile and Suller.

That's the motto of many a woman's life. She manages the house, receives friends, entertains company, with a moan in the mouth which is stifled and a smile a mask to cover up her pain. Only



her pain. Only those who note the dark ringed eyes, the lines about the lips, the occa-sional pallor of the cheek, know the real story Such women are among the most by the use of Dr.

ierce's Favorite Prescription. To smile and not to suffer is something wonderful to them. Women suffering from female weak-ness, inflamma-tion, ulceration or the drains that so

the drains that so weaken the body, may take "Favorite Prescription" with almost absolute certainty of cure. It's sure to help. It's almost sure to heal. It has cured ninety-eight per cent. of those who gave it a fair and faithful trial.

Mrs. H. A. Alsbrook, of Austin, Lonoke Co., Ark., writes: "After five months of great suffering with female weakness I write this for the benefit of: other sufferers from the same affliction. I dectored with our family physician without any good results, so my husband urged me to try Dr. Pierce's medicines—which I did, with wenderful results. I am completely cured. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, four of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets.' Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All correspondence confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

epair the crossings through this township

Accounts Passed. Mrs. Sheff, care o. Mrs. Labute, \$7.50, Mrs. Sheff, care 6. Mrs. Labute, \$7.50, F Sheff \$1.25, Fr. Solanus \$3, F Field's bridge \$25, J Atkison bridge \$12, Jas Clayton, \$3, N H Shepley \$3, Jas Irving \$1 com. work, Jas Irving, Merlin drain \$5, N H Sheplsy, wages and milage 6 mos, \$16.10, P J Doyle \$16.80, Jas Irving \$15 40, Jas Clayton \$15, A. J. Crowe \$21.70, A Robinson 2nd quarter salary \$100, S J Harvey half year's salary \$150.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tab lets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Groves signature in each box.

WHEN YOU HEAR THE ROBIN

You may read it "May" on the calen-You may fix your heart on spring, But until you hear the robin's song, You will find it's no such thing! You will find it's no such thing!
For he's sure just when the snow flies,
And he knows spring's secrets all:
You may be quite sure 'tis May-time,
When you hear the robin call!
They'll tell you the winter's ended—
You will hear it everywhere
Just for a little sunshine

And a breath of April air. But you may be sure of one thing: As sure as that rain will fall,

It is really, truly springtime, When you hear the robin call! Agnes Lewis Mitchell.

DOVER CENTRE.

The racing craze has reached this part of the county, and contests are being held weekly and the greatest in-terests is being taken in the results. T. A. Rankin with his E. & D., is on the top of the heap, but he has half a dozen fast riders after his scalp and some exciting races may be looked for

n a few weeks. Ernest Montgomery brought out his new 98 gear E. & D., on Friday night, and it is a beauty, Albert Mills has purchased one with the same gear and 24-inch frame. He made the race in teresting for Mr. Rankin who has recently won two races, and it is altoge ther likely that the winner of the last races will have to strike a faster

races will have to strike a faster clip in some future races if he expects to remain on top.

Harry Carr has bought an 84 gear E. & D., and G. McMath, who has an idea that he can keep up with the best of them gott his 98 gear E. & D. on Saturday.

It is expected a contest for two or three prizes will take place this fall amongst riders of E. & D. wheels as there are now about twenty of these

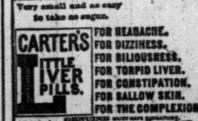
there are now about twenty of these wheels run in this vicinity.

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Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of



CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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A. M. month, in Masonic Hall,
Fifth Street, at 7.30 p. m. Visition
brethren hearetily welcomed.
J. S. TURNER, W. M.
ALEX. GREGORY, See

THE A. O. U. W.

his duty and obligation to his family require that he should observe the natural law, which prompts every liv-ing creature to take care of its own. better way of providing for those de-pendent upon him in case he should be called away by death, than to take out an application for a Beneficiary Certificate in the A. O. U. W., for \$1,000.00 or \$2,000.00.

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Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Marshall, having been appointed organist and choir-master of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, will receive pupils in singing, voice development, piano and organ Classes in sight singing and church residence, Park street, directly oposite Dr. Battisby's residence.

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r, Krause Conservatory of Musi Chatharr,

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Musical Examinations
will be conducted at Chatham Local Centre,
June 1971, Students passing same successfully
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JOHN & FRASER. EDWIN BELL, LL B. WILSON, KERR & PIKE-Barristers, Solicitors of the Supreme Court, Proctors of the Maritime Court, No-

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DOUGLAS GLASS, Manager, Chatham Branck.

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