

RUSSIAN CONSUL SHOT BY AN ALBANIAN SOLDIER

Who Was Immediately Killed by Members of the Guard.

Constantinople, April 6.—Details of the attack on M. St. Cherbina, Russian Consul at Mitrovitza, show that it was made by an Albanian soldier, a relative of whom had been killed in the fighting at Mitrovitza. The Consul, who was accompanied by a Turkish escort, was on his way to inspect the batteries which finally repulsed the Albanians, who attacked Mitrovitza, when a bullet from the powder magazine deliberately shot M. St. Cherbina in the back. The bullet traversed the spinal region and inflicted a serious wound. The entry also fired at the Consul's Kavak's (military courier), but missed him. The other soldiers of the guard then hurried up and shot the Albanian soldier, inflicting mortal wounds. The Grand Vizier yesterday called on the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople and expressed regret at the attack on M. St. Cherbina. The palace officials and the Turkish Foreign Office also conveyed their regrets to the Ambassador. Turkey Acts. Paris, April 6.—The French Foreign Office has been officially advised that the Sultan of Turkey has ordered a division of troops to the scene of the recent outbreaks of Albanians. Official advice says that the attacking party at Mitrovitza numbered two thousand men, representing the element opposing the plan of reforms which the powers jointly formulated and which Turkey accepted. The officials here consider that the Albanian opposition to the reforms created a serious complication, and they accept the Sultan's

and it is thought that they can readily be brought under the influence of the Christian religion. It is stated that the Sultan ruled with a cruelty unsurpassed in the annals of barbarism and it required the severest chastisement at the hands of the British army to curb them. Letters from British soldiers state that the ruling tribe wiped out whole tribes of Haussas and burned scores of villages whenever they were seized by a thirst for excitement. The missionaries naturally expect the quickest results from their labors among the Haussas, but look gradually to overcome the fierceness and fanaticism of the Fulani. A despatch from Rome says the Vatican is maturing an extended plan for the evangelization of the north protectorate. It is proposed to dispatch an experienced staff of missionaries to organize religious and educational work in the territory already cleared by British troops.

MANY NEW LAWS ASKED.

Annual Resolutions of Trades Congress Presented.

Toronto report.—The annual conference between representatives of the Dominion Trades Congress and trades unions generally and the members of the Ontario Government took place yesterday, when the resolutions passed at the Berlin meeting were presented and supported in brief speeches. Premier Ross received the party, in company with Hon. John Dryden, Hon. J. R. Stratton and Hon. E. R. Latchford. Mr. Robert Glocking, Secretary of the Bureau of Labor, introduced the party, which included Messrs. Harry Obermeyer, Hamilton; Joseph T. Marks, London; A. H. Kennedy, Arthur Calow, K. A. McGee, F. J. Wilson, W. A. Douglas, J. O. Donoghue, solicitor; Richard Southwell, Walter Cox, John King, J. Hudson, H. N. Allan, F. E. Beckitt, W. J. Middleton and James Wilson. Mr. Marks presented the resolution asking for a law empowering municipalities to compel street railway companies to install a system of electric trolleys through each open car for the purpose of enabling conductors to perform their duties with greater safety. In reply Mr. Stratton Mr. Marks said he presumed the intention was to apply this rule only to cars built for the future. Mr. Moore presented the resolution asking that more factory inspectors be appointed. Mr. Obermeyer protested against the retention or confiscation of drawbacks, or percentage of wages withheld on the ground that it was unfair to the Government should restrict the terms of rules formulated by employers. Mr. Wilson urged the abolition of the contract system in the manufacture of convict-made brooms or other articles. They had been led a year ago to believe that it would be provided that the products of the Central Prison be stamped with their own trade mark in every case. Mr. Stratton explained that the present contract had a couple of years to run yet, and when it expired he thought the views of the deputation could be met on this point. Resolution No. 5, presented by Mr. Moore, urged legislation prohibiting the reaping of walls and ceilings without removing the old paper, which was a menace to public health, breeding germs of every conceivable disease. Mr. Stratton, who is charged with the health department, said that something would be done in this matter.

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They Have Already Begun Investigations at the British Museum. London cable.—The Minister of the Interior has lost no time in his preparation of the British side of the Alaskan question. Immediately on the arrival of Mr. Sifton and party, Sir John Anderson, the official head of the Colonial Office, and Sir Charles Dole, the foreign and colonial offices would facilitate as much as possible Mr. Sifton's investigations. Orders were issued giving the party freedom of the archives in the British Museum. The treatment accorded investigators at the British Museum when under official aegis, is in marked contrast to the manner in which they are treated when pursuing investigations on their own account. Nothing could exceed the courtesy and kindness with which Mr. Sifton's officials were received at the Museum, the services of two of the most experienced clerks being placed at their disposal.

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Foreign Sailors Landed at Santo Domingo. Cape Haytien, Hayti, April 6.—The situation in the capital of Santo Domingo is very critical. The commander of the United States cruiser Atlanta, which has arrived at Santo Domingo from this port, yesterday landed a detachment of fifty blue-jackets to guard the United States consulate in that city. A shell fired last night by the Dominican cruiser President Vasquez, fell on the German consulate. The damage done, however, was small, as the projectile happily did not burst. A battle lasting three hours took place yesterday morning between the Government troops and the revolutionists on the banks of the River Ozama, which flows into the Caribbean Sea at Santo Domingo. A number of men were killed or wounded.

DOWIE'S LATEST IDEA.

To Go on World Tour to Acquire Fresh Vigor. Chicago, April 6.—John Alexander Dowie is going to take a trip around the world. In the current issue of the Leaves of Healing, he makes the following announcement: We believe it is for the best interest of every man, woman and child to take a long rest, to prevent any breakdown and to enable us to acquire fresh spiritual, physical and mental vigor. Before the start of his first long vacation, Dowie will lead his hosts to New York to aid in the conversion of Gotham. He will visit London and Paris. At the former city, where he has once been attacked by a mob, Dowie will hold meetings as a rebuke to his one-time enemies.

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ALBANIANS IN REVOLT ATTACKED THE TURKS.

They Were Repulsed With Great Loss After Heavy Fighting.

Constantinople, April 6.—Details of the disturbances in North Albania show the revolt which has broken out there is a very serious disturbance. Several thousand armed Albanians surrounded the town of Vucoasteu, on the Mitrovitza-Uskub Railroad, March 29, and demanded the surrender of eleven Servian gendarmes who had been enlisted in accordance with the reform plans. The Governor surrendered the Servians, who were bound and taken to Pristina, after having been maltreated. A number of the Servian inhabitants and bands of Albanians later surrounded Mitrovitza, and serious fighting ensued with the Turkish garrison, consisting of three thousand troops. The fighting continued until March 30, when the Albanians were repulsed, with great loss. Heavy reinforcements have been ordered from the vilayet of Aidin, Asia Minor, and from places, to suppress the rebellion. The Albanian rising has caused a panic among the Christians of Old

"HORSE DINNER" COST JUST \$200 A PLATE.

New York Pastor Denounces the Criminal Folly and Extravagance.

New York, April 6.—That the equine banquet at Sherry's on Saturday night, at which C. K. G. Billings was the host, eclipsed all dinner innovations is freely admitted. The frequenters of Delmonico's, the Waldorf, the Cafe Martin and every other place in town where epicures most do congregate, all agree that this was the most remarkable dinner party ever given in the metropolis. The actual use of mettlesome horses as chairs for the diners was "the limit." A new floor was laid in the big banquet room. Portable troughs were installed, mounting blocks built and covered with red velvet and rustic scenery provided. It took two scores of mechanics three days to transform the banquet hall to a rural barnyard and stable with ornate and elegant conservatory. The cost is estimated at about \$200 a cover, though the edibles and liquors did not cost more than \$15 per capita. Speaking of social extravagances of this sort, the Rev. Donald Sage Mackay predicted that the career of extravagance in living, which he said New Yorkers had been following for the last five years, will end in social and moral catastrophe. "Nowhere is the complex life of

EVANS WANTS HIS SHARE. Claims He Was Left Out in Bicycle Combine.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE DEAL. Toronto report.—A suit arising out of the formation of the Canada Cycle and Motor Company is being tried before Mr. Justice Britton in the non-jury high court. Fred S. Evans, who started the Canada Typograph Company in Windsor, which turned out the first typewriting machines in Canada, is the plaintiff. He is suing Robert M. Jaffray, editor of the Galt Reporter; Senator Cox, E. E. Ryckman, Warren Y. Soper, Senator L. Melvin Jones, Chester B. Massey, J. H. Houser, and Mrs. Susie Massey, executors and executrix of the late W. E. H. Massey. Evans claims that in 1889 he and Jaffray formulated a big scheme to buy up all the bicycle factories in Canada, they to divide equally what profits were made. Six bicycle concerns went into the combination, viz., the Welland Vale, Gould, Lozier, Massey-Harris and the E. & D. The latter bicycle was manufactured by Evans' typograph factory. The price which was agreed to be paid for the six factories was \$300,000. Then the Canada Cycle and Motor Company was formed and took over the affairs of the Evans-Jaffray combination. Jaffray was paid \$9,000 for his share, but Evans' action is to get half Jaffray's \$20,000, or a like amount from the Canada Cycle and Motor Company, if Jaffray took the \$20,000 as his own share. Mr. Evans, in his evidence said that through his efforts Senator Sanderford and William Hendrie agreed to invest \$100,000 in the new company. Mr. Jaffray then secured options on the Gendron, Welland Vale and Gould properties, while the Massey-Harris Company wanted \$500,000 cash for their bicycle business, and refused to go into the new concern. The defendants paid \$300,000 for the properties, which they afterwards sold to the Canada Cycle and Motor Company for \$2,500,000 preferred stock and \$1,000,000 common stock. Mr. Evans stated that Senator Cox objected to him as a promoter because of his connection with the Typograph Company, and that he

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NEWS IN BRIEF

CANADIAN.

Mr. Joseph Haycock's condition is still critical. In V. H. Moore, Brockville, is reported to be dying. Hon. E. J. Davis has secured an option on a small tannery at Kingston. Sergt. Hayes has tendered his resignation from the Toronto police force. The book-keepers of Rothman have shipped 400 horses to their brethren in Yorkton. The Toronto Public School Board failed to select a system of shorthand, and rejected the proposed trip to New York. The owners of Morrissey and Mitchell have signed a three years' agreement with the Crow's Nest Company, and will go back to work at once. Brakenbury Miller, injured in the railway wreck at Etobicoke, is in a very serious condition at his home in Stratford. Rev. C. C. O'Connell, pastor of the Mount Pleasant Church, London, has accepted the trusteeship of Christ Church, Vancouver. Toronto employees and plasterers have agreed on a wage schedule of 43 cents an hour and an eight hour day. Mr. Isaac C. Gilmore, who began business in Toronto in 1842, is dead. Customs duties collected at Toronto during March amounted to \$731,602, being a record, and \$165,281 more than in March, 1902. Speaking at the Herd's River anniversary in Toronto, A. J. Braco announced his judgment on the case of General Hector Macdonald. Knox College will confer the honorary degree of D. D. on Rev. Geo. Bryce and Rev. A. B. Byrd, Winnipeg; Rev. Alex. Gibney, Toronto, and Rev. A. V. Millington, Constantinople. Toronto is to have one of the largest theatres on the continent. The erection of an auditorium with a seating capacity up to the requirements of a growing city has been decided upon by A. J. Small. M. John Fortran, of the Bertone Machine Works, Toronto, is in Montreal for the purpose of completing arrangements with the Rehelein and Gaultier Navigation Company for the construction of the two new steamships which the company propose to add to their fleet. The steamship Montreal, of the R. and O. fleet, destroyed by fire at Montreal a few weeks ago, was built at the Bertone yards. BRITISH AND FOREIGN. The German estimates show increased revenues and expenditures of £123,248,036. A large number of strikes and lockouts reported from many sections of the United States. The bubonic plague has reappeared in some parts of Egypt, and cholera cases are reported at Alexandria. Soldiers fired into riotous crowds, estimated to number 15,000, at Montevideo, killing seven and wounding many. Experiments were made at London which demonstrated the practicability of telegraphing and telephoning under ground without wires. The London Chronicle has published a long warning to all-British economists of the difficulties of early years in the Northwest settlement. The Health Commissioner estimates that there were 1,500 deaths in the New York State during February in a gripple. A select committee has been appointed by the British House of

COMMONS TO CONSIDER THE QUESTION OF MUNICIPAL TRADING.

At Chicago President Roosevelt made an important address, dealing in part with the Monroe doctrine and the foreign policy of the United States.

Germany's offer to send troops into Holland to assist in maintaining order in view of railway strikes has created some uneasiness in the smaller country.

Lady Marjorie Gordon, the daughter of the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen, has announced her candidature for the Senoel Board at Methlick, Aberdeenshire.

A statement by Mr. Brodick, Secretary for War, that it is impossible to arm the volunteer artillery with modern guns has aroused the indignation of the British volunteers and the public.

In the House of Commons yesterday Prime Minister Balfour announced that the budget would be introduced on April 23rd, and the Irish Land Bill would come up on second reading the following week.

A despatch to the Neue Freie Presse from Belgrade says that owing to the making of Turkish troops on the old Serbian frontier Serbia is increasing her frontier garrisons, and is considering the question of mobilizing her reserves.

The Canadian Pacific has taken over the Lake Champlain line of its recent purchases from the Elders, Dempster Line, and will take control of the others as they arrive. The Montreal will be the first to sail, leaving on the ninth for Montreal from London by way of Avonmouth.

Regarding the British Government's bill as to the sale of adulterated butter, now before the British Commons, merchants say the export trade of Canada and Australia will benefit, inasmuch as they send dry butters, which will be largely used for adding moisture as permitted in the new bill. Irish butter will suffer.

Russia has addressed another note of admonition to Bulgaria. The communication is in the nature of a personal warning to Prince Ferdinand not to provoke Turkey. The report that the Czar has presented a battery of eight guns to the Prince of Montenegro is not credited.

While despondent from sickness Henry Heller, a New York fireman, twisted a towel around his neck and hanging himself to a hook. His 12-year-old son raised his father's feet to a window sill, whereupon Heller kicked the child in the side. While the boy lay senseless upon the floor the father struggled to death.

Queen Alexandra arrived at Copenhagen last evening from London. Her Majesty was received at the station by King Christian, the Dowager Empress of Russia, and all the members of the Danish Royal family.

THE CHURCH FOLLOWS.

Missionaries of All Creeds Going to West Africa. London, April 6.—Both the Catholic and Protestant missionary societies, which have their headquarters in London, are hastening their preparations to occupy the ground brought within the reach of the Church by the occupation of Kano and Sokoto by the British troops.

This report of British arms carries the authority of the British Government to the most northern part of the West African Protectorate and opens to evangelization a native population of 25,000,000. Ten million of these belong to the dominant caste called "Fulanis," and 15,000,000 to a subjugated and partially enslaved order called "Haussas." Both peoples are chiefly Mohammedans, but the Haussas whose conversion dates only from their subjugation at the opening of the nineteenth century, are half-hearted proselytes.

TO LEGALIZE STRIKE PICKETING

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LIABILITY OF UNIONS.

Mr. O'Donoghue, as solicitor, presented the last resolution, which suggested amendments to the law relating to trades unions.

The resolution proposed amendments providing that no trade union shall be liable for damages for any act of omission or commission under any strike or lock-out or dispute unless the union is a concerning party in the wrongful act. It was also provided that no trade union shall be enjoined from communicating with other employees or persons, or in other words, picketing, except by an unlawful act. It shall therefore be liable for any such act.

Mr. O'Donoghue urged that the present legal procedure gave the unions much annoyance from injunctions, which, he said, were granted altogether too easily, and he instanced the sheet metal workers' case as an expensive case in point, it having already hung over since September, with no prospect of trial before September 1st.

Mr. W. A. Douglas presented a resolution favoring the single tax, after which Mr. J. H. Kennedy urged the companies employed at the Agricultural College.

Premier Ross promised careful consideration of the various points presented.

AFTER THE CHARLTONS.

Bogus Estate Swindler Laying Wires for That Family. St. John, N. B., April 6.—Adam J. Charlton, of St. David street, with the aid of Chief of Police Clark, thinks he has stopped a game of fraud, being played by some persons in Boston.

About a fortnight ago, Mr. Charlton received a postcard, dated Boston, stating that a legacy of \$100,000,000 had been left the Charlton family, and if Mr. Charlton would call in person on Judge J. J. Feeley, Room 19, 99 Milk street, Boston, he would receive information regarding it. The card was signed by Mr. Fred-

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