In that year, 1893, Lord and Lady Aberdeen returned to Canada officially, Lord Aberdeen having been appointed Governer-General, which position he occupied until the latter part of 1898.

Space will not permit of any detailed reference to the leading features of Lady Aberdeen's work during the five years of her official life in that country, but the organization of the National Council of Women, and the formation of the Victorian Order of Nurses, must at least be mentioned; also the "Aberdeen Association" for providing literature to settlers in outlying parts, this having been initiated by Her Excellency during her first visit, as the result of observation when travelling in Manitoba and the North-West.

In 1899, Lady Aberdeen presided over the proceedings of the International Council of Women, held that year in London, and at the Berlin Congress in 1905 she was again unanimously elected President of the International Council of Women.

In 1906, Lady Aberdeen returned once more to Ireland in an

official capacity, Lord Aberdeen having been again appointed Viceroy, which position he at present occupies.

Among the many activities with which Lady Aberdeen has since then been associated, the most prominent is that of the Women's National Health Association of Ireland, of which she has been the President and leader from its commencement in 1907. This society has now 170 branches, and the success attending the movement in its various phases has been remarkable.

Its operations include, a vigorous and wide-spread crusade against tuberculosis; the establishment of a Pasteurised milk depot, and various other means to reduce infant mortality; the placing of trained district nurses in numerous localities; and many other kindred arrangements.

The monthly magazine, Sláinte (Health), is edited by Lady Aberdeen, who is also, and has been for many years editor of the monthly organ of the Scottish Mothers' Union, a religious and social organization in Scotland.

