

NEWS OF THE WORLD.
THE HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK IN BRIEF.

Despatches from points of Interest in different parts of the World—Domestic and Foreign events—The Dark and Sunny Side of Life.

Chicago, N. D., Jan. 31.—The entire business buildings of Aberdeen are reported destroyed by fire. Telegraph and telephone wires are down.

Moscow, Jan. 29.—Despatches from Peking confirm the rumor that General Von Waldersee will not leave China until peace has been thoroughly restored on a sound and permanent basis and the emperor is back again in Peking.

Boston, Jan. 30.—A port record for amount of cargo of coal was broken to-day when the incoming fleet of tugs, barges and schooners brought in an estimated 130,000 tons. The fleet represented a valuation of upwards of \$5,000,000.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 31.—The Coates Opera House, the principal theatre of this city, was totally destroyed by fire tonight. Walter Whitehead played Heart and Sorrow tonight and the audience was dismissed before the fire broke out. The loss will be at least \$100,000.

Lockport, N. Y., Jan. 29.—The trial of John Patterson, mulatto, of Niagara Falls, indicted for the murder of Minnie Lewis at the falls, was begun this morning in the Supreme Court, Justice Kenton presiding. The jury was secured yesterday in four hours and for the first time in this county was not placed in the custody of a constable.

Patterson called on and quarrelled with the woman, while her common law husband Joseph, was in prison here for a petty offense. As the result of the quarrel Patterson, it is alleged, shot and killed the woman.

Portland, Me., Jan. 29.—Sam Wau Kee, the Boston Chinaman under arrest for complicity in the alleged gangway of members of his race across the Canadian border into Maine, was released on bail today. The sum required was raised and he was taken to Boston. His return comes up Saturday before United States Commissioner Bradley.

New York, Jan. 30.—A meeting of the "Anti-Machine Democrats of Brooklyn" was held tonight for the purpose of perfecting an organization to compass the overthrow of Tammany Hall and the present rule of the municipal government. The organization was only partly formed and will be completed at a future meeting. It was decided that the new organization should be known as the "Anti-Machine Democrats."

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 30.—Chairman H. H. Hunnewell, of the board of directors of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham, has tendered his resignation. It will be accepted at the next meeting of the board of directors. Mr. Hunnewell is nearly 90 years old and has been chairman of the board since 1884. He is one of the best known figures among the pioneers of the railroad world.

Henrietta, I. T., Jan. 30.—Peace among the warring Creeks has apparently been reached and all that remains to be done is to give Chitto Harjo, the Chief Snake, who has caused all the trouble, a preliminary hearing and send him to Muskogee for trial for treason. The preliminary hearing of the leaders will be arrested. The troops of cavalry, under Lieut. Dixon, will probably remain here a few days until the last vestige of the war is removed.

The Indians burned signal fires last night on the hills surrounding the town, and, fearing an attack, the soldiers remained under arms till daylight, ready for instant action. But the Indians attempted no depredation.

Madrid, Jan. 29.—The session of Sibutu and Caganay de Jolo islands to the United States has been a success. The United States has been a success in sending commissioners to Europe.

Gloversville, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Train No. 34, Adirondack and Montreal express, stopped at Fort Plain about 4 o'clock this morning on account of steam valves being frozen. A flagman was sent back to guard against collision but a dairy in charge of Engineer Winne, of Albany, ran past an adverse block signal and flagman and crashed into the rear Pullman sleeper, completely demolishing it. Twelve passengers in the car were freed from instant death by the fact that they were in upper berths and were pushed upward instead of downward. L. W. Ogden, of Albany, was badly injured and Fireman Edward Chesbro, of Albany, of the dairy train, was severely hurt.

New York, Jan. 31.—Smallpox is again spreading in this city, said Assistant Superintendent Dillingham. "It is particularly severe in the district known as 'Little Italy,' from 12th street to 116th street, and from First avenue to East River. The epidemic is on in that district and the health department is doing all it can under great difficulties. This state of affairs has been kept from the health department for some time, as was discovered by accident the other day when four cases were reported to the department. Every one in the city should be vaccinated."

Kington, Ont., Jan. 31.—(Special)—There is bad feeling between the first and second classes at the royal military college. The second class was given extra drills for misconduct and in revenge, the class upset the room of the sergeant major, soaking his bed with water and filling his boots with icy liquid. The senior class took away the privilege of the second class who rebelled and took their case to the acting commandant, who upheld the first class. Several personal encounters between members of the classes followed as a result of which two second class men are confined for insubordination.

New York, Jan. 31.—Captain William A. Andrews is at Atlantic City, N. J., making preparations for a voyage across the Atlantic in a 12-foot boat, accompanied by Miss Alberta Carpenter, of Charleston, Mass., who has accepted the challenge of Howard Blackburn, of Gloucester, Mass., for a race over the ocean in small boats. Miss Carpenter has secured the services of Captain Andrews to navigate her boat, on account of his experience in such trips. He has now five voyages to his credit. The start of Miss Carpenter's boat will be made from Atlantic City, the destination being Pales on the coast of Spain. Blackburn, who will sail in a 25-foot boat, will start from Gloucester, Mass., for Lisbon. The race will be for \$100,000 a side. Captain Andrews will sail a boat of the folding type weighing less than 30 pounds.

Toronto, Jan. 31.—Wm. Loomis, K. C., formerly member of parliament for Centre Toronto, this afternoon received word from Ottawa of his appointment to the bench to fill the vacancy created by the death of Mr. Justice Rose.

Montreal, Jan. 31.—(Special)—The fate of Peskin and Posen, clothing workers, employed by H. Saxe & Sons, who have not been seen since the night of the big fire last week which started in the Saxe factory, seems to be settled by the finding of human bones in the ruins.

London, Jan. 31.—A strong German force with a month's supplies and preceded by an advance guard of Japanese, says a despatch to the Standard from Tien Tsin, has left Peking for Shan Hu. It is evident that no early withdrawal of the German forces is intended, summer cloths having been ordered for the troops."

City of Mexico, Jan. 29.—Some troops scouting laborers engaged in opening roads in the southern part of the Peninsula of Yucatan, were desperately attacked yesterday by a thousand rebel Indians who were only driven off by the employment of machine guns, which were effectively used. The engagement took place near Santa Cruz.

Boston, Jan. 30.—F. A. Merrill, of this city, who, acting for Boston parties interested in the work of Prof. L. G. Garner several days ago called upon Prof. Garner in Africa, has received reply by cable that the money has been delivered to the explorer. This evidence that Prof. Garner is alive and is prosecuting his investigations. A letter from him is expected soon.

Toronto, Jan. 29.—The Board of Trade today elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, A. B. Ames; 1st vice-president, W. E. H. Massey; 2nd vice-president, J. F. Kelly; Secretary, J. Spinks. Retiring President Kemp referred to the continued prosperity of Canada and especially to the remarkable development of the iron and steel industry in Nova Scotia.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 30.—The Times this morning says: The financial heads of the big railroads of the United States have caused to be addressed to every railroad president throughout the country a circular letter calling for a conference in New York on Feb. 15. The circular bears the signatures of J. P. Morgan, J. D. Rockefeller, and other prominent financiers. National legislation bearing directly upon the railroad interests of the country will be one of the main topics discussed. Beyond all evidence, the presidents do not know what matters may come up.

Washington, Jan. 30.—U. S. Minister Powell, Port au Prince, Hayti, has formed the department of state that the Dominican government has taken full possession of the customs and revenue of San Domingo and that it has accepted the contract with the Santo Domingo Improvement Company and named a commission to pay the foreign debt with the funds deposited by the Dominican government for that purpose. He also reports that he has been informed that the Dominican congress has voted a credit to the government for the purpose of sending commissioners to Europe.

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MOSHIER MURDER.
Valuable Evidence Adduced Tuesday.

Portland, Me., Jan. 29.—Today has been a most important one in the Moshier murder case, for a great deal of valuable evidence has been brought to light. The prosecuting officers claim to have finally located Grafman, Portland on the day of the murder. This identification, it is understood, was made by Mr. Stephen W. Nason, who claims to have met and talked with Grafman and the negro just after they had left Rice's store, where the pair were on their way to Gotham. The officers also say they have other witnesses who will testify to having seen Grafman in Portland on Saturday, Jan. 12.

Edward Kelly, of Saco, was brought to Portland late this afternoon from Saco. A man whom the officers have no doubt was Grafman, called on Kelly the day before the murder and said he was well acquainted with Kelly's brother "Doc" who is doing time at Thomaston for larceny. On this account Edward Kelly used his visitor's hospitality. When shown a photograph of Grafman which was among those placed before him, Kelly was not allowed to see Grafman this evening, but he will be given an opportunity of identifying him the first thing tomorrow morning. An overcoat which Grafman pawned in Saco on Jan. 4th was recovered by the officers today.

The coroner's jury was in session all day and the following were examined: Sheriff Peerson, Deputy Sheriff Leach and Dunn; Turnkey Grover; Joseph H. Hughes, Oliver Whitney, Peter Jollywood, Mrs. Ellen Roman, Miss Mary Roman, Richard M. Rice, Stephen W. Nason, T. A. Burke, Herman E. Phillips and Mrs. Phoebe Gagne.

The inquest will be continued tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. It is expected that the coroner at the state prison to whom Grafman is alleged to have revealed his plans for "robbing a deaf old lady" in Gorham who had lots of money" will be brought here to testify before the coroner's jury.

The officers now express great confidence in the strength of the case against Grafman and they say that they are continually securing fresh evidence.

FOR MAKING SUGAR.
An Industry Which Would Benefit Many

Beet Root Sugar making taken up in Germany and the States With Success—P. E. Island Will Start—Ontario Has a Company Organized—Prospects in N. B.

Some eight years ago the writer of the request of George Robertson, M. P., made inquiries in Germany regarding the conditions necessary for the cultivation of beet root for sugar manufacture and the possibilities offered in New Brunswick. From the information received at the time and also, since, in conversation with several eminent authorities on agriculture in Germany, it was quite apparent that beet root for sugar manufacture could be cultivated in New Brunswick with slight changes in our methods, if not quite, as advantageously as in many of the other countries of the world. At that time Mr. Robertson did not think that the people of this province were sufficiently interested in warrant bringing about the project of sugar beet growing and the manufacture of sugar.

The government of Germany has for many years fostered the beet root sugar industry by paying a bounty to the manufacturers, and the farmers were thereby encouraged to raise beets because it yielded to them a better return for their money than any other kind of agricultural crop. At the same time, experimental stations were established, and agricultural chemists devoted their attention to conditions of soil necessary, and also the best fertilizers suitable for not only increasing the yield of beets per acre but also the percentage of sugar per ton of beets.

The most important investigations were probably made at Halle, where they not only succeeded in determining the best soil, but also succeeded in increasing the percentage of sugar from 8 to 10 per cent. as high in sugar as 20 per cent. Great care was exercised in the proper preparation of the soil and selection of seed. That the sugar beet industry has been taken up in Germany is well known as that country not only manufactures all the sugar that is used at home, but exports annually millions of pounds of sugar to other countries. This is due to the fact that the manufacture of beet root sugar is as easily accomplished as that of cane sugar. Owing to the presence of other ingredients in the soil, it is not long time the manufacturer offered great technical difficulties quite unknown to the sugar cane manufacturer.

Chemists devoted years to overcome these difficulties, and it may not be said that they have practically been removed. Another drawback is the slight value of the beet root molasses which is an entirely useless substance. In cane sugar, however, the latter being easily marketable. Now, however, the beet root molasses, although not available for household purposes, is utilized. It has taken in America.

Within the past week a company known as the Kent Beet Sugar Company has been organized in Ontario with a capital of \$200,000. The amount has been subscribed by New York capitalists, and the company hopes to be in full operation within a year.

Equally good results have been obtained in P. E. I. with the sugar beet and the farmers of the Garden of the Gulf are giving the matter considerable attention. Last year Canada imported something in the vicinity of 250,000 tons of raw sugar, which would yield probably less than 225,000 tons of refined sugar. With 15 factories, each taking the product of 2,000 acres of beets, Canada could easily produce all the sugar necessary for present consumption.

The soil and climatic conditions of New Brunswick are suitable for the cultivation of sugar beet, and all that is requisite to make it a success in this province is proper agricultural methods.

TALKED ABOUT.

That everything is now ripe for the introduction of this industry is quite clear from the recent announcement of Premier Ross, who has intimated that from the results, which will be quoted, the government of Ontario is prepared to encourage the industry by giving it some assistance. During the past season 1,000 acres of beets were grown in the southwestern part of Ontario, and the crop aggregating about 15,000 tons of beets was shipped to a factory at Marine City, Michigan. These beets paid \$1 per ton duty on entering the United States. Several hundred acres of beets were also grown at Watford, in the north riding of Bruce, Ontario, and these were sent to a factory at Marine City, Michigan. At the suggestion of the agricultural department of Ontario, Prof. Shuttleworth conducted a series of experiments which has been made public. The following is the report in condensed form:

The experiments were conducted on a large number of plots at respective places near Newmarket, in York county, Aylmer in Elgin and Welland in Welland. Tests were made in September, October and November, and the beets were analyzed for analysis. The result of the tests shows that with proper cultivation sugar beets can be very successfully and profitably grown in Ontario. The following table shows the percentage of sugar and purity of the sugar beets grown under methods recommended for Ontario, and those grown by the common methods for feeding and exhibition purposes:

Factory Common Difference method, etc.

Newmarket—			
Percentage of sugar	13.1	1.8	
In juice	14.9		
Purity	85.5	79.4	4.1
Welland—			
Percentage of sugar	12.9	2.6	
In juice	14.8		
Purity	85.6	79.7	5.9
Aylmer—			
Percentage of sugar	11.5	2.5	
In juice	14.3		
Purity	85.5	78.6	6.9

In concluding his report Prof. Shuttleworth says: "It is the former class of beets and not the latter that sugar beet factories require. Such beets can be grown abundantly in Ontario by the adoption of a right method of cultivation. If the farmer would give a guarantee that they would follow the right method and that they would cultivate at least 4,000 acres in the vicinity of a proposed factory, the government would purchase a gold medal for the farmer and turn it over to the factory as a reward for his services."

"Farmers about Newmarket report that the average cost of production to be about \$28.20 per acre; those about Welland \$30.40; while the same farmers produced this year an average of 10 tons 14 1/2 tons not only manufactures all the sugar that is used at home, but exports annually millions of pounds of sugar to other countries. This is due to the fact that the manufacture of beet root sugar is as easily accomplished as that of cane sugar. Owing to the presence of other ingredients in the soil, it is not long time the manufacturer offered great technical difficulties quite unknown to the sugar cane manufacturer.

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ALWAYS SHARP SHOD WITH THE NEVERSLIP
ONE TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.
These Calks ABSOLUTELY PREVENT SLIPPING.
A Full Line of Pads.
REMOVABLE STEEL-CENTERED SELF-SHARPENING

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Head Quarters
Horse Blankets, Lap Rugs, Fur Robes, Harness, Collars.
We keep everything required for the Horse, which we offer at low prices. The large Home Furnishing Establishment in the Maritime Provinces.
H. HORTON & SON,
11 Market Square, St. John, N. B.

OBJECTS TO MRS. NATION.
Tea W. C. T. U. Discontinuance Her Insane Acts.
New York, Jan. 29.—White ribbons of New York are apparently not in sympathy with the acts of Mrs. Carrie Nation in her crusade against Kansas saloons. Dr. Phoebe Wait, an officer in the county society, said: "The W. C. T. U. relies on legislation for its progress. If Mrs. Nation comes to New York, she will have no support from our ranks."

SUCCESSFUL CHURCH YEAR.
Annual Meeting of St. Andrew's at Chatham.
Chatham, Jan. 30.—The annual meeting of St. Andrew's church, Chatham, was held on Wednesday, last week. Mr. R. Murray was chairman. The various reports were most encouraging. Rev. D. Henderson, the pastor, gave the membership at 226, of whom 21 were added during the year.
The financial affairs of the church are in a most flourishing condition. The trustees reported the best year in the history of St. Andrew's. Receipts for the year, exclusive of the \$5,000 given to the century fund, amount to \$4,381 and there was a balance on hand now of \$175. The congregation contributed to all the schemes of the church and the debt was reduced from \$5,500 to \$3,000. The pastor, who showed a steady and healthy growth in membership and sustained interest in the work of the church. The following were elected trustees for 1901: A. A. Anderson, D. P. MacLellan, George Stothart, Robert Murray, Alex. Robinson, Wm. Scott, Wm. Johnson, A. J. Loggie, A. H. Marquis, H. W. Fleiger and G. J. Nielson.
St. Andrew's church was very tastefully and impressively draped in royal crimson and crepe last Sunday with Union Jacks and an excellent portrait of the late Queen Victoria draped on the platform. The services, conducted by Rev. Mr. Henderson, the pastor, were of a memorial character, morning and evening. There will be held in St. Andrew's on Saturday at 10:30 a. m., another memorial service, at which the pastor of the church is to be assisted by a number of other clergymen.

MILLTOWN NEWS.
Much Grippe—Good Winter for Ice Dealers.
Milltown, Jan. 30.—Grippe is epidemic. Twenty-five per cent. of the cotton mill help are laid up.
Large quantities of both stove wood and birch wood are being handled to Eaton's mill. The ice dealers have not had a better winter for years. The blocks contain about 30 inches of hard blue ice.
The town buildings are heavily draped in black and purple.
Union revival services here closed last week. They were successful throughout.
Recent blizzards have been quite injurious to the trees in town, though nothing could be more beautiful than the snow coating.
Mr. B. H. Kerr is fattening about 50 hogs this winter and finds the industry profitable.
Coal and wood continue high, although wood is coming freely. Farm produce is very high. Butter is retailing at 25 cents per pound.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
The Old Reliable Remedy
For Spavins, Ringbones, Splints, etc.
Kendall's Spavin Cure is a reliable remedy for all the above ailments. It is a simple, safe, and effective treatment. It is made from natural ingredients and is guaranteed to cure all cases of spavins, ringbones, splints, and other ailments of the horse. It is sold in bottles of 25 cents and 50 cents. It is available at all drug stores and horse supply stores.

Why do you go back to the tailor who cheated you?
Why, I don't think he'd have the nerve to cheat me again.—Chicago Record.
To prevent the hands from chapping rub with Bentley's Lintiment at bedtime. Two sizes 10c. and 25c.
The Friar Question.
Manda, Jan. 30.—All the Filipino leaders of the federal party assert their continued fealty to the Catholic church, excepting Buencamino, Rorico and Neer. The church authorities, while admitting that there is no intention of returning the friars where the people object to them, have not assumed the representatives of the government to this effect. Both the legislative and the executive authorities are determined to permit the utmost freedom of worship, but Judge Tate said today that it was an undetermined question where the government ought to draw the line in localities where the presence of the friars might tend to cause unrest and disturbance. The attempt of Buencamino and his co-workers at Tondo to organize an evangelical church was participated by arrested made on the information of priests of extreme right supporters of the friar reaction. The question of the release of some of them is pending.

"CRAZY WITH PAIN!"
Ignorance of the cause lets many a poor head "go crazy" with pain, when it is but the seedling time of that dread malady—Catarrh.
And if every sufferer knew that DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER is the quickest acting, safest, surest, and most pleasant and effective cure for Catarrhal Headache, how much suffering would be spared.
This wonderful discovery in modern medicine has proved its claims to potency thousands and thousands of times in the performance of cures in deep-seated cases of chronic Catarrh which specialists have declared past curing. It relieves headache in ten minutes. 50 cents.

Thin Babies
often develop into weak, delicate, backward children; undersized, nervous, feeble, adults. Lack of nourishment is the cause.
Scott's Emulsion
is the remedy. A little of it three or four times a day will do wonders. The pinched, sad faces become round and rosy; the wasted limbs plump and firm. If your baby is not doing well, try this great food-medicine.
50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.