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One of the Mail Steamers, VICTORIA and DAVID WESTON, will leave St. John, North End, for Fredericton and intermediate landings every morning (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, and will leave Fredericton every morning (Sunday excepted) at 7.30 o'clock.

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Has been rebuilt under the supervision of the most practical government inspectors, and until further notice will, if possible, leave her wharf North End, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 10 a. m., for the above region, calling at all her landings on River and Lake, returning on alternate days at 1 p. m.

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Arrangements can be made with captain of "Hampstead" or "Clifton" for picnics.

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Steamer MAGGIE MILLER will leave Millidgeville daily except Saturday and Sunday at 7.30 and 9.30 a. m. 2, 4 and 6 p. m.

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Saturday leaves Millidgeville at 6.15 and 9.30 a. m.; 3, 5 and 7 p. m.

Returning at 5, 7 and 10.15 a. m., 3.45, 5.45 and 7.45 p. m.

Sunday at 9 and 10.30 a. m., 2.30 and 6.15 p. m. Returning at 9.45 and 11.15 a. m. and 5 and 7 p. m.

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THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (Ltd.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at $3 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JULY 16, 1901.

THE COUNTRY MARKET.

There is a general feeling among the citizens who patronize the country market that it is not kept in as neat a condition as is desirable. In addition to the occasional presence of meat of an objectionable quality, there is a general air of untidiness which should not be permitted to prevail. The first and most important reason why the most scrupulous care should be taken to keep the market clean and tidy is consideration for the public health. The second is that when visitors come to the city they should be able to carry away with them the impression that the St. John country market is one of the cleanest and best conducted they have ever seen. It is frankly admitted by the authorities that there is room for improvement. If there is not sufficiently stringent supervision, and if the expenditure of a somewhat larger sum annually is necessary to ensure such supervision and to make the market all that the citizens could reasonably desire, the expenditure would be in the public interest and therefore not likely to be adversely criticised. The matter should be looked into carefully, and such action taken as will remove causes of complaint.

THE YORK CAMPAIGN.

In an interview in the Sun this morning Rev. Dr. McLeod states that he hopes to open his campaign in York county this week and fight to a finish. He denies that he ever made a remark attributed to him that he knew no leader. He recognizes Mr. Borden as the leader of the conservative party, and the only remark he had made that could possibly be construed into a denial of leaderdship was his statement concerning prohibition and purity in elections. In regard to these he had said distinctly that he would follow his own convictions of right. Dr. McLeod insists that he is a good liberal conservative and will do his best to carry the banner of the party to victory. The Telegraph this morning announces that the liberals of York county are to meet in convention today and that Mr. Gibson, Dr. McLeod's former opponent, will be the unanimous choice of the party. The weather is rather warm for political discussion, but it is certain the campaign in York will be a lively one.

LIVERPOOL LUMBER MARKET.

Farnworth & Jardine's circular of July 1st, reports stocks of N. B. and N. S. spruce deals at Liverpool and nearby ports, not including Manchester canal, to have been on that date 16,100 standards, compared with 13,130 a year before, and 10,511 two years before. The consumption for the first six months of the year had been 33,100 standards, compared with 25,768 in the first half of 1900, and 34,824 in the like period in 1899. The circular states that the latest sales show a further decline in price and that stocks are too large and selling difficult. Birch planks were also too plentiful and have sold at "very low prices." Sales of spruce deals were reported at £6 5s. to £6 7s. 6d. per standard c. i. f.; and birch planks at £5 15s. to £6 5s.

The Timber Trades Journal of July 6th says of the situation at Liverpool: The import of spruce for the month, 10,600 standards, is just about balanced by the consumption, leaving the stock still about 16,100 standards. This quantity is far too much, but we see no signs of its reduction, and until this is accomplished it is hopeless to look for any improvement in prices. But at the same time brokers are not inclined to drop their prices at present, as there is a fair demand from outports."

The speech of Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, delivered at the Dominion Day banquet in London, is given in today's Star. It will be read with deep interest by Canadians. The London Canadian Gazette observes that the colonial secretary made no allusion to preferential trade, and expresses some surprise thereat. Surely the Gazette has not forgotten that Sir Wilfrid Laurier declared in reply to Mr. Chamberlain's last utterance on that subject that Canada desired no preference. The colonial secretary is not likely to forget the rather direct snub which Sir Wilfrid gave him at that time.

A few weeks sometimes makes an amazing difference in the outlook regarding crops. It is but a few weeks since the United States was looking forward with confidence to the greatest corn crop on record. Now that country faces the certainty of a very much shorter crop than even the pessimists of a month ago could have predicted. The shortage of course means smaller profits for the great railways and so effects the stock market.

The Maine state assessors have fixed the tax on express and telegraph companies according to the law passed at the last session of the state legislature. The total state tax on express companies this year will be $8,674.80, and on the telegraph companies, $2,854.53. The tax is levied on the gross receipts on business done wholly within the state.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Reports of Finance and Accounts and Jail Improvement Committee.

At the meeting of the finance committee of the municipal council yesterday, Couns. Baxter, Armstrong and McGoldrick were appointed to look into the matter of Magistrate Allingham's action, concerning which their had been some comment at a recent meeting.

The committee then heard Geo. A. Knodell and Michael Coll, almshouse commissioners, and S. M. Wetmore, their secretary, upon the matters adverted to in the report of Auditor Whiteside. They pointed out that in 1898 there was a deficit of $8,193.37. Since then water supply was put in at a cost of $4,500, and heating was estimated at $5,000. The commissioners then got $13,000 of bonds issued, but they had to wait nearly two years for the proceeds. The heating cost $6,145, and a carpenter's shop cost over $600. These items accounted for the overdraft, which was not increasing and which at 1st May, 1901, was $5,774.40. The revenue on the present basis of assessment was equal to the expenditure.

As to the charges about bread it was the policy of the present commissioners to give the inmates as much as they required to eat instead of doling it out as under the old system. Better clothing was provided, and reasons were given why some extra money had to be paid for domestic service.

The explanation was understood to be generally satisfactory.

The following reports were read at this afternoon's session of the municipal council:

To the Warden and Council of the Municipality of the City and County of St. John:

Gentlemen—The committee, consisting of the joint committees of the finance and accounts and county buildings, to whom was referred the further consideration of the plans for improvements in the county jail, beg leave to report as follows:

That your committee, after full consideration of the two sets of plans submitted by the architects decided to accept the plans as submitted by H. H. Mott, and, in accordance with the resolution of this council, called for tenders for the completion of the work as follows:

John Edgett, carpenter work and painting	$ 1,545
George McArthur, whole work	12,210
Sproul & Burley, mason work	7,975
Tilley & Clarke, whole work	11,266
B. Mooney & Sons, whole work	12,200
John Wilson, galvanized iron work	56
Freeze Bros., galvanized iron work	47
J. H. Doody, whole work	11,900

The committee recommend that the tender of Tilley & Clarke, being the lowest, be accepted, and that the architect be authorized to enter into a contract with them for the completion of the work.

The committee further recommend that the committee on finance and accounts be authorized to negotiate a loan to pay for the contemplated improvements in the jail.

To the Warden and Council of the Municipality of the City and County of St. John:

The committee on finance and accounts begs leave to report as follows:

They recommend the payment of the following amounts, such payment to be made out of the contingent fund, except as otherwise directed:

To commissioners of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, maintenance 12 pauper patients for quarter ending June 30	$ 85 36	
To Andrew Hunter, repairing locks registry office and court house	1 50	
To J. Verner McLellan, case for holding plans in registry office	8 50	
To Barnes & Co., record books, county court	$5 00	
Supplies secretary's office	5 25	10 25
To John B. Jones, regi. 173 marriages, 541 births and 387 deaths	$110 10	
Postages	1 65	111 75
To W. L. Ellis, M. D., examining pauper lunatics		4 00
To county treasurer, 3 months care of offices	$4 50	
Postages	50	5 00
To W. F. Roberts, M. D., coroner, holding inquests and views		47 60
To Manchester, Robertson & Allison, repairing desk, secretary's office		5 17
To county secretary, one half gas bill	$ 15	
Stamps	5 00	
One half cost cure of offices	3 50	
Telephone messags to credit	35	9 00
To New Brunswick Telephone Co., Ltd., half cost telephone, secretary's office		8 75
To G. & E. Blake, repairing pipes, registry office		5 76

The committee had before them a bill of Richard Whiteside, the late auditor, claiming 14 days' pay as auditor, from the first to the fourteenth day of May A. D. 1901, $19.

They are of opinion that there is no liability on the part of the municipality to pay this bill, as the auditor's salary is fixed at $500 per council year. This amount has already been paid. They therefore recommend that the bill be filed.

They recommend that the standing order passed by the council granting to the clerk of the circuit court for books, stationery, etc., $15; to the clerk of the county court, $8, and to the judge of the county court $10 per annum, be rescinded, and that the supplies be ordered by requisition in the usual way.

They recommend that the secretary be authorized to grant a requisition for two patent indexes for the registry offices at a cost of about $60.

They recommend that the sheriff be authorized to employ extra help during the time of the present turnkey's vacation, the expense thereof not to exceed the sum of $60.

They also recommend that the boards of assessors for the several parishes be paid the amount of their fees on filing the assessment list with the secretary and their accounts being duly audited.

A WONDERFUL COLT.

Maine Bred Youngster Went a Mile at the Rate of 2.08.

(Bangor News.)

George W. Leavitt, the Boston horseman, who has been visiting his old friends in Eastern Maine for the past few days, has been telling them about Todd, the wonderful two-year old colt, which he purchased last spring of J. M. Johnson of Calais. A few days ago Todd trotted a mile on the Readville track in 2.24 1-2, the fastest mile thus early in the season ever trotted by a youngster of similar age, and the fastest mile by any two-year old this year. The colt made easy work of the performance, and it was only at the end of the mile that his driver really asked the colt to step along. When he did, he left the two pacers in the rear and finished the last furlong in 16 seconds, or at the rate of a mile in 2.08.

On the strength of this performance, W. F. Steele offered Leavitt $10,000 for Todd, which means a profit of $6,000, for an investment of two months' standing, but Leavitt refused the offer. The colt is entered in $46,000 worth of stakes, and, barring accidents, it looks as though he should win the larger per cent of his money. And if he trains on as he did his sire, Bingen, who was also a phenomenal colt trotter, he should be worth at least five times the amount offered after he has retired from the track. All that is needed now to make Leavitt happy is to have Fanella, the dam of Todd, take a record of about 2.12, which she should be able to do with a little luck to help her along.

The Star's telephone number is 1127.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN

His Speech at the Dominion Day Banquet in London.

The Wonderful Growth of Imperial Sentiment in Recent Years.

At the Dominion Day banquet in London, Hon. Joseph Chamberlain proposed the toast of The Dominion of Canada. After referring to the marvellous results of the federation of the provinces, as shown in Canada's development, he said:—

RESPONSIBILITIES OF EMPIRE.

Federation has inspired, if I may say so, the colonies, the provinces which go to make up the dominion, with a new and wider patriotism. It has suggested—the advantages which you have derived from federation have suggested—to you the possible advantages of a still greater union in which sister nations shall be held together by common interests and common aspirations. (Cheers.) During all this time they have not been wanting sceptics who have disbelieved in what they call mere sentiment, who have thought that the chain which held us together was so frail that it would not sustain the slightest strain; and they have publicly expressed their conviction that it was absurd to think that any of our great self-governing colonies, that any part of the Empire would send a man or spend a penny for the interests of any other part with which they were not directly concerned. These sceptics have shown a great want of imagination. The libel which unwittingly they have promulgated about their fellow-subjects—that I hope now the events of the last two years have for ever silenced. I do not think the world has ever seen anything more striking, more suggestive, than the way in which all our colonies and dependencies have come together and have moved with us in the great struggle which has been forced upon us, and according to their opportunity have pressed forward to our assistance. (Cheers.) They have shown, at any rate, that they understand the meaning of the word Empire. It means privileges, great privileges; but it means responsibilities and obligations; and they have shown that they, at all events, are not unwilling to fulfil them. Here is Canada, here is our greatest colony, far removed from the sound of strife by thousands of miles, without any direct interest, and yet stirred in unison with us, because an imperial interest was endangered. "Touch us," the Empire may now say, "in any part, and the whole Empire will thrill." (Cheers.)

"SEALED IN BLOOD."

In this quarrel, which in one sense is not Canada's, only in the sense in which she is a part of the Empire, she has sent us of her best. She has also sent us soldiers, as we have been told to-night, unsurpassed in valour and efficiency to stand shoulder to shoulder beside the army of Great Britain and beside the battalions of South Africa and of Australasia. There the union of the Empire has been sealed in blood. In the words, the eloquent words of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, "No bond of union can be stronger than the bond created by common dangers faced in common." (Cheers.) When I look back on the events of the last two years I see that there is compensation even for bitter war. (Hear, hear.) I look back upon the last two years with satisfaction, because they have shown with what spontaneous eagerness our children, our brothers, across the seas move to the impulse of a common unity. (Cheers.) That is indeed a satisfactory thing, that is a step which gives us hope and confidence in the future.

"CALL US TO YOUR COUNSELS."

I do not know whether it is to stay there. I do not know whether we are always to rely upon this spontaneous energy, or whether some more complete organization may be evolved from the experience of the war. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, on another occasion, is reported to have said that if we looked forward to closer union, in which the colonies should recognise with us these common obligations as a matter almost of legal responsibility—that if we wanted their help, we must call them to our counsels.' (Loud cheers.) Well, sir, of one thing I am convinced—that in this movement, which I think is progressing, nothing could be more fatal than to be premature. (Hear, hear.) The movement is one which must come from our colonies, and must not be unduly pressed upon them by us. (Hear, hear.) But if they desire this closer connection, if they are willing to assist us, not merely with their arms but also with their counsel and their advice, I believe that there is nothing the people of this country will more readily welcome. (Cheers.) No man can foresee the future; but it is possible that in the times to come those who now help us may need our help; and if that period does arrive, unless I mistake the temper and the spirit of my countrymen, that help will be given in no grudging spirit and in no stinted measure. (Cheers.) But I am not quite certain whether the moral sympathy which we have had from Canada and the colonies has not been even more valuable to us than the material help, however important that may have been. (Hear, hear.)

"OUR HOUSEHOLD" AND "CIVILISED EUROPE."

A most distinguished statesman (Mr. Morley), a great personal friend of my own, though our political views are wide as the poles asunder, said the other day that we must look to the opinion of civilised Europe for the verdict of posterity upon our policy and our cause. I do not accept that view. I have a great respect for civilised Europe (laughter), but I do not think the opinion of civilised Europe today is likely to be the verdict of posterity (cheers); and for my part I look with much greater confidence for the verdict of posterity to the unbiassed sympathy of our great colonies—the freest people on the face of the globe (cheers), who have no selfish interest in this matter—than I do to the uninstructed prejudice or envy of foreign nations (cheers), who greedily swallow every lie that is foisted upon them by enemies abroad or traitors at home. (Cheers.) Well, sir, when we toast the Dominion of Canada we do so with feelings deeper than ever before. It is not merely now our rejoicing in your great prosperity, not merely our pride in your energy and capacity; it is a feeling of affection and of gratitude. (Cheers.) We are grateful to you for your support and for your sympathy. We are isolated (laughter)—isolated among the great nations of the world (laughter)—but as long as we have our relations—our household—around us we are not alone. (Cheers.) As one of your statesmen (Mr. Foster) has said, our isolation is "splendid" (cheers)—as long as you share it. (Laughter and cheers.)

THE CHEERS OF OUR CHILDREN.

Upon us—upon this time-worn country of ours—there still falls the heaviest burden of Empire, and our people are not unworthy. They are not less willing to bear this burden and to make the necessary sacrifices to maintain the Empire than were their ancestors to gain it. (Cheers.) But if the time should come and the sceptre of dominion should be too heavy for our hands, then we look to you, the young nations, the heirs of the future—those to whom it is given to carry on to distant ages the glory of the British flag and the pride of the British dominion (cheers)—we look to you to appreciate our position, to approve our policy, to give us your help, your assistance to enable us to meet the taunts of our enemies with the cheers of our children. (Cheers.) If you do this—and you will do it—you will give us the right to say, in the words of one of your Canadian poets:—

Laugh, little folk! for joy to think that England's sun has set.
But fame laughs louder than ye all and freedom louder yet.
Take back your spite-engendered sneer, your conscript-nurtured scorn;
Hark to the cry that comes from east outheralding the morn,
And westward of the sunset—from the race ye so revile;
From continent to continent it sounds from isle to isle!
From by the broad St. Lawrence, from beneath the Southern Cross,
We, we are England's! count with us before you count her loss!

A LOVING CUP.

Presented Yesterday Afternoon to Beverley R. Armstrong.

Yesterday afternoon the members of the St. John Bar met at the Court House and presented Beverly R. Armstrong with a silver loving cup, accompanied by an address. J. Douglas Hazen, M. P. P., presided and made the presentation. He spoke in the highest terms of Mr. Armstrong's fine record through danger and suffering, and said the city was proud of such a son.

When Beverly Armstrong came forward to receive the cup and acknowledge his thanks he was greeted with prolonged applause. When this subsided he said that it was with deep emotion he attempted to thank the members of the society for the great honor they had done him, a young man just beginning his profession among them. When he considered that the honor came from an assembly of the ablest and best men in the community, he felt that no words could express his feeling of gratitude. The gifts would always be preserved by him as emblems of the greatest honor he had ever received. When the call to arms came, he said, he had felt bound to answer. He had no one dependent upon him, no business ties, and was stirred by the examples of others before him. His father had long been connected with the militia, and had always longed for a chance at active service which never came until after his retirement. His loyalist ancestors had done far more than this for their love of England, and animated by their examples he had been proud to fight for the cause of justice and in Britain's behalf. Through it all his greatest pride had been that he represented the loyalist city of St. John. (Cheers). Continuing, he spoke of the experience he had gained in the fight, on the march and in hospital, and referred to the gracious treatment he had received while away, especially at the hands of Mr. Solomon, who had been so justly honored by our city, and who had done far more for the Canadian boys than would ever be known. When he recalled all these events and the kindness he had received since coming home, he felt that what he had experienced more than atoned for any loss that had come to him. (Applause). His greatest regret was that if another such occasion should arise he could not again go out, but assured them that if ever our country should be invaded, in which event all men would be wanted, he would be glad to do something that would merit the honor he had received. (Cheers).

Short addresses were made by Chief Justice Tuck, Att. Gen. Pugsley and Hon. C. N. Skinner.

THE COURTS.

In the circuit court yesterday afternoon, the case of Dr. John M. Smith v. Dominion Guarantee and Accident Insurance Company, was taken up. This is an action to recover a loss under a policy of accident insurance held by plaintiff for an injury sustained to one of his eyes. The defendants contend that the accident was caused by means not covered by the terms of the policy. The plaintiff's case will be resumed on Wednesday. Attorney General Pugsley for plaintiff; H. A. McKeown for defendants.

Admiralty.

The case of Sylvestus Cunningham v. the Steamer Roplingham was continued today before Judge McLeod. H. H. McLean, K. C., appeared for the plaintiff and the attorney general and Mr. Taylor, K. C., for the steamer. Two witnesses were examined, Arthur Larkin, who was at the wheel at the time of the collision, and John Doucett, who was on the lookout. The case was adjourned until 2.15 p. m.

Probate.

Letters testamentary in the estate of the late Bishop Sweeney were this morning granted to his executors, Timothy Casey and Thomas Connelley.

Mrs. Housekeeper.—That was a very small quart of peaches you sent me, and besides they were very green.

Dealer—Yes'm; I noticed they were green, so I thought I'd better not send you enough to do you any harm.—Philadelphia Press.

HOME FOR INCURABLES.

The Resignation of the Matron Will Take Effect in August.

The July meeting of the board of management of the Home for Incurables was held yesterday. Arrangements were made for the annual meeting which is to take place on Wednesday. The first important change in the staff of the home will take place August 15, when the resignation of the matron, Mrs. Eatough, will take effect. Mrs. Eatough had announced at a previous meeting her intention of retiring, and though it was suggested that she should reconsider her determination it was announced yesterday that her determination was final. The resolution was accepted with expression of regret, and a resolution was adopted setting forth the board's appreciation of the devotion and faithfulness with which Mrs. Eatough had performed the duties of a new and trying position. The internal management of the institution has not been without its difficulties and perplexities, and Mrs. Eatough stated to the board that she did not feel equal to the strain it imposed upon her strength.

There are now fifteen patients in the Home, and an order has been passed for the admission of one other.

At yesterday's meeting it was announced that Mr. Dunbrack had sent a receipted bill for plumbing and other work, amounting to over $26. He was elected to life membership.

Dr. Alward reported that a number of citizens had contributed over $80 in subscriptions from $1 to $5 for improving and beautifying the grounds, which work has been carried out under the direction of G. S. Fisher.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

OF PERSONAL INTEREST.

W. H. Thorne and Miss Thorne leave tomorrow for a trip to Europe. They will be away two or three months.

G. Wetmore Merrit, E. C. Elkin and W. H. Barnaby left for Montana yesterday on business connected with the proposed transfer of the Bear Gulch mining property.

John B. Finn, formerly of St. John, and now of Chicago, is in St. John on his wedding trip, visiting with M. A. Finn.

Mrs. A. A. Bartlett and Miss Bartlett, who have been in the city for some time, went to Rothesay yesterday to spend a few weeks.

Mrs. Everett S. Choate of Brockton, Mass., is visiting her brother, Neil J. Morrison of the Custom House.

James P. Murphy, formerly of St. John, now a dry goods merchant at Tacoma, Washington, is on a visit to this city.

Among the Canadians registered at the high commissioner's office, London, July 2nd, were E. H. Clarke and T. S. Simms, St. John; Mrs. J. L. Harris and Mrs. E. A. Record, Moncton; Mrs. W. B. Wallace, Halifax.

OFFICIAL VISIT.

The county master and officers of St. John Co. lodge paid an official visit last evening to Johnston L. O. L., No. 24. They were accompanied by Philip Palmer, D. G. M. of N. B., Hon. C. N. Skinner and Hon. H. A. McKeown. After the business of the lodge was transacted addresses were delivered by Co. Master Scott E. Morrill, Co. Sec. Wm. B. Wallace, D. G. M. Philip Palmer, Co. Chap. Geo. Jenkins, Co. Treas. Neil J. Morrison and Co. Lecturer W. H. Sulis, Hon. C. N. Skinner and Hon. H. A. McKeown.

WANTED.—A case of Headache that KUMFORT Powders will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

THE GARDEN PARTY.

The garden party held on Queen Square, Carleton, yesterday, by Rev. J. J. O'Donovan, was largely attended. The various games were well patronized and refreshments served by lady members of the congregation in the school grounds. The races were hotly contested, and one between Kiley and Wilmot was won by the former. About 7.30 o'clock, owing to the sudden rain, the grounds were vacated.

The quoit game, held in connection with the picnic by the Newman Brook and Carleton clubs, was won by the former, the score being 21 to 20. The winners were Messrs. M. and J. Hurly, Harold Olive, Chas. Connell, D. Kiley and M. Joyce. The prizes were silk umbrellas, two boxes of cigars and pair of slippers.

In the evening at St. Patrick's hall, dancing, band music and refreshments were enjoyed.

Bicyclists and athletes depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

WANTED.

WANTED—All householders to purchase their Groceries before seven o'clock, as the stores will be closed at 7 o'clock on and after July 22nd, Saturdays excepted.

WANTED AT ONCE—One Furniture Upholsterer; steady work to a good man. FRED H. DUNHAM, 408 Main Street, N. E.

WANTED—Canvassers, male or female, through the city to handle a rapid selling book on the war. Good commissions. Address "M.," Star Office.

FOR EXCHANGE.

2 Doors, 7 ft. 11 in. x 2 ft. 10 in., and 4 Docrs, 6 ft. 8 in. x 2 ft. 8 in., with hinges, for offers. Apply Doors,, Star Office, St. John.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Freehold and Leasehold Property—repayable by monthly instalments or otherwise. Apply to CHAPMAN & TILLEY, Barristers, Palmer's Building, Princess street.

Before
Going
to the
Seashore,
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