POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING TIMES-STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1923

CHAMBERLAIN'S APPOINTMENT SAID TO BE BEST UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES

Rapid; Topics of Empire Capital.

(From Our Own Correspondent)
London, August 80.—Mr. Neville
Chamberlain is to be the new Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Sir William Joynson Hicks succeeds him at the Ministry of Health with Mr. Davidson, the Chancellor of the Duchy, giving such parliamentary assistance as may be necessary to the treasury. Efforts to accommodate Mr. Mc-Kenna or Sir Robert Horne alike failed for different reasons. Mr. Chamberlain's appointment is accepted as the best possible in the circumstances, although the more longsighted with Party unity at heart would have preferred his brother. The new Chantsellor of the Exchequer has been in parliament less than five years, so that his promotion in times other than those of war is altogether noteworthy. But, apart from parliament, he has had a tremendous experience in public affairs, and there is no doubting his exceptional ability. Parllamentary savoir faire will come with experience.

A Bettish Telegraph Rate.

A British Telegraph Rate.

To Lord Blyth in his campaign for restoring the penny post may a humble but interested spectator suggest that he should join with it a campaign for a universal British penny telegram

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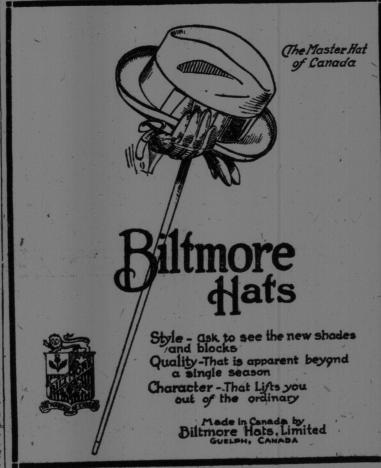
In these days when we so badly want trade, every hint or suggestion is helpful. A friend has just returned after a twelve months' commercial tour in South America. He offers what seems to be two valuable points for consideration. The first is the opportunity offered to British merchants in view of the new U. S. tariff. This, by gradually increasing the cost of living, must increase the cost of production, and is already compelling the Yankees to revise their South American prices to an extent which improves the chances of other competitors. At best the South Americans find that U. S. production seldom comes up to sample, and this and increased prices makes even conservative peoples such as the trans-Atlantic Latins open to new offers.

Commercial Representation.

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Commercial Representation.

The second point is the desirability, even necessity, of improving our commercial representation. At present British merchants are too apt to entrust their representation to casual commission agents, paying them a few pounds towards expenses and for the rest leaving them to recoup themselves out of a percentage on sales. Unfortunately these men are seldom of the right stamp. They are not, the sort of people usually made welcome at the clubs, the legations, or the presidencies In his town my friend met only four representatives whom he would class as the right kind. One was the managing director of a Manchester cotton in the substinct of the substinction of extravagance. On the the sungestion of extravagance. On the suggestion of extravagance. On the text part of extravagance on a few houndards of on, reduction of extravagance. On the text part of extravagance. On the text pump amount to £1,800 a year without any amount to £1,800 and a per without any amount to £1,800 a year without any amount to £1,800 and a few hundreds of on, reducting the individual cost to a few hundreds per annum and, w



the younger generation. But Captain Ainsworth had to be put to bed and Mr. Gray fainted, otherwise the youngsters might have been more impressed. The two M. P's however have the satisfaction of securing many votes among sporting constituents, and obviously need not fear any walking the division lobbies may entail. Mr. Gray is a solicitor who made his modest fortune while still a young man. Captain while still a young man. Captain Ainsworth is the head of a well-known Lancashire firm of dyers and bleachers. One is a Liberal and the other a Unionist, but both are Free Traders.

No New Machinery.

One of the many disturbing factors in the present industrial depression would seem to be the non-renewal of machinery. In pre-war days a big firm as a matter of sound policy would automatically set aside six to eight per cent. of its machinery costs for renewals and additions. Up to this amount out went old machines, no matter how serviceable, and in came the latest inventions. Then the reachinery was kept up to date and British manufacturers could face the most modern competitors.

A big industrialist assures me that this allocation has disappeared, and that British industry is now working almost wholly on old machines. Taxation being what it is, he says that there is simply no money available for the old machinery replacements and additions, and manufacturers are simply compelled to abandon the old sound policy although they recognise that it is equivalent to living on capital. A pertinent comment on this is contained in three half-yearly industrial company reports published yesterday. Not one of them declares a dividend. Ingenious American Manufacturers.

American manufacturers are expressing great surprise that their British rivals are not properly grateful at the recent proposals that the latter should "take over" the surplus reders which the Americans find themselves uncble to fill. In particular steel and Jocomotive manufacturers in the U. S. have accepted orders greatly in excess of their capacity to deliver, and they thought they would be conferring a favor on British manufacturers by offering to pass on the surplus. British manufacturers, however, fully realised that if they fell in with the arrangement they would be merely helping America to keep customers who ought to come to England for their goods, and they knew that these customers would ultimately have to come here. The American industrialist is now finding a new line, and is declaring that it is a "world necessity" that the British workmen should receive as ligh a wage and live as well as the American. This is hardly the warm-hearted philanthro Wireless in Crime.

Wireless in Crime.

Scotland Yard admits that it is adding a wireless motorvan to its installation, but denies that it is providing its detectives with portable wireless sets. That, however, is only a matter of time, and the discovery of a set that will be less evident than the usual plain-clothes man's boots. The van will be useful in communicating with Scotland Yard from out of the way spots where the telephone is not readily accessible, and when time may be the essence of the matter. But its great work will be in helping to regulate traffic from the air. Its value in this respect was proved at the last Derby, and the success achieved then has encouraged the organization of a permanent installation. Scotland Yard is never behindhand in calling in the aid of science. It already possesses or has at its command a laboratory equipment which a university would not despise. There are many things other than lost umbrellas behind its barred windows on the Thames embankment.

French Canadians In Louisiana Have **Fine School System**

Great Progress Marks Develop-ments of the Last Twenty

Washington, Sept. 14.-Descendants of the French Canadians, who still



Changed educational cenditions are marked, the leaflet continues, by the use of English as the teaching medium in the schools, and the reduction of one-room schools of the parish to two. Nineteen up-to-date consolidated schools now furnish 147 trained teachers for the parish enrollment of 4,460 white pupils. High school education is within reach of all these children, for six of the consolidated schools provide four years of high school while three others supply two years. Daily transportation by motor bus or horse wagonette is furnished at a cost of 10 cents each per day to 1,400 children. Very few of the children have to be transported more than six miles.

LaFayette Parish is ranked by its superintendent as holding place educationally with the leading parishes in the State. With the exception of Orleans Parish, it is the most densely populated, though it is 74.5 per cent. rural; its only incorporation with more than 2,500 people is LaFayette Parish claims the honor of being the first in the State to vote a parish-wide tax for school maintenance, first to establish

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