

Stores in the New Royal Bank Building... TANNER & GATES

Senate Reading Room... SENATE P O

Splendid Offices to Rent... TANNER & GATES

ited

n's Serge 65

labor and quality have price at which we will of selling. Two styles tunic skirts. Becoming \$5.50 to \$10.00. Satur- 5.95

styles, from tacked short or longer backs and navy only. Satur- 5.95

SATURDAY, \$2.79. from our own factories. cloths, in a good range cutaway or kimono 2.79

\$8.95. manufacturer had lots of these garments for \$15.00 and upwards. ans, in three-quarter imported blanket and 8.95

5. brown and green. or older women. Sizes 2.63

AE, \$7.45. ges in black, navy and navy, beetroot and tan, w basque effects, long sses or women. 7.45

DATS, \$1.95. nized tweeds, diagonal of the better grades. Saturday selling 1.95

DMS, 95c. ken lines from stock, including Panamas, and tweeds in gray. front lengths 37 to 41 .95

men's and rwear

ices that demand your quantities of each line. you to be here early.

re fine ribbed, all pure ers are fine ribbed all y ribbed all pure wool. \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25 and .50

a pure white wool. In- Wolf, and fine ribbed skable, high neck, long 75 to \$3.50. Saturday. 1.00

knee length with lace Regularly 75c to \$1.05. 75c

Three hundred pairs rning at just half what hone your order before

in strong white coutil, skirt, abdominal rein- thour, silk embroidery tuesday, a pair . . . 1.25

it, Saturday—600 only es 1 to 10 years. Sat- .50

phone orders taken. dren. Come early if

collar, shell embroi- to 10 years. Regularly .35

has four wide tucks. neck and cuffs. Satur- 1.25 each. Saturday. .63

or Men, dren

coat, tan Russia calf, Kay and hand-turned cloth tops; dull kid dth C. D. E. Sizes 2 .25

OR \$2.95. calf, viol kid, gun- single slip and double sh heels; patent and gularly \$4.00 to \$6.00.

calif, patent calf, tan k tanned, McKay and g, medium round and Regularly \$2.29, \$2.49, 1.99

SATURDAY, \$1.99. coat (with red, brown and tan calf leathers; ing heels; patent and d. Children's sizes 5 Regularly \$2.49 to \$3.49. 1.99

PROBS—Moderate winds, chiefly southeasterly; fine and moderately warm.

FOE'S ATTACK LOSING FIGOR SAYS FRENCH

Assaults Made by Small Bodies Show Lack of Leadership.

ALL ATTACKS REPULSED

Hostile Artillery Fire Slackens—German Batteries Hard to Locate.

(BRITISH OFFICIAL)

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The following official descriptive bulletin from Sir John French's headquarters has been issued, dated Sept. 29:

"The general war situation as viewed on the map remains practically the same as when the last despatch was sent.

"The chief task of the army is to maintain itself until the general resumption of the offensive. No ground has been lost in the fighting and some has been gained, but in every counter attack our men have regained ground wherever pressed back temporarily.

"The question of position is only a part of the battle.

"There has been considerable improvement in another important respect. The recent offensive movements by the enemy have been made by comparatively small bodies without cohesion, while some of the movements evince clear signs of inferior leadership, confirming the statement of prisoners, that great losses in officers have been suffered by the enemy.

"The hostile artillery fire has decreased in volume and deteriorated as to control of direction. This latter is probably the direct result of the activity of our aircraft. The Germans recently have been relying upon observations made from captive balloons, consequently the damage done to us by shells dropped from the air has been diminished during the last few days.

"This constant bombardment has amounted to certain areas with large craters, rendering some villages 'unhealthy,' as the soldiers term it.

"On the 25th of the month, a German aeroplane flew high over the interior of our lines and a general fusillade resulted in the killing of the pilot and the wounding of the observer. The latter, by means of the dual control of the machine, continued the flight for some miles and was then forced to descend and was captured by the French.

Left 1000 on Field.

"That night a general attack was made against the greater part of the allied position and it was renewed in the morning. The German heavy guns were everywhere repulsed with loss. Indeed, opposite one portion of our lines, where they were caught in a mass by our machine guns and howitzers firing at different ranges, it is estimated that they left one thousand killed or wounded.

"The mental attitude of our troops may be gauged from the fact that the official report next morning from one corps of which one division had borne the brunt of the fighting, ran thus, laconically:

"The night was quiet except for a certain amount of shelling both from the enemy and ourselves at 8.40 a.m. At 8.40 a.m. an attack was made on our right. At 5 a.m. there was a general attack on the right of the 1st division, but no really heavy firing. Further ineffectual efforts to drive us back were made on Saturday at 3 a.m. and in the afternoon, and the artillery fire continued all day.

In Dense Mass.

"The Germans came on in T formation, several lines shoulder to shoulder, followed almost immediately by a column in support. After a very few minutes the leading line closed up into a mob which afforded an excellent target for our fire.

"On Sunday the 27th, while German heavy guns were in action their brass bands could be heard playing hymn tunes, presumably at divine service.

"The enemy made an important advance on a part of our line at 6 p.m., and renewed it in strength at one point.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

GET A DINEEN HAT TODAY.

Last Saturday was a record for the season at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street. Will it be surpassed today is the question Mr. Dineen was asking himself yesterday. He answered himself in the affirmative and has made arrangements accordingly for additional salesmen, and a stronger and bigger display of Fall Hats than has been produced this autumn in this city.

There are a fine showing of soft hats, specially made for smart young men, they contrast with the blue and contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

are mostly in the blue with contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

are mostly in the blue with contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

are mostly in the blue with contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

are mostly in the blue with contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

are mostly in the blue with contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

are mostly in the blue with contrasting broad bands, price \$2. Christy stiff hats are shown in all the new shapes at \$2.50 and \$3. Another big shipment of nobby American soft hats low priced at \$2. Also quality American stiff hats, made from the lines of blocks of Knox and Dunlap, \$3. Silk hats on strictly fashionable lines from \$5 to \$8. Many men leave their shopping till the end of the week. For those about to buy a hat, buy at Dineen's.

LEIPZIG AGAIN BUSY OIL TANKER IS SUNK

Crew of Hapless Elsinore Landed on Island Off Ecuador.

Canadian Press Despatch. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—The Union Oil tanker Elsinore was sunk by the German cruiser Leipzig off the coast of Chile Sept. 18, and the crew landed on the Chagapagos islands, off the coast of Ecuador.

The Elsinore, which is of British registry, the American owned, was in Chilean waters north of P.O. when sunk. The news was received here today from a newspaper in a cable to the United Oil Co.

CABLE STATION DESTROYED. Canadian Press Despatch. SINGAPORE, Oct. 2.—The British cable station here, which carries the main trunk line to the East Indies, was destroyed by the German cruiser Leipzig.

The cutting of communication between Singapore and the East Indies was reported last night and it was supposed that the cable station would be destroyed. It was not until this morning that the cable station was reported destroyed.

Four Fanning Islands are British territory.

BRITAIN TO CURTAIL LIST OF CONTRABAND

Proclamation to Be Revised, Statement Made on High Authority.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 2, 9 p.m.—Further communications were exchanged today in London by the British and American Governments with regard to questions concerning contraband.

It can be stated on high authority that the British Government is contemplating revision of its proclamation relating to contraband. Such goods as foodstuffs consigned to Holland in neutral ships are to be unmolesed of course, since Holland has placed an embargo on the exportation of foodstuffs, and other changes will doubtless be announced very soon in the lists of contraband.

SEVENTY-FIVE MILLIONS IN GOVERNMENT BILLS

Bank of England Will Receive Tenders on Wednesday Next.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 2, 7.55 p.m.—Tenders will be received by the Bank of England on Wednesday next for treasury bills to the amount of \$75,000,000, in amounts of \$500,000 and \$10,000. The bills will be dated October 10, and will be payable in six months.

JAP WARSHIPS FIRE TSINGTAU

SHELLS WRECK TOWN IN TAHITI

German Barracks Wrecked, Fire is Raging, and Bomb From Aeroplane Hit Magazine.

German Cruisers Also Sunk, Dismantled French Gunboat Lying in the Harbor.

Canadian Press Despatch. TOKIO, Oct. 2.—The Japanese continue to take an active part in the action against Tsingtau, according to the following official statement given out by the war office:

"A flotilla of Japanese destroyers has wrecked the German barracks at Tsingtau and fire is reported to be raging within the fortifications. The Japanese fleet continues to bombard the fortress, which is also being shelled by British and Japanese batteries from the land side. A small magazine was blown up last night by a bomb dropped from a Japanese hydro-aeroplane.

The Japanese have landed a large force of troops at Laoshan and captured eight German guns.

U.S. IS SENDING VESSEL FOR DYE STUFF CARGO

Canadian Press Despatch. WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Private interests have chartered the American steamship Matanzas for a trip to Rotterdam to bring back a cargo of dye-stuffs and other chemicals, the lack of which since the outbreak of the European war has threatened to close many American textile factories. The Matanzas will sail from New York next Wednesday, Oct. 7.

TWO BRITISH AVIATORS MISSING IN NORTH SEA

Canadian Press Despatch. KIRKWALL, Scotland, via London, Oct. 3, 1.45 a.m.—Two aviators, Lieuts. Vernon and Ash, belonging to the Royal Flying Corps, went for a short flight in a hydroplane on the North Sea Tuesday afternoon. They have not been seen since and it is feared that both have perished.

SIR CLAUDE MALLET MINISTER TO PANAMA

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 2, 7 p.m.—Sir Claude Coventry Mallet was today appointed minister to Panama and Costa Rica. He has performed similar services in the two countries since 1908, but until now with the status of minister resident and consul-general.

CRACK GUARDS DISPERSED BY TURCO CHARGE

Kaiser's Imperials Mowed Down and Routed by Fierce Africans.

LURED ON TO DISASTER

Lines Shattered by Unexpected Volleys and Bayonets Did the Rest.

Canadian Press Despatch. PARIS, Oct. 2.—From complete details received here of the fighting near Verdun it seems that it was an African battalion that recently checked an attack of the German Imperial Guard. A survivor of the battle who has arrived in Paris today tells the following story of the fight:

"The sun was just rising when our outposts came back on our main force and informed us that the Imperial Guard was coming. Soon after we could see pointed helmets glistening in the sun, rapidly advancing.

"Deceived by our silence the guard came on even to the barbed defences and commenced cutting them before our trumpets sounded an order for volley firing. The first line of the enemy seemed just to melt away under our fire. The second line appeared to be shaken for an instant, but on they came.

Lines Mowed Away.

"We could plainly see the officers in the lead waving their swords and encouraging their men to the assault. Another volley and the second line thinned out, but a third line came on and the mass crossed the line of wire defences.

"When 'charge' was sounded we rushed forward to meet them. Then our boys commenced to fall, but our impetus was too much for the aristocratic guard, which was mowed down and dispersed.

"Of one regiment only a single company remained. It was led by a tall lieutenant with a boy's face. He wore a revolver in his hand.

This company stood to the last man and that last man was the lieutenant. He refused to surrender and stood his ground alone until the bayonets of the Zouaves brought him down."

LOSS THIRTY THOUSAND

Battle Now in Progress at King Albert Personally in Cracow Will Decide Issue.

(RUSSIAN OFFICIAL)

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 2.—The war office announced today that following the assault of the Germans at Osowitz, in the Polish Province of Suwalki, the Kaiser's forces have been driven back with great slaughter. The principal German forces are said to be strongly entrenched in the vicinity of Pitrowok and Kielce, in the region west of the Simno. Violent conflicts are in progress. Many of the German troops participating in the series of actions which led to their retreat came from France. This is established by the capture of numerous prisoners.

Following the fall of Tarnow on Wednesday the Russians pushed forward and crossed the Nida River in (Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

GERMAN WITHDRAWAL STARTS ALL ATTACKS ARE REPULSED VICTORY FOR ALLIES IS SURE

"MAKE ME A CEMETERY" ORDER WAS EXECUTED

Big French Field Pieces Cause Terrible Execution and Have Been Named "Black Butchers."

Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—"Black butchers" is the name applied to the big French field pieces by the armies of the republic. They are doing terrible execution in the German ranks, and have come to occupy a high place in the affections of the allied troops.

A story is recounted of one incident in the Aisne fighting where the big guns wrought wholesale havoc. The French guns were posted on a hill top, but out of sight of a German detachment of 500 men, which filed into the valley below. After carefully getting the range the officer in command said: "Make me a cemetery down there!"

The command was instantly executed and frightful shambles created. The surviving Germans were picked off by expert riflemen.

ENTIRE ROUT OF GERMANS IN SUWALKI

Russian Victory Officially Declared to Be of Sweeping Character.

LOSS THIRTY THOUSAND

Battle Now in Progress at King Albert Personally in Cracow Will Decide Issue.

(RUSSIAN OFFICIAL)

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 2.—The war office announced today that following the assault of the Germans at Osowitz, in the Polish Province of Suwalki, the Kaiser's forces have been driven back with great slaughter. The principal German forces are said to be strongly entrenched in the vicinity of Pitrowok and Kielce, in the region west of the Simno. Violent conflicts are in progress. Many of the German troops participating in the series of actions which led to their retreat came from France. This is established by the capture of numerous prisoners.

Following the fall of Tarnow on Wednesday the Russians pushed forward and crossed the Nida River in (Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

GERMAN WITHDRAWAL STARTS ALL ATTACKS ARE REPULSED VICTORY FOR ALLIES IS SURE

Furious Onslaughts made in Final Effort to Break the Allies' Lines Were Unsuccessful—Germans Are Leaving Brussels and Have Gone From Luxemburg to Mainz—Attacks on Antwerp and Termonde Repulsed and Belgian Counter-Attacks Continue—"No Enemy on Left Bank of Meuse," is Official Paris Report—Total Destruction Awaits Germans Unless Retreat is Ordered.

Canadian Press Despatch. ON THE BATTLEFRONT, Oct. 2.—(Via Paris, 9.31 p.m.)—A thrill was in the air along the extended allied lines today. The French and British troops, who have been over a fortnight in the closest contact with the Germans, felt that they had accomplished their hard task of preventing the Germans breaking thru the human barrier erected between them and their main objective, Paris, and that this meant eventual victory for the allies.

The lines of the trenches make the battlefield appear like deeply scarred fields. The allies, who quickly learned the lesson in burrowing, at some places face the Germans within a quarter of a mile. Their field entrenchments offer admirable shelter from the effects of the German artillery, which consequently reduces their casualties and permits the allies to await in comparative safety the German attacks, which must be made across the open, and often at terrible cost.

FURY OF ATTACKS UNABATED.

The fury of the German onslaughts was unabated today, especially on the western wing, but their every effort was met with vigor by the allies, who seemed to vie with each other in throwing all their strength and courage against the attackers.

The scene of the most violent attacks changes day by day. The Germans, finding it impossible to penetrate the allied lines in the vicinity of Rheims and Soissons, quickly transported many of their divisions farther northwest, and today hurled them against Roye. Again they failed, although tonight they had not ceased their efforts to batter down the resistance.

The allies' great turning movement continued today, and their western wing extended toward Arras. Reports from the other end of the line on the frontier show the progress of the allies to be slow but sure. Hundreds of German prisoners fell into the hands of the allies at every point, and it was remarked that among them the majority were Bavarians, who seem to have been prominent in the front of the German attack.

SUMMARY EXECUTION OF SPIES.

Spies are so numerous along the front that orders have been issued, stating that any German in civilian dress encountered will be considered a spy, and those furnishing him with clothes will be regarded as accomplices. Germans who do not surrender on the first summons to do so will be executed. The order says that any group of more than three armed Germans found behind the allies' lines will be considered as ghouls and shot, while every person found committing robberies on the battlefields, whether civilian or soldier, will be court-martialed.

ALLIES GAIN NORTH OF SOMME.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—(11.05 p.m.)—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"FIRST—On our left wing one of our detachments, which came out of Arras, a fortified town, and capital of the Department of Pas-de-Calais, has fallen back a little towards the east and north of that city.

"North of the Somme we have made progress in front of Albert. Between Roye and Lessigny the enemy has directed violent attacks, which have broken against our resistance.

"SECOND—Quiet prevails along the rest of the front. It is reported that in the neighborhood of St. Mihiel, Department of Meuse, 20 miles southeast of Verdun, there remains no enemy on the left bank of the Meuse."

AEROPLANE SCOUTS PREVENT SURPRISE.

BORDEAUX, Oct. 2.—(4.10 p.m.)—The concentration of Germans in great strength at Roye, as mentioned in the war office's statement issued this afternoon, is explained here by the ease with which the commanding generals discover the dispositions of the enemy thru aeroplane scouts. A very important factor in the winning of battles is surprise. The aviators in the present war have made this factor a negligible one.

For this reason the battle of the Aisne is continuing for an unprecedented length of time. The public not familiar with all the strategy is inclined to be impatient of fighting without an end, but those who know declare themselves perfectly satisfied with the progress being made by the French armies.

BOTH SIDES REINFORCED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—(11.05 p.m.)—The concentration of Germans in great strength at Roye, as mentioned in the war office's statement issued this afternoon, is explained here by the ease with which the commanding generals discover the dispositions of the enemy thru aeroplane scouts. A very important factor in the winning of battles is surprise. The aviators in the present war have made this factor a negligible one.

For this reason the battle of the Aisne is continuing for an unprecedented length of time. The public not familiar with all the strategy is inclined to be impatient of fighting without an end, but those who know declare themselves perfectly satisfied with the progress being made by the French armies.

BOTH SIDES REINFORCED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—(11.05 p.m.)—The concentration of Germans in great strength at Roye, as mentioned in the war office's statement issued this afternoon, is explained here by the ease with which the commanding generals discover the dispositions of the enemy thru aeroplane scouts. A very important factor in the winning of battles is surprise. The aviators in the present war have made this factor a negligible one.

For this reason the battle of the Aisne is continuing for an unprecedented length of time. The public not familiar with all the strategy is inclined to be impatient of fighting without an end, but those who know declare themselves perfectly satisfied with the progress being made by the French armies.

BOTH SIDES REINFORCED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—(11.05 p.m.)—The concentration of Germans in great strength at Roye, as mentioned in the war office's statement issued this afternoon, is explained here by the ease with which the commanding generals discover the dispositions of the enemy thru aeroplane scouts. A very important factor in the winning of battles is surprise. The aviators in the present war have made this factor a negligible one.

For this reason the battle of the Aisne is continuing for an unprecedented length of time. The public not familiar with all the strategy is inclined to be impatient of fighting without an end, but those who know declare themselves perfectly satisfied with the progress being made by the French armies.

BOTH SIDES REINFORCED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—(11.05 p.m.)—The concentration of Germans in great strength at Roye, as mentioned in the war office's statement issued this afternoon, is explained here by the ease with which the commanding generals discover the dispositions of the enemy thru aeroplane scouts. A very important factor in the winning of battles is surprise. The aviators in the present war have made this factor a negligible one.

TRANSFER SEAT OF GOVERNMENT

Austrian Ministers Select Prague as Temporary Capital Thru Fear of Russian Attack.

Canadian Press Despatch. VIENNA, Oct. 2.—Despatches from Vienna, via Rome, state that the Austrian emperor and his cabinet are debating the removal of the government to Prague, in view of a possible siege of Vienna by the Russians. For the past month a large number of laborers have been throwing up defences in every direction and the city is believed to be almost impregnable. But the government will not risk capture and has chosen Prague as its new location.

Prague is about mid-way between Vienna and Berlin on the north bank of the River Moldau. It is fortified

Steady Progress is Reported From All Points on the Allies' Lines.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 2.—The latest news from the battlefield is entirely satisfactory. There has been steady progress on the left, together with news from the Woevre that is distinctly cheering. The German offensive in this quarter has been effectively countered. The French troops are operating with success in the region southeast of St. Mihiel, where they have advanced as far as the Rupt de Mad, which flows north-easterly across the Woevre, joining the Moselle between Pont-a-Mousson and Metz. The possession of this line by the French will greatly increase the difficulties of the Germans. Guerrilla warfare in the region of Upper Alsace still continues.

It is reported today that the 109th Baden Regiment has been completely annihilated, having been surrounded by French troops during a fog in the region between Altkirch and Waldig-hoven.

"Lady Luxury" Goes to New York. The delightful musical comedy, "Lady Luxury," which concludes its local engagement with a matinee this afternoon and evening performance at 8 p.m. at the Princess, will be in Montreal next week and from there go to New York for an extended run.

ROME, Oct. 2.—(Via Paris, Oct. 3, 1 a.m.)—A great impression has been produced by a report circulating in diplomatic circles here to the effect that the Austrian Government, in view of the present situation, is urging Emperor Francis Joseph to transfer the court and seat of government to either Prague or Salzburg. It is asserted that the emperor dislikes the project because of the effect which would be produced through the empire.

Prague is better adapted for a provisional capital, but it is objected to it, said, because of the hostility of the Bohemians. At Salzburg the emperor would have a magnificent castle as a residence, but there would be poor accommodations for the government officers.

PRZEMYSL BELEAGUERED.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 2, 1.26 a.m.—Reuters' Rome cor. resp. dant says that news received in the Italian capital from the Russian headquarters is to the effect that Przemysl, Galicia, has been attacked by the Russians on all sides. Two of the forts, it is stated, already have been taken, and from these the Russians have been able to silence several Austrian batteries.