

ardizes it, and may, as in this instance, prevent the adoption of any measure whatever. In making such a change of policy as was attempted in this bill it was greatly desirable to make the dislocation felt as little as may be, and, above all, to be careful that the bill does not damage those whom it purposes to protect."

#### Sunday Work in Montreal and Elsewhere.

A correspondent writes as follows:

"The writer took a tour last Sunday evening on St. Catherine street to see whether the drug stores were doing anything in the way of legitimate business. It really seemed that keeping wide open with all the gas or electric light at full blast seemed rather ridiculous. For in not one single store were any customers observed. In one place the clerk was fooling with some chums who had evidently dropped in to relieve the monotony of his lonely vigil. It was rather pitiable to see cigar shops with clerks behind the counter, and big fruit and ginger-beer shops, with drug stores following suit, all flaringly open on a quiet Sabbath evening when people were leaving the evening services in the different churches. I am not a puritan, by any means, but I am an ardent advocate of one day's rest a week, and I believe it is for the good of mankind that none shall be called upon to work on Sunday. Speaking from experience I may say it is not from necessity that some druggists keep open all day on Sunday. Neither is it because they like to make their clerks work when other men rest from labor, but because they have not resolution enough to keep closed when the next drug store is open. Why should druggists make their occupation harder than it need to be?"

The question raised by our correspondent is one that has frequently occurred to us, and the matter has more than once received attention in these columns.

Leaving aside the question of the religious standpoint, which to the thoughtful mind should always be foremost, we have no hesitation in denouncing the foolish and ill-judged policy of those who deny themselves and their clerks that day of rest which nature demands and the law exacts. And why? Principally as our correspondent puts it, "they have not resolution enough to keep closed when the next drugstore is open." Want of back-bone, jealousy of their neighbors, and in some cases, perhaps, a good number of them,

desire to grasp a few shekels at the expense of health and the sacrifice of family comfort or outdoor relaxation, are the great hindrances which prevent the druggist and drug-clerk from having at least a portion of one day in the week, to themselves.

Montreal is not the only place where this state of things exists, and it but requires a determined effort on the part of individual druggists, as well as of local organizations, to in some measure at least correct this growing evil.

#### Injunction and Damages Granted Against The Lyman Woodward Co. In Favor of The Woodward Medicine Co., Limited, and Celery King.

Since judgment in this case, which is of great importance to the patent medicine concerns, was reserved by Judge Armour in the High Court in March last, there has been a good deal of comment as to what the outcome would be. The case summed up is as follows:

Lyman Woodward in July last sold his rights and titles to the preparation Celery King and also the name to the present Woodward Medicine Company, Limited, comprising Francis U. Kahle, president; H. V. Kahle, vice-president, and Chas. L. Gould, secretary and treasurer.

When the sale was made Lyman Woodward agreed not to enter in a business of same nature, but about four months afterwards he placed a preparation known as Laxa Cara on the market which the plaintiffs claimed was in direct opposition to Celery King, and also using the name The Lyman Woodward Company conflicting with the Woodward Medicine Company, Limited.

Judge Armour this morning gave his decision on the case, granting an injunction against The Lyman Woodward Company and \$500 damages and costs in the case.

The Woodward Medicine Company were represented by Wallace Nesbitt, W. R. Riddell, and R. McKay, of Beatty, Blackstock & Co., and Lyman Woodward Company by B. B. Osler, Q.C., and T. Faulds.

"Why don't you look in the mirror?" asked the gallant drug clerk, and she was so flustered that he managed to sell her four different things that she did not want before she knew what she was doing.—*Chicago Post*.

#### News Jottings.

The first National Pharmaceutical Conference will be held in Christiania, Norway, from August 31st to September 2nd, inclusive.

At the Pharmaceutical Examinations held in Norway during the past year, 18 male and 1 female candidates passed the apothecary's examination, and 29 male and 5 female candidates the pharmaceutical examination.

The Transvaal Pharmaceutical Society has, through a specially appointed committee, prepared a new law relating to pharmacy in the Transvaal. Amongst other recommendations is one that a board of examiners be appointed, which is to be composed of five members, four of which are to be appointed by the society and one by the government.

The Phenylo-Caffein Co., of Worcester, Mass., has for the second time caused the introduction into the Massachusetts Legislature of a bill prohibiting the sale of a trade-marked article at less than its label price, when such price is made a condition of sale by the manufacturer. The bill provides for a penalty for any infringements. The bill is certainly in the right direction and we would be pleased to hear of its being made law.

At the recent elections for Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain the following were elected: M. Carteighe, Rymer J. Young, J. F. Harrington, C. J. Park, John Harrison, W. S. Glyn-Jones, Alfred Southall. The only change in the *personnel* of the present council with that of the former one being the election of Mr. W. S. Glyn-Jones, the organizer of the P.A.P.A., and the defeat of Mr. Alex. Bottle. The following gentlemen will constitute the council for the ensuing year: C. B. Allen, S. R. Atkins, T. Bateson, M. Carteighe, O. Corder, W. Gowen Cross, W. S. Glyn-Jones, N. M. Grose, J. F. Harrington, John Harrison, Walter Hills, J. Johnston, Wm. Martindale, G. T. W. Newsholme, C. J. Park, A. L. Savory, A. Southall, D. Storrar, Chas. Symes, Wm. Warren, and J. R. Young.

#### The Writer Strained a Point.

A rather curious incident transpired in a case tried in the circuit court of Montreal recently, where an advertisement writer sued a proprietary medicine manu-