upperend of the radius on the side oi the ulna was made fairly good. she only came to see me once or twice after this, when she again left for the country. I heard, howerer, that she kept using her arm constantly, and that she had not allowed the pats to grow stifi, as she had done on the former occasion.

Recently she returned to the city, and is attending school again. I looked her up yesterday with a view of presenting her to this Society, and found that tlevion and extension had been kept nearly if not quite as good as when $I$ last saw her in October: but I think the movements of rotation in the fabe radia-ulnar joint are not on free as then. It will be seen, however, that it has about two-thirds the range of motion of the natural joint. and both the patient and her mother express great satisfaction with the result, as her right arm has been rendered much more serviceable than previous to the operation.

Remarks.-I think tre above case worthy of being recorded, both on account of the extreme rarity of the injury, and beause of the fair amount of success which attended the operation for its, relief. (On looking over the authorities on surgery, I can find no instance mentioned similar to it ; and in dealing with the treatment I had to rely wholly upon my own judgment.

The nature of the primary injury must have been, I suppose, a severe bruise of the perionteum of the head of the radius, and probably ako of the ulna, which led to the throwing out of a good deal of callu, and to their subsequent bony union. It seems rather remarkable that such a severe injury as this was, should not have caused a more considerable anchylosis of the ellow-joint proper, seeing that the bone, were unted in their whole thicknese right up to the articulating surface of that joint.

In operating I decided to remove entirely the part of the radius involved in the anchylosis, because it appeared to me unwise to risk the chance of re-union of the broad, fresh bony surfaces which were left after sawing the bones apart. I believe that no amount of passive motion could have prevented this taking place. As it was, unusual difficulty was experienced in persuading the patient to submit to the few manipulations which I made after the operation, and I am quite certain that
she would never have allowed anything like the amount of meddling that would have been required to give any prospect of a new joint bemg formed at the end of the bones.

## A CASl: WITH CHRONIC EVE SMMPOMS, FOI.IOWEI) BX ACUTE HEAD SVMP. TOMS, MIDDLE EAR HISEASE, MENLNGITIS, DEATH.

BY MIIRED J. HOR-EI, N.W., V.R.C.S. FNG., I.R.C.P. II.,
surgeon to (onmty of Carieton Hapital. (Itana, (Int.
Herbert P-. aged four years, well-grown and intelligent, father healthy, mother delicate, fumily history undetermined: was brought to me by his mother, on september 12 th, $\mathrm{r} \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{y}}$, on acrount of great intolerance of light and its usual accompaniments, pain and lachrymation, which had evisted for the past sis months, notwithstanding he had been under the care of tho medieal men. General anesthesia was induced by chloroform, and the eyes thoroughly inspected, but nothing noteworthy could be seen.

There were no comeal uleces nor phlyetenule. Eserine sulph., gr. ${ }^{1}$ s. al. $\overline{\mathrm{B}} . \mathrm{n}$, gtt. ii. t.i.d., was prescribed to be dropped into each eye after usim: a lotion of cold boracie acid.
()l. morrhue, $\mathbf{3 j}$., after meals was also ordered, which treatment was followed by considerable relief when he was seen by me three days atter. 'ithe treatment was continued for three days more, when she returned: this time carrying the child, who wa unable to walk as he had done on previous visits.

At my request he was put down on his feet and held by the left arm, but could not maintain his balance, and would have fallen to the right had he not been held up. He had complained the das before that the top of his head was coming off, and that he was falling.

He had rested only intermittingly for two or three nights and taken little food. His eje, were examined by the aid of rocaine locally. His head was firmly held between my knees (as he resisted considerably), while he lay on his mother's lap, though nothing morbid was observed. The pupils

