

The *solidus* was originally called the *aureus*. It had different values at different periods. From the time of Constantine there were 72 (OB) coined to the pound of gold. The *semissis* and *tremissis* were coins respectively $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ of the *solidus*. Northcote, "Roman Catacombs," p. 28, notices this inscription, and remarks, "A *solidus* and a half the price paid for a single [?] grave was a sum equivalent to about eighteen shillings [sterling] of our own coin."

(c) *Locus *donatus* :— 78.

HIC REQUIESCIT IN PACE AMEN
 . . . SQVI FECIT · CVM OXVRE ANN . . . dep
 in LOCVM QVEM DONAVIT DOMINVS PAPA
 HORMISDA POSSEDATVR LOCS EVM NE QVIS
 MREMOBAT DEFVNCTVS EST N̄ON NOVEMBRIS
 FL· SYMMACO ET VOETIO VV CC.

(In *S. Martini in montibus*; De Rossi, n. 980.)

Hic requiescit in pace Amen ————— s, qui fecit cum oxure (uxore) annos ——— [Depositus] in locum (loco) quem donavit Dominus Papa Hormisda. Possedatur (possideatur) locus; eum ne quis unquam remobat (removeat). Defunctus est, Nonas (Nonis) Novembris (Novembres, Novembribus), Flavio Symmaco (Symmacho) et Voetio (Boetio), Viris Clarissimis.

"Here rests in peace Amen ————— s who passed with his wife ——— years. Buried in the place which the Lord Bishop Hormisda gave (to him). Let the place be held in possession; let no one ever remove it (or him). He died on the Nones of November, in the Consulship of Flavius Symmachus and Boetius, most distinguished men," i. e. November 5th, 522 A. D.

(d) *Locus bisomus* :— 79.

PETRONIVS IN PACE XVII· KALENDas
 NIS QVI VIXIT ANNVS LXVI· CONSVLATv olybrio et
 PROBINO VV CC· HIC REQUIESCIT IN Pace . . . quæ
 SEBIBA FECIT BISOMVS VACAT.

Petronius in pace, XVII Calendas ————— nis qui vixit annus (annos) LXVI, Consulatu Olybrio (Olybrii) et Probino (Probini) Viris Clarissimis (Virorum Clarissimorum). *Hic requiescit in pace* ——— quæ se biba (se viva) fecit. *Bisomus vacat.*

* For locus concessus see Epitaph 67.