

By Electric Telegraph SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

Eastern States.

New York, May 11—Robert J. Walker states that Russian America was offered to the United States during Polk's administration for nothing, and refused.

New York, May 11—A grand Ocean Sweepstakes Race, owners to go in their own boats, has been arranged to come off on the 11th July. The course will be from Sandy Hook Lighthouse to Cape May and back; the prize a silver tea service. Entrance, fifty dollars. Ten yachts have entered, among which are the Fleetwing, Dauntless and Bennett's.

South America.

There is a report that Brazil and Spain have formed an alliance against Peru and Chile, which has created uneasiness.

The revolution in Southern Peru has been squelched.

Advices from Bogota say that Mosquera has withdrawn the exequatur of the British Consul at Carthagena, and the English Minister has expressed regret thereat.

Lima (Peru) dates to April 22d have been received. There is a report that the cholera is disappearing from Grenada.

The War on the Plains.

SALT LAKE, May 12—Midnight—The Indians have burned Rook Creek—a station twelve miles west of Cooper's Creek—and run off some stock. They are encamped in considerable force within six miles of the latter place. An attack on the station is expected at daylight. The Big Laramie office has been moved east seven miles to Fort Sanders. There is not a sufficient force there to guard the line. A small party of cavalry have just left for Sanders to go to the relief of Cooper Creek.

SALT LAKE, May 13—The telegraph operator from Horseshoe Station, who came west yesterday, was run back by the Indians. A number of men started from Fort Caspar east this morning. The operator at Elk Mountain reports having seen numbers of Indians about in the hills, and expects an attack. There are not over eight persons each at Elk Mountain, Cooper's Creek and Big Laramie, and two persons at each swing station. All are poorly armed. Troops will go from Fort Bridger to guard the stations. Steps have been taken to protect the Overland stages and telegraph lines.

Oregon.

PORTLAND, May 13—The steamer Fideliter arrived at seven o'clock this morning.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE.]

Europe.

FLORENCE, May 11—M. Cerruti, vice-consul at San Francisco, has been appointed Italian Minister at Washington.

St Petersburg, May 11—The telegraph line to the mouth of the Amoor, Asia, is completed.

Eastern States.

New York, May 6—William Stuart and John Brougham have purchased the Moffatt Mansion, on Union square, and will convert it into an elegant theatre.

WASHINGTON, May 6—The Department of State is informed that Consul Lambasene has discovered a silk plant in Peru, of great value. Preparations are being made for its cultivation on a large scale. The plant produces finer silk than can be obtained from silk worms.

New York, May 6—The Tribune says there is conclusive evidence that no offer to release Jeff Davis has been made.

The World's special says that Mrs Davis is busy with the counsel and Government officers. It seems that nothing can be done until the return is made of the writ of habeas corpus on May 16th. Gen Barton is instructed to obey the writ.

The Government will soon issue topographical reports of surveys in Panama and Lower Mexico, for the purpose of finding a route for a ship canal, embracing a valuable old map recently obtained in Spain, of her possessions on the Pacific.

New York, May 6—Mark Twain delivered his lecture on the Sandwich Islands this evening to an immense concourse of people, and had an enthusiastic reception.

New York, May 7—The hotel-keepers of Portland, Maine, have been notified to sell no more liquor.

A Paris letter announces that an American locomotive has been awarded the highest prize—a gold medal—at the exposition.

It is believed that the bark Helmet, from San Francisco, Oct. 20, is lost, as she has not been heard from.

At the anniversary meeting of the anti-slavery society, to-day, Wendell Phillips urged that the full equality of the negroes of the South should be secured by Congress through confiscation.

The Times says the stories of the ill-treatment of the prisoners at the Dry Tortugas have been investigated by order of Gen. Grant and found to be the fabrication of Greenleaf, the Chicago conspirator, who is now confined there.

The nomination of Grant for the Presidency will consolidate the Republican party. Among the items of disbursement from the contingent of Secretary of State, were nearly \$2000 for the board of Queen Emma.

The Indianapolis municipal election resulted in a Republican success by a reduced majority over the Democrats and eight hours men. Other municipal elections in Indiana have mostly all resulted in Republican victories.

WASHINGTON, May 1—Surratt's trial is fixed for May 27th. The internal Revenue receipts of last month, were \$14,400,000. Three per cent. certificates will not be issued until August.

New York, May 1—An old man, a patient in a Charity Hospital, had his eyes gouged out and then strangled by an attendant. The latter has been arrested.

Toronto, May 1—McGrath, a Fenian, was sentenced to be hanged at Quebec.

New York, May 1—A Canadian letter, dated March 24th, to the Tribune, says Turkey utterly refused to allow the commander of the frigate Canadagua to do anything at all for the suffering Cretans.

Chicago, May 2—A telegraph operator was murdered and robbed in the office at Gosport, Indiana, on Monday night, April 29th. The murderer was arrested.

RICHMOND, May 6—The U. S. District Court is in session, Judge Underwood presiding. J. Minor Botts and Joseph Segar are among the grand jury. The Examiner says Davis will be brought here on Saturday. The District Attorney is in consultation with Davis' counsel. The court will continue in session till the adjournment of the Supreme Court, when Chief Justice Chase will preside.

It is understood there will be a call for twenty thousand troops for the plains. Grasshoppers are appearing in some parts of Kansas and threaten mischief. Colorado papers complain of a scarcity of articles imported from the East, on account of the late railroad blockade. Trains now run all night.

New Orleans, May 6—The negroes attempted to take possession of the Rampart street cars, appropriated to ladies and children, and refused to use the cars appropriated to themselves. This caused a riot which was suppressed. On Saturday the negroes attempted to force an entrance at the French Opera House on a equality with the whites. Owing to the temporary reduction of the police force the disturbances are frequent.

New Orleans, May 7—The Chief of Police forbids interference with the negroes on the street cars.

Chicago, May 7—The Kentucky election returns indicate the election of all the Democratic candidates for Congress.

The Tribune's special says the official map completed for the Department of State at the Coast Survey office, gives Seward's purchase a more attractive aspect. We are assured that the serene course of the Kvitbek and its affluent, lies through immense forests of the choicest pine.

The total losses by fire in Chicago, on the 3d and 4th, were nearly \$800,000. A large meeting of working men denounced mob violence and published an appeal to the eight hour men, counselling the observance of law and order, and declaring that the final success of the eight hour principle is certain.

At St. Louis a meeting of workmen received a report from the master mechanics, taking strong grounds against the workmen's movement.

At Cambridge yesterday the miners who are on a strike burned the principal portion of the town. Loss, over \$100,000.

The funeral of the firemen who were killed on Friday night took place to-day. It was one of the most imposing processions ever seen in the city.

New York, May 6—Sir Roderick Murchison, has letters from Zanzibar, two months later than the alleged murder of Livingstone, but saying nothing of the massacre. Murchison insists that an expedition should be sent to solve the mystery.

New York, May 6—Dr McGowan, who left here last fall for China to build a telegraph, failed to enlist Government sympathy or aid, though supported by the strongest recommendations from foreign representatives. It was said the Chinese would destroy the wires and the Government would not protect them. The enterprise was abandoned. The company purchased a cable in London to connect the coast cities. McGowan is now at Yokohama. The Japanese favor his plans, and a cable will be laid from Yokohama to Jeddo.

The Herald says the object of the Japanese visit is reported to be to obtain advice as to the best means of defence against iron clads, and also to settle with Thurlow Weed and his contractors, who undertook to furnish several ships. The Japanese failed to receive the ships, only one being sent and that was a failure.

Reports from all parts of the country indicate that the wheat crop will be the finest ever produced.

Barnwell Rhett has called on the President. The object of his visit to Washington is to examine the archives for notes and materials for the history of the rebellion.

The Times special dispatch says that Wm. M. Everts has been retained by the Government to prosecute Jeff Davis.

General Joe Hooker is still in bad health, and he has been granted leave of absence for one year. He will go abroad on the 1st of June.

The Herald's special says H. Rives Poliard has protested against the decision of Wilcox in preventing a lecture on the 'Chivalry of the South' at Lynchburg. General Schofield sustains the decision, and Poliard appeals to the President.

WASHINGTON, May 7—The registry is completed and contains 15,800 names, the whites having a majority of 909.

South America.

VALPARAISO, May 3—The election for deputies to Congress passed off quietly in favor of the Government. A tempestuous session is anticipated. It is certain that Chile has not signed the truce proposed by Anglo-French mediation. An open rupture with Peru is pretty sure to follow on the Spanish question. The truce is a thousand times more preferable. The Allied squadron is without a commander. Chile is believed by Buenos Ayrians to be an accomplice of revolutionists at Montevideo.

Wheat is in active demand and there is a slight advance in prices. Freights to English ports have declined.

CALLAO, April 14—A Liberal member of Congress was pelted with stones by the ladies in Lima.

The vote of censure was passed on the Ministry, which subsequently resigned. Priests influence is weakening.

The Panama Star says that owing to official information of the existence of cholera in Nicaragua to an alarming extent, and to the refusal of Costa Rica to allow vessels touching at Nicaragua ports to communicate with the Panama railroad, steamers will not take passengers to Realijo.

Eastern States.

LEXINGTON, May 4—Lieut. Rice, with a detachment of infantry, last night attempted to arrest the murderers of the negroes at Necholsville. He was resisted by a superior force, and failed. Rice and one private were wounded in the fight.

MONTE, May 4—The colored mass Convention declared itself radical and resolved to proclaim themselves part of the Republican party of the United States and not keep a separate organization. Should the employers discharge the negroes because they refuse to be their tools, the negroes will demand a standing army for their protection, ask Congress for further legislation, and if necessary, demand confiscation. They also resolved that it is their undeniable right to hold office, sit on juries, ride in public conveyances and be admitted to hotel tables and places of amusement.

RICHMOND, May 4—Pollard was prohibited from delivering a lecture on Southern Chivalry at Lynchburg, Virginia.

CHARLESTON (S. C.), May 4—The street car question is settled. The negroes are admitted, but only a few take advantage of the privilege.

Judge Underwood, of Virginia, yesterday granted a writ habeas corpus to bring Jeff Davis before the court, which meets in Richmond on May 6th. The writ is directed to Burton, commander at Fortress Monroe. It has been placed in the hands of Deputy Marshal Duncan for service, and made returnable on the 13th. Assurance has been received from Secretary Stanton that Burton will be directed to obey the writ. Underwood and Attorney General Stanberry are believed to favor an early trial. Davis' counsel will demand trial on an unconditional discharge.

Of twenty-four grand jurors for this term, five are colored.

Ex Mayor Monroe, of New Orleans, is urging Sheridan's removal. He complains of an arbitrary enforcement of registration and removal of civil officers.

Private advices from New Orleans says the Radicals expect to carry the city in the coming election.

The Tribune's special dispatch says that it is not tried in Underwood's court it is understood that Davis will come before the United States Circuit Court of North Carolina, Maryland and Virginia, which meets on the 6th. It is rumored there will be a change of the allotment of judges. If not disposed of by those courts, there is authority for stating that the prisoner will be released by the Executive.

WASHINGTON, May 4—Forty Apaches attacked a train near La Paz, Arizona, on the 1st of March, killing three men, wounding two others and destroying the train. A military patrol is to be established between La Paz and Dale creek.

Canada.

New York, 14th May—Burke and Doran, Fenians, were sentenced to be hanged on the 29th of May. Burke's speech to the court commanded universal attention and is highly praised by the press. It is considered as eloquent as the address of Emmet.

QUEBEC, May 12—Orders have been received to place the Vice-Regal residence at Spencerwood in order for the early reception of the Governor General and family.

MONTREAL, May 12—Reports are in circulation that arms have been collected on the frontier at different points.

Europe.

New York, May 12—Advices by steamer from Southampton are to May 1st.

In the British House of Commons, Gregory said the Irish Land Tenure Bill would not be accepted unless it provided for the adoption of a system of leases.

The Peace Society has expressed its gratitude for the personal intervention of Victoria to prevent a war.

The Queen of Spain has sold most all of her jewels in London. One diamond, with the chain, brought £2400 sig.

It is stated that France continues her preparations, and is arranging her troops for rapid concentration. Public opinion generally favored peace.

The Prussian King and Bismarck were expected to visit Paris at the close of the Prussian Chambers.

Darmstadt has introduced a bill for the Military Convention with Prussia with a view to the entry of Hesse Darmstadt, south of the

Main, into the North German Confederation. Omar Pacha and another General are moving to surround the insurgents in Candia.

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE.]

New York, May 14—It is stated that the Sultan has commissioned M. Blaconque to obtain ironclads and small-arms in America. Candia may be purchased by the Christian Powers.

It is stated that Napoleon suggested the London Conference, by hinting to Lord Cowley that France sought no aggrandisement and would acquiesce in neutralization.

PARIS, May 14—The Minister of Foreign Affairs officially announced to the Corps Legislatif that the peace of Europe will not be disturbed.

It is reported that Rosa Bonheur, the artist, has become insane.

A resolution condemning the purchase of commissions in the British army was rejected in the House of Commons by 116 to 75.

The Inevitable Russes has an editorial on the Eastern question intimating that France and other powers have secretly encouraged the Sultan to despise the demand of the Cretans and to disregard the counsels given in behalf of his Christian subjects.

LONDON, May 11—The Herald's special says: Notwithstanding the apparently satisfactory issue of the Peace Congress, fears are entertained that war is merely postponed—preparations are still going on in France, Germany, Russia and Greece. It is said that before the final adjournment of Congress a proposal will probably be addressed by England to all the powers belligerently inclined recommending a general disarmament.

LONDON, May 14—The treaty has been ratified by the respective Governments. Luxemburg will be evacuated in a month from the date of the treaty.

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BERLIN, May 13—The King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria visit Paris together. The funeral of Minister Wright to-day was largely attended.

LONDON, May 13—Lord Lyons has been appointed Ambassador to Paris.

LIVERPOOL, May 13—The crew have rebelled the Great Eastern.

Eastern States.

RICHMOND, May 13—Jeff. Davis was delivered to the court to-day by Gen. Barton. The Marshal immediately served a bench warrant on Davis to answer at Norfolk under indictment for treason. Davis was admitted to bail, which was fixed at \$600,000. Horace Greeley was the first bondsman.

South America.

New York, May 12—No steps have been taken by Chile for the settlement of the Spanish troubles. Preparations are in progress to resist invasion. The allied fleet was at Valparaiso, consisting of nine vessels. The Peruvian Congress has declared that all disagreement with Chile is at an end. The two countries are more firmly united than ever.

San Francisco Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14—Sailed—Bark Milan, for Paget Sound.

A GREAT MANY SICK HEADACHES ARE being made at the Plantation Bitters, by a score or two of disinterested friends who have endeavored to imitate or counterfeit them. It's all of no use. The people won't be long imposed upon. The Plantation Bitters are increasing in use and popularity every day, and "that's what's the matter." They are in same sized bottle and made just as they were at first, and will continue to be, or we shall stop making them.

The Plantation Bitters purify, strengthen and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to change of water and diet. They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours. They strengthen the system and enliven the mind. They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach. They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. They cure Diarrhoea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache. They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. The recipe and full Circular are around each bottle. Clergymen, Merchants and persons whose sedentary habits induce weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, dizziness after eating, liver complaint, constipation, &c., will find immediate and permanent relief in these Bitters. But above all, they are recommended to weak and delicate female and mothers.

The original quality and high character of these drugs will be sustained under every and all circumstances they have already obtained a sale in every town, village,

parish and hamlet among civilized nations. Base imitators try to come as near our name and style as they can, and because a good article cannot be sold as low as a poor one, they find some support from parties who do not care what they sell. Be on your guard. See our private stamp over the cork.

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The Weekly British and Chronicle

Tuesday, May 2

American Politics

The telegraph information work of Reconstruction in the States goes slowly. Commanders of the divisions into which the States have been erected intending the registration of white and black voters of the elections that come off will be to raise to office and place their

terms at their mercy. The lation of the South by bers the black, but the Act under which the proceeding provides that who took part in the shall be disfranchised, all the white Southerners cannot vote. When ment throws the political hands of the negroes not be following the man of human beings were the opportunity to elect their own race to position they have been made eligible. How far these are freed from bondage, and directing public affairs, is seen. The experiment with deep interest by world. With the black humiliation of the late complete, and should the Bill of Thad. Stevens—for the seizure and private estates owned by rebel loyal men of the South—Congress, their punishment sufficiently severe to satisfy radical of Radicals in the situation of President for the past eighteen months a most delicate one. He every measure passed by the government of the South country declares that legislation affecting any Union, except that Stat sent by at least one delegate, is illegal. None of ern States having been since the war broke out, maintains that no Act pass the status of those States tional. The Supreme Co United States sustained the in the case of two of the by the last Congress, and if go forsee how the latter, overcome the difficulty, decide to do away with altogether—a remedy already discussion. The Tenure of is another of the measures passed by both Houses of that drew down the President but it was passed over the v Act renders it a penal offense person to attempt to discharge duties of an office to which have been appointed by sident, except such appointments shall have first been approved by the Senate. The Act be in March just prior to the ment of Congress for three There are already one hundred and sixty-four vacancies in positions and custom houses that are filled because the Senate is n sion to confirm the appointments. The state of inefficiency in the affairs of some of the public have fallen in consequence of advised law, is deplorable; a the President ventures to impeach he is liable to imprisonment and if any person were to perform the duties of one of cant offices, he would undergo punishment. The impeachment the President is still an on dit. Stevens, Sumner and other Republican members of Congress bent on the removal of Mr. J but the public career of the President has thus far defied the close tiny and no act justifying impeachment has been disclosed therefore, possible that the moderate of the Republicans, with the Democrats in the House save the President from the m

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