Written for the "Record." To Our Blessed Mother in the Month of May.

Oh Mother Mary! pure and mild, How oft have I, thy erring child, From virlue's path been led astray And would pursue my devious way, I'd not thy kind heart for me yearn, Thy piteous looks bid me return, When I before thy altars knell Expressing all the guilt I felt?

How oft, when grief had pressed me sore, Relief on me had closed its door, Compunction, too, had lent its sting Did I, to thee, my sorrows bring, Essay by sighs and tears to tell Thee, how lured on by sin, I fell And at thy feet my faults lay bare, And ask that thou my grief wouldst sha

When dread of thy aggrieved Son Coerced me to repentance come, And at my ghostly father's feet, In spirit, my Creator meet, And there, on bended knees reveal The sins, that I could ill conceal. To sin no more make resolution, And with bowed head ask absolution

Twas thy petitions to thy Son That His forgiveness for me won; My "Ave Maries" were not vain That did for me thy favor gain, Thy vigils o'er me ever keep Oh Mother! and when dangers creep Around me, stretch thy blessed arm And shield me from impending harm.

And during these thy blessed days
on Mary, cease not then to raise
Thy voice to thy Eternal Son
For me; and when life's stream is run
And I in death, must close my eyes,
oh bear me home beyond the skies!
To share the happiness in store
For those who their Bless'd Lord adore.
London, May 1st. 1882. KATHLEEN.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Ireland.

Earl Spencer, the new Lord Lieutenant, starts for Dublin at the end of this week, but will not make an official visit until the middle of May. Most of the staff of Earl Cowper will be reappointed.

Dublin, May 2.—Parnell, Dillon, and

O'Kelly have been released from Kilmain-

O'Kelly have been released from Kilmainiam jail. They drove around the outskirts of the city to the station, where they gook the train for Avondale. They will remain at Parnell's residence two days, and arrive in London on Friday.

Dublin, May 2.—There was great extended the resignation of Forster. Crowds gathered and cheered for Parnell and groaned for Forster, while bands paraded the city playing national airs. Further hanges at the castle are expected. Burke, ander Secretary, and Hilier, Inspector-tieneral of Constabulary, will probably resign.

Fires are blazing on the Wicklow Hills in honor of the release of the members of Parliament. There is spontaneous rejoicing throughout Ireland. At Limerick many people danced with joy, shouting,
"Forster is gone, God save Ireland." The
band turned out at Waterford. Emblems

of rejoicing are universal.

Gladstone, in the House of Commons, made an announcement similar to Gran-ville's in the House. Gladstone stated a arge number of other suspects will be ed, and the Government instead of renewing the Coercion Act would introduce a measure remedying the administration of justice in Ireland. Instructions already have been sent to Ireland for the release of three imprisoned members of Parlia-ment, and lists of all suspects are being carefully considered with a view to re-lease all except those arrested on suspicion of having been personally concerned in outrages. These releases will be on the Government's sole responsibility. Forster in d resigned because he was unwilling to share this responsibility. Forster would make a personal explanation on Thursday. Dublin, May 3.—Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly have returned to Dublin from A vondale. Three members of the Ladies' Land League, of Tralee, have been arrested and sentenced to six months' imprison-ment in default of bail.

Many "suspects" have been released from Clonmel and Kilmainham jails. The clease of Leaguers was celebrated to-night at Balla, Belfast, Cork, Limerick, London-derry, and Younghall with torchlight prons, bonfires, illuminations. General

prevailed Dublin, May 2.—United Ireland has an article headed "Coercion gives up the Ghost," in which it asks the people not to se their heads with giddy joy. "The olness and courage are as needful to se-"The are what we have won as they were to

Lord Frederick Cavendish has accepted the Chief Secretaryship of Ireland.
London, May 4.—Parnell, Dillon, and O'Kelly arrived this morning. There were

only a few persons at the depot. It is de-inetly settled that Chamberlain will no ucceed Forster. Lord Frederick Cavandish will probably be appointed to the office.

London, May 4.—The Daily News re gards the appointment of Cavendish with

considers a great oppor unnity has been thrown away. Dublin, May 4.—There is great rejoic-ug here to-night over the release of Davitt.

Forch bearers paraded the streets and effi-ies of Forster and Gladstone were burned here were some disturbances. Dublin, May 5.—The suspects in Nass ail burned Forster in effigy in the exer-

ise yard on Wednesday night, in spite of the threats of the Governor to call in the alitary.
Parnell first entered the House while

was speaking, and was loudly

neered. Parnell denied that the question of the lease of himself and others was due my condition as to their future action, hough he stated verbally and in writing that he believed the settlement of arrears would have an enormous effect in restorg law and order, and if such settlement ere made he would be able to take such teps as would have a material effect in

iminishing the number of outrages. Dillon said he had not directly ectly any communication with the Gov

O'Kelly denied having agreed to any enditions, which the denial of Gladstone

France.

confirmed.

Paris, May 4.-The ex-Empress Eugenic has arrived in this city, although great care is taken to keep the fact a secret. She is very ill and weak, and fears of her life are entertained. On her arrival she was o weak she could not walk, and was carried in a chair from her carriage into the house of the Duke of Moncey, where she now is. A strict incognito is attempted to be preserved, and persons who have

arrived. She is said to have grown very aged in appearance with the last few months, and to use preserved none of the traces of her former beauty. The brutal treatment which she received from

brutal treatment which she received from a mob of ruffians the other day threw her into a state of profound mental depression, from which she has not recovered.

Canadian.

Arthur, May 1.—Between one and two o'clock Sunday morning a fire broke out in the residence of Andrew Murray, residing about a mile frem Arthur village. The house and contents were totally destroyed. The fire is supposed to have originated from a lamp left burning in the kitchen. Mr. Murray was awakened by the heat and smoke. He jumped out of bed, seized the two eldest children who slept in a separate when in the same room, and there being no Canadian.

Arthur, May 1.—Between one and two o'clock Sunday morning a fire broke out in the residence of Andrew Murray, residing about a mile frem Arthur village. The house and contents were totally destroyed. The fire is supposed to have originated from a lamp left burning in the kitchen. Mr. Murray was awakened by the heat and smoke. He jumped out of bed, seized the two eldest children who slept in a separate bed in the same room, and there being no window he was obliged to make his way through the furnace of flames, with which the kitchen was filled. He succeeded in placing the children in safety, and then returned to the burning premises. His wife had remained behind to bring away the two youngest children, aged one and three years, but having lost them in the excitement and confusion they perished in the flames, a few handfuls of charred bones only remained.

mained.

Andrew Murray and his wife, who were so severely injured at the burning of their house at Arthur on Sundaylast, have since died. The youngest surviving child is not expected to recover.

At the Stratford Assizes, on Wednesday, interesting case was tried; Smith you

At the Stratford Assizes, on Wednesday, an interesting case was tried:—Smith vs. Kennedy. The plaintiff, Mrs. Mary Ann Smith, brought an action against the firm of James Kennedy & Son, hotel-keepers in St. Mary's, for having supplied her husband with intoxicating liquor after she had delivered to them the statutory notice not to supply him with any. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff, with \$29 damages.

At Wingham, Wednesday, John Reid was fined \$500 and sentenced to imprisonment for one month for the illicit manufacture of whiskey.

The flag was hoisted on St. Patrick's Hall, Kingston, in recognition of the release of the suspects in Ireland.

Suspects in Ireland.

Ottawa, May 4 —Yesterday afternoon a man named John Charlebus, accompanied by two of his children, attempted to cross a lake in the Gatineau lumber district. The lake in the Gatineau lumber district. The ice being in a bad condition Charlebus went through. The children, aged four and eleven years, bravely came to his rescue, and made a desperate effort to save their father from a watery grave. Unfortunately, however, they were unsuccessful, the ice giving way beneath them, and all three perished. perished

A DYING MOTHER'S LOOK.

Changes the Current of a Dissolute Life -How an Eminent Preacher was Saved in His Youth.

The distinguished orator, Father Strasslacher, of the Society of Jesus, in one of his recent sermons, related the following touching incident; "Some years ago I knew a student who led such an impious and dissipated life that he was finous and dissipated in the mass in-ally arrested in the midst of his crimes, placed in chains and condemned to the horrors of a criminal prison. Deprived of his father at an early age, his mother alone remained to support the grief occa-sioned by a child of such a vicious dispo-sition. It would be impossible to describe the sorrows of this good mother, and the bitter tears she shed on account of her dissolute son. But the hardhearted youth dissolute son. But the hardhearted youth remained unmoved; no sign of conversion or repentance was manifested in his perverse mind. It was, therefore, no wonder that the anguish caused by such an affliction brought the poor mother to her deathbed. Knowing that she had but a short time to live, she requested to see her son for the last time, and her request was granted. The following day request was granted. The following day the obdurate prisoner, surrounded by guards, was conducted to the bed of his When she was made

for a long, long time she gazed earnestly with a firm and penetrating glance, upon the motionless countenance of her undutiful son, and then, turning her head to the opposite side, she made a sign for him to depart. He left the room sullen and unconcerned as he had entered it, as if there were no possible sentiment of emotion in him. But in the silence and gloom of his prison cell a strange feeling suddenly crept over him; the glance of his dying mother followed him there—that silent glance in which was comprised reproach. censure, exhortation, fear and love, proved more efficacious to the erring but now repentant son than the most eloquent and glowing matarnal language which she could have addressed to him for hours. Agitated by an internal emotion never before experienced, he began to cry and

WITH SUCH VEHEMENCE that it seemed as though his heart would break with grief. It was then that he re-flected for the first time upon his conduct, and overwhelmed with sorrow, he exclaimed with a shudder: 'O my God, into what abyss have I fallen!' He resolved to convert himself efficaciously and to repair the evil he had done. God in his repair the evil he had done. God in his infinite mercy aided him to keep his resolution. He soon recovered his liberty, and entering a monastery became a Jesui and a missionary; and now you behold him before you," continued Father Strasslacher; "that dissolute and impious youth now stands before you in this pit. Yes, he who preaches to you is other than that cruel son. Such a miracle, such a change, was effected by God through the means of one single glance of a dying mother."

A FLUCTUATING CHURCH MEMBER

One day in the years agone a stranger arrived in Dearborn, in this county, and inquired for a citizen commonly known so Uncle Ike, The old man was soon found in a grocery, and after the "bow-de-do," the said:

"Do I address Uncle Ike Barlow? 'You dew," was the reply.
'Well, my name is Thorburn, from Ann

Arbor. 'Jess so."

"They tell me that you are a great horse

'Wall, I do make a trade now and then.

"When I'm buying of a hoss I'm a purty good member of the church. When I'm selling of a hoss I reckon on skipping about two prayer meetings. When I'm a a-trading hosses then I calkerlate on backsliding altogether for a hull month, or until I know the victim won't begin no lawsuit. Now, stranger, that's me, and if you come to trade hosses don't reckon that Mathew, Mark, Luke or John ever wrote a line advising a church member to come right down and give away the ring bones on his own

SICK CALLS.

Sending for the Priest.

and give away the ring bones on his own anamile!"—Detroit Free Press.

There is often some trouble and dissatis faction among people when sickness prostrates a member of the family, and services of the priest are required. It arises for the most part from ignorance of the case. No matter how intelligent the person may be who comes for the priest, nine times out of ten he knows nothing of the disease with which the cidents. of the disease with which the sick one is afflicted, or of the condition of the patient. The priest is wanted. Any one can go after him. The smallest child about the premises, provided it can speak plainly, and tottle along the road, is considered capable of taking a message requiring the attendance of a priest. The message is delivered somewhat in this style: "Frether, Mr. A. is sick and his wife Mrs. A asked me to come for you." The present "Fether, Mr. A. is sick and his wife Mrs. A. asked me to come for you." The name is given and the number of the street if required. But the messenger knows nothing more. Ply him with any further questions, and the answer to all of them is; "don't know, Father." Even ask when did he take sick, the same reply is given. If time were no object to the priest or natient, the priest may rossibly, if the patient, the priest may possibly, if the messenger be acquainted with the sick, by a series of questions learn when the patient was last seen on the street, but this is the end of the matter—the priest knows it and oftentimes says nothing to the messen-ger after he learns the residence of the patient.

IT MIGHT HELP BOTH PRIEST AND THE

SICK, if the messenger were posted at least some little about the disease, condition, and danger of the patient. Ask him what doctor is in attendance, sometimes he knows this much but not always, but as for anything farther from him, it is simply

out of the question.

Now take a look at things. A person is taken sick, at first nothing serious is apprehended. After a few days the doctor is called in, he prescribes, and the patient becomes somewhat easier. The family were a little bit frightened at first, but the least shade of repose to the patient has banished from their minds this fear. has banished from their minds this fear. They are not altogether quiet, but thought of danger is over. The case is not developed. The doctor is watching it and ready to meet any new danger that the unfolding of the case may present. The family, to their surprise are awaken ed out of their lethargy and find the patient suffering greatly. It now occurs to suffering greatly. It now occurs to them that the danger is not passed over. guards, was conducted to the bed of his dying mother; there he beheld her, pale and wan, gasping in the throes of death. When she was made When she was made

AWARE OF HIS PRESENCE, SHE DID NOT

LITTER A WORD:

The answer

that the patient has for life. The answer utter a word;
not a sound escaped her pallid lips, but spiritual comfort of the sick. Father, tion of any person selling or dealing in mother, wife, husband or friend makes the suggestion of sending for the priest, but seldom any of the family think of but seldom any of the family think of going for him. It any of them go, a child

Now this patient has been sick for some days, but through carelessness the has not been warned until danger of is somewhat apparent. The patient is harrassed and frightened.

DEATH STARES HIM IN THE FACE, DEATH STARES HIM IN THE FACE, and he did not expect it. Friends and his family have right up to this sad moment told him there was no danger and that he would be out at his business in a few days. They have talked to him of everything in the weekl but death are danger. The the world but death or danger. The doctor told them to keep him cheery and have made an effort and have succeeded only too well in keeping his mind occupied with light and vain things.

It would not have increased his danger if the priest had been warned and the patient's soul freed by a good confession from the stains that bespotted it; on the contrary the grace of the Sacraments would have helped the sick person to re-cover his bodily health. But if this has ot been done, why then in the name of goodness, when sending for the priest, send some person who knows something of the disease and condition of the patient. Some one who can answer questions that the priest will ask for his own guidance and benefit of the sick. THE MESSENGER SHOULD BE ABLE TO ANS-

WER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS: WER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Does the patient reject all food and drink on account of his stomach not being able to retain them, or plainly, does he throw up what he eats or drinks? Is the patient out of his mind? Is he violent, raving and screaming? Is he quiet, but unconscious, or conscious but unable to speak? Has the doctor pronounced his case hopeless? Now they can easily answer these few questions, if those sending them will kindly inform them. The disease should always be known by the messenger. If the messenger can answer messenger. If the messenger can answer such questions, the priest knows whether he must carry with him the "Blessed Sacrament" and "Holy Oils." He can go prepared for what the condition of the patient may require. By being posted the priest is ready in a few moments and knows in a whote ways to be done. Now knows just what must be done. Now a word more to the messenger: the priest may have with him the Blessed Sacrament, to be preserved, and persons who have called to pay their respects to her are informed that the Empress has not yet pose to trade with you. Let us first un-

derstand each other. You are a member of the church?"

"Y.e-s; I expect I be?"

"Then of course I shall expect you to be honest with me. I've beea been looking at your old nag over there by the post. How old is he?"

"That 'ere hoss," slowly replied Uncle with the conversation and adoration.—S. S. M. in Catholic Columnia.

LOCAL NEWS.

The new pumps for the waterworks weigh six tons and were shipped the other day from Killey's Mona Iron works.

Mr. McCaughey, a leading Ingersoll lawyer, while returning home from this city, fell from the Midnight express going east on Tuesday night last, and received injuries which resulted fatally on Thursday night.

On Wednesday a notification was forwarded to Manager Broughton of the G. W. R. announcing the city's willingness to release the G. W. R. Board from the lease of the London and Port Stanley Railway.

Mr. Donald Currie, agent for Hendrie & Co., in this city, died on Tuesday last, having contracted a severe cold while at tending church about a week previous to his death.

On Monday morning of last week, a young son of Mr. Burgess Howay, corner of Maitiand and Dundas street was sitting beside a large Royal coal stove when without jany warning the stove fell on him, burning him frightfully and crushing the little fellow almost to death. He died next day.

A young son of Mr. James McConnell, of Horton street, lies dangerously ill from the effects of vaccination performed by a doctor appointed by the city. Dr. Gardiner pro-nounced the case of the control nounced the case a very serious one for even should he live there is danger of permanent crippling. The physician who vaccinated the boy says he must have come in contact with some foreign substance to occasion the

An Apostolic Delegate for the United States.

Rev. Dr. Bernard O'Reilly writes from Rome to the New York Sun, saying: "I am able to inform you that his Holiness am able to inform you that his Holiness the Pope is very seriously studying the question of appointing a resident Apostolic Delegate in the United States, and tolic Delegate in the United States, and t such an appointment will, in all probabil-ity, be made within a very short time."

The Lawrence Catholic Herald errs, according to the say of the Cincinnati Telegraph, in saying that Monsignor Capel of Englard is a convert. His parents were Catholic, and his father's occupation

MARRIED. On Wednesday, April 25th, at the Church of the Atonement, Cineinnati, Ohio, by Rev. Father Cusack, Miss Jennie Payne to John W. Conroy, both of London, Ontario. DIED.

DIED.

In this city, on the 6th inst., at the residence of her son-in-law, Jeremiah McCarty, Horton St., Jannett, relict of the late James Innes, aged 89.

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COMMERCIAL.

Lendon Markets. London, Ont., May. 8. Wheat, Spring. \$0 00 to 0 00

"Delhl, ₱100 lbs. 2 22 to 2 23

"Tredwell 2 20 to 2 23

"Clawson 2 2 13 to 2 18

"Red. 2 2 13 to 2 25 2 13 to 2 25 1 20 to 1 50 1 35 to 1 50 1 40 to 1 50 0 00 to 0 00 1 40 to 1 75 1 20 to 1 25 4 00 to 4 25 4 90 to 5 00 2 50 to 3 25 Oats..... Corn Peas Beans Barley...

Eggs, retail.

basket

basket

" trock

" tubs

Cheese # lb.

Lard.

... 0 75 to 2 00 ... 0 59 to 0 79 ... 0 50 to 0 79 ... 6 00 to 8 00 ... 0 07 to 0 08 ... 0 07 to 0 08 ... 0 05 to 0 07 ... 8 00 to 8 50 ... 1 15 to 1 25 ... 0 60 to 1 00 ... 1 00 to 1 00 ... 21 00 to 30 00 ... 4 00 to 5 00 Chickens, # pair. 6
Ducks per pair. 0
Beef, # cwt. 6
Mutton, # ib. 6
Lamb. 6

Hops, ♥ cwt... Wood ♥ cord.

107

Toronto Markets-Car Lots WHEAT—Fall, No. 1, \$1 36 to \$1 37. No. 1, \$1 37 to \$1 37. No. 2, \$1 36 to \$1 37. No. 1, \$1 37 to \$1 38. No. 2, \$1 35 to \$1 36. Spring—No. 1, \$1 37 to \$1 38. No. 2, \$1 35 to \$1 36. BARLEY—No. 1, 9lc. to \$90. No. 2,*88c. to \$0 89. No. 3 extra, 87c to \$8c. No. 3, 80c to \$0 81.

10 80. S. No. 1, 8ic to \$0 85. No. 2, 84c to 85c.
PEAS—No. 1, 8ic to \$0 85. No. 2, 84c to 85c.
OATS—No. 1, 46c to 46. No. 2, 45c.
CORN—00c to 00c.
WOOL—90c to 00c.
FLOUR—Superior, \$600 to \$8 05; extra,
\$5 90 to \$5 95.
BRAN—\$19 00 to \$20 00.
BUTTER—13c to 21c.
GRASS SEED—Clover, \$5 10 to \$5 25.
BRALEY—(street)—57c to 93c.
WHEAT (street)—Fall, \$1,33 to \$1 37,

Montreal Market.

FLOUR—Receipts, 2,200;bls sales 900. Mar quiet, unchanged. Quotations are as follo Superior, 6 50 to 6 60; extra, 6 35 to 6 40; spr extra, 6 20 to 6 27; superfine, 5 75 to 5 strong bakers', 6 50 to 8 00; fine, 5 10 to 5 middlings, 4 20 to 4 30; pollards, 3 75 to 4 Ontario bags, 2 75 to 3 00; city bags, 3 90 4 00. 4 00.

GRAIN—Wheat, red winter, 1 47 to 1 47;
Upper Canada white winter, 1 39 to 1 40;
Spring, 1 40 to 1 42;. Corn, 90c to 95c. Peas, 1 00
to 1 02;. Oats, 42c to 43c. Barley, 65c to 70c.
Rye, Se to 90c.

Spring.

to 102). Oats, 42c to 40c.

Rye, 85c to 90c.

MEAL—Oatmeal, 5 00 to 5 20. Cornmeal

MEAL—Oatmeal, 5 00 to 5 20. Cornmeal 3 75 to 4 00. PROVISIONS—Butter, Western, 15c to 17c; Eastern Townships, 23c to 25c; B. & M., 21c to 22c. Creamery, 00c to 00c. Cheese, 11c to 13c. Pork, mess, 21 00 to 22 00 Lard, 14]c to 15c. Bacon, 13c to 13 c. Hams, 13 c to 14c.

Bacon, 13c to 13jc. Hams, 13jc to 14c.

HAMILTON. May, 8—Wheat, white at 1 28 to 1 3l: red, 1 3l to 1 3s; spring, 1 36 to 1 40, barley, 86 to 90c; onts, 40c to 1 2c; peas, 7sc to 80c; corn, 75c to 80c; rye, 76c to 78c; clover seed 4 30 to 4 40: timothy, 2 50 to 3 90. Dressed hogs, choice, 8 60 to 8 50: No. 2 do., 7 75 to 8 00: live hogs, none offering. Hams, 13c. B. bacon, 13c; roll do., 12jc; shoulders, 10jc; long clears, 11c. C. C. bacon, 10jc. Butter—tubs, ordinary, 13c to 15c; good, 16c to 18: extra, 20c to 22c; small rolls, fresh, 30c to 35c. Eggs—Fresh, in cases, 18c to 18c. Lard—Farmers' tried, 12jc to 13c; tierces, 13j; kegs. He; pils, 14jc; held firm. Tallow—tried, 7½ to 20. Dried apples 5jc to 6jc. GUELPH, May 8—Flour, No. 1 super, 310 @ 3 25; fail wheat, 1 30 to 1 32; spring wheat, 1 30 to 1 32; barley, 75c to 85c; peas, 74c to 80c; oats, 43c @ 46c; cattle (live weight); 4 00 to 5 00; becf, 7 00 to 8 00; mutton, 7 00 @ 9 00; dressed hogs, 10 @ 7 50; hides, 5 00 @ 6 00; sheepskins, 0 75 to 1 25; wool, 23c to 25c; butter, 17c @ 22c; eggs, 12c @ 13; cheese none: hay, 9 00 @ 100; potatoes, 10 @ 1 15 per bag; corn, 90c @ 00c.

Kingston, May 8—Flour, No. 1 super, 7 00

00c.

KINGSTON, May 8.—Flour, No. 1 super, 7 00 to 8 00; fall wheat, 1 25 to 1 30; spring wheat, 1 35 to 1 32; barley, 85c to 92; peas, 80c to 82; oats, 42c to 43c; cattle, live weight, 3 00 to 5 0c; beef, 7 00 to 8 00; mutton, 8 00 to 10 00, dressed hogs, 7 00 to 9 00; hides, 6 00 to 8 00. sheep-skins, 1 00 to 1 50; wool, 20c to 24c; butter, 20c to 21c; eggs, 13c to 15c; cheese, 12 to 12c; chay, 10 00 to 10 20; potatoes, 60c to 00c per bush; corn, 90c to 00c; rye, 80c to 81c.

SELFORTH, May 8.—Flour, No. 1 super 6 00. SEAFORTH, May 8.—Flour. No. 1 super, 6 00 to 625; fall wheat, 1 23 to 1 25; spring wheat, 1 25 to 125; barley, 0 72 to 0 73; peas, 70c to 0 72; oats, 38c to 40c; hides, 0 00 to 0 00; butter, 13c to 18c; eggs, 13c to 00c; cheese, 00c to 0 0c; potaoss, 00 to 0 5 corn, 00c to 0.

Halifax, N. S. May 8;—Flour quiet and unchanged to-day. Choice pastry, \$8.00 @ 9.00; superior extra, Choice, 7.50 to 7.75; superior extra, Choice, 7.50 to 7.75; superior extra 7.00 to 7.25; extra superfine 6.80 @ 7.00; spring extra 6.75 @ 7.00; strong bakers', 7.35 @ 7.50; superfine. 6.25 @ 6.50, yellow kiln dried cornmeal, 4.40; fresh ground, 4.35; Canada oatmeal, 5.70 @ 5.80.

oatmeal, 5 70 \$\alpha\$ 580.

ST. CATHARINES. May 8—Flour, No.1; super, 6 25 \$\alpha\$ 6 50; fall wheat, 1 26 \$\alpha\$ 1 28 barley, 70e \$\alpha\$ 75c; peas, 65e \$\alpha\$ 70c; oats, 40e \$\alpha\$ 00 cattle, (live weight) 4 50 \$\alpha\$ 5 00; beef, 600 \$\alpha\$ 8 00; mutton, 8 00 \$\alpha\$ 9 00; dressed hogs, 7 50 \$\alpha\$ 8 00; hides, 6 50 to 0 00; sheepskins, 100 to 1 25; butter, 27c \$\alpha\$ 28c; eggs, 13c \$\alpha\$ 14c; cheese, 13e \$\alpha\$ 00c; hay, 00 \$\alpha\$ 00; potatoes, 0 90 \$\alpha\$ 1 00 corn, 65c \$\alpha\$ 70c.

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TENDERS FOR COAL

Public Institutions of Ontario, 1882 The Treasurer of the Province of Ontario will receive tenders addressed to him, at the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and endorsed "Tenders for Coal," up to noon of

WEDNESDAY, 17TH MAY, 1882, for the delivery of the following quantities of coal in the sheds of the institutions named on or before the lst July, 1882 (except at the Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, where delivery is not to be commenced until 1st August). viz:—

Asylum for the Insane, Toronto.
Hard coal, 900 tons large egg size, and 176 tons stove size. Soft coal, 400 tons.

ons stove size. Soft coat, are tons. Central Prison, Toronto. Hard coal, 490 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, and 35 tons stove size. Reformatory for Females, Toronto. Hard coal, 100 tons stove size. Soft coal, 500

tons.

Asylum for the Insane, London

Hard coal, 200 tons large egg size, and 60
tons chestnut size. Soft coal, 1,250 tons, for
steam purposes, and 150 tons for grates.

team purposes, and 150 tons for grates.

Asylum for the Insane, Knogston.

Hard coal, 800 tons large egg size and 10 tons chestnut size. Soft coal, 300 tons,

Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton.

Hard coal, 88 tons stove size and 25 tons chestnut size. Soft coal, 1,100 tons for steam purposes, and 100 tons for grates. N. B.—200 ons of the steam coal to be delivered at the pumping house.

Hard coal, 60 tons large egg size and 20 tons stove size. Soft coal, 600 tons. Institution for the Blind, Brantford. Hard coal, 400 tons large egg size and 200 ons stove size.

Institution for the Bitter, Britagora.

Hard coal, 400 tons large egg size and 200 tons stove size.

Agricultural College, Guclph.

Hard coal, 275 tons large egg size and 50 stove size. Soft coal, 80, tons, for steam purposes, and 20 tons for grates.

The hard coal to be Pittson, Scranton, or Lehigh. Tenderers are to name the mine or mines from which it is supposed to take the soft coal, and to designate the quality of the same, and, if required, to produce satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name. All coal to be delivered in a manner satisfactory to the authorities of the respective institutions.

Tenders will be received for the whole supply specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted cheque for 500, payable to the order of the Treasurer of Ontario, must accompany each tender as a guarantee of its bone fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract. Specifications and conditions of tender are to be obtained from the Bursers of the Institutions.

The lowest or any tender not necessarly accepted.

S. C. WOOD,

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May, 1st 1882.