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We don't ask you to pay us a cent until you have used this wonderful modern white light in your own home ten days, then you may return it at our expense if not perfectly satisfied. You can't possibly lose a cent. We want to prove to you that it makes an ordinary oil lamp look like a candle; beats electric, gasoline or acetylene. Lights and is put out like old oil lamp. Tests by Government and 34 leading Universities show that it

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common coal oil (kerosene), no odor, smoke or noise, simple, clean, won't explode. Three million people already enjoying this powerful, white, steady light, nearest to sunlight. Won Gold Medal at Panama Exposition. Greatest invention of the age. Guaranteed.

\$1000 Reward will be given to the person who shows us an oil lamp equal to the new Aladdin in every way (details of offer given in our circular). We want one user in each locality to whom we can refer custom-Yours are. To that person we have a special introductory offer to make, under which one lamp is given free. Write quick for our 10-Day FREE MANTLE LAMP COMPANY,

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been doing business in Canada for many years,

making Canada's fcace, and we are grateful for the patronage accorded us during these years from

Now is the time to stand by Canada's interests. We are

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tions to the Nations of the world. Read this interesting letter, seems the illustration. and then ask yourself this question:

observe the illustration, and then ask yourself this question: "Is not a fence made of material good enough for such an important purpose the kind that should be used by every Canadian?"

feet and the bridge is 20 feet wide. They used 240 rods. They laid the mesh 5 widths side

feet and the bridge is 20 feet wide. They used 240 rods. They laid the mesh 5 widths by side, and 5 layers, making in all 25 lengths of 8 wires each or 200 wires in all, blinding them up together at every two or three feet, and then putting the uprights on as you see, and then stretching a wire along the top in the ordinary way as protection. They are now at camp time, when the Rurals come into camp, march the artillery across it and put some gun cotton under it and blow it up. They estimate it capable of carrying a load of 60,000 lbs., or a body of soldiers at close marching order. You can use these photos in anyway you see £t, or if you want I could send you the negative. Yours truly,

(Signed) W. A. Mitchell.

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We build it twice as good and strong as is necessary un ordinary circumstances. We build it of heavy Open Heart steel wire with all the impurities burned out and all the strength and toughness left in. Heavily galvanized. Every intersection is locked together with a Peerless clamp. All wires used in making Peerless Farm and Poultry Fencing are extra heavy—extra strong. Consequently fewer posts are required. Feerless feacing can't sag—can't neity—extra strong. Consequently fewer posts are required. Feerless feacing can't sag—can't rust—can't get out of shape—can't help giving absolute satisfaction. Catalog giving details on request. Describes our farm, poultry and ornamental fencing. Also Feerless farm gates.

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Nature's Diary, A. B. KLUGH, M. A.

When frost has clad the dripping cliffs With fluted columns, crystal clear, And million-flaked the feathery snow Has shrouded close the dying year; Beside the rock, where'er we turn, Behold, there waves the Christmas Fern.

No shivering frond that shuns the blast Sways on its slender chaffy stem; Full-veined and lusty green it stands, Of all the wintry woods the gem. Our spirits rise when we discern The pennons of the Christmas Fern."

At this season the ferns which greet us on our walks in the woods are comparatively few in number, and of these the most attractive is the Christmas Fern. Most of the ferns turn brown and die down early in the fall, some like the Sensitive Fern withering at the first touch of frost. But there are some hardy species whose fronds remain green throughout the year, and these we welcome as reminders of past days and prophets of sunny days to come-green bridges across the silent white of winter.

All the Christmas Fern's fronds are produced early in the spring. They rise in circular clumps from a stout root-stock, and when uncoiling are thickly covered with silky-white scales that make them conspicious objects in the vernal woods. As the fronds mature the scales turn brown and many of them remain on the stipe (the lower part of the stem) and on the rachis (the upper

Gossip. Shorthorns and Lincolns.

A representative of "The Farmer's Advocate" spent a pleasant half day recently at the farm of Jno. T. Gibson, Denfield, Ont. In speaking of the home-stead itself it would not be out of place to call it a model farm, and Mr. Gibson may well speak with pride when saying that every fence, every building and all of its many rows of evergreens and maples were placed there by himself, the starting of which was made almost fifty years ago. At present the Shorthorn herd numbers around sixty head, and is headed by the noted show bull Senator Lavender. His dam was Lavender Thyme 7th (imp.), a straight-bred Lavender cow got by Golden Star, and his sire was the Claretbred bull, College Senator by Lancaster. Very few, more richly-bred sires are in service in any herd in Canada to-day. His first calves in the herd are now about ten months old, and already there are over a dozen, including seven young bulls, that have exceptional promise, and as uniform a lot as we have ever seen. Two other fourteen-months bulls make up the entire offering in males. To do the breeding females justice would take up a lot of space, but in looking over the lot it is pleasing to note the four, five and six generations still in the herd. Royal Wimple by Mildred's Royal, now 12 years old, is carrying her tenth calf, having produced seven heifers and two Two of her daughters are still in the herd; a six-year-old daughter went to British Columbia this year at \$600. Another noted breeding cow is the fourteen-year-old Mina cow, Mina Lass 8th. She is got by the noted imported Duthie-bred bull, Prime Minister, which in his day was a noted winner at Toronto and elsewhere. This cow also has five daughters in the herd, including a sweet







Christmas Fern.

upper part of the stem from which the pinnae or leaflets spring) especially on the former, throughout the season. The fronds vary in length from about eighteen inches to three feet, and bear numerous pinnae, the edges of which are finely serrate. These pinnae are arranged alternately on the rachis and have triangular ears on the upper side of the base.

The fertile fronds are taller than the terile, and differ in having the upper half suddenly decreased in size, as may be seen in the three up-standing fertile fronds shown in our illustration. It is on these small pinnae that the sori, or fruit-dots, are borne, these being rounded and arranged in two rows lengthwise on the underside of the pinnae.

These sori are made up, as in all the ferns, of clusters of little spore-cases, which contain the spores. They are partly formed before the fronds unfurl in the spring and the spores ripen and are shed early in the year.

There are two variations found occasionally in the Christmas Fern, one in which the pinnae are quite deeply cut, and the other in which they are beautifully crisped and ruffled.

The range of the Christmas Fern in Canada is from the Atlantic coast to the Bruce Peninsula in Ontario. It is common in parts of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and and Quebec, and is very common in many localities in Ontario.

This species is a denizen of the woods, particularly rocky woods in which the deciduous_trees predominate.

heifer calf at foot by Senator Lavender. There are also a number of daughters from the Rosemary cow, Rosemary of Manor 2nd, one of the best breeding cows, Mr. Gibson says, he ever owned. She is sired by Proud Gift and out of Rosemary 137th (imp.). This cow's last calf, a nine-months bull, is one of the best young bulls on the farm. These are only several of the older breeding cows; the majority of the younger ones being descendants of these need very little comment. A large percentage of these we might add are by the Clipper-bred bull and former sire, Baron's Pride. For further information it would be well to write Mr. Gibson, who will be pleased at all times to answer all correspondence regarding Shorthorns as well as give any particulars regarding his offering in Lincolns. He has recently purchased from Anoka Farms a newly imported ram, considered by many to be one of the best rams that has left England this year. All of his breeding ewes are direct descendants of the famous St. Louis champion flock.

J. M. Gardhouse, Weston, Ont., writes that he has recently purchased the entire importation of Scotch Shorthorns from Geo. Isaac, Cobourg, Ont. They comprise 20 head; 10 imported cows bred in Scotland, and 10 imported bull calves, reds and roans, of the best families obtainable, rich in Duthie, Marr, Durno and Campbell breeding. Those looking for herd headers should see these bulls. For breeding and individuality they are equal to any importation of bulls made in recent years.

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