

**BUILDING SOCIETY—Continued.**

the shares in question must be held as having always been charged under the by-law with the amount of P's indebtedness to the society, and that his creditors had only the same rights in respect of these shares as P. himself had when he made the abandonment of his property, viz., to get the shares upon payment of P's indebtedness to the society. On appeal to the Queen's Bench: *Held*, that the possession of the shares had passed from P. to the bank; that the right to recover the shares from the bank, on payment of its advances thereon, was vested in P., and passed to his creditors upon his insolvency; and that after P's insolvency it was not competent for the society to acquire any privilege or pledge over the shares to the prejudice of P's creditors by paying the claim of the bank. *Daveluy & La Société C. F. de Construction*, 417.

**BY-LAW.** See MUNICIPAL LAW, 400.

**CARRIER.**

*Bill of lading—Place of destination of goods beyond carrier's route.]*

Where the place of destination of goods is beyond the carrier's route, and he receives the goods under a bill of lading to the terminus of his route, and carries them safely to that point, to which alone he received the freight, the fact that at the request of the shipper he undertook to deliver the goods to another carrier to complete the transportation, does not make the first carrier responsible for the delivery of the goods at the place of destination. *Jeffrey & Canada Shipping Co.*, 1.

**CHARITABLE INSTITUTION.** See TAXATION, 299.

**COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER.**

*Order obtained by.]* See SALE OF MOVABLES, 153.

**COMPANY.**

*Shareholder.]* (1) A shareholder of a company is not entitled to exercise the rights of the company in his own name, and cannot oppose the sale of an immovable belonging to the company.

(2) A promise of retrocession by the majority of the shareholders of a company is null, the company alone having the power to make such an agreement. *McNaughton & Exchange National Bank*, 180.

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.**

*Executive power—Commission of inquiry—R.S.Q. 596, 598—Prohibition,*

*Writ of.]* (1) An inquiry into an alleged attempt to influence and corrupt members of the provincial legislature is a matter connected with the good government of the province, and the conduct of the public business therein, within the meaning of R.S.Q. 596. (2) A commission of inquiry issued by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council under the said section, has the same power to enforce the attendance of witnesses, and to compel them to give evidence before it, as is vested in any Court of law