

BELGIUM.*Transit and Warehousing Duties.*

July 23, 1862.

Goods of every kind coming from or going to either of the two countries shall reciprocally be exempted from all transit duty.

Nov. 13, 1862.

The prohibition in regard to gunpowder is, however, maintained; and the two High Contracting Parties reserve to themselves to subject the transit of arms of war to special authorizations.

Commerce and Navigation.

The treatment of the most favored nation is reciprocally guaranteed to each of the two countries in all that concerns transit and warehousing. (Article XI.)

*Continued.**Import Duties. Produce and Manufactures.*

Neither of the two High Contracting Parties shall impose upon goods the produce or manufacture of the other party other or higher duties of importation than such as are or may be imposed upon the same goods the produce of any other foreign country. (Article XIV.)

Favors, Privileges and Reductions in Tariff.

Each of the two parties engages to extend to the other any favor or privilege, or reduction in the tariff of duties of importation or exportation on articles mentioned, or not mentioned, in the present Treaty, which either of them may grant to any third power. (Article XIV.)

Prohibitions.

They engage, moreover, not to establish against each other any duty or prohibition of importation or exportation which shall not, at the same time, be applicable to all other nations. (Article XIV.)

Consuls.

Each of the High Contracting Parties shall have the right to name consuls for the protection of trade in the dominions and territories of the other party; and the consuls who may be so appointed shall enjoy, within the territories of each party, all the privileges, exemptions and immunities which are or may be granted in those territories to agents of the same rank and character appointed by or authorized to act for the Government of the most favored nation. (Article XVIII.)

Temporary Exceptions: Cotton Yarns and Woollen Goods.

As a temporary exception to the stipulations of Article XIV, and for the space of two years from the 1st October, 1862, the new system shall be applied in the following manner to certain articles of British origin hereinafter enumerated:—

Cotton yarns twisted, warped, or dyed, shall pay the duties imposed upon single yarns unbleached or bleached, with an addition of 5c. for twisted yarns, 10c. for warped yarns, and 15c. for dyed yarns, per kilog.