

# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

Mark Morrissey

## The Granite Town Greetings

VOL. 5

St. George, N. B., Wednesday August 25th, 1909.

No. 60

**BEFORE YOU  
GO ON YOUR  
VACATION**

Get a new Shirtwaist or Shirtwaist Suit. Balance of our Stock will be Cleared at cut prices

A fine line of ladies black Sateen and White SKIRTS, HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR

The best unbleached cotton in town for the money

**Fancy H'd'kfs. for  
Aprons and  
Sofa Pillows**

BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS and RUBBERS

**J. SUTTON CLARK,**

**St. George, N. B.**

### A SQUARE DEAL

That's what you will get if you buy a barrel of

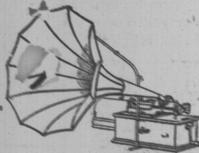
|                            |        |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Barrel of Purity Flour for | \$6.50 |
| Wm. Tell Flour             | \$6.50 |
| Henkels bread flour        | \$7.00 |
| F. S. Flour                | \$7.00 |

at one of

**GOVE'S CASH STORES  
JUSTIN GOVE, Prop.  
EASTPORT, PERRY and CALAIS**

### NEW JEWELRY

Just received a very neat line of watches, fobs, wristlets, brooches, scarf pins, belt pins, etc. Prices are very reasonable. Call in and look them over whether you intend buying or not.



EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

AND 2 AND 4

MINUTE RECORDS

### J. W. WEBSTER

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweller and Optician

Young's Block St. George, N. B. Headquarters: Hampton, N. B.

### The St. Stephen Business College

REOPENS

Tuesday Sept. 7th

All modern methods taught. Business men supplied with office help on application. Free catalog.

M. T. CRABBE, Prin., St. Stephen, N. B.

**Be Sure and Attend  
Charlotte County's  
FIRST BIG EXHIBITION**

at

ST. STEPHEN

SEPTEMBER 28, 29 and 30

HORSE RACING and OTHER ATTRACTIONS EACH DAY

\$ 700 IN PURSES AND PRIZES

#### Niagara's Age

According to Mr. Spencer of the Canadian Geological Survey, the great spectacle of Niagara Falls, as we see it to-day, has been about 39,000 years in the making. Mr. Spencer, in common with other geologists who have studied Niagara, believes that originally the cataract fell into Lake Ontario over three steps, or platforms, the first being 35 feet high, and the third being at or near the edge of the lake proper, instead of seven miles back up the river as at present. It took the stream 35,000 years to hollow out the first three miles of the gorge, but only 4,000 years for the other four miles. The difference of time in these two stages of the erosion, and of the cataract's recession of seven miles in all, is explained on the theory of a sudden and enormous increase of the volume of water, caused by seismic disturbance, or earthquake.

Formerly the Niagara River served a outlet to Lake Erie only. After the upheaval, the waters of Lake Huron, Michigan and Superior, which previously had debouched directly into Lake Ontario, were diverted by way of Lake Erie into the Niagara River, swelling that stream to six times its former volume. Mr. Spencer's figures, of course, can be taken only approximately, as even contemporary authorities are at variance as to how the falls of Niagara have receded during the last fifteen years—some estimates making it 1.28 metres per annum, others 1.52. Moreover, while the United States Geological Survey declares that the rate of recession of the Falls has increased during the last fifteen years, the corresponding Canadian official reports show that the rate has decreased some 66 centimetres per annum.

Ottawa, August 10.—The northwest rebellion is recalled by a work which has just been completed by the Mounted Police. The scattered remains of eight men, who were killed by the Crees in April 1885, near Frog Lake, have been gathered up and placed in a plot at Frog Lake, the graves being marked with crosses and the plot being inclosed by a fence. C. Gouin, his assistant, Willis Croft, bookkeeper for Post; W. C. Gilchrist, cook; Gowan Locke, contractor, who was putting up a mill for the Indian Department at Frog Lake, on April 2nd, and Constable Cowan were all killed. Owing to their superstition no Indians would help with the work of gathering up the bodies, which were in graves scattered over a half mile of the country where the men fell.

Mr. Coulter expressed the opinion that in Canada, at any rate, there would be no very long delay before the Government set to work on a concrete plan. What form it would take he could not, or would not, say publicly. One misconception as to Australia he admitted had been removed from his mind; it was the idea that the Labor party there are less loyal, or less enthusiastically loyal, to the old country than the other sections of the community.

Dr. Coulter was greatly impressed with the "level-headedness" and intelligence of the leaders as a whole. They will probably have State ownership rather than a subsidised service, although they have not so far definitely expressed themselves upon the point.

Arrangements have been completed by which the staunch steamer H. F. Eaton will carry an excursion from St. George to Calais on Tuesday Sept. 7th. The boat will touch St. Andrews, Robinson, Red Beach and Eastport, remaining about two hours in the latter city. The band has been engaged to accompany the excursion, and have arranged a fine program, in which some of their choicest selections will be heard. Don't miss this opportunity to enjoy the finest sail on the continent. Tickets, adults, \$1.00 children 50 cts. Refreshments will be served on the boat. The excursion will be landed in St. George at 6 o'clock. The affair is under the auspices of St. Mark's church.

#### Back Bay Picnic Today!

#### Work for the All-Red Scheme

Mr. Coulter, Deputy Postmaster-General of Canada, was interviewed in London, on his way home after a somewhat prolonged tour in connection with "All Red Route" to Canada, Australia and New Zealand.

It is an open secret that he went to Australia for the purpose of discussing with leading statesmen and business people the proposed new plan of an Imperial road.

"I think the scheme is quite feasible," he remarked to a press representative in London, "and my belief is based upon good foundation. Commercial men among the Australians are in favor of it, so are the representatives with whom I discussed it."

"It has been said that Australia has little of nothing to gain. But that is an erroneous view."

She stands to gain enormously by a quicker route from the tourist traffic alone. Men with whom I travelled, who are in business in America, were staggered when they found they had to wait six weeks for their mails by one route, and for six weeks by another, my business went stand it," they told me and some of them went straight back.

"And the tourist traffic is no unimportant item. I am told that American visitors are worth twenty millions a year to Europe, and most of the turn-overs carry a large proportion of profit than the ordinary commercial investment. The people in America have done the European tour until they are tired of it. But they dare not leave business for an Australian tour until the mails are greatly accelerated."

"To men of that kind the reduction of time occupied in travelling to New Zealand, say, from thirty-eight to twenty-seven days would mean an enormous gain, and whatever it cost, within reason would almost certainly produce a very large profit indeed. I don't suppose we could organize a twenty-seven days service at first but with that as an ideal we might easily do something almost at once."

"As to methods and plans, I am not at liberty to speak, as I have to report to my government. But I have heard it freely argued in Australia that it would be better to buy out the vested interests than to compete with them."

"Australia and Canada are both countries destined to become rich. And commercial men and capitalists generally in the States are looking towards them with business notions in their heads. And if they find a good cable service, with cheap rates which would enormously increase the business they would bring their custom to the companies concerned. And the 'speeding up' of the rail and steamboat service would have a similar effect."

Just now, when the nasturtiums are in bloom in all their glory of scarlet, gold and purple, it may be of interest to the admirers of the flower to know that a French physician, Dr. Zalacka, has "discovered" a very useful medicinal use. It contains an essential oil or active principle, of a sulphurous character which acts as a stimulant to the general nutrition, and is quite rich in both iron and iodine. It has one peculiar property which promises to make its fortune in the therapeutic line, and that is that it revives the red blood corpuscles. Consequently, Dr. Zalacka has shown that it is the antidote par excellence for nicotine poisoning, as nicotine has a propensity for injuring if not destroying these corpuscles. It is further asserted that if a person who is addicted to the use of the weed, habits himself to the chewing of the leaves, stalks, or flowers of the nasturtium, he contracts a fixed antipathy for tobacco in any form.

#### The Western Harvest

Although there seems to be no doubt that the Western wheat harvest will be so large as to tax the facilities of the railway companies to move the grain, there appears to have been a tendency in certain quarters to exaggerate the extent of the yield and the number of the men who will be required to harvest it. Mr. J. Bruce Walker, the Commissioner of Immigration at Winnipeg, a gentleman who knows the West well, deprecates as damaging and unwarranted the stories that the wheat yield of the West will be from twenty-five to thirty per cent greater than that of last year, and that thirty-five thousand men will be required to harvest it. The Commissioner declares that, while there can be no doubt that the harvest will be a good one, there has been much foolish and harmful exaggeration about it. So far as he can ascertain, the wheat yield may show an increase of from two to two and a half bushels per acre in excess of last year. That is a moderate increase having regard alike to the increased acreage under wheat in some parts of the West, and a light crop in others; but it is a reasonable calculation, and will be realized under reasonable conditions.

The estimate of an increased yield of wheat ranging from twenty-five to thirty per cent over last year, Mr. Walker characterizes as absurd and misleading, and what is worse still, is eminently calculated to cause a serious loss to the farmers of Western Canada, while leading the way for a slump in prices. Of the twenty thousand people carried by the harvest excursion from the East to the West last year, two thousand were women and children, and the effect of presence of the additional eighteen thousand able-bodied men on the prairies, was to hasten the harvest so that these men found themselves out of employment much sooner than they expected. Mr. Walker says there is no justification whatever for the estimated need of thirty-five thousand harvest hands from the East this year, and he declares it is ruinous to the farmers to spread such reports because enhanced demands will be made upon them, and if the harvesters themselves should be misled into going in great unneeded numbers, they will suffer disappointment and privation, which will operate prejudicially against the harvest movement in future years, when help will be even more urgently needed than it is today. —Herald Chronicle.

#### American Settlers are Rushing to Canada

Ottawa, Aug. 18.—Immigration to Canada is again on the increase and the growth in arrivals from the United States is especially heavy. It was 60,000 last year, and promises to exceed 75,000 this year.

During June 20,868 persons entered Canada or 5,235 more than during the previous June, an increase of thirty-three per cent.

During the first three months of the fiscal year, ended June 30, 1909, 174,156 persons entered Canada, an increase of 5,163 or seven per cent. From Great Britain and the continent, arrivals numbered 41,212, a decrease of 7,543, or fifteen per cent. During the same time, immigrants from the United States numbered 32,924, an increase of 12,517 or sixty-one per cent.

During June alone, 11,561 immigrants came in at ocean ports an increase of 909 while during June immigrants from the United States totalled 9,208, an increase of 4,324 or 89 per cent.

#### Dialogue.

George—Say old man you have recovered rapidly. Your ankle was badly sprained. What did you do for it?  
Henry—I applied Empire Liniment, does the work quickly, great stuff.

#### Say Peary has Discovered Pole

Washington, Aug. 16.—Those sharps who make a speciality of Arctic exploration are inclined to believe that Commander Peary has at last discovered the North Pole. They have no positive information on which to base this belief, for no word has been received from him since he disappeared into the frozen waters of the far north.

The indications in general, borne out by reports from the far north, are that the present has been an extremely favorable season for Peary's purpose; wherefore the special ground for the belief that he may have won his goal.

Peary sailed from New York just a year ago, prepared to remain in the far north three years, if necessary, but before he left he told President Roosevelt who had given the expedition his blessing and half a cargo of horsehoes and four leaf clovers, that he really expected to set in the Pole in the summer of 1909.

Siege is being laid to both poles this year by experienced explorers. The impression prevails that the South Pole is likely to be found before the north, because of the marvelous success of Shackleton expedition have been coming to the National Geographic Society and have aroused the greatest interest along with the belief that the Southern Pole is really more accessible than the northern because there is not so much open water to be crossed.

Jean Charcot is now in the Antarctic region with an excellently equipped expedition, and Lieutenant Shackleton is expected to go south next season.

If both poles are discovered this year it surely would be a remarkable record for 1909.

Artemus Hatt, L'Evang, may lose one of his toes as the result of the accidental discharge of a rifle. He was holding the rifle, with the muzzle on his foot, when it went off, the bullet passing clean through the foot badly shattering the bone of one toe. The affair happened Monday evening, and he was at once brought to town and Dr. Taylor summoned.

#### Black-Eyed Susan

Into the midst of the late summer carnival  
Jasmy trippeth a gay village belle;  
Susan her name is; wide-spread her fame is;  
Jack-in-the-pulpit was ne'er known as well!

Mingling raising her bright yellow petticoats,  
Courtiering coyly, she greets each old friend,  
Languishing glances lure on to dances  
She will be queen of the ball ere it end.

Vain found her envious neighbors their sneer;  
Frills of Queen Anne's lace and many hued bows;  
Proud Meadow Lily must yield, willy-nilly,  
Piqued by her rivals indifferent pose.

Lily says, bridding: "She's only a Daisy  
Or-eyed besides—of most humble degree!"  
Yet I have read it—Homer hath said it!  
Jove's royal consort had eyes such as she!

Luck to thee, peasant-born peer of court diamonds!  
Long may we own thy imperious sway  
Honest thy heart is! Magic thine art is,  
Setting Dame August to dream she is May!

—Christine Putman Kelley, in the Boston Transcript.