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POOR DOCUMENT

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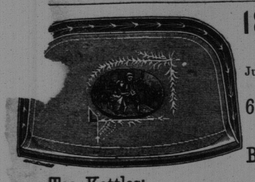
By ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON, Author of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

OL. III.---WHOLE NO. 515. ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.



1889. XMAS, 1889.

Just received another lot of the following useful Christmas Goods:

6 Doz Children's Trays, Assort'd:

Beautiful Brass and Copper Tea Kettles;

12 Very Handsome Brass Tea Kettles with Stands and Lamps.

SHERATON & SELFRIDGE,

38 King St., Opposite Royal Hotel.

Telephone 358.

SOMEBODY'S trade can be retained unless honest treatment is accorded the buyer. Competition is so strong that customers are posted on goods and values and any attempt to make you pay a dollar for what is only worth eighty cents you would promptly resent. The qualities and styles of goods are so numerous that you should see and feel what you are buying, and bear that end in view we say, "Come to us and if the goods you buy prove not in every way satisfactory bring them back and get your money." Does that look as if we wanted you to pay a dollar for what is only worth eighty cents? How any merchant can make a fairer offer we are unable to understand. We are enlarging our trade and we want your

BUSINESS.

HUNTER, HAMILTON & McKAY,

97 KING STREET.

GLASS AND PUTTY.

McDAW, STEVENSON & ORR'S

PATENT 'GLAZIER" DECORATION,

A Perfect Substitute for Stained Glass.

New Designs in Window Shades and Wall Papers.

F. E. HOLMAN, - - 48 King Street.

For the balance of the year we will sell lines of

Dress Goods, Cloths, Wool Goods, &c.

at prices that will surely interest you.

DANIEL & ROBERTSON,

Cor. Charlotte and Union Streets.

THE VERDICT.

If you want Wool Fascinators, Clouds, Squares, Vests with or without sleeves, Children's Jackets, Wool Shoes, Mitts, &c., we are showing a pretty lot, which we are selling at the lowest living profit.

KEDEY & CO.,

213 UNION STREET,

P. S.—When you call don't forget to ask to see our 25 cent Black Wool Hose.

K. & Co.

SHARP'S

Favorably known for upwards of forty years it has become a household name No family should be without it. It is simple and very effectual. In cases of Croup and Whooping Cough it is marvelous what has been accomplished by it.

BALSAM

In its use the sufferer finds instant relief. How anxiously the mother watches over the child when suffering from these dreadful diseases, and would not she give anything if only the dear little one could be relieved- Be advised of

HOREHOUND

and keep constantly on hand in a convenient place a bottle of this Balsam. If you cannot get it of your dealer, send direct to us, in stamps or currency, 30 cents,

ANISE SEED.

with your address, and we will forward, carriage prepaid, one bottle of this wonderful remedy, so that you may try it and be convinced.

SHARP'S BALSAM MANUFACTURING CO.,

CONNOR & DINSMORE, Proprietors,

Saint John, N. B.

T. B. BARKER & SONS, Wholesale Agents.

BOUDOIR CALENDAR.

An exquisitely dainty daily remembrancer, with quotations specially suited for ladies; decorated in turquoise blue, gold, and bronze, and bearing delicate sprays of blush rose. This calendar displays the numerals in red. It is ornamented back and front to correspond, and is suspended by gold cord. Price 50 cents.

FOR SALE BY

J. & A. McMILLAN,

98 and 100 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

The New Crockery Store,

94 KING STREET,

NOW SHOWING FULL LINES OF

FANCY CHINA,

FRUIT SETS AND DISHES,

IN THE LATEST PATTERNS.

CHARLES MASTERS.

FIRST EDITION.

DEATH BY FIRE

THE BOY'S SECTION OF A PAUPER SCHOOL IN LONDON BURNED LAST NIGHT.

The Inmates Were all Asleep and Twenty Six Boys Were Suffocated.—Heroic Work of the Superintendent of Schools.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The boy's section of the pauper school in the district of Forestgate, in connection with the Whitechapel and Poplar Unions took fire last night while the inmates were asleep and it was burned with terrible results, 26 of the boys, who were in the upper stories being suffocated before they could be rescued.

Fifty-eight other boys were safely taken from the burning building, amid terrible excitement.

Two of the matrons of the institution escaped in safety by sliding down the water pipes. Several of the boys escaped in the same way.

The superintendent of the school repeatedly rushed through the flames and brought out a number of the inmates. There were 600 persons in the institution.

Later.

Further reports of the fire show it originated in the clothing room beneath the boys' dormitory. The smoke and flames issuing from the stove-flue alarmed those sleeping on the top floor and they made their escape. The fire engines were promptly on the spot. The employes of an adjacent railway station rushed to the scene and rendered valuable assistance.

The bodies of those who were suffocated were carried to the main hall of the building, which is still profusely decorated with Christmas greens. The fire was caused by an overheated stove. The female department, in which were 250 girls, was not touched.

The boys retired last evening in the highest spirits, having been promised presents and a New Year's fete to-day. The scenes in the main hall, where the bodies of the dead boys lie, are harrowing.

The relatives and school-fellows of those who perished are loud in their lamentations.

The cries of the boys unable to escape were terrible. The bodies of 2 boys are badly burned, but it is believed they were suffocated before they were burned. The ages of the dead range from 7 to 12 years.

BUTTERWORTH'S CHECK.

How He Proposes to Make Canada a Port of the United States.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Butterworth in an interview on the intention of the bill providing for unrestricted reciprocity between Canada and the United States said:

That the tariff of the United States must be revised is conceded on all hands, and it is understood that it will be allowed to perform none other than its proper and legitimate functions, viz.: the raising of revenue and the equalization of conditions. In other words, where the conditions are equal, as between Canada and the United States, or where we have the advantage, as we have in this case, a protective tariff is absolutely defenceless. It becomes an oppressive interference with the natural and healthful course of trade. It is interesting to observe the gigantic efforts that are being put forth to build up a commerce with the South American nations, with a people 3000 miles away; while at the same time an equal effort is being made to hamper and restrict a more advantageous trade with people of our own lineage and language, who live almost within sight of us. There are many indications that the growth of sentiment in favor of an extension of commerce beyond our own borders is universal, and the cry for free trade with countries such as Canada is losing its terror and can no longer be used as a shibboleth to ignore the advantages of an unrestricted reciprocity with people who have got something to sell that we want to buy, and who want to buy very badly things that we have got to sell. In the last presidential campaign the victory was won in a conflict between two policies. The cry of protection against free trade may have been proper enough, while the conflict existed between the two policies as such. Now, however, we are dealing with schedules and rates of duty. As to Canada, we already hold advantage ground in the field of industrial development, and to break down the barriers is only to enlarge our opportunities and extend the area of our profits. It should also multiply our facilities for foreign trade, by securing an unlimited supply of free raw material, of just the kind that we need, and that, too, in exchange for manufactures which we can sell to the Canadians."

Mr. Butterworth was asked whether the scope of his bill was sufficient to settle the differences, especially in relation to the fisheries, now existing between the two countries, to which he replied: "I notice by recent despatches from Ottawa that it is not the intention to extend the modus vivendi, under which for the last two years over a thousand of our fishing vessels in the United States have taken out licenses to fish in Canadian waters. The result is likely to be that we will have trouble in the Gulf of St. Lawrence during the ensuing spring, unless some arrangement is reached. Now this serious fishery question can be settled by the passage of the bill which I have introduced. It provides that citizens of the United States shall have equal rights in every port and part of Canada, the same as afforded to Canadian subjects in every port and part of the United States."

A RARE CASE.

A Man in Love with His Mother in Law

Town Clerk Byram, of Eastport, was compelled the other day by the force of circumstances, to forbid the bans in a proposed marriage, and the Sentinel says he barely had time to interfere before the illegal matrimonial contract was consummated.

A young man had procured a marriage license at the town clerk's office, in the regular way, and in due time the bride and groom made ready for the wedding, and all went merry as a marriage bell, until the pair were about to make their appearance before the minister and parties interested, when the stern presence of the town clerk appeared to them, with the unhappy but relentless announcement that the marriage must not take place, as he had been informed that the relationship already existing between the parties precluded such a union as that contemplated—in fact the young man was trying to marry his mother-in-law, or vice versa, which was agin the law, and proceedings must be stopped. In vain the weeping bride pleaded that the cruel hand of the law might be stayed, but it was of no avail, and the celebration of the nuptial ties has for the present been postponed.

A STRANGE POWER.

A Colored Girl with no Apparent Effort Causes Heavy Articles to Fly Around Rooms.

SUMTER, S. C., Dec. 31.—The citizens here are excited and puzzled by the strange manifestations of some hidden and extraordinary force which seems to follow Daisy Robinson, a colored servant girl, about twelve years of age. She seldom smiles and gazes listlessly around at the crowds of people who are continually going to see her.

As an illustration of what dozens of eminently respectable and trustworthy people of Sumter testify to, Policeman Epperson, who was detailed to investigate makes the following statement.

"I went to the yard of Mr. Tradewell, where I found a crowd collected, and I pushed my way through and went into the room where the girl and her sister were. I turned everybody else out, and sat on the bed facing the fireplace, with my lantern in my hand. There was another light in the room, and a fire in the fireplace. The sister sat by the door to prevent anybody coming in, and the girl sat on the right of the chimney, facing me, her chair leaning back against the chimney and her hands in her lap.

"I waited awhile and nothing occurring I was about to leave, when a dinner plate that was on the top of the bureau to my left and against the wall and several feet away from the girl, came sailing out into the air and fell right side up on the floor, breaking into pieces. A two-quart bucket on the mantel shelf than sprang out and fell to the floor at my feet. Immediately after a trevet, weighing five or six pounds that stood by the five, dashed out and across to where I was, striking on one of its feet and spinning around.

"Mr. Tradewell came in that moment and asked what all that noise was, and just then a shovel which was back in the corner to the right of the girl came prancing out and fell with a clatter, striking Mr. Tradewell on the foot, who left without staying to see anything more. All this time the girl was sitting perfectly quiet and there was no way for things to be thrown in from the outside, besides which I saw these things as they were coming through the air, and they came from just where they had been. I am satisfied that no one in or out of the room moved or threw them."

Similar occurrences manifest themselves in every house or room where Daisy goes, so that she is not a desirable visitor. Her aunt says she cannot afford such costly entertainments for the public and does not know what to do in the matter, as she cannot turn her out of doors. She says that this morning while Daisy was eating her breakfast, the bedstead in her room was actually wrenched to pieces by an unseen power.

New Ye r's Day.

The New Year has commenced, not as sages say with typical winter weather, but with plenty of dust, skating and corner loafing. About town nearly all the business houses are closed, and those who do not find pleasure in remaining comfortably by their firesides, have this afternoon betaken themselves to the different places of amusement—the Institute—the lake or the rinks.

At the different public institutions some little demonstration in honor of the new year was indulged in. At the Public Hospital and at the Insane Asylum special dinners were laid for the inmates to whom such a season as Christmas week comes but once a year and never a whit too soon.

The Odd Fellows, in large numbers, met at their rooms for social intercourse this morning and spent an enjoyable two hours.

The firemen did not hold their usual reception this morning, but gathered in small bodies at the different stations to discuss the political and domestic topics of the day.

"Never," said the representative old resident to THE GAZETTE reporter, this afternoon, "have I seen so many pairs of skates going over Jeffrey's Hill, and I can remember a long time back." The owners of these pleasure-giving little steel blades were en route for Lilly lake. Hundreds enjoyed themselves on the ice this afternoon, and Lilly lake as in the past is still undoubtedly the popular resort on New Year's day.

At the Y. M. C. A. a pleasant social reception is being held, with appropriate exercises by the gymnasium boys later in the afternoon. Numerous visitors have called at the Y. M. C. A. to tender the institution the compliments of the season, and to show their interest in its good work. Refreshments are being served during the afternoon by the ladies interested in the Association.

Throughout the city a general, though not universal, feeling of conviviality has reigned, and, while doubtless many new and excellent resolutions have been formed, it is quite evident that old habits have a clinging tendency. New resolutions do not go into effect until to-morrow.

A HANDSOME SOUVENIR.—The E. & C. Gurney Company of Toronto and Hamilton have issued an exceedingly handsome Calendar. The Gurney Company are the largest manfacturers of heating apparatus in Canada and also of stoves. Mr. Edward Gurney, a son of one of the founders of the company, is the managing director at Toronto. Mr. F. H. Barr, of St. John, is the travelling agent for the Company in the Maritime Provinces, and Messrs G. & E. Blake are local agents.

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—The entertainment of Miss Lule Warrenton in the Mechanics Institute on the 6th. inst will be similar to those given by her in the principal cities of Ontario and Quebec. Of a recent appearance in Montreal the Gazette of that city says: "Seldom has a better entertainment been presented to a Montreal audience than that given by Miss Lule Warrenton."

HORSES.—W. L. McKie, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., has arrived in the city with 2 carloads of horses.

DEADLY "LA GRIPPE."

THOUSANDS OF DEATHS IN PARIS—THE CITY PANIC-STRICKEN.

Undertakers too Busy to Make Anything but Deal Coffins.

PARIS, Jan, 1.—This city is to-day on the verge of a panic, for so fatal is "la grippe" that the death rate has bounded to the startling figures of the cholera days. Up to Friday night the official returns showed that there had been 1,055 deaths from the epedemic. Wednesday 318 victims went to the grave. Thursday 393 and Friday 344.

Undertakers are issuing notice that they are too busy to make anything but plain oak or deal coffins. Not a family in Paris seems to have escaped the disease. In some cases all the members of the household are prostrated at the same time; in others the servants have been seized and employers have had to attend to their own wants. The Compagnie des Pompes Funebres, which has the monopoly of burials, finds itself unable to meet the demands upon it, and has obtained leave from the authorities to dispense with the decorations of houses and churches with funeral draperies.

Frenchmen are just waking up to the truth that the officials have been concealing the facts connected with the influenza epidemic. Ever since the disease set in the official Comite d'Hygiene, through the medium of Drs. Brouardel and Proust, have been repeating over and over again that the present epidemic is not serious and that it could not under any circumstances endanger human life and that no prophylactic measures were called for;

The official report of these gentlemen, printed some time ago, related principally to cases of its first appearance in Paris, when the symptoms were not nearly so dangerous as they are now. Then they reported that while generally the influenza lasted from six to eight days, in the cases they had examined the people attacked could go back to work in two or three days, and that there was shown to be an absence of the phenomena of congestion of the respiratory organs.

The cause they thought to be in atmospheric influence or change. The two physicians telegraphed at the time to St. Petersburg, and from there they also learned that the disease was attributed to frequent changes of temperature and it was not considered contagious. Drs. Brouardel and Proust concluded their report by saying:

"The epidemic is not a kind to cause any alarm and it does not permit of any special preventive or prophylactic measure."

There have been many cases of the epidemic in the fleet at Brest, although the outbreak is now stated to be on the decline there, while the city of Lyons seems to be completely at the mercy of the malady. Many large places of business there have been completely disorganized owing to the spread of the illness among the employees, while the sanitary condition of the troops of the district is anything but satisfactory.

At Lillie the number of cases has increased fivefold since the beginning of the week, and the situation appears to be equally serious throughout the northeast of France. In several places the schools have broken up and large warehouses and shops have been thrown into disorder by the illness of their staffs. Three soldiers died yesterday at Versailles. The autopsy showed a state of the lungs exactly similar to that of cows which have died by rinderpest.

During the week the influenza has spread rapidly in the Riviera. In Monaco, where cases are most numerous, the Casino is almost deserted. Travellers arriving here from Spain say that the disease is almost as bad there as here. In Madrid it is violently epidemic. The tenor Gayarre, Senor Canovas del Castillo and several Cabinet Ministers, including Premier Sagasta, are among the sufferers. In Lisbon there are 2,000 cases in the hospitals. So severe is the epidemic in Madrid, in fact, that it has been decided to open relief bureaus at all the hospitals and to distribute medicine to the affected poor.

The report reached here to-day of the death in Vienna of Baron Kremera, the celebrated Orientalist, a victim of the epidemic. To-day the report reaches the Boulevards that the condition of M. Freycinet, the Minister of War, who is suffering from the epidemic, has changed for the worse, and that Drs. Brouardel and Proust themselves have been attacked, and that their condition is serious.

ONE WOMAN'S SAD HISTORY.

From a Diamonded Ease to Peddling Papers on the Street.

From the San Francisco Examiner.

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 21.—The people of the capital city have recently become familiar with the figure of an old woman who may be seen on the streets, every day engaged in selling newpapers. She always wears an old scarf tied about her head, a long cloak which gives evidence of many years' service, a dress badly frayed at the bottom of the skirt and rough shoes.

There are people in this city who remember that only twelve or fourteen years ago she wore silks and satins and diamonds. She was then in Truckee and lived in gorgeously furnished apartments. She was known as the wife of "Gad" Freeman, a faro dealer well known in Sacramento. It was the popular belief in Truckee at that time that Mr. and Mrs. Freeman were worth $60,000. Reverses came, however, some of the "fly boys" "got in" against Freeman's game and passed in their checks for thousands.

The dealer's sack was growing small and he and his wife finally "pulled up stakes" and came to Sacramento. Freeman made an effort to retrieve his fortunes; but his bad luck followed him and nothing came his way. The Truckee "Hoodoo," which had driven Joe Potter to the Black Hills and to his death, seemed to have clinched to Freeman and he could not win a bet. He was worse than a four-time loser.

The great Northwest was then just coming into prominence and the tide of emigration was setting in that direction. Freeman thought that a change of residence might change his luck and he went to Washington Territory, accompanied by his wife.

It was the same old story of hard luck, and it is stated that Freeman finally got down to the financial bedrock. It is also said that he became morose and almost beside himself, and that he finally imagined that the woman who had clung to him through thick and thin was the cause of his ill-fortune.

At all events, the story goes that Freeman determined to get rid of the woman. He had not the heart to harm her, it seems, and it has been told the writer, that he hired a company of horses and a buggy, and accompanied by Mrs. Freeman, set out upon a journey over a rarely travelled mountain route.

One night the two stopped for a lodging in a lonely cabin in the mountains. When morning came Mrs. Freeman discovered that her husband was missing from the apartment to which they had been assigned. Inquiries developed that he had arisen before daybreak, had taken the team and "lit out." Mrs. Freeman was distracted and rushed in the direction her husband had taken. For several days she wandered in the wilderness, and when a searching party found her she was almost, if not quite, a maniac.

Time has not entirely obliterated the effects of those terrible days and nights, and the stamp of her suffering is in the woman's face.

The sporting men believe the account of her sufferings and are most liberal patrons. At all events, she is entitled to the scanty livelihood she earns upon the streets, and should not be scoffed at by those ignorant of her history. It is said that "Gad" Freeman is now in New Mexico and that fortune has favored him of late.

Boston Comedy Company.

A house filled to overflowing greeted the Boston Comedy Company last night when the curtain rung up on the first act of "The white Slave," numbers stood the whole evening and a better pleased audience seldom attended the Institute. Miss Grey played the role of Elinor de Touniville a rich South American heiress with true conception of the character throughout and received bursts of deserved applause. Miss Mathes as Jennie and Mrs. Clifton as Madame Herbert also gave good interpretations of their characters. It was pleasant also to see Mr. Mills so far recovered from his throat trouble as to be able to play and act well as he did last night. Mr. Marsh also did well as the planter and equally well in the afterpiece. Mr. Webber as the peddler created unlimited fun and his songs as well as his speech at the close of the first piece were received with thunders of applause. The rest of the company gave good support. A feature of this very successful entertainment was a recitation by little Pearl Clifton, descriptive of a little girls life in a hotel.

Tonight "Fanchon the Cricket" in which Miss Grey plays Fanchon introducing the shadow dance.

Police Court.

Wm. Donohoe drunk on Dock street was fined $4.

Charles Peterson, Wm. Carr and John Sullivan drunks were allowed to go.

Fred McCambly drunk and disorderly in his mother's house on Sheriff street, was fined $8.

Joseph Riley charged with breaking doors in Sadie Patton's house on Sheffield street and assaulting and beating Margaret Ross pleaded not guilty and was remanded until to-morrow. The Ross woman appeared at the police station this morning to prosecute. She is literally a mass of cuts and bruises and is hardly able to move. It appears that on Tuesday afternoon Riley's father took the Ross woman out for a drive and "Joe" thinking his father was spending his money wrongly, visited the house of Sadie Patton where the woman was and committed the assault. He also broke a chair over Sadie Patton's head for taking Ross's part.

Riley is a notorious character and it is time his career was ended. He has a wife and two children and it is said he also ill-treats them. He said at the time the assault was committed that he was going to kill the Ross woman but fortunately he was prevented.

It was rumored to-day that Riley's friends would influence the woman not to appear against him but both she and Sadie Patton say that they will prosecute to the utmost extremity of the law.

Trade of St. John.

Value of imports at the port of Saint John, N. B., for the month ending 31st December, 1889, compared with December, 1888.

	1888.	1889.
Goods entered for Consumption ex ship	$169,148	$145,244
Goods entered for warehouse	38,599	26,904
Free	134,121	114,349
Total value Goods Imported	$339,868	$286,498
Goods withdrawn from warehouse	$ 40,984	$ 35,638
Customs Duties collected during the month	$68,588.47	$66,845.15

Value of exports from the port of Saint John, N. B., for the month of December 1889, compared with December, 1888:

	1888.	1889.
The mine	$ 689	$ 6,318
" fisheries	3,701	10,241
" forest	56,567	103,873
Animals and their produce	15,834	22,530
Agricultural products	434	3,709
Manufactures	14,473	12,689
Miscellaneous	1,837	3,272
Total produce of Canada	$ 93,435	$163,632
" not produce	81,723	60,901
Grand total exports	$175,158	$224,533

NEW VESSEL.—It is expected that Mr. McGuiggan will shortly lay the keel of another large three-masted schooner at Courtney Bay. He will build it in the old Dunlop yard.

The Equity Court.

In the Equity Court this morning before His Honor Judge Palmer the argument in Clark vs. Schofield and Collier was begun.

This is an application to set off the sum of $4,486.54 due by the Plaintiff to the Defendants by decree of the Equity Court against the sum of $1,653, with interest from July 1885, found due from the Defendants to the Plaintiff by order of the Supreme Court on appeal from the Equity Court decree.

Messrs. C. N. Skinner, Q. C. and Hon. Wm. Pugsley for the Plaintiff, and Messrs. C. A. Palmer and C. W. Weldon, Q. C. for the Defendants.

Of Personal Interest.

Dr. H. S. Bridges of the University of N. B. has been in town for some days past.

L. W. Jewett returns to Cambridge, today to continue his course at Harvard.

Mr. Jas. H. Crocket, editor of the Fredericton Gleaner was in town yesterday.

SENT TO HIS RELATIVES.—The body of John F. Hall who died in Campbellton passed through this city today on the way to Bangor, Me. to relatives of the deceased.

THE BOSTON TRAIN came in about 10 minutes ahead of the C. P. R. Montreal train this afternoon, as the latter was over an hour late.

POINT LEPREAUX, 3 p m.—Wind Southwest, strong, partly cloudy. Therm. 47.

FIRST EDITION.

SERIOUS FIRE.

EDISON ELECTRIC COMPANY'S SHOP BURNED.

The Lights Burned all Day in Banks and Offices Down Town—Buildings Completely Gutted—Loss $100,000.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The shops of the Edison Electric Illuminating Co., on Pearl street were burned this morning.

The station supplied 18,000 incandescent lights in the down town district, most of which burn all day in the banks and offices below Fulton street.

The fire gutted the buildings 225 and 256 on Pearl street and caused a loss to the Edison company of $100,000. Insurance $50,000.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Passenger Cars, Baggage Car and Engine Go Down a 20 Feet Embankment.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 2.—A passenger train was wrecked last night at Wabbaseka, near Pine Bluff on the Cotton Belt Road. Engineer Apperson was killed and several passengers were injured. Three coaches filled with passengers, the baggage car and engine were thrown down an enbankment 20 feet in height.

THE BELGIUM ROYAL LIBRARY SAFE.

The Queen and Princess Clementine Prostrated.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 2.—The report that the library in the Royal Palace at Lacken was burned in the fire which destroyed that structure yesterday proves to have been unfounded.

A number of important documents relating to the Queen's entire wardrobe was also burned. The Queen and Princess Clementine are greatly prostrated.

Cardinal Manning's Reply.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Jan., 2.—Cardinal Manning replying to an address of the Catholic Workmens club of Vienna, says "I always remember the words of the Lord, Have pity upon my people. Extreme poverty exists in England but the workmen should listen to those who counsel moderation."

Powderly's Article on Voting.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jany. 2.—General Master Workman Powderly is out in a long and vigorous article favoring the Australian system of voting.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Indications.—Threatening weather and rain followed by clearing. Colder Friday and Saturday. Fresh to brisk westerly winds. Cold wave.

London Markets.

LONDON, 12.30 p m.

Consols 97 5 16 for money and 97 $\frac{1}{2}$ for Dec account

United States Fours,	
Do. do. Fours and a half	
Atlantic and Great Western firsts	35¾
Do. do do seconds	7
Canada Pacific	77
Erie	26⅞
do. Seconds	10½
Illinois Central	121
Mexican ordinary	40¼
St Paul Common	71
New York Central	110
Pennsylvania	54¾
Reading	19⅞
Mexican Central new 4s	72¾
Bar Silver	

Money 4½ @ 5 per cent,

Rate of discount in open market for both short and three months bills nominally 4½@ 4¾ per cent.

London Markets.

LONDON, 4 p m closing.

Consols 96 1-16 for money and 97 3-16 for acct.

U S Fours	
do do Fours and a half	
A & G W firsts	36¾
Do do seconds	
Can Pac	76¾
Erie	27¼
Do seconds	10¾
Ills Cent	40¾
Mexican ordy	71¾
St Paul Common	
N Y Cent 5s	
Penn	19¼
Reading	7¾
Mex cent new 4s	64
Bar Silver	
Spanish Fours	

Money 1½ per cent.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, closing cotton ammidd Jan 5 36-64 d sellers. Sales of day included 8600 bales Am Futures closed firm.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12.30 p m—Cotton easy. Amn midds 5 9-16 sales 10,000; spec and export 1000; rects 69,000; Amn 56300. Futures firm.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan 2.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT.				
May	83	83¾	83	83¾
Jan	78	78¾	77¾	77¾
PORK.				
May	9.60	9.65	9.57	9.65
Jan	9.05	9.10	9.02	9.10
Feb	9.20	9.25	9.20	9.25
OIL.				
	102½	103¼	102½	103¼

Telegraphic Flashes

Lord Salisbury is making favorable progress towards recovery.

The English Court will wear mourning for three weeks for the late Empress of Brazil.

The revolution in the Province of Cuscatlan and the revolution is suppressed the government forces having been completely victorious.

The Czar is still confined to his room and physicians fear complications in his case.

Influenza is spreading in Italy. The pupils of the Military school at Modeva have been sent home.

The loss by burning of the Royal palace at Lacken is immense as to money value and the destruction of art treasurers which cannot be replaced.

McHugh, Ex-Mayor Sligo and editor of the Sligo Champion, will be prosecuted for intimidation.

The Freeman's Journal says it has strong reason to believe Lord Salisbury will dissolve Parliament at the earliest moment.

Armenians in Olashgard have petitioned the Shah for permission to emigrate to that country to escape Turkish oppression.

The Royal Palace, at Lacken near Brussels is on fire, and Princess Clemintine, daughter of the king, had a narrow escape from being burned to death. Her governess was burned and all the Royal Art collection destroyed.

The Toronto Globe's Washington correspondent states his belief that congress will make a definite move in the direction of reciprocity before the close of the present session.

NEW STOCK.—Just received from Havana the following fine brands of cigars: Suprema, Deliciosas, La Brilliante R. V. extra, New La Miel, Flor De Benito Suarez Conchas and Angel Queens, at S. Whitebone's, City Market Building, Charlotte st.

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