

Big Values

Men's Hats—
Latest styles—new American blocks—fur felt—regular \$3 Hats—Special..... 1.50

Men's Shirts—
Our \$1.50 Shirts—new designs—fast colors—perfect fit—special..... 1.00

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Famous famous Walking and Driving Gloves—\$1.50 value—special..... 1.00

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Limited.
TAILORS.
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TORONTO SIZES UP THE MEN WHO MAKE UP NEW CABINET

Everybody Not Satisfied, But Premier Has Done Well Under Circumstances.

Mr. Whitney and his cabinet have made their initial bow to the people of Ontario. It was natural to expect that the announcement of the allotment of portfolios would cause considerable disappointment in some quarters and satisfaction in others. There were probably twenty men elected to the next legislature who have friends who believe that they have claims for cabinet rank. Mr. Whitney was handicapped by the overwhelming nature of his victory. Not one man suggested for the cabinet was defeated by the electorate. It would have been easier for Mr. Whitney if some of his friends had been rejected at the polls, but he came back from the people with an endorsement that secured supporters from 70 per cent. of the ridings of the province. Therefore he had a wide choice. His only difficulty was in laying aside the claims of one man here and another man there. He was given the greatest possible freedom in his selections, and with the material at his disposal he was enabled to select men representative of every section of the province, of every class and creed.

Doubtless he made his choice with the end in view of giving representation—however harsh this may seem—to the nationalities that made up the people of the province. The particular church these people attend, the class of business they are engaged in and other considerations were not forgotten. It is true that, as some one has said, brains should be selected from a body of men to "represent" that body of men. Mr. Whitney has probably done wisely in choosing his cabinet in the manner he has done. For instance, he was bound by promise to recognize the large body of French electors by choosing one of their number to sit with him in the council chamber.

Dr. Reaume was the man possessing the ability, the charm of manner, the fluency of speech, who can be depended upon to perform his duties in a manner as creditable as if some gentleman knowing only the English tongue had been selected for this portfolio. This was one of the big surprises of the cabinet. Major J. S. Hendrie, being a financial man and a large contractor, would have been given control of the public works department, which requires a man of sagacity and business training. The proposal to make him know whether Major Hendrie refused to be bound by the ties of a cabinet portfolio, but if he was unable to accept the headship of this department this is sufficient explanation why he was not selected. However, as he holds a seat in the cabinet, Mr. Whitney and his colleagues will be benefited by his advice.

Toronto was favorably impressed with the aggregation of stars that Mr. Whitney presented on Wednesday night. The extempore addresses of the new ministers were all in the best of taste. Some captious critics have discovered that "there is not an orator in the bunch." This is urged as a reason why "Joe" Downey, the brilliant young journalist from Guelph, should have been included. If the cabinet has no polished orator, it averages up pretty well in point of debating ability. Mr. Whitney himself is strong on the platform. He did not show to the best advantage on Wednesday night. Some of his sentences were astonishingly long and cut up by parentheses, and some of his hearers must have grown restless waiting for him to get to the end. There is no other public speaker in Canada to-day who can approach Mr. Whitney in the length of his sentences.

Hon. Edward Blake used to afflict his audiences with sentences stretching out into the quarter-century. Probably the most forcible debater in the cabinet is Mr. Hanna, the provincial secretary. He goes down deep into a subject, and once he gets on the track of some important piece of information he never lets go until he has it.

Next to the speech of Mr. Hanna, that of Dr. Reaume pleased a good many people most. The doctor has an easy mode of expression, uses graceful language and there is just enough of the French cast to make his words pleasant to the ear.

"Safe and sane," an expression borrowed from the recent United States presidential campaign, sums up the chief characteristics of the new cabinet. The characteristics of the administrators are to a certain extent to be tested, but they are all looked upon as men who can be trusted to give reasonably progressive and honest administration. They are not particularly brilliant, perhaps, but who of the late cabinet could claim to be brilliant? Some people say that if Mr. Whitney were in the cabinet the average of ability would be higher. Perhaps Mr. Gamey will be figure as minister of mines or minister of agriculture. He has borne a lot of the fighting the last two years, and if it had not been for the attempt to bribe him to forsake his old governmental position, Mr. Gamey might have carried all the by-elections and staved off the general elections for two years yet. From that moment the fortunes of Mr. Ross declined. If past services are to be recognized, and Mr. Whitney has very properly recognized the work of the "old guard" to some extent, then a great many people can't see how Mr. Whitney can get over giving Mr. Gamey a department. Gamey is a powerful factor on the stump, and possesses the ability to master the details of a department such that of mines or crown lands.

Speaking of Mr. Gamey, what a change has come over some people in Queen's Park. They say when Gamey goes up to the building now there is a general stampede from the back rooms of officials who crave the honor of an introduction. Some of these officials a

few weeks ago would have clamored for the opportunity of officiating as hangman to the same Mr. Gamey. But it only goes to show that human nature is about the same all the world over. When a man is down everyone wants to take a kick at him; but when he is on top of the heap he has so many friends he can't count them.

Thomas Crawford III conceals his disappointment over the selection of Mr. Whitney's advisers. His actions are in sharp contrast to Dr. Nesbitt, who manfully accepted the situation after the honors. Dr. Nesbitt has strengthened himself greatly by his speech at Massey Hall Wednesday night. As Toronto has got away with two portfolios she has had quite enough. Mr. Whitney doubtless has sufficient reasons for the selection of his advisers. He had an overplus of good cabinet timber and if he has made mistakes he is only human.

Library in the Alps.
The Descombes Open Marchioness of Italy has established a library on the summit of Mount Giove. In the Monte Rosa group of the Alps, at an altitude of 11,640 feet, in commemoration of her husband's husband, the late King Humbert of Italy. This is the highest library in the world. As soon as the weather is favorable the queen intends to open the library in person. A great number of well-known European and American men of letters have contributed books on Alpine literature, photographs, maps and charts, so that this unique library will be the best and most complete of its character in the world. A good road is now being built to facilitate the ascent to library buildings. The Italian Government contributed largely to this interesting enterprise. The German Emperor and his wife also took a keen interest in the matter, and ordered a number of valuable books and photographs.

Ten Advertising.
Some years ago a company was formed in London which offered to all women who for a certain time bought half a pound of tea at their stores a pension of 10 shillings a week in the event of the death of their husbands. The list of widows gradually reached 20,000, and the company had to suspend payment.

German Railways.
A recent report by the minister of public works shows that the German Government works employed 563,268 persons last year; the number of locomotives in use was 21,242. The locomotives represented a value of over \$240,000,000.

LADIES, HAVE YOU NOTICED?

BASTEDO'S

77 KING STREET EAST.

OUR CLEARING SALE

OF

\$40,000 WORTH OF Fine Furs

Our own make, AT AND UNDER COST.

Anything in Furs Made to Order at Sale Prices

Alaska Seal, Near Seal, Persian, Bokharan and Astrachan Jackets in every style. Positively the best value in the city

STOLES, RUFFS AND MUFFS—Mink, Sable, Alaska Sable, Foxes, in white, blue, grey, Isabella, and all other furs.

Man's Fur-lined and Fur Coats at lowest prices in the trade. Send for catalog.

RAW FURS—We pay New York prices. Send for price list.



FRISCO FISH DEAR.
Wholesalers in Combine and Up Gave the Price.

San Francisco, Feb. 11.—Altho the waters in the vicinity of this city are teeming with fish of endless variety, this class of food has become the dearest commodity in the market. An advance of 100 per cent. has just taken place in the price of all kinds of fish. Salmon has been advanced from five cents to 25 cents and striped bass from 5 cents to 20 cents. The retailer blames the wholesale dealers, all of whom are in a combine and the wholesaler ascribes it to sudden and phenomenal advance in fish partly to bad weather and partly to the alleged depredations of Chinese, who, they say, fish with set nets and destroy vast quantities of fish. As it stands now, so far as consumers are concerned, it is a case of pay or go without. The fish industry in California is quite an important one, employing over 2500 men in San Francisco, and \$500 along the coast, and there is a capital aggregating \$1,000,000. In San Francisco alone over \$500,000 is invested in boats and apparatus.

ANOTHER JAIL SQUABBLE.
Lincoln County's Latest Official May Not Hold His Job Long.

St. Catharines, Feb. 11.—(Special.)—Sheriff Dawson this afternoon notified the attorney in charge of the county jail since the death of Governor Blain, that his appointment was made on Jan. 31, would be on hand to take charge on Monday. There has been a great deal of criticism indulged in here over the appointment. It will not be allowed to stand.

Surveyors are at work surveying for a railway between here and Hamilton. They will not say who they are or whom they are working for, and the opinion prevails here and in the country that the surveyors are working for the C. P. R.

"It is a surprise to me," said a prominent citizen of the county to-day, "that the C. P. R. have neglected this side of Hamilton, and you can rest assured that they will not neglect the profitable business to be got in the Niagara peninsula much longer."

How Sickness Starts In the Inside Nerves

Most forms of sickness start with the inside nerves. Indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, dyspepsia—weak kidneys, diabetes, Bright's Disease—Liver irregularities—Heart irregularities—Bowel irregularities—all of these ailments, and the ailments which they in turn bring on are due directly to derangement of certain nerve centres.

Understand first that we have two entirely separate nerve systems. When we walk, or talk, or get, we call into play a certain set of nerves—nerves which obey our mental commands. That is why the arm can be raised, or the mouth opened, or the eye shut, at the slightest desire. That is why your fingers can delicately pick up a pin one moment and hold a heavy hammer the next.

But these are not the nerves we are to consider here.

There is another set of nerves which control and govern and actuate the heart and the stomach, the kidneys and the liver and all of the vital functions. You cannot control these nerves. By no supreme effort of mind can you make your heart stop or start—nor can you even make it vary a single beat a minute. And so with the stomach and the liver and the kidneys and the bowels. They are automatic—they do their work at a certain set speed whether you are awake or asleep—whether you will it or not.

If any of these inside nerves that life and health depend on, go wrong, as these nerves perform their proper duties we are well and strong. When they fail, we are weak and feeble. When they fail, we are well and strong. When they fail, we are well and strong. When they fail, we are well and strong.

Don't you, who do not know medicine at all, see that this is wrong? That it is mere patchwork? That while the suffering organ is enjoying its temporary relief, the nerve is really sick and may be getting worse and worse? Does that tell you why you relapse so frequently follows a supposed cure? Does this not account for the uncertainties of medicine?

More than thirty years ago this thought came to me:

"If life and health depend upon perfect heart action, upon proper stomach digestion, upon correct kidney filtering, why does not life itself depend upon these life-governing power nerves—these inside nerves."

My Free Dollar Offer

Any sick one who has not tried my remedy may have a Full Dollar's Worth Free. I ask no deposit, no reference, no security. There is nothing to pay, either now or later. I will send you an order on your druggist which he will accept in full payment for a regular, standard size Dollar bottle. And he will send the bill to me.

C. I. SHOOP, M.D.

I realized, too, that all ailments which result from one cause, namely, of course, he cured by one remedy. I resolved, not to doctor the organs, but to treat the one nerve system which operates them all.

For those who treat only the symptoms, treatments are only palliative; the results do not last. A cure can never come until the cause of the ailment, heart, liver or kidneys, until the inside nerve power is restored. When that is done, Nature removes the symptoms. There is no need of doctoring them.

My remedy—now known by Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is the result of a quarter century of endeavor along this very line. It does not dose the organ or deaden the pain—but it does the power nerve—and halts it up, and strengthens it and makes it well.

There is no mystery—no miracle. I can explain my treatment to you as easily as I can tell you why cold freezes water and why heat melts ice. Nor do I claim a discovery. For every detail of my treatment is based on truths so fundamental that none can deny them. And every ingredient of my medicine is as old as the hills of the world. I simply applied the truths and combined the ingredients into a remedy that is practically certain.

But this mountain of evidence is of no avail to those who shut their eyes and close away in doubt. For doubt is harder to overcome than disease. I cannot cure those who lack the faith to try.

So now I have made this offer. I disregard the evidence. I lay aside the fact that mine is the largest medical practice in the world, and I come to you as a stranger. I ask you to believe not one word that I say till you have proven it for yourself. I offer to give you outright a full dollar's worth of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. No one possible excuse for doubt. It is the most unbounded confidence can suggest. It is open and frank and fair. It is the supreme test of my faith in my remedy.

I have made my offer that strangers to my remedy may know. It is not intended for or open to those who have used my remedy. They need no further evidence. But to those who have not heard, or heard, may have delayed or doubted, I say, "simply write and ask." I will send you an order on your druggist, which he will accept as gladly as he would accept a dollar. He will hand you from his shelves a standard-sized bottle of my prescription, and he will send the bill to me.

Will you accept this opportunity to learn my expense absolutely, how to be rid forever of all forms of illness which are caused by inside nerve weakness—to be rid not only of the trouble but of the very cause which produced it? Write to-day.

Preferential Postal Rate.
Fall Mail Gazette: It is the dictum of a colonial postal authority that Great Britain alone among the nations of the world makes a profit out of her postal service. This fact, if fact it be, adds considerably to the interest of looking back over the years which have since passed since the introduction of the penny post between the homeland and most colonies.

The experiment was made on the colonial side with some fear, and trembling, for the margin of loss which a new country can regard with equanimity is small. But for the most part, it is satisfactory to learn, the statesmanlike reform has resulted in the infliction of the financial injury upon those parts of the empire brave enough to make trial of it. The figures published this year show a deficiency on the Commonwealth postoffice account of no less than \$17,363, a return which has caused—perhaps less logically than might superficially appear—a renewal of the existing postage rate to this country—2 1/2d. per half ounce, and of 2d. locally, except in case of communication between different parts of the same city.

Rhodesia, which also retains the higher rate, sustain a loss on the postoffice, but it would not be fair to regard the fact as effect and cause, for the great distances and small population would render any service unremunerative. In Canada data for accurate comparison of one system with the other are easily obtained. In the year 1900 the excess of expenditure over receipts of which, in 1903, had been transformed into a surplus of \$292,654, notwithstanding that the expenditure had actually increased—a notable progress synchronizing with the introduction of the penny post.

Of the separate South African states, Natal has for many years shown the best postal figures. Since the year 1896 when there occurred a deficiency of £42,000, the balance has always been on the right side. By 1900 this excess had reached £36,705, and in 1903—previous years—this had again advanced to £101,981.

FATHER

Composed some seilaise," and is sung amgen. Especially h two days. It was p Russia," published by

TO

Ye meek and Who ploc Who pray for And wait Cease this dep Shun servile h Cast meek No end of suff Till endles

AN EX-PUGILIST

By John L. Sullivan, Great Smoke cigarettes? Chop di anyone good, and the out.

Do you ever drink? Well, money and a lot of trouble. I don't believe in lecturing smoking cigarettes. When you cigar, or a pipe.

No one has to smoke any more that he loy ever lived here; and, swipe pipes once in a w they didn't try the apples any good.

I ought to know what I'm in my time and I'm glad to go drinking rum as any one else. I've drunk a lot of it in my mach, lots too much, and I'm about the only thing I bra life.

I'm an advocat of temper drinking and eating. I used to two n eals a day, and I'm better now. I'm not pasing as a simply telling what I've learned the world for years longer and it not been for intemperance in I didn't drink much in training, but at that I did too much of whipped me if he had made m

I had a wonderful constitut smoking and drinking never d would have worn out some m

PROVINCE WANTS TO QU

Moscow, Feb. 11.—Prince Troub president of the Moscow Zemst informed the assembly of noble he declines re-election as p marshal of the nobility. Address meeting of the nobles. Prince T skoy declared that throuth his of office he had always striven to tain harmony among the nobil Moscow, and throuth Russia, b split had manifested itself dur debate on the recent address to I for he had decided not to re election. The assembly tried to sc Prince Troubetsky to recon decision, but he refused to do so the former provincial and distric shals of the nobility, whose name proposed likewise declined the post deadlock ultimately was temp solved by Prince Troubetsky con ing to remain in office until his s sor is found.

Oxford Wins in Football.

London, Feb. 11.—Oxford won 32nd annual Inter-University Ass football match at the Queen's here this afternoon, beating Camb by two goals to one. There was a attendance, but the game was not exciting, the defence being better the attack.

To Expect Senator Platt.

Washington, Feb. 11.—President ten Frey today introduced in the ate the petition of C. W. Post of Mass, asking for the expulsion of S Platt of New York. The case was referred to the senate comm on privileges and elections.

INTERESTING FACTS

ST. PE

Population (cenus 1903), 1,531,000
Greek Catholics, 85 per cent.
Protestants (chiefly Germans) 14 per cent.
Ruman Catholics, 3 per cent.
Jews, 2 per cent.
Unable to read or write (adults), 10 per cent.
Peasants, 40.7 per cent.
Burgesses (householders), 20 per cent.

CLASSES IN PROPORTION TO POPULATION.

Workmen, 1 in 4.
Servants, 1 in 4.
Scholars, 1 in 12.
Soldiers, 1 in 25.
Officials, 1 in 61.
Teachers, 1 in 250.
Police-men, 1 in 208.
Surgeons, 1 in 608.
Advocates, 1 in 4201.
Lawyers, 1 in 2700.
Apudicators, 1 in 1538.
Lawbrokers, 1 in 1848.