

and other fields, completely reviewed its safeguards system and decided to extend it to cover reactors with a thermal output exceeding 100,000 kilowatts, a major step forward and a natural outcome of the rapid development of large power reactors. At its Eighth General Conference in Vienna in September, the membership of the Board of Governors was confirmed for the ensuing 12 months. It is composed of 25 member states chosen on the basis of geographical distribution and on the level of achievement in atomic-energy technology and, as Canada is regarded as one of the five leading nations in the field, its place on the Board has been virtually assured. In September the Board elected the Canadian member as its chairman for a 12-month term.

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### *United Nations Children's Fund*

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) was established by the General Assembly in December 1946. Its purpose is to help developing countries improve conditions for their children and youth by providing assistance in such fields as health, nutrition, social welfare, education and vocational training. It provides assistance at the request of governments for projects which form part of national programmes of development. The United Nations Children's Fund Executive Board, of which Canada is a member, meets twice a year in June and December to approve programmes for the following six months and at its meeting in June to discuss policy questions in detail.

In June 1964, the 30-nation UNICEF Executive Board voted \$30 million in continued assistance to more than 150 projects and in new assistance to 57 projects. In all, UNICEF is now aiding 551 long-term projects in 116 countries and territories. Among the major categories of aid approved at the June session was \$18 million to strengthen health services and combat specific diseases, \$4 million for nutritional projects, \$3 million for educational and vocational training, \$830,000 to child and family welfare services, \$328,000 for help to countries in preparing projects to meet the needs of children and youth and \$3 million in freight charges for supplies. Canada's contribution to UNICEF in 1964 was \$800,000. Canadians participated actively in the sale of UNICEF greeting cards and calendars, which were expected to achieve record world-wide sales in 1964, and in the Hallowe'en "Trick or Treat" collections, which are now being extended