

cision is the most important legal verdict ever rendered in support of pharmacy in Canada. It means precisely the same as the English decision, and the chemists in that country are jubilant. It means that no person or company can sell, patent medicines with poisons in them, "excepting licensed chemists," and involves the registration in the poison book of all sales of patents that have been proven by analysis to contain poison. The Act wisely provides that its machinery shall not be used by spiteful persons to persecute legitimate druggists, against whom such persons may have a grudge; as only in case the college is prosecutor does the whole fine of \$20 go to the prosecutor; in all other cases the informer gets only half the fine, or \$10. In every single case tried, even though each case rested on Boeche's German Syrup, a separate and distinct analysis, both quantitative and qualitative, must be made of each and every purchase. Very few expert chemists have the necessary expensive appliances to do such work, and such as have, charge very high,—then there are travelling expenses, etc., the informer would be out of pocket, and the Council, while advising strict compliance with the law, can be entrusted not to persecute druggists who inadvertently omit to register every such sale of patents. Do not be alarmed. We cannot expect such favors without responsibility and trouble; is it unreasonable for the Government to say to us,—if we thus give you control of patents, you must register all sales of such as have been proven to contain poison. The Council can have the analysis made, and so extend the list of such patents, from time to time, and advertise them so that everyone may know which they are. We now register all sales of poisons and liquor averaging 15 cents. Is it not worth the labor to get control of patents sales averaging 50 cents? In England the chemists are delighted at the prospect.

The result is what you must look at. With the exception of the T. Eaton Company, who claim unjustly that because they hire a chemist to manage their drug department, they are complying with the law, all other dry goods and fancy goods bazaars in Toronto, Hamilton, London, and other large centres have quit selling patents, and also the grange supply store in Toronto. The criticisms you have heard of our method of securing these convictions are too far fetched and frivolous to deserve reply. Our answer to all such is: we have won all our cases. There is no better police magistrate than Denison. He would not allow us to win by dishonorable, underhand, or even irregular methods, and such attacks are upon him, not upon us.

Such is the result of our action, and such is its bearing upon the retail drug business. One would suppose that our wonderful success would silence ordinary human opposition. We cannot, however, expect people who live by manufacturing chemicals or patent medicines to sympathize with, appreciate or understand what this victory means to the retailers, because their interests lie in the contrary direction. Their best customers are among the weak and hand-to-mouth druggists, and the more of them the better. Strong, prosperous retailers make their own preparations and sell fewer patents. When, therefore, such people say of the Eaton prosecution that it was a "fiasco," and a "miserable failure," we are not surprised. Such language is used purposely to becloud the true issue, to hide the truth from the people. Opposition can go no farther than this.

JOHN J. HALL, President.

On motion of Messrs. Buchanan and Slavin, it was resolved, that the President's address be incorporated in the minutes of the Council, and on a supplementary motion by Messrs. Daniel and Clark, the address was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Polson, without offering any very vigorous opposition, referred to the address as "a campaign document." The Council, he said, had not been successful

in its case against the Eaton Company, for they still continued to do as before.

The chairman—"You must remember, Mr. Polson, that that case is the exception."

A large number of communications were read, but as they were all referred to the various committees for consideration, they will be dealt with later in this report.

On motion of Messrs. Petrie and Mackenzie, it was resolved that Messrs. Hall and Lawrence should be the representatives of the Council on the Board of the Western Fair Association.

On motion of Messrs. Clark and Slavin, it was decided that Messrs. Mackenzie and Daniel should be the representatives on the Board of the Toronto Industrial Association.

The Registrar reported that an arrangement had been made with Dr. J. B. Willmott, Dean of the School of Dentistry, to rent an upper lecture room in the college, from Oct. 14, 1892, until March 1st, for \$375.

On motion of Messrs. Mackenzie and Jordan, it was resolved, that the action of the Committee be approved of and the record be placed on file.

The Registrar reported that Messrs. Gilbert, Langdon & Co., druggists supplies, Baltimore, Md., through Mr. W. Lloyd Wood, of Toronto, had donated to the College a case of samples valued at \$24.40.

On motion of Messrs. Daniel and Mackenzie, the hearty thanks of the Council were tendered to the firm for the gift.

REGISTRAR-TREASURER'S REPORT.

Mr. Lewis then presented his report, the chief items in which were as follows:

Since the 1st August, 1892, the following medical practitioners have taken out registration: H. Uuliyot, Elmira; G. H. Bomter, Stirling; George E. Joseph, Pembroke; Thos. Owens, Parkhill; A. E. Mallory, Colborne; F. E. Forfax, Toronto; David Thompson, Cayuga; Wm. Scott, Toronto; David Johnson, Iroquois; W. L. Hilliard, Morriston; George Allan Shannon, Sparta, and three others in abeyance.

The number of renewals since Aug. 1st, 1892, were as follows:—1 for 1889, 6 for 1890, 12 for 1891, 82 for 1892, and 4 for 1893, a total of 105.

The number of applications of apprentices for registration has been 139.

The statement of receipts and disbursements showed:—

RECEIPTS.	
Balance in cash and Traders Bank,	
Aug. 1st, 1892.....	\$1240 60
Renewal fees .....	420 00
Infringement account.....	85 62
Examination fees.....	390 00
Apppliance account .....	153 47
Deposit fees .....	975 00
Matriculation fees .....	192 00
Teaching Department, junior .....	3804 00
" " senior .....	4455 00
The Announcement.....	75 29
Supply account .....	2 93
Licence sales' books.....	158 97
Poisons sales' books.....	33 63
Diplomas .....	8 00
Registration fees, M.D.'s .....	60 00
Apprentice registration fees.....	139 00
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>\$12390 55</b>

DISBURSEMENTS.	
General accounts.....	\$ 269 25
Auditors .....	10 00

Council meeting expenses.....	298 20
Interest account .....	492 60
Infringement account.....	287 88
Examination account.....	83 70
Library fund.....	35 00
Appliances .....	407 37
Salary account.....	2464 30
Pharmaceutical Journal.....	370 70
Insurances.....	10 50
Deposit fees .....	510 00
Teaching department.....	254 00
Interior fittings .....	194 27
Supplies .....	237 05
Science sales' books.....	14 51
Postage .....	37 67
Apprentices' fees.....	5 00
Petty expenses.....	14 65
Water account.....	21 32
Gas account .....	18 10
Registration fees, M.D.....	8 00
Note (J. J. Hall) .....	2000 00
Cash .....	87 41
Balance in Bank.....	4262 51
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>\$12390 55</b>

AUDITORS' REPORT.

The report of the Auditors, Messrs. James Watt and W. A. Hargreaves, gave the following statement of assets and liabilities:

ASSETS.	
College building .....	\$ 33551 82
Furniture, fittings and appliances ..	9412 82
College lot .....	5000 00
Outstanding fees .....	750 00
Estimated supplies .....	250 00
Cash .....	87 41
Balance in Traders Bank .....	4262 51
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>\$53318 56</b>

LIABILITIES.	
Mortgage .....	\$ 17000 00
Interest .....	155 84
Pharmaceutical Journal .....	154 36
Salary account .....	291 67
Library Fund .....	125 95
Sundry accounts.....	1754 96
Balance .....	33314 56

The books and accounts of the Registrar-Treasurer were certified to as being correct.

On motion of Messrs. Clark and Daniel, the reports of the Registrar and Auditors were referred to the Committee on Finance.

The report of the Examiners was then read by Mr. Lewis, and on motion of Messrs. Clark and Slavin, is was referred to the Committee on Education.

A number of accounts submitted by the Registrar were referred to the Executive Committee.

The chairman informally reported to the Council that Mr. Roberts, of Ottawa, who died recently, had bequeathed the sum of \$3,000 to the College. He had not, however, received any official notification of the fact.

The Council then adjourned to meet at eleven o'clock on Wednesday morning.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8th.

The Council resumed at eleven o'clock, Mr. Hall presiding. The following members, not present at the first meeting, were in attendance: J. E. D'Avignon, Windsor, and John McKee, Peterboro.

Mr. Polson, seconded by Mr. D'Avignon, moved as follows: "Inasmuch as the prosecution of the T. Eaton Company for the illegal sales of poison and the keeping open of a drug department, con-

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