



Wallace Agri. Society, T. M. Morris.
 Union Agri. Society of Pugwash, Israel
 Longworth, Truro.
 Scotia Agri. Society of Fox Harbour, I.
 Longworth.

*District No. 5. Pictou, Antigonish,
 Guysborough.*

Pictou Agri. Society, David Matheson.
 Pictou.

River John Agri. Society.

Egerton Agri. Society.

Merigomish Agri. Society, D. Matheson,
 Pictou.

Millbrook Agri. Society, David Matheson,
 Pictou.

Morristown Agri. Society.

St. Andrew's Agri. Society, John A.
 Chisholm, St. Andrew's.

Arisaig Agri. Society.

Guysborough Agri. Society, William
 Hartshorne, Guysborough.

Millford Haven Ag. Soc'y, T. W. Ferguson.

Glenelg Agri. Society, Cross Roads, St.
 Mary's, David Matheson. Pictou.

*District No. 6. Cape Breton, Richmond,
 Inverness, Victoria.*

Boularderie Agri. Society, John Ross,
 Grove's Point, Little Bras d'Or.

Sydney Mines and Little Bras d'Or Agri.
 Society, John Ross, Grove's Point,
 Boularderie.

North Sydney Agri. Society, John Ross,
 Grove's Point.

Mabou and Port Hood Agri. Soc'y, J. Ross.

North East Margaree Agri. Society.

St. Ann's Agri. Society, David McCurdy,
 M. P. P.

Middle River Agri. Society, John Ross,
 Grove's Point, Little Bras d'Or.

THE operations of our neighbors in New Brunswick, in the way of Agricultural Improvement, are not without interest to us. It has happened before now that we have borrowed ideas from them, and maybe that they have borrowed ideas from us. The agricultural conditions of that Province are more nearly similar to our own than those of any other Province of the Dominion, and the similarity is not confined to soil and climate, but extends to markets, prices, facilities for transit by sea and land, and other obvious conditions affecting the practice of agriculture. For this reason it behoves us to keep an eye upon the sister Province, to watch the efforts that are being made by the Legislature and the farmers themselves to promote and extend her agricultural prosperity, to ascertain how far the modes adopted are successful, and wherein they fail, and to apply all the knowledge of observation and experiment thus obtained to the development of the agriculture of our own Province. It is for this reason that we have frequently, on former occasions, devoted portions of our JOURNAL to details of operations in

New Brunswick, and it is for the same reason that we now ask the attention of our readers to a summary of the Rules and Regulations made under the new Agricultural Act of that Province, and recently published in the *Royal Gazette*. In the following outline we endeavour to indicate as briefly and clearly as possible the essential features of these Rules and Regulations.

Provision is made for the formation of Agricultural Societies, with objects similar to our own. The minimum number of Members is forty, minimum of aggregate subscriptions sixty dollars, the amount of individual subscriptions not limited in any way; but no Society can go into operation without sanction of the Governor in Council; it then becomes a corporate body. No more than four Societies can be formed in one County.

Such Societies receive annually, as a bounty, treble the amount of their subscriptions, no County, however, receiving a greater sum in the aggregate than \$800 in any one year. The amount to be drawn by individual Societies is limited to \$180, except where there is only one Society in a County, in which case it may qualify for receiving \$600.

In any year in which it may be considered advisable to make a Provincial Importation of Stock, the Governor in Council may retain half of the grant of each Society to supplement the fund for the purchase of Stock. A Society purchasing at the sale of Imported Stock is allowed credit on such purchase to the extent of the sum retained, but, if a Society fail to purchase, the sum retained (or the balance over the purchase) is forfeited. On sufficient cause shown, the Governor in Council may relieve a Society from such forfeiture.

In the disposal of seeds, stock, implements, or other property imported by any Agricultural Society, such articles are not to be sold for less than their true cost and charges, unless at public auction, of which at least seven days notice has been given by public advertisement, at which all persons present have a right to bid, whether Members of the Society or not. The Secretary of each Society is to indicate three public places in the Parish or District where notices are to be posted.

The Accounts are to be certified under oath of the Treasurer. Each Treasurer is to give a Bond to Her Majesty the Queen, to the extent of double the amount of Grant, which is to be forwarded to the Secretary for Agriculture.

The Secretary of every Society is required to furnish an Annual Report under the following heads:—

Name and extent of District included in the following Report.
 Character of past Season,

Character of Soil of District,
 Principal Crops of District,
 Average produce of Wheat per acre,
 Quantity of Wheat raised the past Season,
 Name of principal varieties raised,

Corn,	same as for Wheat,
Oats,	do do
Rye,	do do
Barley,	do do
Peas,	do do
Beans,	do do
Buckwheat,	do do
Hay,	do do
Clover Seed,	do do
Timothy Seed,	do do
Potatoes,	do do
Turnips,	do do
Mangle Wurzel,	do do
Carrots,	do do
Fruit,	do do

Names of principal breeds of Horses,
 Names of principal breeds of Cattle,
 Quantity of Butter and Cheese produced,
 Breed of Sheep and quantity of Wool,
 Breed of Pigs and quantity of Pork,
 Poultry,
 Remarks and suggestions.

The amount of premiums awarded by Societies is limited to double the amount of subscriptions for the year. Premiums are confined to the following schedule:—

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry;
 Grain and Seeds of all kinds; Roots,
 Fruits;

Horticultural Produce; Dairy Produce;
 Flour and Meal;

Domestic Manufactures in Woollen; Cotton, Linen, and Ladies' fancy work;

Improved Implements of Husbandry;
 Best system of Culture; Manures and Composts;

Improvements in Farm Buildings and Farm arrangements;

Ploughing matches.

All Stock purchased by any Society is to be sold within fourteen days after arrival in the District, either at private sale for not less than cost and expenses, or at public auction to the highest bidder, (of which at least seven days notice is to be given), under such conditions as the Society may deem just, except in the case of Stallions and pure-bred Bulls, which may be retained, provided their services are sold at public auction within fourteen days after their arrival in the District, with like notice, with such restrictions as are just; or should any Society hire the use of any animal for breeding purposes, he shall be of some well established breed, and his services shall be sold in like manner, and a full and particular account rendered to the Secretary for Agriculture as soon after as convenient; but in no case are animals other than imported to be purchased or hired which are already in the County in which the Society is located, or the adjoining County.