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FIFTEENTH YEAR — TUESDAY MORNING JULY 24 1894 — ONE CENT.

GORMAN ATTACKS CLEVELAND

HE SAYS THE PRESIDENT APPROVED THE SENATE BILL.

The Bill as Fixed Up by Senators Jones and Vest Was Submitted to Cleveland and Carlisle and Was Endorsed by Them—Insinuations Against Senators Described as Infamous.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—At noon when the Senate proceedings began there was not a vacant seat in the galleries, and there were hundreds of people in the halls and corridors and on the marble stairways who were unable to get inside the chamber. Both sides of the chamber were pretty fully represented.

Senator Gorman spoke on the subject of the Tariff bill. He made reference to President Cleveland's letter to Chairman Wilson as the most unusual, the most unwise letter ever penned by a President of the United States. On account of this letter he was forced to talk of private party matters in public. The honor of his fellows also made him make the statement he would make.

Carlisle Had Seen Every Amendment.

Telling of the Tariff Bill Conference Mr. Gorman said every Democratic Senator had been consulted with a view to reconciling their views. Two of the Democratic leaders had conferred with the President, knowing that the bill would not pass without the hearty co-operation of the executive branch of the Government. What the President had said gave him the right to make the statement, as he did at the time, that the bill would receive the endorsement of a Democratic House and a Democratic President. The great Secretary of the Treasury, himself a tariff reformer, who had seen every amendment that was proposed or was to be proposed, knowing the condition that confronted his party, and wanting to let the country know how matters stood, published a prepared statement on April 30, 1894. This statement was an interview with Mr. Carlisle about the Tariff bill in which he said that the bill would be passed without difficulty.

Cleveland Thought the Bill Satisfactory as a Compromise.

That statement, said Mr. Gorman, had probably a wonderful effect. But it did not stop there. The President was not ignorant of what the Senate proposed to do. Forty-three Democratic senators understood and believed this. The daily papers stated that the President concurred with his Secretary of the Treasury. It was known that he was not satisfied with the measure. The same could be said of every Democratic senator, for a compromise measure would not be satisfactory in every particular to everybody. It was believed that every Cabinet minister, every Democratic senator and the President himself were satisfied with the compromise bill as the best that could be had. Mr. Gorman called on Mr. Vest (Dem., Mo.) to verify this broad statement.

"I Am Willing To Do Anything to Pass This Bill."

Mr. Vest said Secretary Carlisle had told him that the greatest calamity that could happen to the Democratic party and to the country would be the failure to pass a Tariff bill.

Senator Jones had seen the President and Secretary Carlisle, and both had told him that the bill as proposed to be amended by the addition of the 400 Jones' amendments would be perfectly satisfactory to them, the President concluding with these words: "I am willing to do or say anything to pass this bill through Congress."

Gorman Declared Cleveland's Insinuations Infamous.

Senator Gorman threw down the gauntlet to President Cleveland, and insinuated that the latter was seeking to blacken the characters of Senators. Men in high places, said Mr. Gorman, had sought to blacken the character of Senators. These men were guilty of dishonor. "The limit of endurance has been reached," said he. "There is no power, however great the President with all his patronage, that will keep me silent longer."

He hurled this at the President, he said, and at those who chirped as he talked that their insinuations were infamous. It was destructive to the country that men of high position should seek to blacken those who battled for their rights when those in high places dared not show their heads.

Cleveland No Right to Interfere.

Conference committees, Mr. Gorman said, should be kept free from the influence of the President, with his 300,000 appointments. It was not his province to interfere with the Senate, and he (Gorman) was there to fight Presidential usurpation, despite a thousand hirelings who were writing it down.

Interest did not abate as Mr. Gorman dropped for the time being the more sensational features of his speech and gave attention to the rates of duty in the bill. The floor at this time was crowded. Even the usually vacant diplomatic gallery was comfortably filled at this point, and apparently the most interested spectator there was Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador.

Free Coal and Canada.

Mr. Gorman said: Free coal would give the people about three-fourths of one per cent. in the cost of manufactured goods. Who would be benefited? There was but one concern on the face of the earth that would be benefited. He referred to the Canadian Government, which leased to private parties the great Nova Scotian coal fields and now wanted revenue.

Mr. Gorman sat down amid applause, and was followed by Senator White of California, who appealed for concessions that the bill might live. Whatever ambiguity there might be in the bill he was confident that with concessions the bill could be arranged to meet the entire approval of the Democratic party.

At the conclusion of Mr. White's remarks the Senate at 3.20 proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and at 3.40 p.m. adjourned.

No Change in the Situation.

Judging by the statement of one of the managers of the bill to-night there appears to be no change in the situation. Much depends upon the persistence with which Mr. Vilas pushes his motion to strike out the differential duty on refined sugar, and the attitude of this Senator led a number of Democrats to make the statement that it looked as if the administration wanted to see this action taken. If an effort is made to push this motion some of the Democrats, it is asserted, are prepared to take the responsibility of settling the fight at once by moving to indefinitely postpone the conference report, and if made by a Democrat, a senator said, that this motion would prevail beyond any possible doubt.

The Bill Will Pass in a Short Time.

Senator Gorman assured several of his associates yesterday that there is no danger that tariff legislation will be defeated. He says a tariff bill will pass and pass in a short time.

Cleveland Confident of An Amicable Settlement.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—A prominent official who saw the President yesterday said last night Mr. Cleveland felt confident that an agreement would be reached on the Tariff bill on lines that would be satisfactory all around. Mr. Cleveland is in constant communication with his friends, and while aware of the feeling that exists in certain quarters does not believe it will operate to keep the Senate and House apart much longer.

GORMAN AND CLEVELAND.

The President Closeted With the Senator—Plain Talk by Gorman.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Something out of the usual occurred at the Executive Mansion this morning which may have an important bearing upon the expected progress in the Senate. Representative Sayers of Texas was with the President when at 10 o'clock Senator Gorman was announced. Mr. Sayers closed his interview in a hurry and departed. The Maryland Senator was shown immediately to the President's room and the door was closed.

When it was learned that Mr. Gorman had been at the White House in consultation with the President there were all sorts of rumors about the Capitol as to the course he would pursue in his speech.

What occurred there in all its detail will probably never be known, but it is learned from a senator, prominent in the party, that the President expressed a hope that the bill would be sent back to conference without further debate. It is said that Mr. Gorman spoke in very plain language to the President in regard to the position he had taken on the Senate bill, and especially his reflections upon the Senate, as expressed in the letter to Mr. Wilson.

Getting At Something Tangible Re Sugar.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The Sugar Investigating Committee met to-day with Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.) present. There was but one witness, Emil Guillardeau of the New York firm of W. B. Wheeler & Co. This is the witness who it is said to possess the original contract in which a certain Senator ordered sugar stock purchased. The members of the committee refused to talk further than to say they are getting at something tangible. An early adjournment was taken on account of the Tariff debate.

THE TALE OF "SWAB" AND HIS SWIM

A Detective, Eight Policemen and Two County Constables Were After Him, But He Eluded Them All.

"Swab" McGuire, a young man of Toronto, overcame two county constables at Victoria Park yesterday and eluded the eagle eyes of the York sleuthhounds, assisted as they were by eight Toronto bluecoats.

Mr. McGuire, whose other name is John, and who is known as "Swab," was a visitor at the temperance summer resort yesterday. A young girl complained to County Constable Burns that a young man had laid violent hands upon her, or had chucked her under the chin. The constable's gallant spirit was aroused and he hastened towards McGuire. When that gentleman was informed that he was to be arrested, he reached for the constable, and when Mr. Burns picked himself up from the ground "Swab" was running toward the wharf. Constable McIlwaine was there collecting tickets, but McGuire could not bother with such formalities. Brushing aside the officer, McGuire dived toward the Steinhoff, which was pulling out. Swimming sturdily he reached the steamer and was pulled on board. Going down to the engine room he dried his garments. But as the boat neared the Eastern Gap he bethought himself that the constables might wait in ambush for him at the city. Once again, fully dressed, he dove into the lake and swam toward the Island, where he disappeared.

In the meantime County Constables Burns and McIlwaine repaired to police headquarters and requested that a detail of police be sent to the wharf to assist them in the capture. A detail of eight policemen and one detective went with the constables and inspected the passengers as they came off the boat. The Steinhoff was searched from hold to hurricane deck, but no sign of "Swab" could be found.

$50 IN A SINGLE DAY.

Subscriptions Are Pouring In Towards the Fund to Test Toronto's Blue Laws.

The World yesterday announced that it proposed to take the Kelly conviction for driving a Sunday bus and the bylaw recently railroaded through the City Council to the higher courts, with a view of testing their validity. It also invited any citizen who felt like contributing money for the purpose to send in his subscription.

At 6 o'clock last evening, 12 hours after the invitation appeared, The World had received $51.50, as follows:

F. D.	$10 00
G. L., Parkdale	5 00
J. Yorke Brown	1 00
East End Gentleman	1 00
East End Lady	0 50
M. Brown	1 00
Britt	1 00
Canadian	1 00
R. C. W.	1 00
J. E. S.	0 50
H. P. D.	2 00
W. J. M.	2 00
L. Urquhart	4 00
R. F., Toronto Junction	2 00
J. P. M.	2 00
B. N., Major-street	2 00
Spare Motorman	1 00
Jarvis-street	5 00
Liberty	2 00
Anti-Humbug	1 00
T. L.	1 00
James Quigley	0 50
Brockton	1 00
J. Phillips	1 00
R. Gintlett	0 50
A. Gillies	1 00
S. Squarrie	0 25
A Lady	0 25
J. Lehman	1 00
Total	$51 50

EARTH'S GREATEST CARDINAL.

The Foremost Statesman of His Age in Weyman's New Novel, a.

Stanley J. Weyman has written a beautiful tale of Cardinal Richelieu and of the troublesome times when he ruled France with a personality so striking that the ages have best brightened the memory thereof. This book's title is "Under the Red Robe," and is now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. It is a tale of how a man's sense of honor caused him to allow a prisoner to go free at the cost, as he thinks, of his own life. But in losing his life he saves it, and wins a bonny bride, all through the kindness of Cardinal Richelieu.

The Grocers' Excursion is to-morrow, Wednesday, and everyone may have a good time by going on this jaunt. Gionna's band furnishes music.

Recognition of the Hawaiian Republic by U. S.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The Administration has three days in which to determine whether to recognize the new Hawaiian Republic promptly or to withhold its formal recognition another fortnight. There is an impression that the formal recognition will not be made with undue haste on account of the Administration's contention that Americans were too active in overthrowing the old government.

Come and have a good time. Grocers' Excursion, Wednesday. Chippewa, Cibola or Chicora from Yonge-street Wharf.

Clarets, Burgundies and Hocks.

We have the largest stock in Ontario of Bordeaux and California Clarets and Burgundies and California Hocks, and sell them at 25 per cent. lower than any house in the trade. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street, Toronto.

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED

BY LORD ABERDEEN WITH HIS HAT IN HIS LAP.

The Ceremonies Not So Imposing as at the Opening—Blackrod's Bows Lack Their Usual Suppleness — The Speech From the Throne—136 Bills Assented To.

OTTAWA, July 23.—The guns have fired, the band has played, Blackrod has made his traditional bows and the fourth session of the Fifth Parliament is at an end. The closing ceremonies were not so imposing as the opening. The galleries in the Senate Chamber were well filled, but there were very few ladies on the floor, and the number of Senators present could have been counted on one's fingers without much trouble. The day was delightful and the outside attendance correspondingly large.

There was a short session at 11, at which a letter was read from His Excellency's secretary announcing prorogation for 3 o'clock, at which hour the Speaker took the chair and immediately after the three sounding knocks, which are popularly supposed to be given by the Gentleman Usher of the Blackrod, but which are really given by Harris, the door-keeper, were heard. The Sergeant-at-Arms announced a message from His Excellency, and permission being given for him to enter, Blackrod made his appearance. Mr. Kimber has been ill and looked far from well, so that his bows lacked their accustomed suppleness, and probably for the first time in his life he retired from the Commons Chamber without the customary round of applause.

Arrived in the Senate Chamber the usual formality of assenting to the 136 bills which had been passed this session was gone through with, after which His Excellency delivered the formal proroging speech.

Speech From the Throne.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate; Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In bringing to a conclusion this laborious session of Parliament I have to thank you for the assiduity and zeal with which you have attended to the various matters which have been brought before you. I congratulate you upon the notable fact that the invitation which my Government extended to the Governments of the other colonies to send representatives to Canada to confer on matters affecting their mutual interests was so promptly accepted; and that Her Majesty's Government also enhanced the dignity and usefulness of the conference by sending a representative to assist at its deliberations. It is confidently hoped that the results of the conference will be found beneficial to the colonies and to the empire generally. The ratification of the treaty of commerce with France will lead, I hope, to a large increase in our exports and an extension of friendly relations with that country. I trust that the arduous work which has engaged you in re-adjusting the duties of customs will accomplish the desired result of adapting the tariff to the present conditions of the various classes of our population.

The statutes of the session will show that the laws affecting many public interests have been revised and greatly improved by your efforts, and I observe that you have likewise made generous provision for public improvements which are designed to increase the facilities for travel and transportation throughout the country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I thank you for the liberal provision which you have made for the services of the current year.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate; Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In relieving you from your present duties, I pray that your labors may be fruitful of benefit to the country, and that on returning to your homes you will find that a generous harvest is about to reward the toil of our farmers, and that the blessings of Providence have been likewise bestowed abundantly on all the other interests of the people whom you represent.

Aberdeen Didn't Raise His Hat!

It was noticed that his Excellency departed from the custom of previous Governors-General, and instead of keeping his cocked-hat on and raising it whenever he addressed the Senate or Commons, only took it off once and laid it on his lap, where it remained until he put it on to leave.

The only Ministers present in uniform were Sir John Thompson and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell. Sir Adolphe Caron, Hon. T. M. Daly, Hon. John Haggart, Hon. John Costigan and Sir Frank Smith were also present.

Nothing Wrong With the Soo Canal.

Mr. Schreiber, Deputy Minister of Railways and Canals, was interviewed in reference to the report from the American "Soo" that the masonry on the Canadian locks at present nearing completion was defective, and that some hundred feet of crib work was being displaced thereby. This, it was stated, would have to be rebuilt and the opening of the locks put off indefinitely.

Mr. Schreiber said that the statement was entirely untrue. The actual state of affairs was that some 300 feet of wooden crib work revetment was displaced in a few places by the earth which was filled in behind it.

The reason assigned by Mr. Schreiber for this was that the work was done in the winter. Mr. Schreiber spoke with great satisfaction of the progress of the work, and denied that the displacement spoken of would interfere with the opening of the locks, which would take place some time next month. He said the gates were built and the valves being set in place, as was the machinery. After that all that remained was the cutting away of the two dams.

The prize-winners in the bicycle races use Adams' Tutti Frutti to allay thirst. See that no imitation is palmed off on you.

THE PROPER THING.

The Hats Worn by Our Leading Men—Where They Are.

"Breathes there the man with soul so dead" to all sense of propriety that he desires not to wear one of Dunlap's or Stetson's high quality hats?

These two makers, of all whose hats are sold at Dineens', are the favorites with the city's well-dressed men.

Nothing adds so much to a man's appearance as a hat bearing the name of one of these makers and endorsed by Dineens' imprint.

The closing days of the great clearing sale of summer hats are now at hand. Those who have not yet taken advantage of the low prices of hats and caps at Dineen's should do so at once.

With the end of the month the sale will close if the stock is not altogether disposed of by that time.

W. & D. Dineen,
Corner of King and Yonge and 254 Yonge.

Buffalo $2, Falls $1.25, Queenston 75c. Children half-price. Grocers' Excursion, Wednesday.

SMELL OF SMOKE AVERTS DISASTER

A Burning Board Found at the Pavilion During the Progress of Sunday Evening's Meeting.

The presence of mind of Rev. Elmore Harris and a few other gentlemen who occupied seats on the platform at the Pavilion Sunday evening obviated a panic which would have been appallingly disastrous in its results.

Three thousand five hundred human souls were crowded within the Pavilion, every inch of standing room being occupied even to the outer doors. The services had reached a point where the attention of every occupant of the building was drawn towards the speaker.

Mr. J. H. Chapman, president of the union, was in the midst of the delivery of his annual address, when a strong smell of smoke was noticed by those seated on the platform. The ladies moved uneasily in their seats, and several gentlemen quietly left the platform to ascertain the origin of the smoke.

In a dressing-room to the right of the chairman was found a burning pine board about 2 ft. long, 4 in. wide and ½ in. thick. The board was standing in one corner of the room, but the fire fortunately had almost died out.

The position of the board and its condition led those who discovered it to believe that an attempt had been made to fire the building. Appearances indicated that the board had been held to the lighted gas until it became ablaze and then placed carefully in the corner for the fire to spread as it might. The lack of a draft to fan the flames accounted for the fire having died out before catching the adjoining wall.

As it was, the room where the board was found was completely filled with smoke, which, had it escaped into the main building, would have been sufficient to create a panic which would have resulted in great loss of life.

No clue could be found as to who was the perpetrator of either a deliberate attempt to cause an awful loss of human life, or a criminally careless joke. The board was removed by those who discovered it, and the police notified of the find, but the service was continued, the three thousand five hundred worshippers passing out unconscious of what had taken place.

IMAGINED HE HEARD BURGLARS.

The Caretaker of the Bank of Hamilton Calls In the Police.

At 1.30 this morning the caretaker of the Bank of Hamilton rushed up to P. C. Lilburn, who was patrolling King-street west, and hurriedly informed him that a burglar was endeavoring to force the vault of the bank. He said he had seen the flashing of the burglar's "davy" and had heard him tapping on the vault.

The officer accompanied the caretaker to the premises and after a key had been secured a thorough search was made, but no trace of an intruder could be found, the officers concluding that the flashing lights had been caused by the accumulation of surplus electric fluid within the incandescent lights which had been partially turned off. It was some time, however, before he could convince the caretaker that his fears were founded on his own imagination.

Preferred Loafing to Working for Nothing.

DULUTH, July 23.—The 400 employes of the Duluth Manufacturing Company, which is located at West Duluth and makes all kinds of freight cars, struck this morning. The company has been paying the men only a small portion of their wages, giving the difficulty of making collections as an excuse. The men are all heavily in debt and can get no further credit. The company has several good-sized orders on hand.

Stabbed Himself With a File.

HAMILTON, July 23.—John Bartram of Chatham-street, aged 50, was found dead this morning by his wife. It is a clear case of suicide, and the supposed cause is despondency through lack of employment. Bartram got up early and went out to the woodshed, where he stabbed himself in the left side with a file that had been sharpened into a dagger. No inquest is considered necessary.

Suicide Through Despondency.

HAVENSACK, N. J., July 23.—E. J. Griffiths, for 17 years the confidential secretary and stenographer for Brown Bros. & Company, bankers of Wall-street, New York, committed suicide to-day. He shot himself in the head. Despondency the cause.

When you ask for Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 and 20 cent plugs, be sure that the retailer does not induce you to buy any other brand in order that he should make larger profits.

The Champagne for Hot Weather.

The Vin D'Ete champagne is the favorite wine for camping, yachting and garden parties. That is the opinion of some of the best judges of champagne in Canada. Over 100 cases have been sold in the last 60 days for above purposes. Price $16 per case, quarts. Wm. Mara, sole agent, 79 Yonge-street.

Smoke Alive Bollard cool mixture don't bite tongue, 25c—quarter.

Valkyrie Dry-Docked.

GLASGOW, July 23.—Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie, which was sunk at the beginning of the Clyde race by the Satanita, has been pumped dry, towed to Greenock and docked. The damage to her hull is less than was supposed. The Satanita, which suffered some damage in the collision, has been repaired and put in condition to take part in the races in the Solent. She will leave the dock to-morrow.

Athlete Cigarettes—more sold of this brand than all other cigarettes combined.

South Carolina Dispensaries to Re-Open.

COLUMBIA, S.C., July 23.—Governor Tillman has issued his proclamation opening the state dispensaries on Aug. 1.

"Kennethene" sold by live druggists, grocers 246

Hit of Season, Toronto Island Guide, 10c.

Drops of Wisdom.

Man is admired for his nerve and strength. Woman's greatest charm is perfect health and a good complexion.

Manley's Celery Nerve Compound with Beef, Iron and Wine is guaranteed to produce these results. 246

Derby plug, the coolest and most enjoyable smoke ever produced.

Dowe's Coat Not Bullet-Proof.

BERLIN, July 23.—Major Brinkman sent a bullet through one of Tailor Dowe's so-called bullet-proof cuirasses at Spandau to-day. He shot with a regulation army rifle at a distance of 2000 feet.

Toronto Island Guide, 32 pages, maps, photographs, 10c.

Travelers

leave your orders for order books at Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street. We have a large variety and our prices are right. 246

Cigar smokers try the Alive Bollard's special, equal to imported.

AFTER SEVENTEEN YEARS.

Retributive Justice Overtakes a Man Who Nearly Two Decades Since Fled to Toronto to Escape Arrest.

A despatch from Columbus, Ohio, says: Retributive justice to-night overtook Henry Clay Hickok, a saloon-keeper of this city, who 17 years ago fled from Rockford, Iowa, and left others to bear the punishment for his crime. A woman whom he wronged has turned him over to the officers of the law and he is now locked up on the charge of grand larceny. Seventeen years ago Hickok emigrated from Bradford, Pa., to Rockford, Iowa, where his brother was one of the leading and wealthiest citizens. Hickok took with him his wife, who had been Miss Minnie Morris of Pittsburg. Immediately after his arrival in Iowa he stole 1700 bushels of wheat and four race horses, disposed of them, and with his wife fled to Hamilton, Ont. He was arrested, but jumped his bail bond of $5000. Charles Hudson, a resident of Rockford, was convicted of complicity in the crime, and served a term in the State Prison, and J. H. Haynes served a jail sentence for hauling the stolen wheat. In Toronto, Canada, Hickok fell in with Mrs. Margaret Anderson, widow of a defaulting bank cashier, said to have come from Chicago. He deserted his wife, and with Mrs. Anderson, who had some money, went to Buffalo, N.Y., where he opened a saloon. The venture was not prosperous, and five years ago he came to this city and bought a saloon, which he has run ever since. A short time ago he fell out with his mistress, Mrs. Anderson, and she gave information which led to his arrest this evening.

UNDER FALLING WALLS.

Three Men Lose Their Lives During a Chicago Fire.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Twelve frame houses in Van Horne-street were destroyed by fire shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. While a number of people were watching the flames the walls of one of the buildings fell into the street burying three men in the ruins. A rescuing party at once went to work and in a few minutes succeeded in rescuing one of the men named Steegt. He was so badly burned, however, that he will die. Two men named Theick and Odin are still buried in the ruins. The property loss is estimated at $20,000. The origin of the fire is unknown. It was at first said that it was four children who were burned to death, but this proved untrue.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH

By the Explosion of a Gasoline Stove in a St. Louis Restaurant.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—At 3 o'clock this morning a gasoline stove exploded in the restaurant and lodging house of William Hancock, 1005 North Third-street. Fifteen persons were asleep on the second and third floors. Two were burned to death and three seriously injured. The loss to the property is $7000.

A LAMP EXPLODED

And Seven Buildings Were Burned in the Ensuing Fire.

BINGHAMTON, July 23.—The business portion of the village of Great Bend, Pa., about 15 miles from here, was wiped out by fire to-night. The blaze started from an exploded lamp, and at 10.30 o'clock when the flames were under control seven buildings had been consumed, including seven places of business and the office of The Great Bend Plaindealer. The loss will be heavy.

ROAD-ON COLLISION.

Three Killed and Ten People Seriously Injured.

CINCINNATI, July 23.—At 6.53 o'clock this morning a head-end collision between the incoming Big Four Chicago passenger and an outgoing engine occurred at Griffiths, 15 miles from the city. Fireman Frank Taylor of 20 White-Avenue, Indianapolis, of the loose engine was instantly killed, as were also Charles Herman and Richard Tudor, tramps of this city. The injured number 10.

Ditched by a Stake in a Frog.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., July 23.—A Grand Rapids and Indiana passenger train south bound, was wrecked at midnight at La Otto by someone who had driven a stake into a frog. While the engine passed over safely the tender, smoker and baggage car left the track. Seventy-five Fort Wayne excursionists were on the train. None were seriously injured.

Grocers' Excursion to-morrow, Wednesday. Tickets on sale in morning. Buffalo $2, Falls $1.25, Queenston 75c. Children half-price.

Double Murder Followed by Attempted Suicide.

BERLIN, July 23.—As Cannastadt in Wurtemburg to-day a laborer named Manus shot and instantly killed his landlady, Mrs. Nipp, and fatally injured her husband by stabbing him. He then attempted to commit suicide, but was seized before he could accomplish his object. Manus was in love with Mrs. Nipp, who rejected his attentions.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco is genuine unless it bears the Derby Cap-shaped tag.

Wife Refuses to Bury Him.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Dobson Wood, 45 years old, formerly a prosperous builder, was found dead to-day in his room. Death was due to natural causes. Wood had been separated from his wife for a long time. Mrs. Wood said she would not bury her husband's body.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Games at the Queen's Royal.

This afternoon the first of the tennis Saturdays will be held in the beautiful courts of the Queen's Royal Hotel at Niagara-on-the-Lake. A number of Toronto fashionable people are going across to see the game and to enjoy a Saturday to Monday outing at this delightful resort. 246

Anniversary Lundy's Lane, Grocers' Excursion, Wednesday. Buffalo $2, Niagara Falls $1.25, Queenston 75c.

To Wed a Frisco Widow.

LONDON, July 23.—The newspapers announce the betrothal of James Daniell, eldest son of Col. Legeyt Daniell, and the widow of Robert Paul Hastings of San Francisco.

"Kennethene" extracts grease, oil and paint from all clothing. 246

The Best and Purest Ale.

Eaton Bros.' Owen Sound Ale is unquestionably the best and purest ale sold in Canada. The water that supplies the brewery comes from a spring that is acknowledged by analysts to be the perfection of purity. We bottle and sell the ale. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street. Telephone 1708.

Thousands are grateful for the relief afforded by Gibbons' Toothache Gum. 246

"Kennethene" will keep your clothing clean and save you many dollars. 246

P. E. Doolittle, M. D., recommends bicyclists to use Adams' Tutti Frutti to allay thirst. Take no imitation.

Sparkling Burgundy.

Ruby Royal is the finest sparkling Burgundy in the market; $18 per case, quarts. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

WAR MAY BE DECLARED TODAY

BETWEEN CHINA AND JAPAN IN COREA.

The Forces On the Spot Number 8000 Soldiers On Either Side — Hostilities Cannot Be Averted—Japanese Gunboats Bombarding Corean Ports — 12,000 Chinese Troops En Route To Seoul.

SHANGHAI, July 23.—The reports that China had declared war upon Japan are premature. War has not yet been formally declared, but hostilities are imminent. Twelve thousand troops left Taku Friday with a fleet of gunboats. It is supposed they were destined for Seoul with orders to fight the Japanese if the latter opposed China's occupation of any point in Corea. If war should be declared the Government at Pekin will make a levy of 20,000 men from each Chinese province and send a fleet to attack Japanese ports. The Chinese Governor has notified the foreign consuls that preparations are making to blockade Woo Sung bar.

In view of the increasing complications between China and Japan the German gunboat Wolf has been ordered to sail north to Che-Eoo, which is directly east of Seoul.

Corean Ports Bombarded.

LONDON, July 23.—The Central News says a private despatch just received states that Japanese gunboats are bombarding Corean ports.

The Situation Growing More Serious.

It has been learned from a high source in London that the relations between China and Japan have grown much more serious within the last 48 hours. Japan insists emphatically upon certain reforms of Corea's administration, while China resists Japan's demands with equal determination. Under no circumstances will China allow Japan's claim of the right to interfere. The Earl of Kimberley, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, had a long conference to-day with the Chinese and Japanese ministers. He urged upon each the great need of moderation and forbearance in both Tokyo and Pekin, and spoke emphatically of the dire consequences of war between the countries. His representations, while received with great courtesy and expressions of satisfaction by both ministers, failed to elicit an affirmative response from either of them.

No Hope of a Pacific Settlement.

The Central News received this despatch from Shanghai this evening: The telegraph between Pekin and Shanghai has been related. The rumor that war has been declared is denied officially, but there seems to be no hope of a pacific settlement. Apparently war can be averted only by the interference of European powers to protect their commerce and the lives of their subjects from the injury which Japan's action threatens to cause them. It has been again reported that Japanese gunboats have begun bombarding the Corean coast towns.

Extensive Preparations By Both Countries

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 23.—The intense excitement which has prevailed in China and Japan over the situation in Corea had not abated when the steamer Rio de Janeiro left Yokohama, and actual commencement of hostilities was momentarily expected.

Both countries were engaged day and night in warlike preparations, and the Japanese fleet in the little kingdom at the latest advices numbered eight thousand, and China had just sent six thousand soldiers to join about two thousand already there. When they enter Seoul, their reported destination, the Chinese Minister will probably know once more demand the evacuation of the Japanese troops.

Viceroy Li is said to have also sent 500 torpedoes and mines to Corea.

The Russian Minister at Seoul is reported to have sent to the Corean Foreign Office a despatch in which he advises the Government to send back the Chinese troops at once or else complications between Japan and China are sure to arise, when Russia, he threatens, will not remain an idle spectator.

Russia Sends a Man-of-War.

A Russian man-of-war is on her way to Corea from Yokohama. In addition to the Chinese and Japanese warships at Jinsen the United States, Great Britain and France are represented by one man-of-war each.

The rebels in Corea are remaining passive. It is generally given out that they have been entirely suppressed, but this report is thought to have been given currency to expedite the evacuation of the Japanese troops.

Chinese soldiers are entering the capital disguised as tradesmen, and they have also taken in carloads of arms and ammunition under Corean escort, making it appear that they belong to the Corean army.

The Chinese residents of Japan are in a great state of alarm over the strained relations between the two countries, and are preparing to leave the Mikado's realm in the event of a declaration of war.

European Powers Will Back Japan.

BERLIN, July 23.—The Vossische Zeitung express confidence in the belief that Japan will be backed up by the European powers in her dispute with China. War between the two countries, the Zeitung predicts, will inevitably result in the extinction of Corea as a state.

The Cause of Hostilities.

[From The London Daily Telegraph.]

The real basis of the existing situation is the treaty between China and Japan made in 1885, which virtually placed Corea under the joint protection of the two empires, which had the common right to send troops to Seoul upon due notice. This absolute right of Japan to share in the maintenance of good order in the peninsula, or even to maintain it alone, furnishes the central point of the situation. Of late the corrupt and tyrannical conduct of the Corean Government has provoked its miserable subjects to rise in revolution. This had happened more than once before, and the revolt had been repressed by cruel measures of coercion; but the recent movement had the special characteristic of threatening foreigners. The Corean court had neither the will nor the power to protect the foreigners who were threatened by the leaders of the new revolution, and when it is understood that Japan has 12,000 of her citizens commercially engaged in Corea, while China has only 2000, it will not be wondered at that the Emperor of Japan sent his ships and troops in haste to defend the lives and property of his people there, as well as the vital interests of his empire.

Japan in the Right.

Chinese diplomacy, perceiving that it would not be allowed to fish all by itself in the troubled waters, suddenly pretended that the insurrection was at an end, and requested that the Japanese troops and ships should be withdrawn. This Japan declined, most reasonably demanding that order must be first restored and proper steps taken to prevent a recurrence of similar dangerous troubles by introducing necessary reforms in Corean administration under the joint supervision of the Chinese and Japanese Governments. Never for one moment has Japan departed from the honest interpretation of the Li-ito treaty, her one object being to reform the barbarous system prevailing in the peninsula, because—leading to anarchy as it must—it would make the country an easy prey to the designs of the ambitious power which China, Japan and England have equally to guard against in Asia.

Russia Behind it All.

Of course, the power which we have in mind is Russia. The real hidden peril of the present state of affairs lies in the allegation that Li-Hung-Chang, contrary to the treaty of 1885, has concluded a secret agreement with Russia. At present Russia cannot afford wholly to develop its program in Eastern Asia. The Trans-Siberian Railway must first be finished. That line has been so energetically pushed on that 1901 instead of 1904 will see the completion of the principal section, and the Trans-Baikal line will be ready in 1898. China, therefore, has to confront the approaching fact of direct contact with Russia along all her frontiers, and although much of the Russian border country is now empty the Czar's officers could soon pour into it by the new line military colonies by tens of thousands. When this danger ripens China knows that she cannot defend Corea, if Russia laid hands upon it; and Russia immensely desires Port Lazareff in Corea. That would give her Asiatic fleet a military port always open in winter, whereas Vladivostock is closed by ice for many months; that also would give China the opportunity of driving a bargain with St. Petersburg in the interests of its own provinces, and that also would be almost a death-blow to the maritime and commercial expansion of Japan to have a Muscovite Sebastopol within a few hours by steam of the Japanese seaboard.

THE EVICTED TENANTS' BILL

Passes Its Second Reading in the House of Commons By a Majority of Thirty-Two.

LONDON, July 23.—In the House of Commons to-day Messrs. Chamberlain and Balfour spoke against the Evicted Tenants' bill, and its passage was advocated by John Dillon and John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland.

The division on the second reading followed Mr. Morley's speech. It showed a vote of 259 for the bill and 227 against it. The announcement of the result was greeted with prolonged cheers from the Government benches. The anti-Parnellites were especially enthusiastic.

THE KIELY ESTATE.

Liberal Provision Made For the Widow—$17,000 Left to Charities.

The will of the late George W. Kiely has been probated. The Trusts Corporation of Ontario is appointed the executor and trustee. The residence and all furniture, etc., to wife for her life, also $10,000 a year in addition to liberal sums for maintenance of infant children.

Annuities for life: Mrs. O'Loane (sister) $600, Mrs. Dupuis $200, Miss Dupuis $400, William Smyth (brother-in-law) $300, John D. Kiely (brother) $400, Francis M. Kiely (brother) $300, Maurice Kiely (brother) $400.

Legacies: Mrs. John D. Kiely $1000, Mrs. Elizabeth G. Smyth (sister) $1000, Miss Susie Smyth (niece) $1000, Mrs. Maurice Kiely $1000, Susie O'Malley (servant) $500.

Charities: $17,000 is given in charities, including $1000 to each of the following: House of Providence, Sunnyside Orphanage, Precious Blood Monastery, Home for Incurables, Boys' Home, Girls' Home, The Haven.

The trustees are to invest the capital and accumulate one-quarter thereof for 20 years when the trustees are to divide amongst the children. One-eighth of the residue of the income is settled on each child for life on certain trusts.

Will be Hard to Hold Kassala.

ROME, July 23.—The military authorities estimate that a permanent garrison of 2000 men will be required to hold Kassala unless the Italians should continue to advance. The place is at all times exposed to the attacks of the Mahdists as long as they hold Khartoum. It is the opinion here that an Anglo-Italian campaign against Khartoum is necessary.

Briar pipes at reduced prices, all kinds, Alive Bollard.

Another U. S. Fish Pirate Seized.

AMHERSTBURG, Ont., July 23.—The Government cruiser Petrel seized the small American pleasure steamer Louise on Lake Erie this afternoon for infringement of the Canadian fishing laws and towed her here. She is the property of the Sandusky Fish Company.

Good time at Grocers' Excursion to-morrow, Wednesday, to Buffalo, the Falls or Queenston.

Fifteen Drowned by a Cloudburst.

SALTILLO, Mex., July 23.—Advices have reached here of a cloudburst which occurred recently in the mountains of the Prieta district southwest of this city. A number of houses of ranchmen and shepherds were washed away by the torrents of water that rushed down the mountain