JEWELL & KINNEAR
Early and late Breakfasts and early Suppers are largely patronised by business men and those leaving the city early. Cuisine unrivaled, and all obtainable delicacies provided.
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The Toronto World

DOMINION LINE ROYAL MAIL S.S.
The cabin accommodation of the S.S. Vancouver has been altered back to its original size, thus enabling her to still hold her place as the favorite steamer on the Canadian route. Her next sailing date from Montreal will be Aug. 6. Intending passengers should make early application. C. S. GZOWSKI, Jr., Agent, 24 KING-STREET EAST.

ELEVENTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1890. ONE CENT.

A WAR OF EXTERMINATION.

CRUELTY OF THE RUSSIAN EDICTS AGAINST THE JEWS.

Lady Dunlo Goes to See Sister Flo's Song and Dance Act—Cheered by the Audience—The Clancarty Lineage—The Porte and the Patriarch—Russia and Turkey—Cable Notes.

LONDON, July 31.—Civilized Europe is shocked at the receipt of the full details of the Russian prosecution of Jews. The Russian edicts are of the most cruel character. The first edict says: "No Jew is any longer permitted to own or lease farm lands." All Jewish land-owners, farmers and agricultural laborers are thus expelled from their village homes. Unless they have saved means enough for their sustenance they will be reduced to beggary. To intensify the severity of this edict the Government officials have included hundreds of small towns in the category of country villages, and expelled Jews from them by tens of thousands who will thus be rendered homeless. These laws, known as the May laws, were promulgated in 1882, but never enforced until now.

The second edict provides that all Jews, numbering many thousand families, settled outside the sixteen specified counties shall be expelled. An equally large number of the artisan class will be rendered homeless by the enforcement. The third edict withdraws permission for them to reside outside these sixteen counties. All Jews are precluded by the fourth edict from holding mining shares or connecting themselves in any way with the mining industry, and the fifth still further restricts their participating in the educational advantages. The Jewish scholars in the past were not allowed to exceed 5 per cent. among the students at the universities, and this proportion is now further reduced, the result being their wholesale expulsion from the higher institutions.

The sixth edict imposes upon the Jewish students another disability by closing the legal profession against them, while the seventh edict excludes them from the engineering, naval and medical professions and from all government offices.

The cruel part of these prohibitions is that an enormous proportion of the Jewish population are skilled agriculturists, artisans and professional men, who were all adding largely to the wealth of the empire. All these will now be ruined. It is estimated that nearly a million people will be expelled from their homes under these most tyrannical and reactionary new laws.

The consequent migration causes a congestion among the starving fugitives in the cities where the Jews are still allowed to dwell, is dangerous and may possibly result in pestilence. But only one object can be contemplated by the instigators of the persecution—namely, the total extermination of the 4,000,000 Jews in Russia.

The troubles which afflicted the Jews in Russia seven years ago arose from breaches of the law. A certain number of perpetrators were brought to justice and punished. In the present case the Government legalizes the persecution. The Jews have always been subject to exceptional laws, which, however, did not render their living impossible.

They in fact increased in numbers, wealth and intelligence; were industrious, thrifty, law-abiding and sober, and were successful as merchants, traders, artisans and agriculturists. A few were permitted to enter universities and later became distinguished as lawyers, physicians and men of science.

All this is now changed. Such persecution involves a refinement of cruelty for which history furnishes no parallel. It is rumored that the victims of this Russian oppression will, as in 1882, break through the cordon on the Austrian and Prussian frontiers and find an asylum in free England, to the injury of the overstocked labor market.

AN OVATION TO LADY DUNLO.

Sister Flo's Song and Dance Act—The Viscount's Lineage.

LONDON, July 31.—The crowd that greeted Lady Dunlo when she stepped from the court after the verdict in her favor yesterday numbered fully 3000 people, who waved their hats and hurrahed as though it were a reception to a royal personage. Lady Dunlo bore herself with great dignity and bowed right and left as she entered a hansom, to do which the aid of half a dozen policemen was necessary in clearing a passage. When in the carriage sister Flo perched herself on her husband's knee, and thus the party proceeded to the Cafe Royal with the attendant mob howling out its congratulations on the sidewalk. Last evening the party attended the performance at the Royal Music Hall, Holborn. Lady Dunlo and Mr. Seymour occupied a box, the former sitting with her back to the audience while her sister Flo appeared on the stage in a song and dance according to the terms of her engagement. Loud cheers rang through the house when Her Ladyship was recognized.

The former music hall singer, Belle Bilton, thus becomes, without further hindrance, Lady Dunlo, the legal wife of Viscount Dunlo, the heir to the Earl of Clancarty, who is Viscount Dunlo of Dunlo and Bolinasloe, Baron Kilconnel, of the peerage of Ireland, a peer of the United Kingdom as Viscount Clancarty, and Baron Trench of Garbally, and Marquis of Heusden in the Netherlands, and No. 204 in the order of precedence of British peers. The Clancartys, whose family name is Trench, are of ancient French extraction, said to have formerly been lords of the seigneurie of La Trenche in Poitou. They are related to Lord Ashtown of the Irish peerage, to which family Archbishop Trench of Dublin belonged.

The ancestor of the family, Frederick de la Trenche, left France in 1575 and removed to Ireland in 1651, where he purchased the lands and castle of Garbally. William Power Keating Trench, born 1741, member of Parliament for County Galway from 1768 to 1797, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland in 1797 by the title of Baron Kilconnel. He was created Viscount Dunlo in 1801 and advanced to the Earldom of Clancarty, County Cork, in 1803, in consequence of his descent from Elena MacCarty, wife of John Power, daughter of Cormac Oge MacCarty, Viscount Muskerry, and sister of Donough MacCarty, Earl of Clancarty in the time of Charles II. The second Earl of Clancarty, Richard, was created a peer of the United Kingdom as Baron Trench in 1815 and raised to an English viscounty as Viscount Clancarty in 1829. In 1813 he was Ambassador to The Hague and was created by the King of the Netherlands in 18.8 Marquess of Heusden.

The present Earl of Clancarty was born in 1834. His son, Viscount Dunlo, the present plaintiff, was born Dec. 29, 1868, and will, if he lives long enough, become Earl of Clancarty, and Lady Dunlo, the heroine of the divorce suit just ended, formerly Belle Bilton, the eldest of the sisters Bilton, of London music-hall fame, the mother of two children by an American named Weston, who was implicated in the great frauds on the London and Westminster Bank some years ago, at one time "protected" by Isidor Wertheimer, the son of a London bric-a-brac dealer and formerly in the clothing trade in New York, will be the Countess of Clancarty.

ASSASSIN EYRAUD ON TRIAL.

He Is Confronted with a Rival and Is Writing His Memoirs.

PARIS, July 31.—The preliminary examinations of Eyraud, the assassin of the huissier Gouffe, continue and attract public attention by their dramatic character. Yesterday there was a scene when Eyraud was confronted with Goranger, who supplanted him in the affections of Gabrielle Bompard and induced her to return to Paris and confess.

Eyraud glared upon his rival and looked as if he was ready to spring upon and throttle him.

Goranger gave his testimony with apparent unconcern. He told the whole story from the date of his first acquaintance with Gabrielle, and repeated the confessions she made to him. His disclosures are likely to be of great assistance in her defence. Eyraud accused Goranger of conspiring with Gabrielle against him to save her life and procure his death. He declared he did wish Gabrielle should suffer, but he could not die with a lie upon his lips. He had told the truth in all his confessions since he had been under examination, and he was satisfied.

Eyraud is writing a history of the crime, to be published and sold after his death for the benefit of his widow and daughter.

Porte and Patriarch.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 31.—The greater number of the Armenians arrested for taking part in the assault upon the Patriarch in the Armenian Cathedral Sunday last have been realeased. Twenty-five of them, however, are held for trial. They will be arraigned before a military council sitting at the Teraskievate. The Sultan's secretary has ordered the Armenian Patriarch to send a circular to the churches advising the people to abstain from demonstrations. The Patriarch in the future will be held responsible for disorders like those in the cathedral and will be considered an accomplice of the rioters. The Patriarch was also ordered to address a letter to the Sultan asking that severe punishment be inflicted upon the rioters held for trial and expressing gratitude for the aid rendered by Turkish soldiers in quelling the disturbances. A council consisting of six Armenian bishops and several Armenian notables will meet at the patriarchate to deliberate upon the character of the reply to be made to the note.

Funeral of the St. Etienne Victims.

PARIS, July 31.—The funeral of 75 of the victims of the fire-damp explosion in the Pellisier pit at St. Etienne took place to-day. The coffins were covered with garlands of flowers. Some of the coffins bore the inscriptions: "To the martyrs of labor," and "To the victims of capitalist exploitation." The whole mining population of the district attended the funeral. M. Ives Guyot, formerly Minister of Public Works, delivered an oration over the coffins, which were arrayed in a line. After the bodies had been interred the local leaders spoke upon the demands of the Socialists. The Chamber of Deputies has voted 200,000 francs for the benefit of the families of those who lost their lives in the pit.

Lost by Three Votes.

LIMERICK, July 31.—At a meeting of the Limerick Corporation to-day, a motion censuring Bishop O'Dwyer in connection with the case of John Dillon was lost by three votes. An immense crowd outside the hall hooted at the members who supported the motion.

A Fatal Explosion.

BERLIN, July 31.—An explosion occurred in the Unser Fritz mine at Gelsenkirchen to-day. Eight men were killed and several were injured.

Turkey and Russia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 31.—M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador here, has obtained a 2-months' leave of absence. In taking farewell of the Sultan to-day he repeated the protest contained in the note of the Russian Foreign Minister against the berats of investiture granted by Turkey to the Bulgarian bishops. The Sultan denied that this action indicated hostility toward Russia.

Ravages of the Cotton Worm.

CAIRO, July 31.—The ravages of the cotton worm are increasing in the Nile districts.

Emin Fighting his Way.

ZANZIBAR, July 31.—Emin has had severe fighting at Maisai and Ugogo. He killed many natives by using the Maxim gun. He seized 1200 head of cattle. He defeated the Ugogos with great slaughter.

Cable Flashes.

The cholera epidemic at Mecca shows no sign of abatement. The deaths from the disease average 80 daily.

The cholera epidemic is diminishing in Valencia. From 10 to 15 cases are reported daily, of which about half prove fatal.

A ukase just issued forbids further action by Protestant missionaries, especially in Western Russia, under the penalty of being conducted to the frontier.

It is stated that the leader of the disorder in Constantinople is a Russian Armenian. He is said to have fired the first shot. It is believed he was acting under instructions.

The plain around Tientsin was submerged by the recent overflow of the Pei Ho River. All the roads in the flooded district were ruined. All communication was cut off, and for seven days no news from Pekin was received at Tientsin.

The steamer Lubeck, which has arrived at Sydney from Apia, brings rumors of a disorder in the Samoan villages. In the opinion of Europeans these disorders point out the necessity of the three treaty powers, England, Germany and the United States, forming a proper government for Samoa.

It is announced that Lieut. Azvedo Continho, who in June went with an armed expedition to the Shire district for the ostensible purpose of attacking the Makololas, has seized the steamer James Stevenson belonging to the British African Lakes Co., and that the crew of the steamer have been sent to Quilamaine for trial.

Ex-Queen Natalie of Servia recently forwarded the documents relating to her divorce to M. Gortchakoff, professor of canon law in the St. Petersburg University, with the request for his opinion on the legality of her divorce. She intends to publish all the papers with Professor Gortchakoff's reply.

The marriage of the Archduchess Maria Valerie, second daughter and youngest child of the Emperor and Empress of Austria, and Archduke Francis Salvator took place yesterday. The ceremony was performed in the parish church at Ischl. All the members of the Imperial family were there.

The Post says: Chancellor Von Caprivi in his memorandum goes too far in expressions of friendly sentiment towards England. The duty of removing the causes of complications becomes serious when only devolving upon one party. As matters now stand Germany avoids at great sacrifices the differences with Great Britain.

Had His Leg Broken.

GUELPH, July 31.—John Bell, a middle-aged man who formerly acted as hostler at Thomas Merlihan's hotel, met with a serious accident at Campbellville yesterday afternoon. He has been hostler at Felix Devlin's hotel there and was driving a horse yesterday when the animal ran away. He hung on to the lines, but in the struggle his left leg got into the wheel of the wagon and it was badly broken in two places below the knee. He was driven in to the general hospital here last night, where he is doing as well as can be expected.

The First Case Under the Treaty.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The three cattlemen John McNamara, Henry Allison and James Tynan, who were the ringleaders in the riot on the steamer Chicago and who broke into the hold and stole liquor on the voyage, were to-day held for extradition charged with larceny. This is the first case under the new treaty with Great Britain on which larceny on shipboard is made an extraditable offence.

The Walking Delegates' Work.

NEW YORK, July 31.—A general strike was ordered to-day on all the public schools now being repaired. There are only three contractors objectionable to the Board of Walking Delegates, but this general movement is ordered to compel the Board of Education to get rid of them. About 1200 men are out and there is serious doubt about the public schools being able to open Sept 9.

Summer Sports.

"You Canadians are great people for outdoor exercise," said an American who visited Dineen's while stopping over in the city.

The gay-looking stock of fancy hats and caps in silk, felt, flannel, duck and cashmere, for boating, tennis, cricket, cycling and all other sports, suggested the remark. They are specialties at Dineen's, and unapproachable in style. The simplest thing in summer headwear that may not cost over a trifle bears the same impress of good style that is found in the more costly affair. For tourists and travelers, there is an assortment of stylish light-weight felts in pearl, white, drab, smoke, chocolate, fawn and other fashionable shades. It embraces a variety of new shapes. Next to the style and quality of these goods the most remarkable thing about them is the extremely low price. This store is on corner of King and Yonge-streets.

Cooling and refreshing, Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Sold everywhere, 5 cents.

IS HIS LANGUAGE IMMORAL?

MUCH TONGUE AND MUCH JUDGMENT SELDOM GO TOGETHER.

John Campbell, the Queen's Park Orator, Summoned Before the Magistrate for Using Obscene and Insulting Language—Moral Inspector Archabold After His Scalp.

Canada, Province of Ontario, County of York, City of Toronto, to wit:

To John Campbell—

Whereas information was laid before me, George Taylor Denison, Esquire, Police Magistrate, in and for the said City, for that you John Campbell of the said City, on the twentieth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety did in the said City of Toronto, contrary to law, make use of grossly insulting language in the Queen's Park.

These are therefore to command you, in Her Majesty's name, to be and appear before me as such Police Magistrate, or before such other Justice or Justices of the Peace in and for the said City as may then be there, at the Police Court, on Court-street, in the said City, on Friday the first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer to the said information, and to be further dealt with according to law.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this 31st day of July, 1890, at the City of Toronto aforesaid.

R. J. FLEMING, J.P.

There were three pieces of paper, blue in color, and containing the same grounds of complaint, served at 7½ last night on Mr. John Campbell, one of the Queen's Park orators, and vulgarly dubbed as "Jumbo." There were also three others handed in to Mr. Campbell at the same time, but these latter were different in that they charged the Queen's Park orator with making use of grossly obscene and immoral language on the same date. Moral Inspector Archabold swore to two of the informations, and Deputy Chief Stuart to the other four. Policemen Robert Dodds, attached to Agnes-street Police Station, dropped into the store to serve the papers, but not finding the defendant present he left them there for his perusal when he should return.

Yesterday's action on the part of the police is the outcome of many consultations between Mayor Clarke, Chief of Police Grasett and the City Solicitor. The numerous complaints pouring in about the man compelled some determined stand being taken. For the past six weeks an official stenographer has been in constant attendance at Campbell's Sunday meetings, and every expression he made use of was taken down and then submitted to the City Solicitor. It was on the 20th of July that it is claimed his vehemence overcame his prudence, and it is on his utterances on this date that the city hopes to make a case.

The summonses do not mention any particular class as having been insulted or shocked, but apparently take the broad principle that no portion of the community must be insulted. The first shot in the legal fight will be fired in the Police Court to-day. Campbell informed the police that he had retained D'Alton McCarthy, Q.C., and would make it rather hot for those responsible for issuing the summonses.

PITCH-IN AT MYRTLE.

An Employe's Alleged Carelessness Results in Considerable Damage to Rolling Stock.

No. 3 C.P.R. express from the east, due at the Union Station at 8.50 last evening, was delayed 4¾ hours in consequence of a pitch-in on the road at Myrtle Station. An eastbound freight had stopped at the tank to take water, when another freight following pitched into the rear. The engine was badly damaged, and the caboose and a car loaded with dressed beef on the first train were demolished. The train was running at a slow rate of speed and the trainmen had plenty of time to jump. The accident is said to have been due to the carelessness of the engineer of the second train, who did not stop, although the semaphore is alleged to have been against him. The track was blocked and the passengers and baggage on No. 3 had to be transferred to a special sent out from the Junction.

THERE IS A SHORTAGE.

The Investigation into the Affairs of Waterloo's Registry Office.

Inspector Johnston has returned from Berlin, where he has been holding an investigation into the affairs of the Waterloo registry office. The investigation will be continued in Toronto to-morrow. The testimony thus far adduced tends to show that there has been $13,000 short in the returns of the office during the years in which the books have been examined, and that the registrar owes the county $4000.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

GUELPH, July 31.—Word was received in the city at noon that Mrs. William Geddes of Eden Mills had been instantly killed by a falling tree near the village about an hour before. It appears that Mrs. Geddes and children, Mrs. Morton, Mrs. Duffield and others set out in the morning berrypicking in Mr. Anstee's swamp, about a mile from the village. The party here separated, Mrs. Geddes and children taking one path and the others a different direction. They had hardly bidden each other adieu and gone their several ways when Mrs. Geddes' children came running back with the news that their mother had been struck by a tree. The other ladies hurried to the spot and found Mrs. Geddes lying beside the overturned tree quite dead. The tree was not resting on her, but it was evident it had struck her in its fall. Word was at once sent to Guelph, and Dr. Herod and Constable Elliott went out this afternoon to hold an inquest.

The Karnival King's Luck.

(Cor. Belleville Intelligencer.)

CAMPBELLFORD, July 30.—E. King Dodds, editor of The Canadian Sportsman, along with his son E. W., and friend, Mr. M. N. Smith, visited this town on Friday last for the purpose of trying their luck at fishing. Early on Saturday morning they commenced their work and the three gentlemen named before stopping, two days' clear fishing, had caught 125 bass, some of which ran to the nice weight of 5 pounds, the general average of the fish being 3 pounds. They left early on Tuesday morning on their return journey to Toronto.

To Boom the East End.

A meeting of East End property owners was held yesterday to consider a plan to bring East Toronto suburbs into prominence for manufacturing and residental purposes. Among those present were James Beaty Q.C., Robert Beaty Ald. Maughan, J. R. Leslie, Small, Peter McDonald and A. McLean Howard, J. Mitchell, Joseph Duggan, Reeve Stephenson of East Toronto. The latter occupied by the chair. After a lengthy discussion it was decided to bring the whole matter before the East End Property Owners' Association on Wednesday next.

Excursion to Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.—Only $4 Round Trip.

Just keep this in your mind that on Aug. 8 you can leave Toronto at 3.40 p.m. by the palace steamer Empress of India and will only cost you four dollars, round trip, Toronto to Chautauqua Lake. The Erie Railway will land you right at the lake. For full particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, corner Wellington and Scott-streets, or P. J. Slatter, corner King and Yonge-streets, and at Geddes' wharf.

Got to Go.

Summer Felts, Straws and Shell Hats prices at away down to clear them out. all new goods and the latest styles. We can give you an elegant Shell Hat in Beaver, Fawn and Pearl colors for $2.50. Felts in all colors, best qualities, $2 to $2.50. We are already showing Fall Styles in Felt Hats. Grant & Co., 77 King street East. 246

Hay, Hay, Hay—Buyers will do well to call at 74 Colborne-street. Choice Timothy Hay selling at $9 and $9.50 per ton. 135

FUNERAL OF A NUN.

Borne to the Grave by Six Sisters—The Coffin a Plain Pine Box.

At an early hour on Wednesday morning Sister Stanislas of the Good Shepherd breathed her last in the convent of the order, St. Alban's Ward. The deceased was known in life before she took the vows twelve years ago as Miss Maggie Cunningham, her parents residing in Toronto. Suffering from a bad attack of la grippe last winter Sister Stanislas was seized with consumption as a result, the latter disease being the cause of death. The funeral took place yesterday morning from St. Michael's Cathedral to St. Michael's Cemetery. The coffin was of plain white pine, without a coat of paint, and had ordinary black iron handles. There was no inscription and no flowers. The pall-bearers were six sisters and Vicar-General Laurent sang the funeral mass and officiated at the grave.

THE BLYTHE MILLIONS.

Florence Wins Her Suit—After 1½ Years Litigation the Court Decides in Her Favor.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The celebrated Blythe will contest, which began Jan. 15, 1889, ended to-day in Judge Coffey rendering a voluminous decision in favor of Florence, illegitimate child of Thomas H. Blythe, the deceased millionaire, awarding her the bulk of the estate of a total value of about $4,000,000. The contestants included the plaintiff Florence Blythe, Alice Edith Dickson, alleged widow of Blythe; the Williams heirs of Liverpool, the Blythe Company, the Gipsy Blythes, the Savages of London, the Scotch-Irish Savages, James Witt Pearce and William and David Savage. The court's opinion held that according to the laws of the state Florence had established her claim to Blythe's paternity, the latter orally and in writing having acknowledged her as his child. In the case of the alleged widow the court says the contradictions in the case of this claimant are irreconcilable and cannot be reconciled on the basis that decedent and defendant were man and wife.

THE WINDS WILL BLOW.

But the Ships Won't Go—Lake Sailors to Go On Strike To-day.

CHICAGO, July 31.—A paper here says: To-morrow morning will inaugurate the sailors' strike, involving every species of sailing craft on the lakes system. The prospective strike is due to a demand on the part of the Seamen's Union for an increase in wages and that every man on shipboard under the rank of captain shall be a member of the union.

Excitement in Gotham's Corn Pit.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Sensational reports about damage to the corn crop by dry and hot weather caused an excited opening in the corn pit this morning and the fluctuations were wider and more violent than they have been for years. September, which closed Wednesday at 51⅛c, opened at 54¼c and at once sold at 54½c. The only buying, however, was by shorts. After the demand from them was filled holders attempted to unload and the price of September fell to 52¾c. The rest of the options moved within about the same range. Notwithstanding the sharp movement in prices the volume of business was small.

Montreal a Dumping Ground for Vice.

MONTREAL, July 31.—If the generally current belief that Montreal is the dumping ground for the products of vice of the whole province needed any confirmation it would be proved by the figures given in the mortality statistics for last year just published by the Government of Agriculture. The publication shows that in the 12 months ending Dec. 31 last there were 480 deaths of illegitimate children in this city, against 413 in all the rest of the country, a somewhat alarming state of affairs on its face. In Toronto but 35 were reported.

125 Families Homeless.

PITTSBURG, July 31.—This afternoon fire broke out in a Hungarian settlement in the east end of Braddock, an iron town nine miles up the Monongahela River, and in a short time 38 houses were consumed. Among these were some dozen brick residences owned by Americans, but the remaining were frame houses of two stories occupied by Hungarian laborers. These 38 houses contained 125 families, embracing 450 people. The loss will amount to $100,000, chiefly on buildings.

Continuous Pool.

BROOKLYN, July 31.—A continuous pool match for the championship of America and a stake of $300 was begun here to-night between Charles H. Manning, champion of New York, and George S. Kuntzsh of Syracuse. The match is for 600 points up, to be continued until Saturday night. Bets of 2 to 1 were freely offered that Manning would win. There was a small attendance. The score for the evening was: Manning 202, Kuntzsh 108.

Fall in Edison Stock.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The fall in the price of Edison general electric stock to-day was due to the dissolution of the syndicate formed to purchase the stock. A syndicate circular released the stock and some owners of the stock sold out.

The United States Tariff Debate.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—In the Senate four pages of the tariff bill were disposed of to-day and the Senate at 6 p.m. adjourned till to-morrow at 10 a.m., after a statement by Mr. Blair that the bill would be disposed of at the present rate of progress by Dec. 20.

Sunk in a Collision.

CLEVELAND, July 31.—Early this morning the schooner Charger, with 18,000 bushels of wheat for Buffalo, collided with the steambarge City of Cleveland at the head of Lake Erie. The Charger sank within ten minutes in four fathoms of water. The captain and crew of eight persons escaped and were taken to Toledo by the City of Cleveland.

Severe Storm in New England.

BOSTON, July 31.—From different sections in New England reports come to-night that the intensely hot weather of the past two or three days was followed this afternoon and evening by severe thunder and wind storms. Lives were lost and much property damaged.

The U.S. Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—It is estimated the public debt has been reduced about $4,000,000 during the month. Last July there was an increase of $1,000,000 and in August last the increase was $6,000,000, all on account of heavy pension payments.

An Illinois Village Wiped Out.

WALNUT, Ills., July 31.—The business portion of this village was swept by fire early this morning, 56 buildings being destroyed. Sixteen families are homeless. The losses aggregate $125,000.

Pad City Flour Output.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 31.—The Northwestern Miller says: The output of the Minneapolis mills the past week was the heaviest in two years. Nineteen mills were running grinding 170,180 barrels.

The Dakota Wheat Crop.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 31.—The best authorities estimate the wheat crop of the present season in the Dakotas and Minnesota at 100,000,000 bushels. The harvest is now in progress. The value of this crop to the Northwest is put at $60,000,000 at the lowest.

A Public Execution.

LIVE OAK, Fla., July 31.—Kelly Stewart, colored, was hanged here to-day for the murder of John Hawkins. Two thousand people witnessed the execution.

The cutters are thoroughly experienced. The tailors the best money can procure and you'll save money by ordering your clothing made at The Model Clothing Store, corner Yonge and Shuter-streets.

AUCTION—THE QUEBEC VOTE.

[J. W. BENGOUGH IN GRIP.]

Auctioneer Mercier: "Come now, gentlemen, give us a bid for this fine, solid provincial vote! This is a rare chance! What do I hear for it? Start it at something!" etc., etc.

CIGAR DEALERS ARE MAD.

Over the Enforcement of the Act Requiring the Destruction of Cigar Boxes.

Local cigar dealers are up in arms owing to the receipt of a circular signed by Mr. E. Miall, Commissioner of Inland Revenue, notifying them that it is proposed to at once enforce the amendment made last session to the Inland Revenue Act under which it is required that all boxes or packages containing cigars must be destroyed as soon as they are emptied.

The dealers claim that the act requiring the cancellation of the revenue stamp was sufficient to guard against any fraud, and the boxes came in handy for many purposes. Heretofore dealers have been allowed to distribute the boxes to their customers, but now they dare not do so, and any person using a box for any other purpose becomes liable in a heavy penalty.

AN IRKSOME, BRAWLING SCOLD.

An Alleged Counterpart of the Shrew That Shakespeare Drew Figures in the Queen City's Police Court.

—She is intolerably curst,
And shrewd, and forward; so beyond all measure,
That, were my state far worse than it is,
I would not wed her for a mine of gold.

A living illustration of Shakespeare's shrew was arraigned at the Police Court yesterday, if the stories of the witnesses are to be believed. The woman is Mrs. Annie Pope of 40 Price-street, and her neighbors charge her with being a common scold. The charge is laid under an old act, and reads as follows:

For being a common and turbulent brawler and sower of discord among her quiet and honest neighbors, so that she has become a public nuisance to her neighborhood by her scolding, quarreling, inciting strifes, controversies, quarrels and disputes among Her Majesty's liege people, against the peace of Our Lady the Queen, her Crown and dignity, to the common nuisance of divers of Her Majesty's liege subjects.

About a dozen of the woman's neighbors, including Mrs. Jane E. Hutt, Mrs. E. Tench, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Annie Lawrence, Mrs. George W. Ensminger, Mrs. Catharine Manning, Messrs. Tench, Garnett and Ensminger, testified that from early dawn to dusk she was continually abusing them, making disagreeable remarks anent new dresses or hats which the ladies purchased and making herself a nuisance generally. Among the choice expletives which she was continually discharging like chewed paper from a boy's pop gun, one missile propelling another, were these, "You're a born devil," "a red-headed sinner," "a dirty liar," "I'll smash you with a block," "I'll break your neck," "If you didn't drink so much beer, you would have more money to go to bargain day."

The evidence was very strong and the Magistrate committed the woman for trial. She was released on bail, her husband furnishing the necessary security.

The punishment for the offence is the treatment of the ducking stool so popular in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.

P. E. I. ELECTIONS.

Results of the Polling for Members of the Legislative Council.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., July 31.—The result of the election yesterday for members of the Legislative Council are as follows:

Constituency.	*Con.*	*Lib.*
King's	Poole	Hooper
Queen's	Campbell	Smith
Prince	....	McNutt
Prince	....	Murphy

Nicholson, the leader of the Government in the Upper House, was defeated in Queen's.

The Kent Election.

ST. JOHN, N.B., July 31.—The election to the seat for Kent in the House of Commons, made vacant by the resignation of Judge Landry, resulted in the return of Leyer by about 200 plurality. There were three candidates, all of whom were Government supporters.

Chew Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum and induce the flow of saliva. 5 cents.

Johnstown Death Roll.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 31.—To-day, fourteen months after the flood, the local paper prints what it claims to be a correct list of the dead. The total number is given at 2187, which leaves over 200 bodies not yet recovered. The names are given of 34 persons that were lost from the day express.

The success of the Order Tailoring Department at The Model Clothing Store, corner Yonge and Shuter-streets, has been phenomenal, 'tis the prices do it.

From Police Blotters.

Michael Maley, 926 King-street west, is held in St. Andrew's-market station for assault on George C. Campbell (colored).

Joseph Stein, 87 Queen-street west, had some clothing stolen from his store yesterday.

A few dozen chickens were stolen yesterday from Mary McGrain, 145 Jarvis-street.

A passing thief on Wednesday stole a silver watch and gold chain from W. McRae, 97 Luke-street.

Chief Royal of Peterboro goes this morning to Peterboro in charge of Arthur Cheshire, charged with malicious injury.

For felonious assault on Joseph Benny by cutting him on the hand with a piece of glass William Carter, 515 Queen-street east, is held at Headquarters.

Robert Dinsmore, 97 Mellicent-street, is under arrest for disorderly conduct.

The Dead.

Cardinal Luigi Pallotti is dead at Rome, aged 61. He was raised to the Cardinalate in 1887.

George L. Schuyler of New York, a guest of Commodore Gerry on the flagship Electra, of the New York yacht squadron, off the Pequot House, New London, was found dead in his cabin yesterday morning. The Electra will convey the remains to Newport. Mr. Schuyler was one of the best known members of the New York Yacht Club. He is the donor of the American Cup, being the sole surviving owner of it. Mr. Schuyler was advanced in years and had retired from business.

SELAH!

The Chicora had just arrived at Yonge-street Wharf and among the crowd of passengers were the members of the celebrated Gilmore's Band of New York, who were billed for the Horticultural Gardens. As an extra attraction there was advertised a chorus of singers made up of Seals from Behring Sea. It was no doubt owing to this that an unusually large number of people gathered on the dock to witness the arrival of these unique Singers.

After the general passengers had landed the band made its appearance and took up a position in line on the dock, followed by quite a large number of curious-looking objects, which could at once be recognized as Seals by the expensive and much-loved garments they wore. They seemed to slide along rather than walk, but perfectly erect, and being almost the height of the average man. Each one wore a wide-wide smile, or rather a grin, such as the most jocular Mongolian could not intensify. It was whispered around that the smile of satisfaction was due to the fact that they were now upon British soil. I noticed one that looked intelligent enough to speak, and I was making my way through the crowd to him when the Band played Annie Laurie and the procession started up Yonge-street.

The street by this time had become lined with citizens, and as the curious creatures passed along they were saluted with such remarks as, "Hello! Old man, ain't you very warm?" "How's your whiskers?" etc.

"Where do you come from?" asked one old gentleman who stood in the crowd.

"Bur-ugh-ee," or some such sound came from the mouth of the intelligent one whom I had tried to interview on the dock. This of course was understood to be "Behring Sea."

"Do you like Behring Sea?" continued the same old gentleman. This was answered by a nod of the head.

"Do you like Toronto?" said Mayor Clarke, who stood by. Over a dozen heads were instantly bowed towards His Worship.

"Do you like the British?" shouted ex-Ald. Baxter, J.P., who stood upon the wheels of a grocery wagon in rear of the front line of spectators, "Do you like the British?" Whereupon the entire number of Seals instantly turned and began bowing their heads almost to the ground. The band in the meantime continued marching, and for five minutes did the man in uniform vainly try to persuade the Seals to move on. They seemed each one as if they wished to pay homage to the Austere Individual who had pronounced the word "British." However, at length they were induced to continue their march, although now some distance behind the Band, but just as the leading ones had reached the corner of Queen-street the Queen's Own Band came along playing "Rule Britannia, Britannia Rules the Waves."

The effect upon the Seals was marvelous. They at once straightened themselves up, each appearing about two inches taller, their eyes dilated, their whiskers stiffened out like telegraph wire, and with one accord they fell in behind the Q.O.R. Band and continued westward.

I forgot to state that when the band was first heard playing "Rule Britannia" one of the Seals ran out of line and stole a little Union Jack from a child who was sitting in his carriage playing with it, whereupon Inspector Archabold rushed out into the street and no doubt would have run Mr. Seal in but for the cries of "Shame, shame!" A little further along this small flag was nearly the means of breaking up the procession, for each and every one of the Seals wanted to carry it.

At Spadina-avenue a halt was made and council held to determine who should be the Standard Bearer. They had just come to an understanding when Taggie Kelso came along and wanted to tag the Seals. This was a terrible blow to them, and just at the time when they were rejoicing at being in British company, so they took to their heels, as the saying is, and fled. Upon my way back to the centre I met Colonel Otter and said: "Hello, Colonel! how do you explain the fact of the Queen's Own Band being out to-day and at this hour, and coming as they did between Gilmore's Band and the Seals?"

"I do not know," he replied, "you had better ask Colonel Denison. It was a scheme of his, I understand, to let the people see which music the Seals liked best." He explained that he had just stopped one of the Seals, who was on the full run, and that Mr. Seal had told him that they did not mind at all being taken by the British, but they would never be "taken alive" by the Yanks. This is why I laughed so hard afterwards when I heard that Gilmore's Band was playing "Yankee Doodle" all over the city, in hope that the Seals would gather round them—laughed so hard that I awoke and found that I had been dreaming.

J. Y. B.

The "Quarrel as It Stands."

[From The New York World.]

The Canadian demand is unjust and destructive; the American contention is preposterous. With Great Britain an amicable arrangement was agreed upon by Mr. Bayard, which would have ended the whole dispute, but because of Canadian objection the British Government repudiated the arrangement. Our Congress by statute imposed upon the Executive the duty of maintaining the closed-sea theory by force, and Great Britain has notified the State Department that the use of force will be resented.

Tourists' hats at Dineen's.
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Corner King and Yonge-streets.

Samuel Todd, expressman, University-street, fell from a wagon at Victoria-Richmond-streets yesterday and the wheels passed over his legs. He was not seriously injured.

The Seaside and White Mountains special Pullman vestibule train passed through the city from Chicago last night.

GEN. RIVAS TURNS TRAITOR.

AND STORMS THE BARRACKS OF SALVADOR'S CAPITAL.

Fighting Still Going on in Central America—The Situation at Buenos Ayres Improved—Street Traffic Resumed—The Banks Again Doing Business, but the Bourse is Still Closed.

LA LIBERTAD, July 31.—It is reported that General Rivas, who was recently re-called from Honduras by the Salvador Government to raise troops around Cojutepeque and join the main army operating against Guatemala on the frontier, turned traitor after having had a handsome reception in the capital. When he was supposed to be on his way to the frontier he turned back his forces of 2000 Indians towards the capital and stormed the barracks. There fighting has been going on two days, but no details have been received, as communication has been interrupted since. General Rivas started the revolution against the Menendez Government some months ago, but was defeated. He then fled to Honduras.

Fighting Still Going On.

LA LIBERTAD, July 31.—It is reported fighting continues in the capital. It is believed many have been