Canada

In numbers present, keen interest ments having now grown to such large manifested, harmony and enthusiasm proportions as to render advisable the displayed, the annual meeting of the creation of sub-departments for the Canada Life Assurance Company, which was held on Wednesday last, was, without exception the most successful in that company's history of ever haif a century. The president, George A. Cox, read the direc-

tors' report, as follows: In submitting their 53rd annual re Assurance Company have to record re-sults and events of more than usual interest and importance.

THE RESULTS.

The applications for assurance during 1899 were 4,176 for \$8,662,924 83, of which 401, for \$695,298, were either declined or not carried out, leaving the actual issues of the year 3,775 policies for \$7,967,626 83. This is the largest amount of business ever transacted by the company in its history of over half a century, and it is also a matter of satisfaction that the increase is due almost entirely to purely Canadian business, which exceeded that of any other company doing business in the Dominion. The total business in force now amounts to \$80,229,688 25, under 37,100 policies, being an increase of almost \$5,000,000 over that of a year statement), were \$1,357,350 85, which is \$61,980 40 greater than for the previous year. A careful revaluation of the properties owned by or mortgaged to the company has been made, not only by our own valuators, but also by inall reasonable provision against loss, the assets now stand at \$21,364,062 06, being an increase of \$1,325,244 73 over the amount as reported a year ago.

QUINQUENNIAL INVESTIGATION. A valuation of the company's policy liabilities has been made by the actuary upon actuaries' table of mortal-ity and interest at 4 per cent, this being the basis of valuation required by some of the states in which the com-pany does business. This valuation, which amounts to \$18,964,390, has been confirmed by certificates of the com-missioner of insurance for Michigan. After providing for these and all other liabilities, there is a surplus of \$1,968,-712 85, but last year it was decided on the recommendation of the president, to set aside a special reserve of \$225,-000 towards a 3½ per cent standard. Since then the Dominion Government, reorganizing the permanent fall in interest rates, has wisely amended the insurance act, so that all companies must now proceed to make provision for placing their policy liabilities up-on a 8½ per cent basis. Until the transition is effected it will be necessary for the companies to apply a directors have therefore recommended that an additional sum of \$275,000 be set aside for this purpose, making in all a special reserve of \$500,000 in the above-mentioned surplus there rea surplus over all liabilities of out its interest incom dends for the next five years may be

The directors, keeping in view the unusually large amounts of profits distributed to policyholders in the past, and the fact that interest rates have so fallen as to make it imperative that the Canada Life should be placed on an actuarial valuation basis relatively comparable with that of leading companies in the United States, Australia and Great Britain, have unanimously recommended that at this quinquennial division the permanent interests of the policyholders would be conserved by declaring a bonus addition of % of one per cent per-annum, and a slightly less amount upon life policies which have been paid up for a period of ten years. This decision has been arrived at only after the most careful investigation into deliberation upon the many

Assets-January 1, 1900-

Assurance Reserve Fund-

more efficient transaction of its head office business, the directors during the past year appointed Mr. E. W. Cox, assistant general manager, with general oversight of the insurance department of the company. Then an investment department has been created. with Mr. H. B. Walker as treasport the directors of the Canada Life assurance Company have to record results and events of more than usual examination and valuation of the company's investments, and it is a mat-ter of satisfaction that the amount which he recommended as necessary to provide against possible loss was, considering the age and size of the company, comparatively small. The actuarial department has also been fully established, with Mr. F. Sanderson, M.A., A.I.A., F.S.S., in charge. These, with the secretary's, superintendent's, and medical referee's departments previously established, now place the company in a position to meet the ever-increasing demands of modern business

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, said: It is a matter of satisfaction that the new business of the year just closed largely ago. This is the largest increase ever exceeds that of the best year in the made by the company in any one company's history. From every part year. The total payments to policy-holders during the year (details of which will be found in the financial while this increased business was to a certain extent due to the fact that new premium rates were to go into effect at the beginning of the year in this and other companies, still the fact that the Canada Life received a much larger volume of new business in dependent valuators, and after making the Dominion than any other company, is the best evidence of the wisdom of the departures just referred to. I think it proper, however, to say that it is not my intention, nor of those responsible for the management of the company, to depart from the conservative principles by which it has been so long conducted. I believe in building on foundations that will stand the strain and stress of years. Whether in the securing of business or in making investments, I prefer to look at the matter as it is iskely to appear, ten, twenty, thirty years hence, and I am content to sacrifice transient success for absolute security and the permanent welfare of those whose interests are wrapped up in this institution. At the same time I think we should not be doing our duty if we did not seek to keep the Canada Life thoroughly abreast of the times, both in its agencies and at head office. "Conservative Progat head office. "Conservative P ress" will, therefore, be our motto.

The most important matter dealt with in the report is the quinquennial investigation. That is always an investigation. That is always an eventful period, but especially so on this occasion, for the reason that the life companies are now brought face considerable percentage of their sur- to face with a most serious prac-plus on old policies in this way. The tical problem, viz., the readjustment of their finances due to the permanent fall that has taken place in the rate of interest. Many persons who are not familiar with life assurance \$1,463,712 85. Of this amount it is proposed to credit to policyholders \$1,381,132 05 as surplus to them, and to shareholders \$87,580 80, out of which dividends for the post first interest income a line contpany would soon become insolvent. It
is not alone from the premiums, but
from the interest as well, that claims
must be met, and if interest is likely to fall below what has been assumed, then the security of a company's contracts is endangered. Moreover, the securing of a rate of interest larger than that assumed in a company's calculations is one of its main sources of profit. Hence it is of the highest importance that the margin of interest

for profit should be maintained. I will illustrate in two ways the effect of a fall in the rate of interest. Within a period of twelve years the rate of interest has fallen 2 per cent. cent. Now, taking the assets of a company like the Canada Life at \$21,000,000 this means an annual \$21,000,000 this means an annual shrinkage in its interest income of \$420,000, or in five years, the accumulated loss would amount to almost \$2,300,000. This clearly demonstrates the effect of a fall in the rate of in-

terest. My second illustration shows what

\$1.833.017 14

\$19,895,349 21

\$21,364,062 06

company, however weak, might easily meet its obligations under existing con-tracts. But a law which is framed to aid the weak should not be used to

ind the strong.

In order to place before our directors just what has involved in passing to the higher standard, it was decided during last year to ask our actuarial department to make a detailed valuation of our 37,000 policles upon the Hm. 31/2 per cent basis. In addition to this, two other full detailed valuations were made, viz., one upon the actuaries' table and interest at 4 per cent, and the other upon American experience 4 per cent

table. Never has such an exhaustive investigation of its policy liabilities been undertaken by the company. But the results proved of great value and interest. While the actuarial department was busily engaged in measuring up the policy liabilities on different bases, the newly-appointed treasurer was hard at work taking stock of our assets. When the two sides of our balance sheet came together, therefore, it was a matter of great satisfaction that the company was found in possession of a substantial surplus over all liabilities, even upon the high standard of Hm. 3½ per cent.

-the new government basis. EXPERT OPINIONS. In order to have the benefit of independent expert opinion as to how far the company should now go towards meeting the new government standard, it was decided to lay the whole situation before two distinguished actuaries, one English and the other American. The gentlemen selected were H. W. Manly, F. I. A., of London, England, the president of the Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain, and Mr. David Parks Fackler, consulting actuary of New York, expresident of the Actuarial Society of America. Mr. Manly, who, by the way, holds the highest office in the gift of British actuaries, is so strongly convinced of the necessity and advantages of the adoption of the new 31/2 per cent basis that he did not hesitate to recommend its immediate adoption. "After weighing," he says, "all the arguments in favor of or against either of the courses open, I am strongly of the opinion that it would be better for the company and for the policyholders generally to make the change at once, even if you have to pass a bonus altogether." Mr. Manly's exhaustive reports as well as that of Mr. Fackler, will be printed for the benefit of our policyholders. Mr. Fackler's opinion would have supported a like conservative course, but he also looked favorably upon a proposal that was under consideration

present quinquennial period passing to the full 3½ per cent standard. Our own actuary, Mr. F. Sanderson, M.A., A.I.A., F.S.S., who deservedy stands high in his own profession, and whom the directors regard as one of the most able, reliable and conservative actuaries in Canada, would have perferred the immediate adoption of the Hm. 3½ per cent standard, but after a careful consideration of the question in all its bearings, he was quite in accord with the medium course that has been pur-

by the directors, viz., the paying of

a moderate bonus to policyholders upon this occasion and then during the

sued. After looking at the matter from every point of view, the directors fin-ally concluded to place the reserves upon an actuaries' 4 per cent basis all a special reserve of \$500,000 in are not familiar with life assurance excess of the actuaries' 4 per cent finance do not realize the important basis. Deducting this amount from place which interest holds in the a year ago, or in all a special reserve of \$275,foundations of a life company. With- of half a million dollars, towards out its interest income a life complacing the reserves upon a 8½ per

> It was then decided to allot to policyholders the rate of bonus mentioned in the report, but to dispense with the usual quinquennial bonus on shareholders. Speaking of these proposals, Mr. Fackler says: "I believe that all arguments worthy of consideration favor a course at least as conservative as that proposed, and it has my hearty approval

There are two important points in Mr. Manly's report to which I wish to draw special attention.

First—"That the rate of interest used in calculating reserves should not only have reference to the interest now earned, but in order to secure absolute safety should be based on a level rate which, so far as can be discerned, will be permanent when obtained. In fact, there must be an intelligent anticipation of a future rate

of interest."
Second—"That the proper persons to bear the burden of the change to the higher reserve standard are those policyholders (and shareholders) who have received an excess of profit in the past, equivalent to the difference in the reserves made and the larger reserves which we now know ought to have been made."

I am strongly convinced of the soundness of these arguments, and I believe that if they are properly under-steed they will make clear to many minds what otherwise may seem in-

comprehensible. Mr. B. E. Walker, general manager Canadian Bank of Commerce, said: "This company has been, at the end of a long administration, put through the crucible, a thing which to any company, bank or other institution, whether it results in a disappointing statement or not, is of enormous value. because in that we have a supreme test, and that test has been responded to, and the company has been able to stand it. That is a thing every agent, every policyholder, every shareholder of the company, everyone concerned in the Canada Life, might bear in mind, that after a long period of administration, largely by one man, whose administration we all respect, it has been put to the supreme test, and has answered to it splendidly. There is this point to remember in addition, that if it hadn't been necessary to make this adjustment of interest, we would have presented, after the examination, a statement, practically not different from the statement of the past. The great thing in a company, after all, is to know whether we are really doing the right thing, the wisest thing. No bank, no insurance company, no mercantile company, and no business conpany, and no business con-cern of any kind has ever yet suffered from doing the thing that was the right thing. (Hear, hear.) And I believe that is what we are doing to-

maintain our popularity.

BRIGHT OUTLOOK

Bradstreet's Weekly Review of Trade in the Dominion.

Bradstreet's trade review weekly summary: circles at Montreal have Business shown increased activity the past week, and the orders left with the wholesale trade have been on a liberal scale. All reports are to the effect that the outlook for spring business is very bright. March paper was well

At Hamilton there has been a fair volume of trade for this season, and a marked expansion is reported as compared with previous years. Pay-

ments are good.

Trade at Winnipeg has shown some improvement and spring shipments are improvement and spring shipments are going ahead rapidly to country deal-

London firms report an active business in most lines, and preparations are being made for a large increase in business for the coming spring and summer over previous years. A better class of goods are generally being inquired for, and the early orders are mostly larger than usual. Collections

Trade conditions at the Pacific coast cities are satisfactory.

Business has been more active at Toronto as a result of the millinery openings. Values for all goods are very firm. Payments on 4th of March paper were good, there being less than the usual number of reugests for renewals.

A TORONTO LADY CURED OF ASTHMA

After Twelve Years' Suffering-Toronto Physicians Advised Leaving Her Home to Go to Manitoba-Clarke's Kola Compound Cured.

Mrs. McTaggart, 80 Vanauley street, Toronto, writes: "I have been troubled with asthma and bronchitis for twelve years, which gradually grew worse each year, in spite of the hundreds of dollars my husband has spent with several doctors, and almost every remedy we could procure. For the past two years I could not lie on my left side, and during the past year previous to taking Clarke's Kola Compound the asthma became so severe that I had not had a full night's sleep, and during most of that time we had a doctor in attendance. We gave up several doctors, as I was becoming no better, and the last doctor, after about two months' treatment, told me he could do nothing for me, and advised me to go to Manitoba or some dry climate. We heard of Clarke's Kloa Compound being a cure for asthma, and before taking this remedy made several in-quiries from those who had taken it, and in each case found the result so satisfactory that we resolved to try it. After taking the first bottle I became much better, and began to sleep well at nights. Since taking the third bottle I have not felt the slightest symptoms of my former trouble. I have during the past six months gained nearly 20 pounds in flesh, and feel perfectly healthy in every way. assure you that I will do all in my power to induce any sufferer from this terrible disease to try it."

Clarke's Kola Compound is sold by Anderson & Nelles, druggists, or by the Griffiths & Macpherson Company, Limited, 121 Church street, Toronto

SHELDON'S DAILY

Circulation for the Week Nearly a Quarter of a Million

Topeka, Kan., March 12.-The Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, who takes editorial and business control of the Daily Capital today (Monday) spent half an hour in the office of the paper on Saturday forenoon, and then went home to finish his Sunday sermon. He persistently declined to be interviewed, but extended an invitation to the reporters to attend his morning service, which they promised to do. A great deal of gossip is indulged in regarding Mr. Sheldon's policy, but up to this time nothing is known. Many of his close friends say he will follow the idea outlined in his famous novel, "In His Steps." The circulation of the Capital for the week is now very close to a quarter of a million, exclusive of news agency orders, and subscriptions are still com-

ing in at an increasing rate. Toledo, O., March 12 .- It is announced that the Toledo Commercial has been purchased by H. P. Crouse, of Findlay. The paper has been operated under a lease by John R. McLean.

"The Better Part

of valor is discretion," and the better part of the treatment of disease is prevention. Disease originates in impurities in the blood. Hood's Sarsa-parilla purifies the blood. People who take it at this season say they are kept healthy the year round. It is because this medicine expels impurities and makes the blood rich and health-giving.

All liver ills are cured by Hood's

GLENGARRY LIBERALS. Cornwall, March 12.-Mr. Jacob T. Schell, of Alexandria, has accepted the nomination tendered him some time ago by the Liberal Association of Glengarry.

A DINNER PILL - Many persons suffer excruciating agony after par-taking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healing nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vege-table Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions, and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutri-ment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever. Dr. T. Felix Gourand's Oriental Cream



skin diseases skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detec-tion. It has stood the test of 51 years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is

we taste it to be sure it is properly made.

Accept no counterfeit of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them I recommend Gouraud's Cream as the least harmful of all the skin preparations

Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin.

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This Means Good Clothes

Today our customers must have a guarantee cuf dependable work.

It's in That Label.

Today the clothes that are worn by the men who formerly patronized the merchant tailor

Bear That Label.

Metropolitan style, standard fabric qualities, and that distinctive tone so generally the dominant note in clothes from exclusive tailor shops, are to be found

With That Label On.

W. E. SANFORD MFG. CO., Limited.

154 Dundas Street, London. ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

BRANCH OAK HALLS.-Toronto, Hamilton, St. Catharines, St. Thomas, Windsor.

BOVRIL



BOVRIL is infinitely more nourishing than Extract of Meat or Home Made Beef Tea. For INVALIDS and CONVALESCENTS, it is absolutely needful.

REPAIRING.

Ale National Cycles Untomobile Co Limited 3

National bicycles have a liberal local guarantee repair service in operation all over the country. Should guarantee repairs happen to te necessary, the rider of any National kinycle—E. & D., Canadian Columbia, Canadian Sterns, Canadian Monarch, and twenty-one other lines-simply has his repairs done at home in the National lo-While it will be very seldom necessary to avail himself of the repair system, the rider will have an additional peace of mind that he would not get if he rode a bicycle not a National. Only National bicycles have local guarantee repairs. Only National bicycles are worth buying, when ordinary guarantees are

The National Cycle & Automobile Company, Limited, 34 King Street West, Toronto, Ont.

.... WHEN IN THE MARKET FOR

Manilla Rope,

Leather Cord,

Binder Twine,

Hide Cord,

Sisal Rope,

Lath Yarn,

Pulp and Paper Cord.

ASK FOR PRICES.

Hobbs Hardware Co.

LONDON, ONT.

A WONDERFUL ANTISEPTIC COMPOUND A Medicated Toilet Scap of the Purcet. Awarded Silver Medal Greater Britain Exhibition, 1897. A FEW REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD USE NOVO. WHAT IT WILL DO.

Reg. No. 3007.

1—Prevents all contagious diseases from approaching where it is used.
2—It will clean and polish paint work and not kill the gloss on the paint.
3—It will clean carpets without taking them up.
4.—It will clean linoleums like new.
5—It will clean bicycle chains and rims.

Novo is claimed to be the cheapest and best paint cleaner on market. Try it on finger marks on doors.

R. H. LAVERS & CO, Ltd., Atlas Works, Fast Float, Birkenhead, Liverpool, Eng

USE

The Most Durable on the Market. For Sale Everywhere.

phases of this extremely important annual premium would be required to matter. It is believed that within the present quinquennial period this determined the whole life plan, supposing no interest the most of the plan annual premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the whole life plan, supposing no interest the plan annual premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the plan annual premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the plan annual premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be appeared to the premium would be required to insure a man for \$1,000 at age 30 upon the premium would be appeared to the premi cision will be heartily approved by any who may not at present recog-nize its importance. Indeed, the opinions of two distinguished actuaries, who were independently consulted, would have supported an immediate adoption of the new government basis of 3½ per cent upon all business. It is further recommended that the usual quinquennial bonus to shareholders be dispensed with.

Synopsis of Financial Statement.

Interest, Rents, etc...... 853,297 52

 Payments to Policyholders.
 \$1,357,350 85

 All other payments.
 475,666 28

Ledger Assets.....\$20,365,202 36

Other Assets..... 997,859 70

Total Assets.....\$21,364,062 06

Several weeks must necessarily depse before tine numerous details of efforment of the policyholders' bonuses

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS. In October last an exhaustive and eritical examination of the company's whole condition was made by a staff of special examiners from the Michous securities were examined and the condition of the company as stated in its published reports was confirmed.

the company immediately upon its In addition to this the superintendent and the actuary of the Canadian murance department have made their usual yearly examination of our securities and accounts. Then, too, the pro-fessional auditors appointed by the shareholders have made a continuous audit of the books.

ORGANIZATION OF DEPART-MENTS.

The company's business and invest-

terest were assumed as procurable. The gross annual premium would be \$32 75, whereas the rate which we now charge for a non-profit policy on that plan is only \$20 50, or \$12 25 per year less. The difference is accounted for by assuming the benefit from interest. These illustrations prove the almost criminal negligence that would be involved in blissfully closing one's eyes to facts before us and gently drifting either into ultimate insecurity or into a condition devoid of earning power. Hence, in face of a rate of interest that has permanently fallen and that will in all probability continue for some time to fall, the advocates of an immediate division of a neminal surplus may defeat their own object and prejudice their own interest by imparing the stability of a company from which their children may obtain little because they them-

selves have already eaten the fruit. Therefore it becomes at times the bounden duty of those charged with

now hold their reserves on new business upon a 3½ per cent interest
basis and must further proceed to
bring the reserves on all existing business to the same basis. As generous
creditors sometimes do for respectable
debtors, the government has granted
an extension of time in which any

Tame's Celety Combodian.

J. CALLARD, Druggist,
330 Richmond St., London, Ont.

96a-z

The lie indirect is often as bad, and
always meaner and more cowardly
and Europe.

Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair
without injury to the skin.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones
street, New York.
For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods
always meaner and more cowardly
than the lie direct.

day." JUDGED BY THE PAST. We are willing to be judged by our past services to the people as drug-gists. We always devote our best energies to those who call on us to have their wants supplied. Our stock of Toilet Preparations is ever new and varied, and low prices maintain our popularity

Therefore it becomes at times the bounden duty of those charged with the administration of a great trust to maintain people's interests, even against their opinions.

Under the amended Insurance Act of last session all the companies must now hold their reserves on new business upon a 3½ per cent interest.