In the Dominion House of Commons.

Mr. Mulock's Bill in Re Swearing Witnesses Read the First Time.

The Government's Persistent Obstruction to Reciprocity With the United States Clearly Shown by Mr. Charlton-Still Further Tariff Changes.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.) OTTAWA, April 23.—This was private members' day in the House. The British schedule against Canadian cattle, and the state of our trade with the United States

were subjects of discussion. Mr. Mulock's bill to provide for the examination of witnessess under oath before the public accounts committee was given a first reading this afternoon.

On Mr. Casey's attempting to call attention to the delay in issuing the militia recort, he was informed that he would have to give notice of a question.

Mr. Daly stated that it was the intention of the Government to offer some of the Thousand Islands for sale this summer by private sale at an upset price. Dr. Sproule introduced a bill to provide

for the labeling of honey made from sugar or glucose. In reply to Mr. Brodeur, Sir John

Thompson said that the Government had eccived a delegation of members of Pariament, who asked that a bill redistributing the constituencies in Quebec Provnce should be introduced this session, but it was not the intention of the Government at present to introduce such a bill, and if the Government should determine to do it the House would know it. This is a very non-committal answer and conveys no information.

The Minister of Militia informed Mr. Fraser that the recent order of the Imperial Government respecting the issue of good conduct medals and decorations to officers and men of the volunteer force did not apply to Canada. It was not the intention to reward officers and men as was done in England.

Sir John Thompson, replying to Mr. Lepine, said that the act of the Quebec Legislature creating two additional judgeships, had been left to its operation, though exception was taken to the statement in the preamble that the Court of Queen's Bench as now constituted was inadequace. A petition had been received from the French members of the Quebec bar asking that their nationality be considered in making the appointment.

In moving for correspondence regarding the British embargo on Canadian cattle, Mr. McMullen complained of the high freight rates charged by steamship companies for carrying cattle to Great Britain. He charged that Sir Charles Tupper's failure to avert the scheduling of our cattle was evidence that the usefulness of the High Commissioner was gone. He dwelt on the result to Canada's cattle trade, which was rapidly falling off.

After a discussion, in which Messrs. Sproule, Innes, Featherstone, McMillan and Mulock took part, the Minister of the Interior, Mr. Daly, said the principal ob-Jetion of the British Minister of Agriculture to the abolition of the schedule as regards Canadian cattle, was that cattle coming into Manitoka and the Northwest were not subject to the same quarantine regulations as cattle coming into Eastern Canada. This objection was now, however, removed, as cattle in the Northwest were subjected to 90 days' quarantine. The motion for papers passed.

Mr. Charlton after recess moved for a statement showing the exports to and imports from the United States. In doing so, he charged the Government with putting every obstacle in the way of Canada obtaining a treaty of reciprocity with the United States. Under the pretense that nothing but commercial union could be obtained, no genuine efforts had ever been made by the Administration. The plea was also made that nothing could be done without discrimination against Great Britain. Both of these precensions Mr. Charlton denied, and showed from authoritative sources that it was possible to obtain a treaty free from both these objections. He claimed that a treaty containing a long list of manufactures might be concluded which would not affect importations of British manufactures. He showed that the United States were willing to enter into negotiations of this character. Such a treaty might contain such manufactures as barbed wire, coal oil, axes, spades, printing paper, wall paper, leather, boots and shoes, carriages, glassware of certain kinds, nails, tools, safes, printing presses, manufactures of wood, certain grades of cotton, furniture, agricultural implements, engines, sawmill machinery. Other articles could be named without in the slightest degree discriminating against British manufactures, and in return we could secure preferential treatment in the markets of the United States for our natural products and many of our manufactures whose chief need was

extended markets. Mr. Kenny, of Halifax, replied. He tried to identify the Opposition with a policy of commercial union, but the nearest he came to it was an extract from a Halifax Liberal newspaper. He referred to speeches by Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright at Boston and to utterances by Senater Blair, Mr. Hitt, Senator Sherman and others. Mr. Kenny's extract from Mr. Sherman was a hope that some day the Stars and Stripes should float over the entire continent. He attempted to hold Mr. Laurier responsible for Mr. Sherman's dream, but Mr. Laurier observed that he could not be held responsible for everything Mr. Sherman said. Mr. Kenny wriggled out of it as best he could, and sought to evoke some applause by declaring that he would never consent to a foreign country fixing Canada's tariff.

Mr. McMullen followed, and pointed out that no one but Mr. Kenny himself and his friends had ever suggested that a foreign country should fix our tariff. The only obstacle to the negotiation of a treaty of reciprocity with the Unired States was the hostility of the Canadian Government and

the protected manufacturers. Mr. Laurier reproached Mr. Kenny for his unfairness in trying to hold him responsible for the utterances of Ameri-

After some further debate Mr. Clarke Wallace said he did not think it "conducive" for a Canadian politician to go to Boston and use language which was not loyal to England.

He was interrupted by remarks from the Opposition about his own disloyalty to England when he threatened to march to Ulster with active aid against her Majesty's Government if a home rule bill became law.

Dr. Landerkin followed with references to the same subject, and was called to order by Mr. Speaker. The doctor said he was in order in pointing out the disloyalty of the honorable gentlemen who had made the alleged disloyalty of the Opposition the

text of their remarks. Mr. Speaker insisted on his ruling, and book.

Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Mulock protested against the unfairness of the Speaker in always ruling subjects out of order on the Opposition side after allowing

them on the Ministerial side. After amending the motion so as to include a similar return of exports and imports to and from Great Britain it was allowed to pass and the House adjourned. Mr. Foster gives notice of another change in the revised tariff. Acetic and pyroligueous acid (which means the red liquor for dyeing and calico printing) and vinegar bore a duty of 15 cents a gallon and I cent for each degree of strength in excess of the strength of proof. Foster's amendment is to substitute 2 cents for 1 cent.

SUFFERING AND MISERY ENDED.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures a Bad Case of Indigestion.

The Cured Man Can Now Eat Anything.

ALWAYS READY FOR HIS MEALS.

Every Man and Woman Can Rid Themselves of Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

One of Canada's most prominent physi cians says: "When people can avoid indigestion, they escape the majority of troubles that make life miserable."

This very common affection arises from a great variety of causes, and its many symptoms can be easily understood. The sufferer often has a want of appetite, coated tongue, bitter taste in the mouth, a desire for acids, headache, constipation, sluggish bowels, nausea, sallow skin, heartburn and dizziness.

Sufferers who experience these troubles that arise from indigestion, are amongst the most unhappy mortals on earth; they cannot possibly enjoy life and its pleas-

rectly upon the nervous system, bowels, kidneys and liver.

All distresses and troubles yield readily and quickly to Paine's Celery Compound. Thousands in the past have found a perfect cure after having used nature's great renovator and healer. Day after day letters of testimony come from people in every section of the country, affirming that Paine's Celery Compound has no equal as a medicine.

Mr. John Jeffers, 384 McDonnell street, Peterboro, Ont., who suffered terribly for many years from indigestion, writes as

follows: "The case of Hugh Reilly, of Montreal, mentioned in Paine's Celery Compound Record and Register, might well be taken as a type of my own troubles. For years indigestion has been the bane of my life. Always after eating I experienced great difficulties, vomiting and retching, often accompanied with blood. I vainly tried many remedies, but never found relief until I used l'aine's Celery Compound. I continued with the medicine and I am now cured. I don't use the compound now, I don't need any, as I can eat beef, pork, mutton, veal, sausages, or any other eatable food, and I am always ready for the next meal. I know of several others who have been cured by the use of l'aine's Celery Compound. I am 40 years a resident of Peterboro.

Sad Death of a Schoolboy.

TORONTO, April 23 .- Freddy Williams, 10 years old, son of Adrian Williams, while returning from school this afternoon fell on the roadway while running behind a delivery wagon and was run over by a wagon following close behind. On examination the lad was found to be stone dead, though no bones were broken.

Must Die in the Electrical Chair. NEW YORK, April 23 .- Peter Pugliz has

been sentenced to death in the electrical chair in the Sing Sing Penitentiary during the week beginning June 4. On Feb. 6
Pugliz killed John Tutolo, his landlord, because he had been evicted from his apartments. Pugliz is 60 years of age, an Italian, and does not understand the English language.

Ocean Steerage Rates.

New York, April 23 .- At the office of the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyds Steamship Companies in this city it was said that no statement had as yet been received from the home offices confirming the dispatch from London announcing a further cut in steerage rates. It was said the cut was expected in the near future. The English companies have taken no steps as yet; to meet the cut, which the London dispatch claimed was from \$28 to \$18.

## Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Relation to the Separate Schools Act

Comes Up for Discussion in the Legislature.

Mr. Fraser Takes Part in the Debate-The Registration Bill Read a Second Time.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, April 23 .- The debate on Mr. Conmee's bill to amend the Separate School Act-making the election of trustees optional-began this afternoon. Mr. Conmee made a very vigorous address. Mr. Fraser followed and spoke for twenty minutes, when he was forced to discontinue, becoming entirely exhausted.

Mr. Conmee spoke for over an hour, reviewing the antagonistic position which the Conservative party in the Legislature had assumed for twenty years against the Roman Catholics of the Province. In their desire for office, they were willing to sweep away all the rights retained for the Catholics by the B. N. A. Act. The Liberals, on the other hand, had ever evinced a desire to conserve the rights of Catholics in accordance with the provisions of Confederation. Mr. Conmee spoke of the manner in which Mr. Meredith, a few days before, had referred to the Administration as possessed of the "solid support" of a certain religious body. Could he not just as properly ask: What about the "solid support" of the the Orange body accorded the Opposition? The Conservatives, in his opinion, had had more solid support from Orangeism than the Liberal Government had received from the Roman Catholic Church. The Opposition leader had adopted a policy of whipping Roman Catholics out of his ranks. Referring to Mr. Meredith's contention that the ballot should be made compulsory in elections for separate school trustees in order to prevent clerical domination, Mr. Conmee maintained that Catholics were the best judges of their rights, and would not be slow to resent clerical interference. He pointed out in this connection that the P. P. A. had a minister as its leader. There, indeed, was clerical interference!

Mr. Fraser, in the course of his remarks, said that while at the last analysis secret voting might be termed cowardly, because men were not as free to evidence their opinions as formerly, he would not object to having a ballot in separate school elections. The Catholics would resent-as Protestants in the same position would resent-any attempt such as the Opposition proposed, to force a ballot upon them. But when the proposition was made with the offensive and insulting statement that the Catholics needed the ballot to enable them to successfully escape the domination of the clergy. Then the suggestion was intolerable.

EVENING SESSION. A lengthy debate on the fee system arose this evening out of Mr. Ross' motion for the second reading of a bill to amend Men and women who suffer from indi- the act respecting the fees of certain pubgestion require a medicine that acts di- lic officers. The amount of emolument in almost every instance is to be regulated, in a reasonable manner, after the salaries reach a certain amount, or percentage on the surplus fees will revert to the public treasury.

Several members of the Opposition taunted the Government with adopting a principle which had been proposed by them two years ago, and insinuated that they were about to abandon the fee system.

Sir Oliver Mowat claimed there was not even a suggestion in the bill that would lead anyone to such a belief. He pointed out that the fees system was inherited from the ancestors of those now in Opposition. Several changes had been adopted, but the system was practically the same. It was reasonable and economical and the public revenue would greatly suffer were any change made.

Mr. Ross' bill respecting registration of manhood suffrage voters in certain cities was read a second time. Mr. Meredith objected to the men who had been named as those before whom lists were to be prepared, saying that they were all partisans and nominees of the Government.

Mr. Hardy mentioned several localities where the officials were almost evenly divided as regarded politics, and asserted that Mr. Meredith was annoyed merely because he couldn't have it all his own way, and have the voters' lists prepared solely under the supervision of Conservatives.

Mr. Clark said that the bill should be cited as "a bill to disfranchise one half of the manhood suffrage voters of Toronto." This would be demonstrated to be the case at next election. The Attorney-General defended the measure.

HE DRANK AMMONIA.

Michael Rogers Buys and Swallows Two Ounces of Poison, But Will Probably Recover.

When Dr. Riddall was crossing the Market Square at about 10:50 last night he heard groaning and sounds of apparently the noise came from a man who was writhing in agony on a seat under the veranda of the Covent Garden market. An empty two-ounce bottle labeled "Ammonia" was found on the floor beside the man, He acknowledged drinking the stuff, but said it had been in mistake. It apparently had not agreed with him, as he had vomited probably a quart of blood. The doctor called P. Cs. Alton and Woolway and the patrol wagon was summoned. An emetic was administered in the meantime, and when the wagon came the man was sent to the hospital. He gave his name as Michael Rogers and is a tailor by trade. He would probably be 50 years old, of ruddy complexion and iron gray mustache and goatee. His name does not appear in the local directory, but the police say that he has been around town for some years. At the hospital he was very anxious to know whether he was going to die or not. and did not express any wish to live. He admitted to the nurses that he bought the ammonia at a Dundas street drug store and drank it. No caute nas as

yet been assigned for the rash act, although it is surmised that the man was out of work and melancholy.

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My wife was afflicted for two years with a severe pain under the left shoulder and through to the beart; after using many remedies without relief, she tried a "D. & L." Menthol Plaster, it did its work, and owing to this cure hundreds of these plasters have been sold by me here, giving equal satisfaction. J. B. SUTHERLAND Druggist, River John, N.S. Sold Everywhere. 25C. each

BRANT.

Arthur Y. Yates, of Brantford, died in California Sunday. He was a consumptive. The remains will be brough; home. ELGIN.

It transpires that Ellen Pier, who tried to suicide at Aylmer the other day, did so because of her unrequited love for one Wm. Matthews. Ellen has seen 45 summers. William has now promised to marry Eilen.

KENT. The Queen street school, Chatham, which has been closed on account of diphtheria, has been reopened. OMFORD.

Burglars entered D. W. Cullen's hard-ware store at Drumbo Saturday night and stole \$50 worth of stock. Dr. Herbert M. Dayfoot, of Rochester, N. Y., son of Philo W. Dayfoot, of Woodstock, died in Philadelphia Sunday from

the effects of an accident. The members of the oldest organized church in Woodstock-the First Baptistcelebrated their 72nd anniversary Sunday. It was a great occasion.

Messrs. Freel Bros., Thamesford, have sold their celebrated prize-winning stallion Combination Bill to W. F. McClure, V.S., of Woodstock, for a handsome figure. He intends placing him in the district of Stone-

wall, Manitoba.

James McDonald, of Fish Creek Fords, near Calgary, formerly of Woodstock, died Friday. He was choked by a piece of apple lodging in his windpipe. PERTH.

The North Perth license commissioners have granted eleven hotel licenses in Stratford and given three months' extension to eight other hotels and to four existing shop licenses. Some of the extended licenses must then be cut off, in accord with a resolution of the city council. WATERLOO.

A post-mortem examination of the body of Charles Schoenfeldt, of Galt, revealed the fact that, although doubtless the end was hastened by lead poisoning, the result of eating canned tomatoes, the real cause of death was abscess of the lungs, caused by working at his trade, that of polishing. Work on the Galt and Preston street railway is progressing rapidly. They expect to the road in operation by July 1.

Hunting a 'Cry, "Ahem!" says Mr. Meredith,
"It must be the biennial session,
"No! No!" says Mr. Marter. "Let's try a temperance agitation." "I think," says Dr. Ryerson,
"We'll work the P. P. A." "But then," says Mr. Clancy,
"I'll have the deuce to pay; Denounce the sale of timber, Destruction of our trees."
"Tut!" chimes in Mr. A. F. Wood,
"Let's cry 'Abolish Fees." Then half a dozen members Began to speak in haste. Each one proposing something To suit the public taste, Till Mr. Meredith, rising, says. 'I have a man to see

t before I go I move We appoint a committee." So a committee was appointed with instructions to look over the "Facts for Irish Electors," the "Mowat-Lynch Concordat," the "Anti-Popery" cry, the "Ross" Bible, 'Mowat Must Go," and all the other election cries that have been used, off and on, in campaigns for the last twenty years, and if any would do for the present occasion, to polish it up and bring it out, but if not to leave an order with The Empire for a new -Jas. Jay Kay.

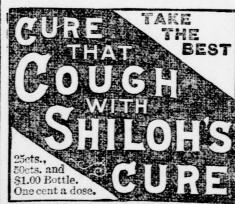
AN ESSEX FARMER.

A Total Wreck With Kidney Disease-All the Symptoms of Bright's Disease Present-Dodd's Ridney Pills Make Him Perfectly Well Again.

LEAMINGTON, April 23 .- Sherman Buchanan, a farmer living near here, recently passed through a terrible ordeal. He was attacked by kidney disease, which made deep distress. Investigation showed that him a total wreck. He suffered agonizing pains and his digestive organs were seriously impaired. All the symptoms of Bright's disease were present. After several doctors had treated him ineffectually, Mr. Buchanan used several boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured him. Dodd's was the first kidney remedy in pill form ever offered the public. Its wonderful success in curing all forms of kidney disease has led to the introduction of numerous cheap and worthless imitations. Purchasers, for their own safety, should insist on getting Dodd's Kidney Pills. Sold in large boxes; price, 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2 50. To be had of all dealers.

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LUCANIA. Saturday, June 9, 10 a.m.
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