

**\$20. STAR \$100. SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.**  
Patented May, 1867.

The Star Shuttle Sewing Machine makes a stitch alike on both sides of material sewed, which will not rip or ravel. Does all kinds of work equally as well as Singer's high-priced machine. Combines simplicity with durability, and is warranted for five years. It is suited alike for the dressmaker, tailor, manufacturer or family—Mr. J. SPAFFORD having been appointed General Agent for Ontario, wishes to engage a few good local and travelling agents, to whom good inducements will be offered. For machine, sample of work, or terms, address—  
J. E. SPAFFORD,  
Fonsbury P. O.  
Reference—Rev. E. A. Healy, Stratford P. O., or Box 450, Toronto.  
Stratford, 3rd September, 1867. (d)

**MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO'Y.**

1867  1867

**GUELPH AGENCY.**  
Steam to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The Steamer HUNGARIAN leaves Quebec for Liverpool, and ST. PATRICK for Glasgow, on the 14th September.

Tickets to and from the Old Country, Passage Certificates to bring friends out. Return Tickets good for six months, issued at reduced rates. State Rooms secured, and every information given on application. Insurance Policies for the voyage issued at the low rate of \$1 per 1,000 up to 10,000.

Apply to  
GEORGE A. OXNARD,  
Agent, G. T. R., Guelph.  
Guelph, Aug. 28, 1867. dw

**JAPANESE DUST**

The only effective preparation for exterminating Moths, Bugs, Fleas, Cockroaches, &c.

Prepared by WALLS, CLOSE & CO  
London, England.

For sale by **N. HIGINBOTHAM,**  
Medical Hall

**CONDY'S PATENT DISINFECTING FLUID,**

The safest and best disinfectant ever discovered, much superior to the chlorides of Lime and Soda. In bottles, with full directions.

For sale by **N. HIGINBOTHAM,**  
Medical Hall

A CHOICE LOT OF **DYE STUFFS!**

INCLUDING Indigo, Madder, Extract of Log-wood, Cudbear, Fustic, Sumac, Quercitron, Brazil, Peachwood, &c. Also, a complete assortment of the "ANILINE DYES," of every shade in demand for suit purchasers.

**N. HIGINBOTHAM,**  
Medical Hall, Guelph.  
Guelph, 27th July, 1867. d

**Extensive Sale!**

EXTENSIVE SALE OF  
Valuable Thorough-bred  
Leicester and

**SOUTHDOWN SHEEP**  
ESSEX PIGS, ETC.

The subscribers will offer for sale on the Market Ground, Guelph,

**On WEDNESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER**

(being the first day of the South Riding Fall Show), the following Thorough-bred Leicester and Southdown Sheep:

**LEICESTERS.**—Twenty Ewes, various ages, some imported; 15 Ram Lambs, 15 Ewe Lambs—all pure-bred Stock.

**SOUTHDOWNS.**—Six Ewes, 6 Shearling Rams and 8 Ewe Lambs, and an aged Ram. All the Shearlings and Lambs are from imported stock, and the Ewes from Stock imported by Mr. Daniel Tye, Wilnot.

**GALLOWAY STOCK.**—Will be sold at the same time, if not previously disposed of, five pure-bred Galloway Bull Calves.

**ESSEX PIGS.**—Also, will be offered for sale at the same time ten pure-bred Essex Pigs.

**Sale to commence at 1 o'clock**

**TERMS.**—Sums of \$10 and under cash; over that amount, twelve months' credit will be given on approved endorsed notes if required.

**THOMAS McCRAE, JAMES ANDERSON.**  
Guelph, 5th September, 1867. (dw-14)  
Herald copy.

**Tenders Wanted.**

SEALED Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned, Wyndham Street, Guelph up to 3 o'clock p. m.,

**Saturday, 21st Sept., 1867,**  
from parties wishing to rent the Tolls, Houses and Gates on the following Roads in the County of Wellington, viz:

1st.—The Tolls, &c., on the Elora Road, in the Town of Guelph.  
2nd.—The Tolls, &c., on the Eramosa and Erin Road, in the Township of Guelph.  
3rd.—The Tolls, &c., on the Dundas Road, next the Town of Guelph.  
4th.—The Tolls, &c., on the Dundas Road, near the Village of Morrisston.

The Tenders for the Tolls on the Elora Road and on the Erin and Eramosa Road, will be opened at the office of the undersigned on SATURDAY, the 21st SEPTEMBER, inst., at 3 o'clock, p. m.  
The Tenders for the Tolls on the Dundas Road will be opened at Fleming's Hotel, Abercrombie, on Monday, the 23rd day of September instant, at 2 o'clock, p. m.  
The parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to sign a bond with two Freeholders as securities on the day of letting.  
By order of the Wellington County Council,  
**THOS. W. COOPER,**  
County Road Superintendent.  
Guelph, Sept. 3, 1867. 7224d

**Belfast Ginger Ale!**  
AT BERRY'S,  
Guelph, June 15, 1867. 7124f

**CHOICE WINES**

**Oosen's Pale Sherries,**  
**Cosen's Brown Sherries,**  
**Domecq's Pale and Brown Sherries.**

**OFFLEY'S OLD PORTS,**  
**GRAHAM'S OLD PORT.**

THESE Wines were imported direct, and intended specially for our retail trade, and will be found superior to any others offered here.

**VERY CHOICE CLARET.**  
CLARET, a few cases of very choice.  
do 200 cases in nice order, from \$3.50 to \$4.

**ALE AND PORTER!**

100 cases Guinness' Porter, Bottled by E. & J. Burke, Dublin.  
100 cases Guinness' Porter, Bottled by Blood, Wolfe & Co., Liverpool.  
One Hundred Barrels BASS' PALE ALE.

**FRESH TEAS. FRESH TEAS.**

IMPORTING as we do all our Teas direct, and from the finest quality which passes through our hands, ours are pre-eminently the **Choicest in Flavor and Strength,** and the Cheapest in Ontario.

**J. MASSIE & CO.**  
Guelph, 19th August, 1867. daw

**THE RUSSELL WATCH!**  
A FEW REASONS THAT MAKE IT SUPERIOR TO ALL COMERS.

- 1st.—It proves itself a reliable time-keeper beyond all question.
- 2nd.—The RUSSELL WATCH being made on correct and scientific principles, it must follow as a natural consequence that it will keep time.
- 3rd.—Each part of which the RUSSELL WATCH is composed is a reflex of the perfect machine by which, under skilful direction, it is produced.
- 4th.—Truth is the essential of each part.
- 5th.—Uniformity and conformity must therefore characterize the several parts in fulfilling the purpose for which they are made and brought together.
- 6th.—Reproduction, as regards watch work, is simply an application of the principle that "things which are equal to the same things are equal to one another," and if there is any merit, the RUSSELL WATCH possesses that merit to a demonstration.
- 7th.—The greatest variety of price, quality and size, that confidence and perfection will admit, afforded by the RUSSELL WATCH.
- 8th.—The RUSSELL WATCH stands pre-eminently above all competitors for public favor and patronage.
- 9th.—Proofs of the foregoing—the universal testimony of all Watchmakers who have sold, and the positive statements of the thousands in Europe, the United States and Canada, who have worn the RUSSELL WATCH.

**TESTIMONIAL.**  
To Robert Cuthbert, Watchmaker, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

If Society was as perfect in its organization, and was as obedient to the dictates of truth as the RUSSELL WATCH I bought from you is in indicating time, evil would be swallowed up in good, and happiness would become monotonous.

**IMPORTANT!**  
**ROBERT CUTHBERT,**  
WATCHMAKER, WYNDHAM-ST., GUELPH,

has always on hand a large variety of the celebrated RUSSELL WATCHES. His stock of Clocks, Jewellery and Fancy Goods will be found equally large and attractive.  
Guelph, 20th July, 1867. dw-14

**BRITANNIA HOUSE**  
WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

**SPRING & SUMMER IMPORTATIONS!**  
JUST OPENED AT

**HEFFERNAN BROTHERS'**  
Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS,  
The Best Assortment, and Cheapest in Guelph.

**HEFFERNAN BROTHERS,**  
Guelph, April 25, 1867. Britannia House, Wyndham Street.

**No. 2, DAY'S BLOCK.**

Just Received, a large and Choice Stock of the Best  
**GROCERIES,**  
**CROCKERY, and**  
**GLASSWARE,**

which we are offering Cheap.

**TO HOTEL KEEPERS!**

Hotel Keepers would do well to call and examine our **LIQUORS AND CIGARS** before purchasing elsewhere.  
**E. CARROLL & CO.**  
Guelph, 5th August, 1867. dw

**Apprentice Wanted.**  
WANTED, an apprentice to the Carriage Blacksmithing—one from the country preferred. None but one well recommended need apply.  
**J. B. ARMSTRONG,**  
Guelph, Sept. 10, 1867. (dw) Excelsior Works.

**COW STRAYED.**  
STRAYED on the 7th instant, a three year old Cow, color red and white, with heavy horns standing well up. A reward will be given for her recovery.  
**ANDREW SIMS,**  
Lot 29, Con. 5, Eramosa, Oslie P. O.  
Guelph, 22nd August, 1867.

**Evening Mercury.**  
MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 16.

**Local News.**

Don't forget the Horticultural Show and Musical competition in the Drill Shed to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, the 17th instant.

The Minto Agricultural Show will be held at Harrison, on Tuesday, the 1st of October, and the second annual show of the Clifford Union Agricultural Society, on Thursday, the 3rd of October.

An elderly woman named Spratt, residing at the corner of John and Wood streets, Hamilton, hung herself on Thursday night. No reason can be assigned for the act by persons who saw her the previous evening.

THE MINTO EXPRESS.—Such is the name of a new paper published at Harrison, the first number of which is before us. It is diminutive in size, but neat enough in appearance. It is now published monthly, but entertains hopes that it will, after a while, be able to make its appearance once a week.

REUNION THIS EVENING.—The reunion of the Temperance Society this evening in their new Hall, Mercury building, promises to be a grand affair. The programme comprises many excellent pieces, and all should make it a point to attend. The admission being only 15 cents we have no doubt there will be a bumper house.

ACCIDENT AT FERGUS.—On Saturday last a boy about fourteen years of age, named Robt. Ramore, residing at Fergus, was accidentally shot while out hunting. He was creeping across the river on a narrow log, and drawing the gun behind him, having hold of it by the muzzle. The hammer caught on something and the contents of the gun were lodged in his body. He was not expected to live more than a few hours.

FIRE IN BRAMPTON.—The Brampton Times says:—"On Wednesday night last, about ten o'clock a fire broke out in the wood shed of the Grand Trunk station in this town, originated by sparks from the steam wood sawing machine. The fire spread rapidly and extended its ravages the whole length of the wood sheds, and the intense heat from the cord wood and burning sheds ignited the granary belonging to Wm. Hughes, Esq., which was consumed, entailing a loss of over six thousand bushels of wheat and barley, also a car loaded by K. Chisholm & Co. with flour. The loss to the Grand Trunk Company is estimated to be about \$3,000, and Mr. Hughes about \$5,000, which is about two-thirds covered by insurance."

POLICE COURT.—The irrepressible Susannah Hill was in the police court this morning again, charged by John Hogarth with having used abusive language to him on Saturday morning last. The language proved to have been employed on that occasion by the defendant was of a most unseemly character, such as a person could scarcely believe would issue from the lips of a female—no matter to what conceivable depth of degradation she might have sunk. The row had its origin in an attempt made by Mrs. Hill to impound some hogs belonging to Hogarth. In the language of a sublime poet, "The piggies peeped in at her doorway," which insult Susannah straight way resented by driving the impudent animals towards the pound. It stands on record that she never got them all the way, Mr. Hogarth interposing to save his porkers from the privations of "du-rance vile." The use of vile and abusive language having been proved to the satisfaction of his Worship, the defendant was fined \$10 and costs, with the alternative of twenty days' imprisonment. The gaol has no terrors for Mrs. Hill. She said she would rather undergo an incarceration of twenty years than pay the fine.

OUTRAGE IN WALLACE.—From the Listowel Banner we learn the particulars of an outrage which could have been perpetrated only by a fiend and a coward.—A horse belonging to Mr Wm Hensworth of Wallace, was dangerously wounded by a stab from a knife on the night of Sunday, the 8th inst. The presumed cause for the commission of the villainous deed is, that the owner of the horse had chosen to exercise the franchise in accordance with the principles he held, and that these were in opposition to the political dogmas nurtured by some incarnate demon. Our churches collect money for the dissemination of the Gospel among the heathen, for the support of the French Canadian Mission, &c., and totally overlook the fact that there are places very near home which require a more extensive knowledge of heavenly truth, a deeper instruction in the things which constitute their moral obligations. What could the wildest barbarism do worse? What but take human life. And what interposes to save from the assassin's knife the man who has become so obnoxious that an animal, because it is his property, must be maimed or killed? The wretch who commits the latter act would, without compunction perpetrate the former but for fear of the gallows—a fear rendered strong and vivid by the recollection of the proverb, that the murderer will be detected. The time will come, if not in the history of intellectual education, at least in the history of christian progress, when such dark deeds of treachery and villainy will not have to be chronicled, and when all of bitterness and malignity, all that allies him to the fiend will have been purged from the heart of man. Till then we doubt not a crime like that under notice will occasionally be recorded, for until then will a tendency to revenge and savage despotism predominate in the minds of some individuals. We can scarcely comprehend the depth of wickedness to which a man has sunk who would so dangerously injure an unoffending brute, because its owner had chosen to exercise the privilege which the law with equal hand conferred on him and the person who did him such an injury.

Mrs. (Forbes) Yelverton is said to be very ill from anxiety and fatigue, but as soon as she recovers it is her intention to commence proceedings in Ireland for a divorce. Major Yelverton is in the south of France.

[It looks like supererogation for Major Yelverton's second wife to sue for a divorce in a country which has virtually pronounced her marriage invalid, by deciding that Miss Longworth's marriage was legal.]

**The Elections.**  
The elections closed in the following places on Saturday last, and the names of the members returned are as follows:—  
ADDINGTON.—Mr. Lapum for the Commons; Mr. Hooper for the House of Assembly.  
WEST DUNHAM.—Blake's majority for the Commons is 411, and McLeods for the Assembly 805.  
CITY OF ST. JOHN, N. B.—Mr. S. L. Tilley, Minister of Customs has been returned by a very large majority.

There is no rupture between the President and General Grant. The latter acts somewhat independently of the President in some of his orders, but beyond a difference of opinion there is no unpleasantness whatever between them.

Carpenter, the artist, is painting a portrait of Horace Greeley. It is said that the philosopher troubles the painter by falling asleep as soon as he is seated in his chair.

From the Canadian Journal of Commerce. The Manufactures of Ontario.

**COTTON MANUFACTURES.**  
The cotton manufacture of Ontario is yet in its very infancy. It originated in 1838, when two mills were projected, one at Dundas by Mr. Wright, and another at Thorold by Messrs. Gordon & Mackay. There are also the Percy cotton mills, and one or two small establishments for the manufacture of batton.—The number of looms now at work is about 278, and spindles 16,500; but before the year closes the number will be increased by the enlargement of the Lybster mills at Thorold to 370 looms and 19,500 spindles. The number of hands in full employment in a few weeks will be 550. The consumption of raw cotton is about 35,000 lbs. weekly, which is made into 73,000 yards of grey domestic cloth, say 8,000 seamless bags for grain and flour, and 11,000 lbs. of cotton yarn for domestic consumption. The whole of these products is sold in the Canada market, where they meet a ready demand.

We are not yet in a position to speak with accuracy of the cotton manufactures of the Eastern Provinces, but probably they fall short by at least a third of those of the Western district. The figures, certainly, as compared with those of Great Britain, France, and the United States, appear small, but then it would be unfair to place them in such a position without remembering the long start the old countries have had.

The first factory combining the operations of spinning and weaving in the States was built at Waltham, Massachusetts, in 1813. It was furnished with 1,700 spindles. In 1840 there were 1,597,394 spindles in New England, and in 1850 the number had risen to 2,751,078, and 1,273,314 in the Southern and Western States. The present number of spindles in the States is over 6,000,000, in France about half a million less, and in Great Britain 21,000,000.

**THE LINEN MANUFACTURE.**  
The linen manufacture in Canada is even yet younger and less matured than its sister industry of which we have just been writing. Of the eastern provinces we have not the materials to speak with certainty, but with respect to Ontario, we are in a position to state, after careful enquiry, that although there are numerous Scotch mills, there are only two mills at present through the whole province in which the manufacture of linen is fully carried out, and that even in these mills none of the finer fabrics, such as body linen, are made. The reason for this lies first—in the difficulty of obtaining instructed and skilled handicraft in the higher branches, and secondly,—perhaps chiefly—in the fact that the linen manufacturer in Canada labors under the disadvantage of having to carry on in his own person, trades, which in countries where the industry has attained larger proportions are kept distinct, and is therefore put to a large outlay for machinery and labor to accomplish ends which the English manufacturer, for example, finds ready to his hand.

**STREETVILLE LINEN WORKS.**  
We had the pleasure recently of personally inspecting these mills, the property of the Streetville Linen Manufacturing Company, and were surprised, considering the short time the works have been established—only two years— to find them in so forward a condition. The premises were originally used as a flour mill. They are admirably situated on the river Credit, with an excellent water supply, about 8 miles from Port Credit on Lake Ontario, and the structure from the basement is entirely of wood. The main building is 75 feet by 50 feet, five stories high from basement to attic, and there is a wing, 40 feet by 60 feet, 4 stories high. The machinery is all turned by water-power. Within, there are three sets of low-preparing machinery, and recently erected, a beautiful set of English machinery for doing the same work. The general reader would hardly enter into the difference between the two systems of preparing tow, which correspond with the above description, but the English system may be said, popularly, to combine several processes in one, namely, carding, drawing and roving—these being done by separate machines in the American system. The expensive and beautiful machine just put together in these mills has very few, if any, competitors on this continent. It was made by Messrs Lawson & Sons, of Leeds, and the proprietors look upon it as an important addition to their establishment. The capacity of the mills may be estimated by the following facts: They contain 35 looms and 1868 spindles and afford stated employment to 134 hands, including those occupied in the Scotching mills. These latter works, by the way, are very complete of their kind, and fitted with ten knives and machinery of the very latest pattern, including a new apparatus, by Moore, for cleaning the seed. The products of the works are seamless linen bags for farming purposes, crash or towelling, rope and cordage. We cannot speak with absolute authority as to the quantities of these articles produced, but we may roughly "guess" for the information of the reader who is unable to form an estimate from the number of spindles and looms, that the weekly production is some 4,000 or 5,000 seamless bags and about 25,000 yards of crash. If we are not quite accurate on this point, the figures may be taken as sufficiently approximate.

**From New York.**  
Special to the Guelph Mercury.  
New York, 15.—Herold letters recording events in the theatre of war on River Plate are dated Rio Janeiro, 8th August, and Buenos Ayers, 27th July. The Brazilian detachment which had entered Matto Grosso returned to their bases of operations at Nolac, after enduring an hour of hardships, being beset by small bands of the enemy at all points,—threatened with starvation, having lost all their cattle; attacked by cholera, losing all their guides and the principal officers in command, and after contending for twenty days against these obstacles, reached their base only to find their huts in flames. Son Solan had been fully fortified by the Paraguayans, and is the objective point of the allies for the present.

The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived. She brings intelligence that the allied South American forces have gained some recent advantages over the Paraguayans. Just before the steamer left the news reached Rio Janeiro that the allies had captured Corramba, the most strongly fortified position of the Paraguayans.

**From Cincinnati.**  
Special to the Guelph Mercury.  
Cincinnati, 15.—A fire broke out last night on the corner C. and Basillier-sts., destroying property to the amount of \$400,000.

**From San Francisco.**  
Special to GUELPH MERCURY.  
San Francisco, 14.—Steamship Colorado from Hong Kong arrived this morning with 370 passengers and 1,100 tons of freight. Her dates from Yokohama are to the 24th of August. The Japanese authorities have arrested 63 native Christians. One American and two Englishmen have been murdered by the Japanese Nagasaki. The French men-of-war have gone there to investigate affairs.

**Cable News!**  
OF TO-DAY.

**From Constantinople.**  
Special to the Guelph Mercury.  
Constantinople, 13.—A firman from the Sublime Port, granting a general amnesty to the Greek insurgents in Candia, has just been officially promulgated. The Turkish Government has concluded not to send to Candia, as was proposed, a mixed commission consisting of Ottoman and Greek members, to inquire into and report upon the grievances of the Cretans.

**From Berlin.**  
Special to the Guelph Mercury.  
Berlin, 14.—The selection of a President of the North German Parliament has not yet been made; but it is generally believed that Prof. Simson, who presided over the last Parliament, will be chosen.

The King of Prussia has sent an autograph letter to the Emperor and Empress of the French, wishing them to meet him and the other sovereigns of the North German States at some city in Germany hereafter to be determined.

**From Antwerp.**  
Antwerp, 14.—Petroleum closed at decline of 50 centimes.

**From London.**  
Special to Guelph Mercury.  
London, 14th.—The Doncaster races have ended. The Nursery plate, valued at £200 sterling, was won by "Wilton." "Hermit" was the winner of the 300 sovereigns, and "Pripioniere" was the winner of the Don stakes, valued at £200 sterling.

A telegram from Bombay announces that the first steamer of the Abyssinian expedition has left India for Abyssinia to explore the coast and find a suitable place for a landing. The steamer chartered by the government have already sailed from England for India, where they will be made to transport troops and munitions of war to Abyssinia.

The ship *Thetis* arrived at her dock to-day, thus winning the honor of being the first ship from China this season with the new crop of tea.

**TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.**  
Special Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

**From New York.**  
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**From Paris.**  
Paris, 15.—The fortifications of Strasbourg are to be extended and strengthened.

**From Florence.**  
Special to Guelph Mercury.  
Florence, 15th.—The Italian Government threatens to commence proceedings against Garibaldi if he persists in his preparation for a hostile attack upon Rome. Many arrests of dangerous suspected persons have been made by the Papal authorities at Viterbo, near the frontier of the Roman territory.

**From Marseilles.**  
Marseilles, 14th.—A despatch from Alexandria reports that Ismail Pasha, the Viceroy of Egypt, has arrived there, and that he was received with great rejoicings by his subjects.

**From Moscow.**  
Moscow, 13th.—The *Gazette* in a leading article this morning, pays a high tribute to the United States for its course on the Cretan question, as exemplified by the recent resolutions of Congress, and regards the example of America as the beginning of a more healthy condition of affairs in Europe.

**From Vienna.**  
Vienna, 14th.—Count Frankel has been appointed minister to Washington.

There is a man in St. Paul who is peculiarly afflicted. One side of his face sweats. The perspiration on the left side of his face is dropped, and the right side is entirely free from it. He attributes the phenomenon to the fact that he has a large vein on the face of