THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., FEB. 17, 1911.

The announcement has been made of the retirement of Dr. John Forrest from the presidency of Dalhousie University. Dr. Forrest has held this position for more than a quarter of a century, during which Dalhousie has grown and prospered under his administration.

Kentville is to have another civic election on March 3rd. It has been discovered by the town authorities that Capt. C. O. Allen, one of the successful candidates at the recent election, is ineligible for office, not having been a resident of the town for a full year as required by law.

Because of the fact that H. H. Wickwire was allowed to be elected unopposed in this county to fill out the unexpired term of his late colleague, government papers all over the province are seeking to find the moral that the Union Reform movement in Kings is a thing of the past. We can very readily understand how such a conclusion might be reached, but at the same time would suggest to our over zealous contemporaries that they should not fall into the old error of 'counting their chickens,' &c. There's another day coming. Don't worry about Kings county, and —by the way—don't get too jubilant.

Acadia Plays Draw With U. N. B.

About six hundred spectators witnessed the game between Acadia and the University of New Brunswick last Friday night. The game ended in a draw after eighty minutes over time play, the score being 2 to 2, and was characterized by considerable rough play, both teams lacked combination but good individual work was done. They would have put up better hockey if they had spent more time on the ice and less in the penalty box. For U. N. B. Sterling, Feeney and Babbitt played the best game, while Barss, Murray and Richmond were the stars for Acadia.

In the first half play was around centre ice. Machum carried the puck up the ice, and was checked by Barss, who got one minute. Soon after this Curry scored for Acadia, time 2 minutes. In one minute Feeney evened the score. Play was carried into Acadia's territory. Barss and Potter were sent to the 'cooler' for one minute each. After they returned the puck was carried into the visitor's territory. Babbitt was given a rest. Sterling got five minutes for tripping. Richmond made a rush that failed on the shot. Barss was given a rest, and Feeney scored No. 2 for the visitors. The half ended 2 to 1 in favor of U. N. B.

In the second half Murray took Curry's place, the latter having been injured in the first half. From the face off play went to Acadia's territory. Corey rushed but lost, and play was in U. N. B's end. Richmond was given one minute for tripping. Barry and Feeney combined on the shot. Black and McKay were sent to the 'cooler.' Richmond carried the puck to U. N. B.'s end, and passed to Corey who shot Acadia's second goal. Play went to the visitor's territory where Binney stopped some hot ones. Black and Potter were sent to the boards and Barry got hurt and caused a delay of ten minutes. Black rushed but Machum tripped and went off. Play ended in centre ice, score 2 to 2.

After eighty minutes overplay the score still stood 2 to 2, and the men being too tired to continue, the game ended. F. Young, of Dartmouth, refereed the game satisfactorily. The line up was as follows:

U. N. B.	Acadia
Goal	
Binney	Robinson
Point	
Sterling	Barss
C. Point	
Babbitt	Black
Rover	
Barry	Richmond
Centre	
Feeney	Curry
R. Wing	
Machum	Corey (Capt.)
L. Wing	
McKay	Potter

Makes Teething Painless.

Teething time is always a time of anxiety to mothers. At this time baby becomes cross, restless and nervous. His gums pain him, he is troubled with constipation or diarrhoea, spasms, colic or convulsions. His little life is in danger unless a medicine is given him to keep his stomach sweet and pure and his bowels regular. Such a medicine is Baby's Own Tablets. Nothing can equal them during the teething period. They have lessened the worries of thousands of mothers. Among them is Mrs. W. A. Yeadon, Halifax, N.S., who writes:—'I have used no other medicine for baby but Baby's Own Tablets and I would not be without them. Last summer baby was greatly troubled with his teeth until I gave him the Tablets. They helped him and now he is a big healthy child.' The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Rev. J. A. Francis, of Boston, who has been secured by Acadia University to lecture on Homiletics, has arrived and began his work here. Lectures are given in College Hall every afternoon. Dr. Francis is also conducting a very interesting series of evangelistic services for the Y. M. C. A. every evening.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The Reviewer.

GOVERNMENT.

What kind of government have Canadians? Is it not party government gone mad? We have the reciprocity spectacle just now at Ottawa, by which we are furnished the answer to our question.

In answer to an invitation from our most active and aggressive trade competitor, two members of the federal government visited Washington, where, with representatives of the United States government, they framed up an agreement which is destined to vitally affect Canada's future for good or evil.

Back to Ottawa these two Cabinet ministers travel with their precious agreement under cover, its contents unknown to a single representative of the people outside possibly the charmed circle of the federal Cabinet. On a day appointed one of the two emissaries presents the document to the House of Commons with a motion for its adoption as a government measure.

Now what is the position of affairs? Simply this, that every government supporter in the House of Commons is expected to follow the rule of childhood play, open his mouth and shut his eyes, and take whatever is given him, whether its taste be pleasant or otherwise.

A private member has no freedom. Personally, as a representative of his constituency, he may be strongly opposed to the reciprocity agreement, he may see in it a menace to the people he is there to represent, and he may have learned in a dozen ways that his constituents are even more strongly opposed to it than he is himself. But under the discipline of his government system, and which is peculiar to the present federal government, he is obliged to see that it is a question of life or death to his government and that they must not under any circumstances be defeated. And for this poor, docile, private, party hack it is a case of

His not to make reply,
His not to reason why,
His just to shout aye, aye.

And this is the sort of thing men call representative government, of the people, by the people, for the people. As a matter of fact there has never been a matter of greater importance brought before parliament in Canada since the Macdonald government appealed to the people on a national policy platform. The question as to whether Canada shall enter into a reciprocity compact with the United States, is not for two men to decide, be they ever so wise. It is a question in the discussion of which the utmost freedom should be permitted to the individual representative of the people. Instead of that the muzzle is to be applied and the voice of the people is absolutely and unbearably ignored.

The Republican party in power in the United States has come to the jumping off place through just such tactics. Boss rule lasts just so long and then comes insurgency. But the day of insurgency at Ottawa has not dawned. All signs indicate that the servile following will do the bidding of its masters in this case, no matter what may happen as a result. Perhaps the insurgency will have to show itself in the electorate. We believe that it will do so if the government forces the unwelcome reciprocity agreement through the house.

The New York Sun, referring to the old reciprocity treaty, makes the following statement, and a more unworthy statement no great paper could make:—

'The reciprocal trade relations of 1855—66 did not weaken the tie with the mother country. They set Canada up in business and gave her confidence in her own resources. With development that confidence has steadily grown.'

The facts are that immediately after the treaty went into effect a period of business depression fell upon a great part of the country now the Dominion of Canada. Factories were closed, working men fled to the United States for employment, farm products went for a song, and every industry in the Upper Provinces at least was paralyzed, the cities became industrial graveyards. Mechanics begged the city authorities to let them labor in the streets for seventy-five cents a day. Those who could find the money migrated. Population decreased in the industrial centers.

Then came the civil war in the United States. Men went to the war from the factory, the counting houses, the farm, and indeed, from every walk of life. Money was poured out like water. All prices advanced, and all products were scarce. Canada profited by her neighbor's misfortune. Farmers could sell their produce in the United States at almost any price they choose to ask. Manufacturers found their rivals in the republic unable to produce goods for export to Canada. Then undoubtedly Canada flourished, but it was because of the war and in spite of the reciprocity. And then remember what happened. So soon as cute old Uncle Sam discovered that Canada was getting the best of the bargain because of the results of war conditions, he abrogated the treaty. Vessels half loaded with potatoes in our ports, in expectation of further sales in the United States, were obliged to find markets elsewhere. The American farmer and manufacturer demanded the home market and for all they cared Canada might starve.

Uncle Sam to-day is not half so anxious for our farm and manufactured products as he is for that of the forest, and only when Canada lets the United States have her pulp and pulp wood without let or hindrance will the Americans let our paper, manufactured in Canada, come in free, and if the pulp and pulpwood go into the States it is a sure thing they will not want our paper. They will be making their own supply from the raw material we are foolish enough to give them. Don't imagine for a moment that anything will stop them until they get the raw material, provincial control, or not.

The pressure of the wealthy interests, one section of which pays $55,000,000 per annum for print paper, with unlimited funds in their campaign pocket and fabulous sums at stake, will fail to turn themselves up on our relatively weak and small provincial Legislatures. They are the greatest lobbyists in the world, and he who sneers at the effect of one of these lobby campaigns doesn't know much. Canada is in a fair way to be ruined socially, morally and financially, because of the foolish and one sided agreement made by the two emissaries sent to Washington by the federal government, and the people are tied hand and foot, and all because of boss rule at Ottawa, and our form of party government.

The present government in Great Britain is fast driving imperialism to the wall, and together with this reciprocity pact, our only salvation would appear to be annexation, and for which we are evidently being directed by sinister and skilful manipulations.

No Reason for Doubt.

A STATEMENT OF FACTS BACKED BY A STRONG GUARANTEE.

We guarantee complete relief to all sufferers from constipation. In every case where we fail we will supply the medicine free.

Rexall Orderlies are a gentle, effective, dependable and safe bowel regulator, strengthener and tonic. They re-establish nature's functions in a quiet, easy way. They do not cause any inconvenience, griping or nausea. They are so pleasant to take and work so easily that they may be taken by anyone at any time. They thoroughly tone up the whole system to healthy activity.

Rexall Orderlies are unsurpassable and ideal for the use of children, old folks and delicate persons. We cannot too highly recommend them to all sufferers from any form of constipation and its attendant evils. Two sizes, 10c. and 25c. Remember, you can obtain Rexall Remedies in this community only at our store—The Rexall Store. A. V. Rand.

Politics in Kings County.

To the Editor of THE ACADIAN.

The observations by Reviewer in the last issue of THE ACADIAN deserve more than a passing notice. Whether Kings County, Nova Scotia, is the most corrupt county in Canada is a hard question to decide, but that it deserves a prominent place in that list will generally be conceded. Unlike Adams County, Ohio, I believe the ministers of this county are, generally speaking, above reproach. I regret the same statement cannot truthfully be said of many active church members, who at election times travel very crooked courses.

Among the more depraved party workers the conditions are infinitely worse.

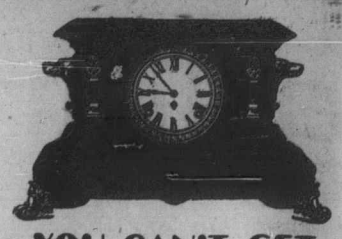
The most bare faced corruption is rampant. Possibly some doubting Thomas may question the veracity of these statements.

If so I beg to say that I know whereof I speak. I can give the names of the bribers and the bribed and many little incidents connected with the last and preceding county elections in this county, that would make very interesting reading.

It is quite time that the decent people of this county awoke to the real condition of affairs political in this classic county of Kings, Nova Scotia.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

A "Scollop Tea" is to be given at the Parish Hall, Church Street, on Wednesday evening of next week. Many attractions are promised and a good time will undoubtedly be had.



YOU CAN'T GET BETTER PARLOR CLOCKS

You can't possibly pass by this superior showing of parlor clocks. The line is so high class and the prices are so low that every family should not be without a beautiful clock for the parlor mantel.

This line is strictly up-to date having all the style, grace, accurate and reliable timekeeping qualities and ornate appearance the most critical could desire.

Every clock is fitted with Bronze or gilt ornaments and enameled wood case. The very best 8 day American movement, beautifully toned Cathedral gong hour strike, while the ½ hours are struck on silvery sweet toned bells.

Prices 4.50, 6.50, 7.50, and 9.00.

400 Day Clock (goes 400 days with one winding price 12.00.

J. W. WILLIAMS

SUCCESSOR TO J. R. WEBSTER & CO.

University Worth Millions to City.

What is the university worth to Toronto? was the question Dr. R. A. Falconer set himself to answer before members of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society at the Temple Building last night.

'To begin with,' he said, 'the university is worth every cent of its estimates, this year $750,000. Then each of the four thousand students spends in the city on an average $350. There is also the large influx of people who come to Toronto simply to get the advantages of the university for their children. Without the slightest exaggeration, I consider that the university is worth to the city each year in cash $2,000,000. I think this city ought to pay for the support of two professors, instead of simply contributing $6,000 a year. A university is bound to be costly, but it is not extravagant, because you get a full return for your money.'

Leading up to his estimate of the value of its chief educational institution to the city, its president gave an interesting survey of the history and growth of Toronto University in particular and of universities in general. He mentioned—a fact not widely known—that the oldest university in Canada, and the oldest in the Empire after Oxford and Cambridge, is King's College, Windsor, Nova Scotia, founded 150 years ago. McGill was born in 1820, and Toronto, the chief State university in the Dominion, seven years later.

Toronto, he pointed out, has a scheme that is not only perfectly unique, but is quite satisfactory in its working. It has by its system of affiliated colleges solved the sectarian problem so far as to keep religious difficulties from interfering with the benefits of a university course of educational training. Whilst each of the sectarian colleges—Victoria, Trinity, St. Michael's, Knox and Wycliffe—keeps its religious atmosphere and identity, the faculties of the university proper in arts, medicine, applied science, forestry, household science, and education—are absolutely free from sectarian control and entirely directed by the provincial Government.—Toronto Paper.

Mrs. B. E. Bedwell, of 337 Provencher Ave., St. Boniface, Winnipeg, says:—"Some time ago my child took diphtheria, and while attending them the poison entered a small scratch on the second finger of my left hand. This became very sore and blood-poisoning soon set in. For months after the children were quite well I was suffering from a shockingly bad finger. The scratch was caused originally by a pin, and in itself, was not at all serious. The consequences, however, of neglecting this scratch, were very serious to me.

"When the blood-poisoning set in I tried poultices and a salve I had in the house. These, however, did not have the desired effect. Quite on the contrary the finger became more and more swollen and discolored. It then began to fester, and I had to call in a doctor. He lanced the finger to let out the pus, and you can imagine how painful the finger was! Despite his care, however, it again festered and the doctor, bandages, and other preparations which the doctor gave me were absolutely unable to keep it out of pus. The doctor then proposed removal into the St. Boniface Hospital. I feared that if I went to the Hospital the finger would be amputated. We were told of a case similar to my own in which Zam-Buk had effected a cure when everything else had failed and the doctor had said that only amputation could save the person's hand.

"We, therefore, decided to give Zam-Buk a trial. A supply was procured, and we commenced the Zam-Buk treatment. It only needed a few days to show the wisdom of this step. The blood-poisoning and inflammation were reduced, the pain became less acute, and it was evident very shortly that the trouble was being reduced to a less and still less area. We persevered with the Zam-Buk and in time the festering sore was thoroughly cleansed, then healed. In only three weeks from first commencing with Zam-Buk the finger was entirely well, and not a vestige of the poisoning was left. I gladly recommend Zam-Buk to the fullest extent, as having ordinary properties no doubt, I should have drawn myself which will be found equally good for all such mothers should use this one. Zam-Buk is a sure cure for blood-poisoning, festering sores, eczema, ulcers, abscesses, boils, scalds, scurvy, rashes, tetter, itch, ringworm, face spots, chapped hands, and for all skin injuries and diseases. Druggists and stores, or post-free from Zam-Buk Company, Toronto, for price. Send 1c stamp for sample of this wonderful balm. Refuse all substitutes.

You Say You Can't But You Can.

I know Cod Liver Oil is the thing I need, but I can't take it on account of its horrible taste

Ever say that?

If you did, you had in mind the old blue bottle of cod liver oil and its taste and smell really were something to be dreaded.

Nyal's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is a modern Scientific Remedy Palatable and Pleasant.

You can take Nyal's Emulsion Anybody can And everybody should who feels the need of a body-builder and strength-giver, particularly those who have lung trouble or are in a run-down and weak condition.

Nyal's Emulsion contains pure Cod Liver Oil combined with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda to strengthen the Nervous System.

If you want to nourish the body and fortify the nervous system, take Nyal's Emulsion. Large bottle $1.00.

A. V. RAND, Phm. B.,

EVANGELINE RINK

HOCKEY MATCHES

Wolfville vs. Windsor. February 21st

U. N. B. vs. ACADIA Friday, Feb. 10.

Carnival, Wednesday, Feb. 15

See Posters

The Canadian Fairbanks Co.

wish to announce their celebrated

Fairbanks Morse Jack Junior Spraying Engine

will be on exhibition at the Electric Light Station for a few days.

Some Special Features.

Horozontol hopper cooled engine, slow engine speed, make and break spark and double acting pump. Every part easy to get at and interchangeable.

Find the Finder

If you found a purse your first impulse would be to look in the "Lost and Found" columns of our paper.

If you have lost a purse don't you think the finder would do the same.

If you wish to find the finder use our Classified Want Ads.

Another Enticing Piano Offer.

Two of the three New Scale Williams Pianos we advertised last week have been sold, and we have decided to make another special offer.

This week we offer three more Williams Pianos together with another splendid instrument, which has been in use, but will sell at a price that will insure its quick disposal. The other three Pianos are all new and specially priced.

Do not be without a Piano in your home when it is possible to get one at such remarkably low prices. Call or write for prices.

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Unsurpassed by any other house in the Province.

Technical, Educational, Historic, Dramatic, Comic.

THE BEST OF MUSIC.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Children under the age of 13, unless accompanied by a parent or guardian will not be admitted after the first show.

With some improvements to the machinery the Nicklet will now be able to show pictures equal to any in the Province and the selection of Films being free and unobjectionable to the general public the attendance no doubt will increase. Last week two very interesting pictures were shown, Hawthornes 'House of the Seven Gables' and Charles Dickens Christmas Carol, an instructive picture was the 'Fly Pest', portraying as it did the danger to life from this supposedly innocent little creature.

NEW GOODS!

We Are Opening New Cotton Goods for Spring Sewing.

White Cottons, from 10c. to 17c. per yd., fine and soft finish.
Sheetings, 1¾ yds., 2 yds., and 2¼ yds. wide, special prices.
Pillow Cottons, Plain and Circular 40, 42 and 44 inches.
Table Linens from 25c. to $1.25 per yd.
Print Cottons, best english make, new patterns, other makes of Prints, special at 8c. and 10c. per yd.
Galateas, Ginghams, in new patterns.
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New Valancencies Laces, Torchon Laces.

All Over Laces, White and Colors.

Extra values in Towels and Towelings.
See our special Rubdry Towels at 10c. each.

New Cretonnes & Furniture Coverings

White Blouses, a special Blouse, Regular $1.25 quality, selling at 95c. each.
New Goods Arriving Daily.

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Valentines HAVE ARRIVED.

The Designs are all New and More Attractive than ever.

A Splendid Assortment of Designs in All Prices at

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Useful Xmas Gifts

Call and see our stock of

Skates, Pocket Knives, Carving Sets, Boxes of Stationary, Etc.

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Three Departments Complete.

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There are several grades but just two prices

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Your choice of any Wing worth from 25c. to $1.00

10c.

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