

## GREAT MONEY- MAKING SCHEME.

**Cobalt Not in it With York County Loan Company.**

**Caustic Comments of Magistrate and Crown Attorney.**

**E. J. Burt Could Not Tell What He Did With Money.**

A Toronto despatch: "Talk about Cobalt! Cobalt wasn't in it!" This was the exclamation uttered by Crown Attorney Curry in the course of his examination of Mr. E. J. Burt in connection with the conspiracy charge against Joseph Phillips of the York County Loan & Savings Company. The witness, who is a director of the loan company, but must not be confused with Mr. Burt of the List Piano Company, was in the box nearly all the day, and most of the time Mr. Curry was occupied in handing him checks which had been paid to him by the Toronto Life Company. These checks were very largely for commission, and were made at frequent intervals, some within a day or two of each other. Altogether sixty-five checks paid to Mr. Burt were put in this way, and an idea of the amounts may be gathered from the following list of some of those put in: \$38.25, \$31.34, \$31.72, \$23.30, \$349.33, \$55.00, \$40.00, \$532.00, \$55.00, \$67.57, \$61.12, \$116.16, \$57.77, \$136.29, \$95.61, \$95.31, \$142.00, \$201.12, \$93.21, \$40.41, \$292.06, \$363.52, \$52.08, \$154.01, \$117.32, \$39.61, \$431.81, \$55.89, \$114.28, \$103.71, \$74.96, \$200.55, \$128.65, \$192.04, \$194.89 and so on. The total amount of the checks handed in reached \$12,490. Mr. Burt was unable to give much account of these payments, further than that he received the amounts, cashed them or was credited with them. One of the first checks which Mr. Curry questioned him about was for \$9,000, the stub for which was marked "doctor's fees," but which the witness said was an error.

In the morning Mr. Phillips' counsel, Mr. J. E. Jones, entered a protest against the manner of conducting the investigation, but he did not get much help from Colonel Denison, who had some strong comments to make on the way in which the business of the loan company was conducted. He candidly expressed his opinion that the whole thing was worked in a complicated way to defraud the public. The entire arrangement with the Toronto Life Company and the List Piano Company, he said, was with the object of wrecking the York County Loan Company, and squeezing what there was in it for the benefit of a few interested parties.

The court was again crowded throughout the whole investigation, and many people could not obtain admission. Mr. Crawford, manager of the Bank of Montreal, at the north west corner of Queen and Yonge was called, and produced a bunch of checks drawn on his bank, and also some deposit slips on the List Piano Co.

Mr. E. J. Burt was next called. He received \$29 per week, and also a commission on all individual business produced by the York County Loan agents. The witness entirely repudiated the idea that Phillips shared in this commission. Mr. Curry suggested that Mr. Burt got merely one-third of the commission and Mr. Phillips two-thirds.

Mr. Burt absolutely swore this was not true.

Mr. Curry said that this commission amounted to \$25,000.

"No, it was not," said the witness, emphatically.

Mr. Curry handed the witness a check dated January 15, 1904, for \$3,337, and marked on the stub "doctor's fees."

"That was a mistake," said the witness.

"Now, what did you do with the money?"

"I couldn't tell; I don't remember."

**Ten Thousand a Year.**

Mr. Curry said the checks he had in his possession—and I don't think he had them all," he added—showed that the witness netted at least \$10,000 in less than a year.

Mr. Curry said he had known when the information was as much as he did now he would have laid a charge against Phillips of conspiring with Miss Lillian Hudson, Miss Georgina Hudson, Mr. Burt and others to defraud the shareholders of the York County Loan Co.

At the afternoon session Miss Eva Hall was recalled and asked in regard to a payment of \$10,050. This amount was apparently advanced to Phillips as a loan without security. In November, 1903, by the York County Loan & Savings Co. It was paid back in November, 1905, by Toronto Life Company shares, but the loan company received nothing in the way of interest, as far as could be ascertained.

Mr. E. J. Burt was next recalled.

"How much was the total of your receipts from the Toronto Life Company?"

"Well, I couldn't guess."

"Was it about \$18,000 or \$19,000?"

"Well, I would not think it was that, but I don't know."

**He Cashed Many Checks.**

Mr. Curry showed the witness a number of checks cashed out to him by the Toronto Life Company. He said he received them all, and cashed them, but he could not explain what became of the money. Most of the money he received in this way went into Toronto Life stock, he said. His holdings in stock in that company, he said, belonged to him. Part of it was in the names of other people. His wife held 75 shares.

"To whom did she sell it?"

"Mr. Phillips."

"How much cash did you receive from Phillips for these shares?"

"Nothing at all. I received a promissory note."

Mr. Curry, however, sought to ascertain where the money came from on which the loan was advanced.

Mr. Burt said he sold his real estate. He had four houses.

"Did you get cheques in payment?"

"Well, I think so."

## CHANCELLOR VON BUELOW SICK.

**He Made a Speech and Was Listening to Herr Bebel When He Fell Ill.**



Chancellor von Buelow, while attending the debate in the Reichstag, Berlin, to-day, fainted and was carried to a committee room by some of the members of the house.

The Chancellor made a speech on the subject of Morocco and was listening to the answer of Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, when he was taken ill. The Vice-President of the House, Dr. Count von Stoberg Wernigerode, adjourned the sitting for a quarter of an hour during which deep silence prevailed throughout the house.

Dr. Mugden and Dr. Mecker had in the meantime gone to the assistance of the Chancellor who appeared to be conversing with them and with the members who carried him from the Chamber into the committee room.

He was removed from the Chamber to the sitting room of the President of the House, and placed in an easy chair, and he began to show signs of returning consciousness.

Prof. Rudolf Reiners, head of the Moabit Hospital, reached the room some time later, and after examining the Chancellor said he was suffering from a severe fainting spell, the result of influenza, and that there was no indication of paralysis, which was at first feared.

Prof. Reiners was assisted by Doctors Mugden and Becker, who are members of the Reichstag. They cleared the sitting room of the Cabinet Ministers and others, and transferred the Chancellor placed to a lounge, only Princess von Buelow, who had joined her husband, remaining with him.

A few minutes after von Buelow fainted telephone messages were sent to the Princess von Buelow and to the Emperor. The Princess reached her husband's side as soon as Prof. Reiners. The Emperor was at lunch when the intelligence was conveyed to him and he immediately arose, recalled all his engagements for the afternoon and ordered a carriage to go to the Reichstag.

Princess von Buelow spoke for about half an hour on the Moroccan question at the opening of the day's session in his usual animated style. But it was observed that his face was very red and he seemed to have difficulty in drawing his breath.

His breakdown was undoubtedly caused by overwork during the Moroccan conference. He had been working from eight in the morning to midnight for three months past.

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## A TRAINED NURSE

**After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.**

Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She had the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes: "I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use."

Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctor prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would swoon after eating and frequently become nauseated.

I had pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. I was had a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me in four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merely alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the female organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds where Others Fail.

places of the strikers, and more are expected to join.

The manager says he can get all the men he wants. The strikers are determined not to return until the supply of free beer is resumed. The employees of the malting department are still at work, as their supply of beer was not interfered with.

**COAL TROUBLE.**

**MINERS STILL DISCUSSING THE QUESTION OF STRIKE.**

New York, April 9.—The Sub-Committee representing the anthracite mine owners and the miners will make another attempt to-day to reconcile the differences existing between the employers and their workmen. The representatives of the miners are reported to have trimmed down their original demands in the hope that the operators may see their way clear to conceding something to the men. The miners will not say what their move will be, nor will they will be to the meeting.

The union leaders have not yet definitely declined the proposition of the operators for a renewal and continuation for three years of the award of the anthracite committee.

The full committee of 36 of the miners held another session at their headquarters this forenoon, at which the work of the sub-committee was gone over and approved.

**RAILWAY WRECK.**

**TWO PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGEMAN HURT.**

Omaha, Neb., April 9.—A special from Grand Island says that a number of cars on an east-bound passenger train on the Burlington line have been wrecked near St. Michael's.

Five doctors have left from Grand Island for the scene of the wreck.

Chicago, April 5.—Officials of the Burlington road in Chicago say that the accident occurred eighteen miles west of Mitchell, Neb., and that it was nothing more than a derailment of the truck of the baggage and mail cars. Two passengers and the baggageman were slightly bruised.

**WELLER INQUEST.**

**Verdict of the Jury Accuses Martin Doyle of Murder.**

Snowflake, Man., April 9.—The inquest on the body of Vincent Weller took place last night. The jury gave their verdict as follows: That Vincent Weller came to his death by a bullet in the head, and that Martin Doyle, son, maliciously and with intent to kill did fire the same from some firearm.

It appears that Doyle desired to secure possession of three homesteads his victim had located near Battleford for himself and son.

Winnipeg, April 5.—Doyle was seen here on Saturday and left in the evening for Battleford to take his homesteads he coveted so much that he murdered Weller to obtain them. The police are expected at any time.

**STRIKE FOR THEIR BEER.**

**Employees of Port Hope Brewery Quit Work.**

A Port Hope despatch: A strike took place to-day at the Port Hope brewery, which employs some sixty hands. The employees of the brewing and bottling departments are on strike, and have been joined by some of the teamsters. The cause of the strike is because the management has refused to supply of free beer to the employees.

Several men came from Toronto to-day to take the

place to-day at the Port Hope brewery, which employs some sixty hands. The employees of the brewing and bottling departments are on strike, and have been joined by some of the teamsters. The cause of the strike is because the management has refused to supply of free beer to the employees.

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## NATAL FIELD FORCE DRIVEN FROM LAAGER.

**Attacked by Large Force of Seutis and Compelled to Retreat to Greytown.**

Greytown, Natal, April 9.—The colonial field force which was concentrating at Impanza, twelve miles northwest of Greytown, for operations against the insurgent chief, Bambata, the deposed regent of the Greytown district, has been compelled to abandon its laager after heavy fighting, and retire to Greytown.

A portion of the force sent to rescue the women and children isolated at Keate's drift succeeded in doing so, but while returning was attacked by rebellious natives. A running fight was kept up for six miles, the Seutis continuing the pursuit until within a mile of Greytown. Three of the colonial police were killed and several were wounded. The remainder are safe at Greytown.

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