when a babe? Christening does not fu'fil the conditions of haptism. Chris ening was not your act. It was done for you. You knew nothing about it; beside, in Acts 19: 10, there were some baptized a second time when they learned the truth about the baptism of Christ

truth about the baptism of Christ
Baptism is a privilege. Love does not ask.
What must we do? but what may we do? It
ought to be enough for you that Christ Himselt
was immersed, and that He has commonded that was immersed, and that the has comain used that believers should be baptized. Your duty, like, a soldier, is to obey instantly, counting no c st. Don't dodge the question at issue by asling. "What's the difference?" Would our Lord have given the command had He deemed it a matter of the command that the deemed it a matter of the command that the deemed it as matter of the command that the deemed it as matter of the command that the deemed it as the command that the deemed it as the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the command that the deemed it is not always the deeme no cons quence how it was obeyed? Would He have enjoined the use of water in one particular way, if any one of several ways, which best suited our convenience, would have fulfilled the command? We may not consult custom, nor convenience, nor consequence If Christ was divine, He was authoritative and all of his comdreine. He was authoritative and an or instead mands are binding. If the very act which the word points out is not performed, the command of the Lord is not obeyed. To change the act is to change the teaching of the ordinance. The command to be baptized, immersed, is operative until it is repealed. Obedience is not optional, but obligatory. To do otherwise than to accept altegether Christ's teachings as authoritative is to drag Him down from His position as Lord and Master to a place beside Confucius. "Whatsoever He saith unto you, do it." Do

it at any cost of personal convenience or sacrifice of worldly position and influence. Do it, however it may conflict with your prejudices and your own ideas of propriety. Do it without delay or questioning. Do it, because He is Master, because His word is ultimate, and because the best offering that a man can make to his Lord is

absolute obedience.

If the protest of those who preserve the ordinance in its original form and significance is not regarded, they must separate themselves and the blame for the separation will rest with those who are unmindful of Christ's command.

Rootage and Reform

Two mistakes, we fancy, may be made in our contention against the evils existent in the world. One is that we may institute and carry on processes of refor n that shall extirpate them. We will attack the evil from the outside We will secure pledges from the guilty one that shall put him on a new track. We will renovate his surroundings and so give him higher aims. We will educate him, give him culture, and so exalt him Well, we may do all this and the enemy will laugh at us in the security of his fastnesses

laugh at us in the security of his fastnesses.

Another error is that we will give ourselves wholly to the establishment of spiritual rootage in men's souls. We will supplant the evil by the good. We will implant the leaven of regenerative power wihin him that it may bear fruit. We may do that, and in doing it shall have made a steel in advance.

But we shall only

generative power within thin that it may bear fruit. We may do that, and in doing it shall have made a step in advance. But we shall only have taken a step in advance if we are content alone with our implanting. If we bring the man to Christ Jesus and leave him there our duty is only partially done. If we put within him a new life and are content therewith we have failed in discharging all that is commanded.

We must go farther than that. From rootage we must reach reform. From the implantation we must search reform. The reception of Christ within the man must show itself in rightconsness without the man. We read the content with the spirit of other-werldness for those whom we would save. We must inspire them with the thought of this-worldness as well. We must plant their feet on the solid earth and make them feel that is it for their posse-sion. We are not pilgrims in this world, sing it as we will. We are residents here for the time our Lord may determine, and we must make our homes better. determine, and we must make our homes better. We shall fail grievously in our duty as to the religion of Jesus Christ if we do not do this. religion of Jesus Christ II we do not do this. Right, clean, pure, upright living public and private is a crying need at the present time. Let us in our work get the true rootage, but let us not forget the reform, and that the new man within must make new conditions without.

Work and Vages

In His words to His disciples on the approach of the Semantian inquirers which led Him to view the harvest as near at hand, our Divine Lord said. "He who reageth receiveth wages." That is to say he ah works in Christ's employ shall There is a good deal of misconception the Christian Church as to what work really is. in the Critistan Church as to wind work ready is.
Many fancy that they are working when they are
going to worship, or when they are attending
prayer meeting, or doing something in connection
with the social functions of the church in which they delight. But in these things are really the food on which the Christian should grow. They form the table at which he feeds; at which he se-cures his nourishment. Henry Drummond says in respect to these that a man does not expect to be paid for eating. No more should the Christian fancy himself working when he is simply scated at the Lord's banquet. Nor should be ex-pect wages therefor. The disciples did not fancy themselves working on the Mount of Transfigura tion; work was found rather in grappling with the demon at its foot. Work for the Christian the demon at its foot. Work for the Christian is contesting the ground all about him with the evil one. It is engaging in face-to-face conflict with the wrong and error and sin that are all about him. It is to do something perhaps that he does not want to do, but upon the doing of which drive is written. We can each of us carry out this thought and form for ourselves some conception of what work for Christ teally is. We can likewise conceive of the reward that the doing of such work shall brine. He who works with the wrong and error and sin that are all doing of such work shall bring. He who works shall be paid and his wages will bring eternal

Perfect Peace.

In heavenly love abiding, No change my heart shall fear; And safe is such confiding. For nothing changes here. The storm may roar without me, My heart may low be laid, But God is round about me, And can I be dismayed?

Wherever he may guide me, No want shall turn me back; My shepherd is beside me, And nothing can I lack. His wisdom ever waketh, His sight is never dim, He knows the way he taketh, And I will walk with him.

Green pastures are before me, Which yet I have not seen; Bright skies will soon be o'er me, Where darkest clouds have been, My hope I cannot measure, My path to life is free, My Saviour has my treasure, And he will walk with me.

Mis Anna Letitia Waring

Religious News.

Two happy believers were FLORENCEVILLE,

N. B.

with Christ in baptism on
the first Lord's day in
November. God is now
blessing us in special work at Bristol. I write especially to ask for the prayers of our readers.

W. H. SMITH.

The following are some items of our recent history as a CARLETON, church: A large sale of Vision of Jesus," the first edition being about exhausted; contribution and subscription to 20th Century Fund, \$269; offering to Chicacole hospital, \$90; congregational reunion and thankoffering, \$52; Bible school rally with appropriate exercises; special services being held and some are making the confession; men's meetings instituted for Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, the effort being especially directed to non-churchgoeis and men from steamers in winter port traffic.

B. N. Nobles. winter port traffic.

Our pastor, Dr. Brown has BUTTERNUT RIDGE, resigned his pastorate with

from the Hopewell Baptist church, A. Co It was with deep regret we accepted his resignation. was with deep regret we accepted his resignation. We have enjoyed his services for the past two and a half years and it seems hard to sever the friendly ties. But as he feels God has called him to a new field of labor, we must be resigned, and we pray God's richest blessings may be with him and his family in his new field of labor. The Decelority Committee most: Manday evening Prudential Committee meets Monday evening next to take steps to secure the services of a new pastor by the 1st of December. May the Great Shepherd direct the right man to watch over this

The church gave the pastor IMMANUEL CHURCH and his wife a very delightful surprise on the evening TRURO. of the tenth, this being the

fifth anniversary of their marriage, commonly known as the "wooden wedding," the pastor and his wife were invited to a reception in the vestry. A large representation of the members of the church and congregation greeted and congratu-lated them on their arrival after which Deacon lated them on their arrival, after which Deacon Cummings, on behalf of the church, presented them with three magnificent pieces of parlor furniture—a richty upholstered quarfered oak arm-chair for the pastor, a beautifully handpainted, upholstered mahogany arm-chair for Mrs McLean, and a highly polished black walnut centre table of unique design. There were also various other articles both ornamental and useful. This kind and thoughtful expression of the people's love, awakens feelings of gratitude useful. This kind and thoughtful expression of the people's love, awakens feelings of gratifude that will lead to more devoted service in the days M. A. MacLean.

CAMPBELLTON, a visit from Rev. A. J.
N. B. Vining of the Northwest.
Mr. Vining arrived from
Newcastle Saturday evening, the 7th inst., and
spent Sunday, the 8th with us, speaking at two
of our missions in morning and afternoon and in
town in the evening. The people had been pre-

town in the evening. The people had been pre-pared to receive him with enthusiasm on account of his mission and what they had heard of his ability as a speaker, but their expectations were more than met. The mission at Metapedia where more than met. The mission at actapena where there are only two Baptist families gave him \$62 oo in cash and pledges. Flat Lands, \$55.00 and Campbellton, \$448 oo, which together with a pledge previously given by the writer totalled the contributions of this little church to the 20th Century Fund at \$600 00. It was a great response to a great appeal, by a great manitude of a great cause. At least this is what Campbellion people think and they rate about as high in their judgment as in the grace about as high in their judgment as in the grace of liberality. Mr. Vining left again by the early train Monday well pleased with the results of his visit and premised to visit County and promised to visit Campbellton again before

going west if possible. Nov. 12. I have recently entered upon

FAIRVILLE, N. B. my sixth year with the Fairville church. My five years stay here has been very pleasant, and I trust he pfui to the Lord's cause. During these years eighty-uine have been added to the church, sixty-one by baptism, and twenty-eight by letter and experience; one thousand seven hundred dollars have been paid on the church debt; the pastor's salary has been promptly paid, and our other finances have been kept in a healthy con-dition. The pastor and his family have frequently been kindly remembered in the way of useful and valuable gifts. Our fuel has not cost us one cent, thanks to the warm heart of Brother C. P. Baker who takes pleasure in keeping his pastor Baker who takes pleasure in keeping his pastor and family warm and happy. "The lines have fallen to us in pleasant places, we have a goodly heritage." The spiritual life of our people are not up to the standard the gospel sets for them; but we are looking for a bright and successful vear. The outlook is hopeful. The greatest drawback to our work is the exodus of our people to the United States. Fifty-one Baptist families have left the place since our coming here. Last Monday evening we held a King's birthday social in our vestry which was packed