

What shall be deemed Burglary.

Robbery by Day :
Or

Robbery from the Person, in the Highways, &c. by Night or by Day, or

Stealing privily ;

Such Offenders, &c. declared Felons.

Stealing Bills of Exchange, &c.

Previso.

Receivers of stolen Goods made Accessories,

and punishable as for Misdemeanors, &c.

Robbing of Lodgings,

Felony.

Servants embezzling Masters Goods,

conviction thereof, to stand in the Pillory, and the Judge or Judges of the Court, wherein he shall be so convicted, may, for further Punishment, fine and imprison and require Sureties for the good Behaviour, at his or their discretion.

IX. *And be it further enacted*, That if any Person or Persons shall, by Night, break open, and enter any Dwelling-House, Shop, or Warehouse, or any Vessel lying so near the Land that it be adjudged within the County, with an Intent to commit any Felony, whether such Felonious intent be executed or not ;

X. Or shall rob any Dwelling-House in the Day-Time, any Person being therein, or break any Dwelling-House, Shop, or Warehouse thereunto belonging, or therewith used in the Day-Time, and feloniously take away any Money or Goods of the Value of Five Shillings therein being, although no Person shall be within such Dwelling House, Shop, or Warehouse ; or shall rob any other, or feloniously take away any Goods in any Dwelling-House, the Owner or any other Person being therein and put in fear ;

XI. Or if any Person or Persons shall by Night or by Day, rob, or by Violence take Money, or Goods, from any Person, putting him in fear, in any Highways, or in any Streets or Lanes of a Town ;

XII. Or shall feloniously take Money or Goods from the Person of any other, privily, without his Knowledge ;

XIII. Each and every of the Offenders aforesaid, their Aiders, and Abettors, shall, upon due Conviction, suffer as Felons, without benefit of Clergy.

XIV. *And be it further enacted*, That if any Person or Persons shall steal, or take by Robbery, any Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Bills, or Promissory Notes for the Payment of Money, being the Property of any other Person, notwithstanding any of the said Particulars are termed in Law *a chose in Action*, it shall be deemed Felony of the same Nature, and with or without the Benefit of Clergy, or of this Act, in the same Manner as it would have been if the Offender had stolen or taken by Robbery, any other Goods of the like Value with the Money due on such Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Bills or Notes, or secured thereby, and remaining unsatisfied, and shall suffer such Punishment as if he, she, or they had stolen other Goods of the like Value.

XV. *Provided*, That no Attainder for any such Offence, so made Felony, shall work any Corruption of Blood, Loss of Dower, or Disherison of Heirs.

XVI. *And be it further enacted*, That if any Person or Persons shall buy or receive any Goods that shall be stolen, knowing the same to be stolen, he, she, or they, shall be deemed Accessories to the Felony after the Fact, and that it shall be lawful to prosecute and punish Persons buying or receiving stolen Goods, knowing the same to be stolen, or that shall be accessory to such Felony before or after the Fact, as for a Misdemeanor, to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, although the principal Felon be not before convicted of the said Felony, which shall exempt the Offender from being punished as accessory, if the Principal shall after be convicted.

XVII. *And be it further enacted*, That if any Person or Persons shall take away with an Intent to steal, embezzle, or purloin any Goods, Chattels, or Furniture, which by Agreement they are to use, or shall be let to them to use in his, her, or their Lodging ; such taking, embezzling, or purloining, shall be adjudged to be Larceny and Felony.

XVIII. *And be it further enacted*, That if any Servant or Servants shall go away with the Caskets, Jewels, Money, Goods, or Chattels, delivered