General Business.

50 YEARS!

For the Last 50 Years Cough Millions have been coming in and dying out, but during all this time.....

SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND

Never Left the Front Rank for Curing Croup, Coughs and Colds. All Druggists and most Groceymen sell it. 25 Cents a Bottle.

ARMSTRONG & CO., PROPRIETORS.

BIG OPENING OF

DRY GOODS, ROOM PAPERS, ETC,

AT

R. A. MURDOCH'S.

SALE AND TEA!

THE LADIES OF

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH

intend holding their annual Sale and Tea on

THURSDAY, 11TH. JULY

COMMENCING AT 2 P. M. IN

THE CURLING RINK.

Ice Cream, and other Refreshments.

Useful and Fancy articles will be on sale. Tea from 5 to 8 o'clock.

ADMISSION 10C.

WANTED.

Teachers, male or female, to begin work next term, or particulars address

MARITIME TEACHERS' AGENCY,
Fred. W. Sargent, Manager,
Shediac, N. B.

SOUUH WEST BOOM CO.

SALE OF UNMARKED LOGS

There will be sold at public auction on Monday 15th day of July, 1895, at three o'clock in the afternoon, in front of the Post Office, Newcastle, all the unmarked and prize logs rafted in the South West Boom during the present season. Terms cash.

ALLAN BEVERIE,
Treasurer.

Newcastle, July 1st, 1895

NOW IS THE TIME TO ENTER.

Lofty Ceilings, Perfect Ventilation, and the Best Summer Climate in America, make study with us just as agreeable now as at any other time.

Students can enter at any time, but NOW is always the best time.

No Summer Vacation.

Send for Circulars to

S. KERR & SON,
St. John Business College,
St. John, N. B.

Odd Fellows' Hall.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public Buildings," will be received until Thursday, 18th July, for Coal supply for all or any of the Dominion Public Buildings.

Specification, form of Tender and all necessary information can be obtained at this Department on and after Thursday, 27th June.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to supply the coal contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

E F E ROY,
Secretary

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1895

FURNESS LINE

Regular sailings between London and Halifax.

FROM LONDON	FROM HALIFAX
June 22 S DAMARA,	July 13
July 6 " ST JOHN CITY,	" 27
" 20 " HALIFAX "	Aug 10
Aug 3 " DAMARA,	" 24
" 17 " ST JOHN CITY,	Sept 7

These steamers have superior accommodation for first-class passengers. Well ventilated saloon and sleeping apartments amidships where least motion is felt. Lighted by electricity. Do not carry cattle. Insurance effected at lowest possible rates.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO. Ltd.
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
Halifax, N S

New Advertisements.

FINAL NOTICE!

SCHOOL TAX.

I am instructed by Trustees to issue Executions for all School Taxes not paid this month, and therefore notify all concerned, in order that expense may be saved to them, as under the new administration of the amalgamated districts, rates must be promptly paid.

W. JOHNSTON,
Collector.

July 5 1895.

PICNIC AT BARNABY RIVER,

TUESDAY JULY 16th.

Excursion return tickets at

Single First Class Fare

will be issued on the 16th inst. from

HARCOURT, ROGERSVILLE, INDIANTOWN, MILLERTON, DERBY JUNCTION, NEWCASTLE AND CHATHAM JUNCTION

by regular trains, good to return the following day.

A special train will leave Barnaby River at 8.30 a m in the evening of the 16th inst. for Indiantown (connecting with C. R. Railway at Chatham Junction) with passengers returning to Chatham and Indiantown, and intermediate points.

ST. MICHAEL'S BAND

from Chatham is intended to play on the grounds on that day.

Johnson-Smily Combination

under the auspices of the Ladies of

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,

—ON—

THURSDAY, JULY 18th.

Special Music & Song. on sale at Mackenzies

Doors open at 7.30 Performances at 8.00.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B. - JULY 11, 1895.

The Manitoba School Question.

In publishing the reply of the government of Manitoba to the remedial order made by the Dominion government on the subject of Schools in that province, the ADVANCE intimated that it opened a way for an amicable settlement of existing difficulties without it being necessary for the Ottawa authorities to legislate in the matter. Despatches from Ottawa which are in another column show that the Governor-General and his advisers are of the same opinion, hence no bill dealing with the Manitoba schools will be introduced during the present session of Parliament. It will be observed that there are rumors of defections in the Ministry because of the decision arrived at, but the French members named in the despatches will hardly act so childishly as to carry out their alleged intentions. Every reasonable consideration justifies the decision arrived at by the Government, for there is reason to believe that the Manitoba government will recede from its untenable and unconstitutional position sufficiently to meet the views of the great body of the Roman Catholics immediately concerned and thus render Dominion interference unnecessary. If, however, the Manitoba government remains obdurate after the consideration shown to them at Ottawa, the convening of another session of the present parliament, to pass remedial legislation, ought to be accepted as a satisfactory arrangement. If Messrs. Caron, Angers and Ouimet are not satisfied with that, it cannot make any great difference, as far as the main issue is concerned, and it will not be an insurmountable difficulty to set others to take their places.

Mr. Laurier moved a want of confidence resolution on Tuesday, proposing that the House adjourn because of the alleged resignations of the three ministers named. This was defeated by a vote of 111 to 72.

Early Closing.

The subject of closing stores and offices in Chatham at an earlier hour than at present prevailing is being agitated. A petition is being circulated for the purpose of inducing the business men of the town to make the working day of their employees shorter. A similar movement is being made in St. John and St. Stephen in the grocery trade, and it is said there is a probability of a closing at seven o'clock on four week nights, although the matter is not yet decided upon in those places.

Much can be said in favor of a proposal to close Chatham stores at seven on four or even five evenings each week, but it does not appear feasible to close at six on any week night, for the reason—if for no other—that the majority of our people work until six, and if the stores closed at that hour they would be deprived of reasonable opportunity to make purchases.

The main difficulty in the way of early closing is that while quite a large number of our best storekeepers are, in the abstract, willing to adopt the system, they are debarred from doing so because others will not agree to fall in with the proposed new order of things. It is not reasonable to expect a man to close his establishment to customers and let them go and patronise his competitor who will not close.

No doubt, the business of our merchants could be as well done between opening time in the morning and say seven o'clock in the evening, if they agreed to close at that hour, but it is difficult to bring all concerned to that way of thinking. The time will come, however, when the fact that the work-hours now prevailing are too long will be generally recognised, but its arrival will not be accelerated by would-be philanthropists asking too much. The process of improvement must necessarily be slow, and we hope that something in advance of existing conditions will be effected by the present movement, even if all that is desirable cannot be brought about.

Camp Sussex.

SUSSEX, July 6,—One could hardly imagine, viewing the tented field yesterday, that by this afternoon the camp grounds would be practically deserted. Most of the men are anxious to get back to their homes again. The R R C I regiment will remain until Monday.

Thursday night a huge fire was lighted on the ground and by its light a splendid concert was given by some of the R R C I minstrels and others. The entertainment was enjoyed by many citizens.

On the last day of camp hundreds of people came into town from the outlying districts to see the camp. Yesterday has been no exception, as from early morning until late a large number of people have been going to and coming from the grounds.

The best shot in the brigade is Sergt J Clark, 74th batt, $6.

The comparative efficiency competition resulted as follows:—

The Hussars—H Troop, Capt Black's, Sackville.

73rd Battalion—No 2 Co, Capt McKenzie's, Chatham.

74th Battalion—No 3 Co, Capt Fairweather, Sussex.

The D A G commanding, desires to convey to the staff, to officers in command, and to officers, non commissioned officers and men in general his best thanks for their untiring and successful efforts to secure efficiency in this camp. All have done their best and done well, working harmoniously together.

It only remains for Lieut Col Maunsel to acknowledge the hearty co-operation of all ranks in bringing to a conclusion an instructive period of training.

The presentation of prizes took place yesterday afternoon.

The local companies of the 73rd reached home on Saturday, looking finely and the officers and men report having had an excellent training time.

Manitoba to be given time to do Justice to the Minority; If not a Special Session will be called not later than the First Thursday in January.

OTTAWA, JULY 8.—The intense excitement which has existed in political circles here since it became known on Friday last that the government had decided not to introduce remedial legislation on the school question, culminated in the official announcement to both houses this afternoon. The statement which was read in the Commons immediately after three o'clock by the Minister of Finance, is as follows:

"I desire to state that the government has had under consideration the reply of the Manitoba legislature to the remedial order of the 21st of March, 1895, and after careful deliberation has arrived at the following conclusion: Though there may be difference of opinion as to the exact meaning of the reply in question, the government believes that it may be interpreted as holding out some hope of amicable settlement of the Manitoba school question on the basis of possible action by the Manitoba government and legislature, and the Dominion government is most unwilling to take any action which can be interpreted as forestalling or precluding such a desirable consummation. The government has also considered the difficulties to be met with in preparing and perfecting legislation on so important and intricate a question during the last hours of the session. The government has therefore decided not to ask parliament to deal with remedial legislation during the present session. A communication will be sent immediately to the Manitoba government on the subject with a view to ascertain whether that government is disposed to make a settlement of the question which will be reasonably satisfactory to the minority of that province without making it necessary to call into requisition the powers of the Dominion Parliament. A session of the present Parliament will be called together to meet not later than the first Thursday of January next. If by that time the Manitoba government fail to make a satisfactory arrangement to remedy the grievance of the minority, the Dominion government will be prepared at the next session of Parliament to be called as above stated to introduce and press to a conclusion such legislation as will afford an adequate measure of relief to the said minority, based upon the lines of the judgment of the Privy Council and the remedial order of 21st March, 1895."

The statement read by the finance minister was received in ominous silence, and immediately after he concluded Mr. Lariviere rose and was about to state that the policy of the government did not meet with his approval as the representative of the minority in Manitoba. He was called to order by the Speaker, who informed him that there was nothing before the house. If an instant the Chamber was in a commotion and the corridors were specially filled with members of parliament who discussed in groups the announcement just made. A rumor that the three French ministers, Caron, Ouimet and Angers had resigned tended to increase the excitement. The ordinary business of parliament absorbed little interest and the excitement about the corridors increased.

In the Senate Sir Mackenzie Bowell read a similar statement to that read in the Commons. Hon A R Angers, who was seen in the corridors before the house met with Sir Mackenzie Bowell, was not in his seat and did not put in an appearance during either afternoon or evening session.

Shortly before six o'clock the rumor became current that the Hon. John Costigan had also resigned, but this rumor was afterward denied and it was stated on what is presumed to be good authority that the Irish Roman Catholic members in the house had held a caucus and decided to stand by the government. This statement was borne out by the fact that T. E. Kenny, M. P, for Halifax, had a long interview with the Premier a few minutes before the Senate rose at six o'clock.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, upon being asked if he had received the resignations of the three French Canadian members of the cabinet refused to make any statement. It is understood that the French Canadian Ministers have decided not to resume their places in Parliament or take any part in the discussions until they are permitted to make a statement regarding what took place at the meetings of the Council upon the question. It is learned on good authority that a special messenger from the Premier left here for Quebec on Saturday last with an official request that His Excellency allow the French Canadian members of the Cabinet to make a statement from their places in parliament regarding the decision of the government on the school question. It is announced this evening that Lord Aberdeen telegraphed Sir Mackenzie Bowell granting the permission asked for. It is not yet known when this statement will be made, but it is likely that it will be to-morrow afternoon.

Sir Adolphe Caron and the Hon J A Ouimet will make personal statements in the commons regarding their position upon the question. In the senate Hon A R Angers will do the same. The only French Canadian conservatives who voted in the division on Sproule's motion in the house this afternoon to adjourn the debate on Davies motion regarding creameries in the Northwest were Sir Hector Langevin, Bergeron, Amyot, Lachapelle, Girouard, (Jacques Cartier,) Frechette, Grandbois, Lippe, Bain and Dugas. Dupont (Conservative,) voted against the government.

Dalton McCarthy, speaking to your correspondent, said it was quite plain that the English provinces would not tolerate any federal interference with Manitoba and the government had undertaken a hopeless task. The pretence that there was anything in the answer of the Manitoba government to the remedial order showing a willingness to compromise was too childish to be worthy of comment. The answer was as clear as a bell. He proposed to introduce in the house a resolution on the subject declaring that it was inexpedient to re-establish separate schools in Manitoba at any time or under any circumstances.

Major Sam Hughes, who is regarded as the spokesman of the Ultra-Protestant members from Western Ontario, characterized the statement of the government as a complete surrender to the Roman Catholic church.

The French Canadian members are reticent in reply to inquiries on the remedial bill.

Sir Adolphe Caron was seen by your correspondent and refused to say anything as to whether the rumor that he had resigned was correct or not. He did not know when he would again take his place in the house. Hon J A Ouimet and Hon A R Angers also refused to speak and said they were not prepared to make a statement. They simply state that they are opposed to any negotiations for a compromise being opened with the Greenway government. The answer of the provincial government to the remedial order was a clear and definite refusal to obey the remedial order and it is the plain duty of the government to enforce remedial legislation as the logical conclusion of its policy in passing the remedial order. Although they do not say so plainly, the feeling among the French Canadian members is that the English members of the cabinet are not sincere in their pledge that unless Manitoba agrees to a compromise a special session of Parliament will be called to consider the matter.

On the motion in the house to adjourn this evening Mr. Laurier said I take advantage of this motion to ask the leader of the house if he can give any information in regard to the rumor that is now current that three members of the cabinet had resigned this afternoon.

Mr. Foster—I can give no information to my hon. friend, but advise him not to put his trust in rumors.

Mr. Laurier—Then I inform my Hon. friend that I shall renew this question to-morrow and shall then take occasion to draw the attention of the house to it.

Mr McCarthy—I should like to ask the leader of the house whether there is the authority of His Excellency for the announcement this afternoon that a meeting of parliament will be summoned in January next. The Hon gentleman did not say whether he had such authority. It seems to me that the announcement that parliament would be convened by a certain day and another session called is rather usurping the prerogative of His Excellency unless the government had such authority.

Hon Mr Foster—My Hon friend will be pleased to hear that we have not usurped the authority of His Excellency in this regard.

Mr Girouard (Jacques Cartier), the acknowledged leader of the French Canadians in Quebec this afternoon, in conversation with his friends, does not hesitate to say that the government has adopted the right course in giving the Manitoba government another chance to remedy the grievance of the minority. He expresses disapproval of the course adopted by the French Canadian ministers in resigning and speaks confidently of the pledge contained in the statement this p m that if a compromise is not executed parliament will be summoned in a special session to consider a remedial bill giving the minority the rights accorded them by the judgment of the Imperial Privy Council.

The governor general left Quebec for Ottawa to-night.

Northumberland County Council.

NEWCASTLE, July 2.—Council met at 12 o'clock, Warden Doyle in the chair. All the Councillors were present except those for Derby and Glenelg, and Coun. Gunter of Ludlow. The minutes were read and approved.

Coun. Sullivan (Blackville) moved to adjourn till 2 o'clock.

Coun. Smith moved in amendment to adjourn to 12.45 for committee work. Amendment carried.

Council reassembled at 12.45.

Coun. Tozer moved to adjourn till 2 o'clock. Carried.

Council reassembled at 2.

Coun. Anderson reported on the return of E. McCallum, col. rates, laid over from the January session, as correct, and it was passed.

On motion of Coun. Morrison adjourned one hour for committee work.

Council reassembled.

On motion of Coun. Smith the following Chatham accounts were ordered to be paid—J. B. Snowball, coal for Chatham lockup, $2.93; J. R. Goggin, padlocks for pound, 60 cents.

On motion of Coun. Barriault the return of A. Richard, col. justice, Rogersville, was passed; also the return of Francis McCoyl, by road com'r.

Coun. Jones presented the returns of Wm Matchett and Robt Tozer, surveyors, North Esk, to be filed.

Coun. Smith said he had been requested by the Board of Health to present a matter that had been causing much trouble. He read the following:

To the Warden and members of the Council for the County of Northumberland.

SIRS: At the semi-annual meeting of the Board of Health, held at Newcastle in May, 1894, a complaint was laid before it regarding the unsanitary condition of a brook flowing through the centre of the town of Chatham. This stream starts from the highlands at the back of the town, and after crossing all the principal streets finally finds an outlet into the river at Post Office wharf.

A member of the Board on receipt of complaint followed the Brook throughout its entire course and found that several water closets emptied directly or by means of soil pipes into it. He also reports that the brook is completely covered where it crosses the principal streets and sidewalks, but through private property it is running as an open stream.

As the Board did not consider that it could compel private owners to enclose the brook where it passes through their property; nor did they consider it had power to compel the Street Commissioner to go on private property and enclose the brook, the Secretary of the Board was instructed to write to the gentleman from whose sashlog the complaint came and request that he encase the brook on his own property. His reply was to the effect that he had, some time previously, endeavored to cleanse and cover the stream, and he showed considerable irritation at being asked to correct what he had already tried to do. He also complained of the condition of the brook and stated that the source of the mischief lay further up the stream.

The Board at its December meeting submitted all correspondence on the subject to the Provincial Board, and as a result received the following reply:

FREDERICTON, N. B., Dec. 13, 1894.

R. Nicholson, Esq., M. D., Sec. Health District No. 23.

DEAR SIR: Your report to hand and contents noted. In reference to the sewer or open drain which runs through the town of Chatham, I am convinced that one of two things is absolutely necessary for the health of your citizens. Unless the town were prepared at an early date, say in the spring, to enclose tightly the small stream—top bottom and sides—you would do well to immediately forbid all parties in its course from allowing contents of privies or water from kitchen tap or bath room to flow into it, and have your Board closely investigate the matter anew.

It is probable that as the country back of your town gets rid more and more of its tree growth the stream will grow less in volume and the contents will become more concentrated and more largely polluted. To my mind the whole thing in its course through the town is a standing nuisance to Public Health as long as anything but surface water is allowed to escape into it. Will be pleased to hear further from you.

Yours sincerly, G. E. COUTHARD.

Acting upon this the Board instructed me to bring this matter to the notice of the Council and state that owing to their own want of power it recommends that the Council take the matter in hand and take such steps as may be necessary to correct what must, in its present condition, be a constant danger to the health of the community. And it further recommends that this be done by enclosing the brook—top, bottom and sides—and so convert it over its whole course into a properly finished sewer.

(Signed) R. Nicholson, M. D., Secy Health Dist. No. 23.

Coun. Smith said he was not at the last meeting of the Board of Health, of which he is a member, but had been asked to present this to the Council. To his mind, it would be necessary to seek special legislation to carry out the recommendations of the Board, but, no doubt, the Secy Treas., could advise in the matter.

The Secy-Treas. intimated that nothing could be done towards securing special legislation till the January session.

Coun. Smith said it might then, be better to let the matter lie over until January session, and it was so ordered.

On motion of Coun. Pond the return of Justus Fairley, by-road com'r Ludlow, showing an expenditure of $12; passed.

Coun. Morrison said the lease of L. W. Johnston, of property on the public wharf Newcastle was about expiring and moved that the rent be reduced from $21 to $15, to take effect last year. He wanted to place all the lessees on the same footing. All the rest had been given reductions.

Coun. Smith said as the lease was about expiring would it not be the correct principle to have all these leases sold at public auction? Councillors were not performing their duty by making private arrangements for the renewal of leases. If the lease had expired it was the duty of the Council to re-lease the lot at public auction.

Coun. Mersereau said it was a dangerous proceeding to lease at auction since the sale of leases of the Chatham Public Wharf at $2.

Coun. Smith said this was County property while that at Chatham was held by the County in trust for the benefit of the town of Chatham. The Council made a mistake in dealing with that as County property and not as trust property. County lands should be leased by public auction as the law required.

Coun. Morrison said Coun. Smith was astray in the stand he was taking. The Council had the same power over the Chatham wharf as in this. He was not asking now to re-lease the lot, but only for a reduction of rent, so as to place this lessee in the same position as the rest. Re-leasing would have to be by public sale.

Coun. Pond—When does the lease expire?

Coun. Smith said all he objected to was re-leasing in the manner suggested by Coun. Morrison who intimated that he moved for the reduction as the lease was about expiring. When the lessee fell in the Council should see if more could not be got for the lots.

The Warden—This is merely a resolution. There is no petition from the lessee.

Coun. Ryan said they had been coming one after another for reductions, and they'd soon have the county lands in Newcastle for nothing. The bad example set by Chatham should not be followed. The Council had been to blame in that matter, as it should have placed an upset price on the land. The committee had acted as though its duty was to accept the lowest instead of the highest bid.

Coun. Mersereau said an application for reduction was made every year, and each one was positively the last. If this is not the last one, let's stop granting reductions.

The motion was put and declared lost.

Coun. Morrison—Question.

Coun. J. Sullivan said he did not approve of the part of the resolution making the reduction apply to the past year.

Coun. Morrison amended it so as to read current, and called for the yeas and nays.

The vote was as follows:—Yeas—Morrison, Connors, Smith, Savoy, Anderson, J. Sullivan, Williston, Flett, Hayes, Jones, Vinneau, Barriault—12; nays—Ryan, Tozer, Johnston, Pond, D. Sullivan, Mersereau—6.

Coun. Connors read the report of the Almshouse Visiting Committee, as follows:—

Mr. Warden and Gentlemen: The Almshouse Visiting Committee beg leave to report that they found the approach to Almshouse neatly and well attended to. On either side of the front door are rose bushes and potted flowers, making the entrance to building very attractive. On entering the house the halls and floor of the first story look pretty in a new coat of paint, done by the artistic keeper and an inmate. The north side of the second story, also the hall, have received the attention of the artists' brushes, the women's ward being the only room on the flat not yet attended to. The upper story, or men's ward, has not yet been reached by the painters. The kitchen and outhouses are scrupulously clean, the keeper being an adept in the mixing of lime. The garden is in good condition and bids fair to produce a good crop of potatoes, turnips, carrots, etc. The yard is neat and clean—in fact everything in and about our county property, the Almshouse, shows that the Keeper, Mr Templeton, and Mrs. Templeton, the Matron, are the right people in the right place.

As yet no steps have been taken to put a furnace in the building, but we trust that, for the comfort of the inmates and for economy's sake, our worthy commissioners will not let the summer pass without putting in the furnace.

There are sixteen paupers in the building at present time—namely: Chatham, 4; Newcastle, 4; Nelson, 2; Alnwick, 2; Blackville, 1; and the County, 3.

Signed on behalf of the committee,

L. DOYLE, Chairman.

The report was received and adopted.

Coun. Morrison, from the County Accounts Com., reported on the following, which were passed as recommended by the committee.

Miramichi Telephone Co., $25.

Angus Ullock, teams for taking prisoners to jail, $9.

Queen vs. Bartlett, fees of constables and witnesses, $17.35, reduced by committee to $13.35, to be apportioned as follows:—

Jas. Mitchell, constable $5.70.

Jared Bette, $2.35.

Witnesses, 2 45.

Justice Wm. Swim 2.85.

Clerk of Peace, for examination in a criminal prosecution before Police Magistrate Niven, $10.

A Forster, board of prisoners in Chatham lock-up last year, $29.24, and this year, $10.37; (a detailed statement required to be furnished).

J. L Stewart, reporting, $10.

John Shirreff, $247.90.

Thos Donahoe, repairing public wharf, $2.75.

Dr. Desmond, cer. of lunacy, $4 67.

Wm Irving, cleaning jail, etc, $17.

E. P. Williston, half year salary, $50.

J. L. Stewart, printing, $30.

Wm Morehouse, constable, $17.30, reduced to $15.30.

D. G. Smith, printing, $11,50.

A. S. Templeton, taking lunatic to asylum, $20.

John Sheasgreen, repairing public wharf, $6.25.

J. & A. McMillan, probate book, $10.50.

Queen vs. Jas Woods, constables' and witnesses' fees, $4.20—the bill to lay over till the January session.

S. Thomson, registering births, deaths and marriages, $23.70.

Dr. Jos. B. Benson, cer. of lunacy, $4.67.

John Menzies, half year's salary, $250.

Secy-Treas., filling school lists, $40.50.

Co. Buildings repairs, $4.

W. C. Anslow, printing, $11.

Wm Irving, prisoners' board, $31,50.

On motion of Coun Smith it was ordered that the Secy-Treasurer pay $62 to the Chatham lock-up House Committee, being one year's rent of the lock up building.

Coun Morrison moved to pay W. F. Smallwood and Wm Irving $1,50 each for attendance.

Coun Anderson said it was great folly to pay two when there was no work for one. None had been appointed and why pay one, let alone two? The rule had been to pay one for the July session and two for the January session.

Coun J. Sullivan said it was hardly worth talking about. If any Councillor had moved that one of them be appointed he would have been appointed. The question was, would $1.50 be paid to each or both of them?

Coun Pond was surprised that gentlemen who had just voted to make Mr. Johnston a present of $6 would object to pay the constables for attendance.

Coun Ryan said both were wrong.

Coun Morrison said they had to have a constable to open the door and sweep out the room. Better pay both.

Coun Tozer said there was a standing resolution that the Deputy Sheriff be the constable to wait on the Council.

Constable Irving said he had worked tight and hard as he could work from early in the morning till the Council met, getting the room ready, and if his bill were not paid he would look to the county for pay for a day's work.

At this stage it was discovered that the bills had been passed before the discussion began.

Coun Smith announced the resignation of Dr. W. A. Wilson from the Board of Health, and moved that the Council ratify the Board's appointment of John C. Miller as assistant member of the Board for Derby. Carried.

Coun Savoy moved that the Alnwick road money, ordered to be paid at January session to Samuel Breaux, be paid to Simon F. Murray com. for dist No, 3, Alnwick. Carried.

Coun Mersereau said there had been no report from the committee that had been appointed in January to inquire into the sufficiency of the Sec-Treasurer's bonds.

Coun Smith—Coun Betts, the chairman, is absent.

The Secy-Treasurer—The committee consists of the Warden, Coun. Betts and Coun, Connors.

The Warden said he had almost forgotten all about it. He had gone to the Registry office and found the bonds—one for $8000, for the School fund, and one for $3000 for the Contingent and other funds. The sureties were Jas Mitchell and Jas. Robinson, M. P. P., and there was no question, so far as he could find out, of the solvency of these gentlemen. He could discern no flaw in the bonds. They appeared to be all right.

On motion of Coun. Smith the Council adjourned sine die.

Those Salmon Privileges!

A Blackville correspondent writes: "Your editorial on the restoration of the people's fishing privileges reads very well, but as a fact there is, as yet, no fishing allowed here for salmon. There is some talk of licenses being issued about the middle of August when the river will be nearly dry. There are a few grilse going, which people will steal until they are allowed to set their nets. The new arrangement seems to be a humbug. What is the good of allowing people to set nets about the end of the fishing season?"

THE POST OFFICE has been removed to its quarters in the new public building, the fittings of which, including 300 small boxes and 40 large drawers, are amongst the best in Canada.

PILOT SCHOONER INJURED:—The pilot schooner Princess Louise was carelessly run into by the S. S. Croft outside of the bar as the latter was leaving port. Three strakes of the schooner's top-sides were cut through and other damage done. The steamer will have to pay damages.

STRAWBERRY SHIPMENTS.—The Dominion Atlantic Railway carried upwards of 30 tons of strawberries over their road on Friday last. They were shipped from stations in the valley to Halifax, St. John and Boston. Nearly two carloads came via Yarmouth.—[Telegraph.

PERSONALS:—Mr. John A. Wilson of New York is making his annual visit to Miramichi and is receiving his usual warm welcome, for none of our summer visitors is more deservedly esteemed.

Messrs. Stafford and Sterling Fleiger are visiting Chatham where their relatives and old friends gladly welcome them.

OBITUARY:—The death occurred on Saturday forenoon at St. John of Mrs. Jack, widow of the Hon. Wm. Jack, Q. C., after only a few days' illness. She was born in Queenstown, Ireland, and was a daughter of Captain Joseph Kenah. Her mother, who was an aunt of the present chief justice, was a daughter of Isaac Allan, one of the first judges of this province. She leaves a family of two sons and seven daughters. The sons are Dr. I. Allan Jack and Mr. W. A. Jack. Three of her daughters are married, viz., Mrs. Thos Walker, Mrs. Roderic Mackenzie, whose husband was formerly agent of the Bank of Montreal, Newcastle, and Mrs. W. Warwick Street.

AN ATTRACTION to buyers of family groceries, provisions, dry goods and general household supplies is offered by Mr. Roger Flanagan at his well known store on St. John Street, Chatham, in the form of silver knives and forks, silver spoons, silver cruet stands and boxes of tea. He issues tickets which are presented by customers every time they make purchases, and no matter how small the amount, it is punched off, and when the purchases aggregate either $15 or $30, as the case may be, one of the articles specified viz.—a cruet stand, or a dozen of silver knives or forks for a $30 ticket; or a 5 lb. box of tea, or 1 doz. silver spoons for a $15 ticket is given free.

BLACK RIVER CRIMINALS:—It seems that Black River has the unenviable distinction of having a criminally malicious resident or two in the persons of parties who cut the warp holding the general lumber boom to the shore on the northwest side of the river just below the bridge. The cutting was done on Sunday night and considerable logs belonging to Messrs Allan McNaughton, Wm Edge, Wm McNaughton, Hugh McDonald, Donald Watling and others was set adrift. The perpetrators of the crime are doubtless in training for the penitentiary, and the sooner they are detected and sent there the better it will be for the community.

Deferred.

We are obliged to defer the publication of the report of proceedings of the Church of England Synod, as well as to curtail reference to the Board of Trade Council meeting and other local matter.

Board of Trade.

At the meeting of the Council of the Board of Trade on Monday evening the subject of early closing was discussed, and it was resolved to request the merchants of Chatham to comply with a petition of the clerks praying that the stores be closed at six o'clock on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. It was also decided to have the president interview Mr. Gibson with a view of having the Chatham station of the Canada Eastern railway located in town. The following resolution was also passed:

"Resolved, That the Board of Trade of Chatham here expresses its high appreciation of the enterprise and energy displayed by Mr. Thos. Allison in securing the formation of a company to build the pulp mill now in course of erection at Mill Cove, and has every confidence in his ability to make the enterprise a financial success."

He Wanted Miss Fay's Apology.

At last evening's entertainment in the City Hall, Miss Fay, in answer to a question by an M. D. of Boiestown, said that his watch would come into the possession of a pawnbroker within a year or so. The M. D. accepted the answer as an insult, and after the performance repaired to the Queen Hotel, where Miss Fay was staying, and there sent a letter to her room demanding an apology. Miss Fay refused to apologize, whereupon the M. D. threatened to follow her to Chatham today, and institute a suit for damages. Miss Fay smiled pleasantly when informed of the threat. "I will have my revenge," said the M. D., as he was last heard somewhere in the early hours of the morning. Gleaner.

Kent County Court.

The July term of the Kent County Court opened on Tuesday, Judge Wells presiding. The following Jurors were in attendance, viz, Heloise Babineau, Brazil J. Johnson, Alex Mundle, Anthony Grattan, John P. Leger, John Oulton, Ferdinand Herbert, John Elliott Leslie J. Wathan, John M. G. Powell, Clement M. Cormier, S. S. Leger.

The only case tried was that of Geo. W. Robertson against Alban C. Storer, an action for board, lodging and money loaned. The pleas were the general issue, infancy and set off of a note of $150 and interest. The jury found a verdict for the defendant, Storer, for amount of set off, less the amount of borrowed money and interest thereon, amounting in the whole to $153,60. J D Phinney, Q.C., and W D Carter for plaintiff. R B Smith, Moncton, for the defendant.

Fay-ke.

The entertainments given by "Miss" Anna Eva Fay, the self-styled "White Mahatma," in Masonic Hall, Chatham, last week, were interesting. Her "cabinet" performances, in which she was tied hand, body and foot in the presence and under the inspection of reliable gentlemen selected from the audience, were of the usual "spiritualistic" category, although it was not claimed for her, or in her behalf, that they were other than natural phenomena. If she spent money in travelling as far as eastern Asia to learn anything of a startling or unusual character from the hermit devotees of mysticism in that region, she must have forgotten how to work the oracles in Chatham, or decided that the not very large audiences present were undeserving of witnessing manifestations beyond those in the repertoire of the ordinary travelling legerdemain performer.

The burnt cork banjoist, whose get-up and jokes were better than his vocal and instrumental efforts, seemed out of place in an entertainment so lavishly bepraised by the St. John city dailies; but this misfit was redeemed by the petite comedy performances of the lady and gentleman who occupied the stage and the attention of the audience while Miss Fay's manager and other members of the combination were imparting to her such information as they could gather from local friends to enable her to intelligently answer some of the questions impressed upon the tablets on which the papers rested when the enquirers wrote them, and subsequently developed for her perusal.

We can all be interested in the work of clever performers, who execute their tricks neatly, and make no pretensions to special inspiration above others more clever than themselves, and of whom they are but clumsy imitators, but Miss Fay seems to be one of those English thimble-riggers who, being blase at "ones" imagine they can successfully impose upon the benighted people of the Americas as wonders. Such artists as Herrmann have left no place in the front rank of stage mysticism for performers of the Fay class, while Hartz or even Zera Semon were far more entertaining, because they were not humbugs.

A Great Circus.

Sells Brothers circus which is to exhibit in Chatham on Wednesday 31st inst is the oldest show travelling as well as the largest in America. Sells Bros are truly the pioneer showmen of America, and promoters of all up-to-date amusement ideas, the absolute and sole owners of all the stock, railroad cars, animals, cages, chariots and tents, renting no privileges. Free from any and all objectionable features; no games of chance; no humbugs, which so frequently accompany circuses for the purpose of fleecing a guileless public. No exageration, everything as advertised; coming on their own special trains of railway cars, 12 mammoth tents, 1000 people, 500 horses and ponies, three ring circuses, fifty cage menageries, Roman hippodrome races, elevated theatre stages, Australian aviary, Arabian caravan, and don't miss seeing the spectacular street pageant at 10 a m on exhibition day. Special grand holiday excursions will run on railroads and steamboat lines at reduced rates.

Yacht Race for the T. D. Adams Cup.

The handsome sterling silver cup presented to the Miramichi Yacht Club by Thos. D. Adams, Esq., of New York, and which is to be competed for annually by the larger yachts of the club, was sailed for on Thursday last. According to the arrangement made when the season's programme was fixed in May, eleven o'clock in the forenoon was the hour appointed for the start, but at that time there was hardly an air of wind and none of the yachts was out, save the Oriana. About twelve there was a ripple caused by a light air from the N. W. but although it was hoped it would become a sailing breeze it failed to do so. There was considerable debating amongst members as yacht after yacht put in an appearance, as to whether a start ought to be made, owing to the evident fact that little better than a drift was probable. The Regatta Committee had not been convened, however, and the Commodore was persuaded to consent to a start, the signal for which was given soon after half past one o'clock from the judges' boat—the steamer Laura—which Commodore Miller, had kindly placed at their disposal for the day.

The starting point was in line of the lower end of the Muirhead wharf, Chatham, and the end of the road leading down to the ferry landing, down-river a little more than a mile to and around a mark-boat off the England wharf, thence up-river to and around a mark-boat off the Sargeant mill above Newcastle and thence to the starting point—estimated to be 13 miles. The starters and their time crossing the line were as follows:

Kittoch	1,51 20
Learig	1,51,40
Maude	1.51,55
Kilbride	1,52,20
Oriana	1,52,55

It took the boats an average of about 20 minutes to run the strong mile to the mark boat with a dead free wind.

All the yachts carried their regular working sails only, excepting the Oriana, which set a balloon jib and ran past the others, turning first in seventeen and a half minutes from the start, while it took the next best boat, the Learig, without any balloon sail, three minutes and fifteen seconds longer to make this first mile with free sheets. This feature practically decided the race for it was very close between those two boats for the remainder of the distance. They kept well together and caught a favorable puff or two on the north side of the river, while the others were on the south and the contestants were really Oriana and Learig, for while they were favored with a really fair sailing breeze from a point below Rosebank the Maude, Kittoch and Kilbride were left behind with barely wind enough to fill their sails and were making quite as much by drifting up river with the flood tide as by sailing. Learig passed Oriana near the Canadian Marsh and turned the mark-boat off Sargeant's two minutes ahead of her, although the latter had again set her balloon jib. The run down river was slow between the leaders, Learig increasing her advantage considerably and crossing the home line four minutes and three seconds ahead, but failing, by one minute and forty five seconds to win the trophy on account of having to give time allowance to Oriana. The latter, therefore, captured the cup for the year.

Following is the official time of the race:

	Start	1st turn	2nd turn	Finish	Time Elapsed
Oriana,	1,59.55	3,10.25	4,01.00	5,41.23	3.49.38
Learig,	1,51.40	3,12.25	4,08.00	5 38.20	3.46.50
Maude,	1,51.55	3.14.05	4 23.40	6,00.40.	4,08.45
Kittoch,	1,51.20	3.15.00	not timed	——	——
Kilbride,	1,52,20	3.15,00	"	——	——

Messrs E Lee Street, Newcastle, W C Winslow, Chatham and K W Hobart, Boston, were the judges. Baron Von Hugel, who represented the donor of the cup was on the judges' boat, and after the race made a neat speech congratulating Mr. Stewart, one of the Oriana's owners