

His Excellency the Governor

THE
STAR,
AND
CONCEPTION BAY JOURNAL.

VOL. I. NEW SERIES.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1834.

NO. 15.

Conception Bay, Newfoundland.--Printed and Published by D. E. GILMOUR, at his Office, Carbonear.

On Sale.

At the Office of this Paper,
A quantity of Pinnock's Catechisms, viz.:
History of Greece, History of Rome
History of England, Chemistry
Astronomy, Latin Grammar
Navigation
Modern History and Ancient History.

Also,
The Charter House Latin Grammar
School Prize Books (handsomely bound)
Sturm's Reflections on the Works of God
2 vols. (plates)
Sequel to Murray's English Reader
Pinnock's Histories of Greece, Rome, and
England

Bonycastle's Mensuration
And sundry other School Books.
Sealing Wax India Rubber

WRITING PARCHMENT of a very superior quality, and large size

Notices.

CARBONEAR ACADEMY,
For the Education of Young Gentlemen.

MR. GILMOUR begs respectfully to inform his friends and the public that the above School OPENED, after the *Christmas Vacation*, on Monday the 13th of January, 1834.

Terms

Instruction in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and English Grammar, £4 4 ann.
Ditto, with Geography Mapping, History, Book-keeping, the higher branches of Arithmetic, &c. &c. and, if required the rudiments of Latin, £6 4 ann.

A Quarter's Notice is requested previously to the removal of a Pupil.
No Entrance Fee.

Carbonear, Jan. 14.

MRS. GILMOUR begs to intimate to her friends and the public that her Seminary for YOUNG LADIES, OPENED, after the *Christmas Recess*, on Monday, January 13, 1834.

Carbonear, Jan. 14, 1834.

BLANKS of every description for sale at the Office of this paper.
January 1, 1834.

On Sale,

JUST IMPORTED

AND FOR

SALE,

BY

COLLINGS & FEGG,

50 barrels of American Apples
10 bags Coffee
20 firkins Butter
A quantity of Cordage

Which will be sold LOW for CASH.

Carbonear, April 9, 1834.

FOR SALE at the Office of this Journal the CUSTOM-HOUSE PAPERS necessary for the ENTRY and CLEARANCE of Vessels under the New Regulations.

Carbonear, Jan. 1.

JUST RECEIVED

AND

FOR SALE,

At the Office of this Paper.

A VARIETY OF

SCHOOL BOOKS, viz.:

Murray's Grammar
Guy's Orthographical Exercises
— Geography
Entick's Dictionary
Carpenter's Spelling
Ruled Copy Books, &c. &c.

Carbonear, Dec. 25.

Notices.

THE Creditors upon the Insolvent Estate of CHARLES COZENS, who have proved their DEBTS, may receive a DIVIDEND of ONE SHILLING in the Pound, on application to the Trustees.

By Order of the Court,

W. J. HERVEY, } Trustees to the
C. F. BENNETT, } Insolvent Estate
R. R. WAKEHAM, } of C. Cozens.

St. John's, Feb. 4.

Notice.

THE Trustees to the Insolvent Estate of Mr CHARLES COZENS, hereby notify all whom it may concern that they have appointed

MR JOHN LEAMON

their Agent for the collection of the DEBTS due to the said Estate; and those parties who are indebted thereto, are requested forthwith to pay the amounts they respectively owe, to Mr LEAMON; or to come forward with such offers of equitable compromise, as their circumstances will enable them to tender; otherwise legal proceedings will be commenced against them.

Wm. J. HERVEY, } Trustees to the
C. F. BENNETT, } Insolvent Estate
R. R. WAKEHAM. } of C. Cozens.
St. John's, 15th March.

ON IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

Last week, in our paper of Wednesday, we inserted a long communication on the effects of imprisonment for civil debt. We are not disposed to question the facts stated by our correspondent; but we differ from his conclusions. He maintains that the power of imprisonment is necessary to support mercantile credit and to enforce justice. We still entertain doubts of this being the case, and shall state our reasons.

It is obvious that letters of caption cannot create funds in the debtor's pocket. All debtors therefore, must stand in one of three predicaments:—1st, Either they are insolvent, and unable to pay their just debts; or 2ndly, they are solvent and willing to pay, but their funds are locked up and cannot be commanded when their obligations become payable; or, 3dly, they are solvent and able, but, through capriciousness of temper, or from some other cause, are unwilling to pay. Let us consider these cases in detail.

1st If the debtor has not funds sufficient to pay all his debts in full, the effect of letters of caption issued against him by a particular creditor may be either to induce him to make a great sacrifice of part of his stock of goods, in order to raise money to pay that urgent individual,—which is clearly injurious to the more lenient and humane creditors, who receive just so much less out of the remnant of stock left for them,—or to throw the debtor on the feelings of his relatives and friends, to induce them to pay the debt to save him from the disgrace of im-