CANADIAN CONFEDERATION.

(From the "Canadian News," June 11, 1868.

Mr. Bright has given notice of the following resolution, which will be submitted to the House of Commons on Monday night next:—

That this House is informed by petition presented on the 15th day of May last, signed by thirty-six of the thirty-eight members of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, and by sixteen of the nineteen members elected by that colony to serve in the Parliament at Ottawa, that great dissatisfaction exists with regard to an act passed last session, entitled "An act for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick," and that an address be presented to her Majesty the Queen praying that her Majesty will be pleased to appoint a commission or commissioners to proceed to Nova Scotia for the purpose of examining into the causes of the alleged discontent, with a view to their consideration and removal.

In view of the discussion which may take place on this motion, it may be well to call attention to the following speech recently delivered by the Hon. Charles Tupper in the Dominion Parliament on the question of confederation generally and specially in reply to the Hon. Joseph Howe, who had just made an anticonfederation speech:—

Mr. Speaker—No member of this House can regret more sincerely than myself that my hon. friend who has just sat down occupies a position which prevents his great talents from being made available for the advancement of the common interest of the British North American provinces, now united under one dominion. All who have listened to the éloquent appeal just made to this House must feel how valuable would be the aid which the hon, member could give in promoting the union and consolidation of our common country at this important era in its history. I, sir, have from the first hour of my public life been an ardent advocate of the union of British North