

In addition to the above items, reductions were obtained on: flax tow, from $\frac{1}{2}\text{¢}$ per lb. to $\frac{1}{4}\text{¢}$ per lb.; cantaloupes, August 1 to September 15, from 25% to 20%; tulip bulbs, from \$3 per M to \$2 per M; lily bulbs, from \$6 per M to \$4.50 per M; misc. bulbs, roots and rootstocks, from 10% to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ %; vetch seed, other than hairy, from $\frac{1}{2}\text{¢}$ per lb. to 1¢ per lb.; cauliflower seed, from 25¢ per lb. to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per lb.; flower seeds, from 3¢ per lb. to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per lb.; carrot seed, from 3¢ per lb. to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per lb.; garden and field seeds, n.s.p.f., from 2¢ per lb. to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per lb.; parsnip seed, from 3¢ per lb. to 2¢ per lb.; beets, fresh (other than sugar), from 10% to 5%; onion sets, from 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ per lb. to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ¢ per lb.; cauliflower, Aug. 6 to Oct. 15 (this is an extension of the half duty period), from 25% to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ %; radishes Sept. 1 to June 30 (this is an extension of the half duty period to include the entire year), from 25% to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ %; and cucumbers, pickled, from 25% to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ %.

Fish and Fishery Products

Among the concessions from the United States on fish products is a concession on canned salmon which reduces the rate from 25% to 15%. Other concessions of interest are: mackerel, fresh, from $\frac{3}{4}\text{¢}$ per lb. to $\frac{1}{2}\text{¢}$ per lb.; sardines, not skinned or boned, smoked, in oil, valued over 18¢ but not over 23¢ per lb., from 20% to 15%; fish cakes, balls, and puddings, from 12-1/2% to 6-1/4%; sardines, not in oil, in tins, weighing not over 8 oz. each, from 12-1/2% to 10%; herring, pickled or salted, in containers not weighing more than 15 lbs. each, from 15% to 12-1/2%, in containers weighing more than 15 lbs. each, from $\frac{1}{2}\text{¢}$ per lb. to $\frac{3}{8}\text{¢}$ per lb.; herring, smoked or kippered, not in oil, not canned, from 1¢ per lb. to $\frac{5}{8}\text{¢}$ per lb. Other fish, (other than salmon, herring and ground fish), smoked or kippered, not in oil, not canned, from 10% to 6-1/4%; razor clams, canned, from 10% to 7-1/2%; clam chowder and juice, from 35% to 17-1/2%; caviar and other fish roe, boiled and canned, from 15% to 7-1/2%; caviar and other fish roe, not boiled or canned, from 10¢ per lb. to 5¢ per lb. In addition, a number of concessions on fish, seal and whale oils have been included in the Chemicals section.

Spirits, Wines, Etc.

The duty on whiskey (other than Scotch, Scotch type, Irish or Irish type), which is one of the larger single items of Canadian exports, is reduced from \$1.50 pf. gal. to \$1.25 pf. gal. Other reductions are: fluid malt extract, from \$1.00 per gal. to 50¢ per gal.; malt extract, from 60% to 30%; grape juice, from 70¢ per gal. to 45¢ per gal.

TEXTILES

Although Canada is not a large supplier of textiles to the United States there are, nevertheless, some concessions in this field which are of interest to Canadian exporters. These concessions are as follows: manufactures of cotton, n.s.p.f., including fishing nets, from 40% to 30%; flax straw, from \$1.50 per ton to 75¢ per ton; flax tow, from $\frac{1}{2}\text{¢}$ per lb. to $\frac{1}{4}\text{¢}$ per lb.; wool wastes: in carbonized noils, thread or yarn waste and card or burr waste, not carbonized, a reduction of approximately 1¢ per lb.; wool yarns, from 30¢ per lb. and 20% to 30¢ per lb. and 15%; thrown silk-yarn, from 20% to 10%; and sewing silk, twist, floss, and silk thread or yarns, n.s.p.f., from 40% to 20%.

Papers and Books

New concessions by the United States under this heading include: pulpboard in rolls for wallboard, from 10% to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ %; leather board, or compressed leather, counter board and solid fibre shoe