rather to be a general term applicable to other known *Pointes* on the shores of the St. Lawrence and the Lakes, where the French missionaries were accustomed to land from their canoes for the purposes of prayer, religious exercises, or temporary repose, on their tedious way up and down the river to distant scenes of labour.

I may add that one competitor claimed that it was named after Champlain, he having been called *the Father* of New France.

These, however, are debateable points compared with some other replies to the questions, to which 1 beg to call your attention: I fear they illustrate very exactly how history is made up, in the minds of the majority, and how it is regarded as a huge joke.

I have already recorded in the *Spectator*, (making allowance for mere clerical errors,) that some of the replies were the wildest which could possibly have been conceived; we were gravely told—

That Christopher Columbus discovered America in 1849. That the Isle of Orleans derived its name from the Emperor Aurelian.

That the name of the town opposite Longucuil was Caughnawaga.

That Benjamin Franklin laid the first stone of the Rideau Canal in 1827.

And as a set-off, that-

Sir John Franklin attended the conference of the American Commissioners at the old Chateau Ramesay in 1775.

That amongst the notable events which had occurred at Ste, Anne's was the burning of the Houses of Parliament in 1849; the confusion of ideas evidently arising from the fact of our present St. Ann's market standing on the site of the old Houses of Parliament; and in reply to the question as to the legal title and status of a Canadian Bishop, two com-