The sail was lowered and the men readily "streached to their oars" in order to get round the point which still lay a considerable distance a head of us. It will be seen in the sequel their efforts however well intended were all in vain. What aggrivated the distress. of our situation, should the storm overtake us, was the place of the river where we were at the moment. The bank opposite presented no trace of cultivation, no but or house to which we could fly for shelter on putting ashore; it seemed to be low and swampy, covered to the waters' edge with the sombre native pines of the country, whose dark hue, added to the dreary prospect our situation presented. Philosophers have agreed that man is a gregarious animal; and certainly society if it hightens the enjoyment of good fortune, is no less valuable in enabling us to bear the reverse. To share our pleasures with others is a great means of augmenting the enjoyment of them; and in the same manner when we see those around us participating: in our sufferings and distress; or involed in similar, difficulties, it will remove a part of the load, and make it casier born. Even our sympathy for them, if near and dear to-us, supplants that self-distress. which would be otherwise so severe. But under the pressure of illswhen strugling to overcome them; it is then that society becomestruly valuable.—It is then that the gregarious principle in the nature. of man becomes most serviceable to him. When his efforts are witnessed by others who will duly appretiate their value; his pride is. excited and he doubles his exertions, that they may meet their due. share of applause. When lost in a boundless forrest.—Man from his. natural desire to preserve life will make every effort to extricate himself—but his courage will soon fail and he sinks at length, in dispondency. How different the feeling which prompts to exertion "in thebattle's broil." There are then "eyes upon him," he has not only touse his best endeavours to preserve life but he has a prospect that; his actions will be related by some eye witness, and his merit or disgrace stamped, accordingly as he has well or ill demeaned himself. This latter feeling prompted our boatmen to strain every nerve to getround the point before the coming storm should overtake us. Thecaptain cheered them on by precept and example. Some of the passengers lent their assistance by double manning the oars.-Othersheld forth promises of reward in case of success, and judiciouslypraised them for their exertions.—But all was in vain:

After a few seconds of a dead calm, a sheet of blue lightening flashed across the surface of the water apparently so near the boat that all on board were sensibly affected by it. Each, as if by one sudden impulse clap'd his hand to his eyes as if to protect them from the sulphureous meteor. The females uttered a sudden, faint shreek, hardly audible to the rest, and of which they were themselves unconscious.—All was calm for the moment and "the boldest held his breath for a time," when the surcharged clouds seemed at once to be relieved from their terrific burden by a tremendeous crash of thunder; tollowed instantly by a torrent of rain, not exceeded in violence by any of those tropical Tornadoes with accounts of which travellers astonish the weakness of our domesticated minds. To seek shelter from the "pelting of the pitiless storm," was out of the question,