

warmth and ardour ; deepened it ; fixed it ; and strengthened it ; and while showing the futility of vain fears and idle apprehensions, tends to sober the national movement by bringing palpably before men's minds the dangers from without, and the certainty that interference will come from abroad, if the just endeavours after internal improvement be perverted into a dangerous and revolutionary propagandism.

ROME.

The questions between Austria and Rome remain still unsettled. The Pope is acting with great firmness both towards the aggressors from without, and the disturbers within his dominions.

On the 11th ult. Cardinal Feretti issued a notification, in which he stated that the Pope had been grieved by the seditious cries of a small number of individuals on the 7th and 8th, and had directed that legal proceedings should be commenced against the promoters and authors of the factious demonstrations on those days. The Cardinal then concludes by an assurance that His Holiness was more than ever determined on the accomplishment of the reforms and ameliorations he had undertaken for his beloved subjects. It appears that at the serenades given to the Tuscan and Piedmontese ministers, and at which the Prince of Canino presided, some persons cried "Down with M. Rossi and France ! Down with the Austrian Ambassador ! Death to the Austrians Viva the independence of Italy ! &c."

The Prince of Canino arrived at Venice on the 14th, and was elected chairman of one of the committees of the Scientific Congress, sitting in that city.

The Constitutionnal says that a courier had arrived at Rome with despatches from Vienna, dated the 19th and 22d of August. After the despatches were received, Count Lutnow addressed, on the 31st, to the Pontifical Government a note, in which, he formally declares that the Cabinet of Vienna intended to maintain all the rights conferred on Austria by treaties. He complains that, contrary to diplomatic usage, the protest of Cardinal Ciacchi has been made to the Romans. M. Rossi is also said to have made a similar reproach to Cardinal Feretti, who replied with firmness, that the Pontifical Government thought less of etiquette than it did of truth and justice. The same courier also brought the copy of a circular addressed by Austria to all the Powers, explaining the principles upon which its policy towards Italy was guided. In this circular Austria protests that it holds in respect the independence and inviolability of the Italian States. These communications from Austria have caused a lively discontent at Rome. The evacuation of Ferrara in the course of the present month was demanded there,

It is, however, generally understood that Austria makes no secret of her intention to occupy with a strong military force the minor states of Northern Italy, and the flight of the Grand Duke of Lucca, will furnish a pretext for this insidious movement.

The Times of this morning says :—"our Paris letter refers to the arrival in that city of agents from the Papal Government to conclude bargains for the purchase of arms and models of arms, and mentions other incidents to prove that Pius IX is resolved if necessary, not to shrink from war.—*Tablet*

ORDINATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TABLET.

Sir—On the other side I have drawn up a short statement of the Ordination which took place here on Saturday the 18th inst., and if you consider it worthy of a place in your valuable TABLET, I shall be happy to see its insertion in your next week's paper. I beg to remain, Sir, yours very truly,

J. B. PALMER.

Mount St. Bernard, Sept. 22, 1847.

At the recent Ordination which took place at the Cistercian Monastery of Mount St. Bernard, near Loughborough, Leicestershire, held by the Rt. Rev. Dr. Wareing, in lieu of Dr. Walsh (who was too ill for the occasion), the following gentlemen received Orders :

PRIESTS.

Brother Henry Hopkins of the order of Charity, of Ratcliffe College.

Brother Edwin Fordham, of the order of Charity, of Ratcliffe College.

Henry Formby, Student of the University of Louvain, Belgium, formerly Vicar of Ruardeam, Gloucestershire.

J. M. Noble, Oblate of the Immaculate Blessed Virgin Mary, of Whitwick.

DEACONS.

Brother Henry Alcock, of the order of the Passionists' of Aston Hall.

Brother Bartholomew Anderson, of the Cistercian order, Mount St Bernard.

SUB-DEACON.

Brother Macy Bernard Burder, of the Cistercian order, Mount St. Bernard's.

A singular coincidence took place, so far as regards the Rev. D. H. Formby, (Ordained Priest), and Brother Macy Bernard Burder, (Ordained Sub-deacon). They had been both ordained Clergymen of the Church of England some years ago at Oxford, on the same day, ; and we now behold them on the same day and on the anniversary day of their Ordination at Oxford, receiving Orders in the Catholic Church at Mount St. Bernard's.

The whole of the music was sung by the Monks of St. Bernard's to the Old Gregorian Chant ; and