(c) By a foreign body in the throat:

Choking.

(d) By swelling of the tissues of the throat: Inflammation, scald of the throat, poisoning by a corrosive.

2. Inhaling poisoning gases.

3. Pressure on the chest, as when crushed

by sand or debris.

4. Nervous affections, as the result of narcotic and certain other poisons, collapse, electric shock, discharge of shells or bombs, or stroke by lightning.

GENERAL TREATMENT.

In all cases of Asphyxia attempts must be made to remove the patient from the cause. When this has been done artificial respiration must be applied, taking care that the air passages are not obstructed, and that there is abundance of fresh air.

SUFFOCATION BY SMOKE OR GASES.

- 1. Remove the patient into the fresh air.
- 2. Apply artificial respiration.