

The Conception-Bay Man.

"TRUTH—EVER LOVELY SINCE THE WORLD BEGAN,"
"THE FOE OF TYRANTS AND THE FRIEND OF MAN."

VOL. 1.

HARBOUR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1856.

NO. 14.

PROSPECTUS OF A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, TO BE ENTITLED "THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN."

THE Subscriber intends publishing a Weekly Newspaper at Harbor Grace, in Conception-Bay, about the last of the ensuing month of July.

It is unnecessary for him to make any observations upon the convenience and usefulness of a Local Journal in so populous and wealthy a district as that of Conception-Bay. That is admitted by everyone. But it is necessary to state the political principles which shall guide such a Journal.

1st.—The Conception-Bay Man, shall be a strong advocate for the perpetuation of the true principles of Responsible Government.

2ndly.—Equality of political rights and privileges among all religious creeds.

3rdly.—We shall maintain Native Rights above all other, when character and qualification are equal.

4thly.—This Journal shall be the strenuous advocate, first, of the Fisheries—next of Agriculture.

5thly.—It shall in all matters of local interest, maintain a perfectly independent course.

Its Motto shall be TRUTH.
"Truth ever lovely since the world began,
The foe of tyrants and the friend of man."

We shall attack no party unless we ourselves are assailed—we shall enunciate our views of Constitutional Responsible Government and if these views be not in accordance with the views of others, we shall endeavor to defend them in the spirit of free discussion—but no interest shall cause us to blink the grand end of responsible rule—"The greatest happiness of the greatest number."

We shall endeavor by every means in our power to make the Conception-Bay Man an interesting weekly visitor, a political instructor to the rising genius of the colony, and a welcome moral miscellany.

As an advertising medium it will offer great advantages, circulating as it will a few hours after publication among a population of upwards of 50,000 people.

The price of the Conception-Bay Man will be fifteen shillings, per annum, half in advance.

It will be published on a demy sheet, and will contain sixteen columns.

The first number will be generally distributed, and those who feel desirous to support the establishment of a newspaper in Conception-Bay, by becoming SUBSCRIBERS, will please notify the undersigned now, or after they shall have received the first number, their intention of doing so, and to whom all correspondence must be addressed.

We are promised considerable support in St. John's, and anticipate nothing like disappointment.

GEORGE WEBBER.

CHRISTOPHER COYELL.

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

BEGS to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced business in the above line, in the shop formerly occupied by Messrs. N. & J. Jillard, and opposite the premises of Messrs. Panton & Mann; and having received thorough instructions in several of the principle cities of America, feels confident in warranting that all garments made by him will give general satisfaction to those who may favour him with their patronage. All orders from the outports attended to with neatness and dispatch.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the Weak, the Nervous, the Delicate, and the Invalid, of all times, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly compounded to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidney, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in many parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorder of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. These soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however deranged, and when all other means have failed.

GENERAL DEBILITY—ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague, Asthma, Billions Complaints, Blisters on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, King's Evil, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore-throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary symptoms, Tic-doula-reux, Tumours, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 3d.—3s. 3d.—and 5s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Wholesale and retail by
T. MCCONNAN,
St. John's, N.F.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

FRANCE.

The "Pos" Paris correspondent writes, on Monday evening that Mr. Petre had arrived from Naples and would leave on Tuesday for London. Lord Granville was in Paris and would visit Compeigne. The Neapolitan Minister had not left Paris and he held language as if he intended to remain.

The Paris correspondent of the "Times" writes on Tuesday:—"M. Kisseloff was to have gone to Compeigne to-day, some say as an invited guest; others, merely to present the letter to the Emperor of which I spoke yesterday. In any case he returns to Paris to-morrow. His official reception will take place on Sunday or Monday, at St. Cloud or the Tuileries. It is the first that will be conducted according to the new ceremonial, elaborately drawn by M. Fautiel de Couches, director of protocols, &c., at the Foreign-office. I am not aware whether the imperial bid that supplied the pen with which the famous treaty of the 30th of March was signed has been again put into requisition; whether it is a quill from his pen, or from the less imperial but more useful bird whose ancestors saved the Roman Capitol of old, that has traced the lines of the new code of court etiquette. It, indeed, the gentleman who directs the protocol department has again been obliged to confront the eagle of the Jardin des Plantes, he will have acquitted himself exactly as he did then; and the marks of the struggle (if struggle there was) are, where a hero's should ever be, ADVERSO CORPORE. Be this as it may, the official reception of M. Kisseloff by the Emperor will, it is said, be one of unusual magnificence.

It is whispered that a treaty of commerce between Russia and France, and very favourable to the latter, is on the tapis. If it be true, it would explain the amenities exchanged between the two courts. It may also explain the postponement to 1861 of the tariff reforms."

The Paris papers have been noticed not to make any allusion to the festivities at Compeigne, nor to transcribe whatever might be said of them by the Belgian press. "The King amuses himself" is the heading of some of the placards posted up by night in the suburbs.

The Vienna correspondent of the "Times" states that the Russians already boast that the Emperor of the French is in their toils and unable to escape; and in Austria it is not doubted that the star of Napoleon is on the decline.

The "Constitutionnel" of Wednesday, declares that the continued occupation of the Principalities, and the presence of the English fleet in the Black sea, are infractions of the Treaty of Paris, and that the Russian claims to Belgrad are just.

Owing to the many false reports that have been in circulation about the Emperor's health, one feels reluctance to allude to the subject at all; but I have

it from good authority that his Majesty is at this moment somewhat indisposed—a fact not at all extraordinary, considering that we have had lately, in the daytime, a hot sun "as full of agues as the sun in March" followed by evening fogs and frosty nights. Whatever may have been the degree of his Majesty's indisposition, it is certain that, on account of his not being well, he did not attend the stag hunt yesterday, of which he was to have done the honours to the Hereditary Grand Duke of Tuscany, and that the day before yesterday he was obliged to leave the theatre after the first piece, leaving the Empress to sit out the performance.

The actors and actresses of the Theatre Francais were presented to the Empress in their stage costumes, after the performances on Thursday evening. M. Empes, the manager of the theatre, has been invited, pursuant to a revived custom, to dine at the Imperial table.

The Paris correspondent of the "Times" says that the tariff question is likely to be added to the difficulties of the imperial government; and the manufacturers openly express their dissatisfaction, and affirm that the Emperor inherited the prohibitive system, for which they voted for him for the Presidency as well as the Empire. Corn was falling, but there would be no marked difference till next year's crop was sown. At Toulouse, Bordeaux, and Marseilles, the average price was maintained. At the latter port the arrivals of October amounted to 650,000 hectolitres.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 3.—The "Gazette" publishes an official note declaring that the articles in the French journal "La Presse" have been submitted to the tribunals, as offensive to the person of her Majesty the Queen. Marshal Narvaez is slightly indisposed.

A decree has been promulgated in Spain, re-enacting the press law of 1844, by which the responsible editor of a paper must pay 1,000 reals taxes, and deposit caution money of 600,000 reals (30,000 francs).

The Madrid journals of the 30th ult. have reached us. The "Epoca" says it is positive that, as already announced, Queen Christiana is to go to Rome to attend the accouchement of her daughter, the Princess de Drago, but that she had no intention to return to Spain for the present. The "España" says:—"We have the satisfaction to announce that the recognition of the Queen of Spain by the Emperor of All the Russias is a fait accompli. The ambassador charged to make it has already set out, and will soon arrive at Madrid. This important news was transmitted yesterday, by telegraph from Paris."

NAPLES.

The "Times" Paris correspondent states that the King of Naples declared up to the last moment that the Allies might bombard his capital, cut down his people, depose or even kill him, but yield he would not. He admits his weakness in the presence of the force that can be brought against him; he